MURDERER IN COLLAPSE.

Moans and Yells When He Reaches Auburn.

SORRY FOR HIS CRIME

His Talk on the Way to the Prison Wouldn't Do it if it Was to Do Over Again-Hopes Mrs. McKinley

Auburn, N. Y., Sept 27.-Czolgosz,

Awaiting the arrival of the murderer was a crowd of only about 200 people, but either from fear of the crowd, which was not very demonstrative and which made no attempt to harm the man, or from sight of

Czolgosz's Legs Gave Out, and two burly deputy sheriffs were compelled to practically carry the man into the prison. Inside the gate his condition became worse, and he was dragged up the stairs and into the main hall. He was placed in a sitting position on the bench while the handcuffs were being removed, but he fell over and moaned and groaned, evidencing the most abject terror. As soon as the cuffs were unlocked the man was dragged into the principal keeper's office. As in the case of all prisoners, the officers Immediately Immediately

Proceeded to Strip Him,

and put on a new suit of clothes. During this operation Czolgosz cried and yelled, making the prison cor-ritors echo and re-echo with evidence of his terror. The prison physician, Dr. John Gerin, was summoned, and on his arrival he examined the man, ordered his removal to a cell in the condemned row, which he will occupy until he is taken to the electric chair. The doctor declared that the man was suffering from fright and terror, but declared that he was shamming to some extent to some extent.

The collapse of the murderer was

a surprise to every one. En route from Buffalo he showed no indication of breaking down.

ASSASSIN'S REMORSE. Talks Freely of His Crime and His

Trial. Rochester, Sept. 26 .- "I wish the

people to know 1 am sorry for what I did. It was a mistake and it was wrong. If I had it to do over again I never would do it. But it is too late now to talk of that. I am sorry I killed the President I was a laterature. what I did.

It was wrong. If I had over again I never would do it. But it is too late now to talk of that, I chr sorry! I killed the President. I was all stirred up. I was alone in what I did and, honestly, there was no conspiracy. No one else urged or told me to do it. I did it myself. There was one mistake about the trial, It was that I did not go to Niagara Falls to killing him for about one day before I did it. But I was all alone, of killing him for about one day before I did it. But I was all alone, of the law anything to do size had anything to say

Her Early Life.

1895 Teresa Ighina—her real she had adopted she dead and so were a came into his life than to wear a worse taste till La Bena came into his life than to wear a red into his life than to wear a lever travention of time travention of Wished it Undone.

hard and much different. You are not the same person after you do the crime. I wish I was my same old person agaia. You never can be the same. I wish I was the same for the little time left. I have nothing more to say to all the people. My mind was stirred up and I don't know what was in it or what influenced it. Some ask where I was between August 29th and Sept. 1st. I was in Buffalo on August 29th, and went to Claveland for two days. No. I do not mert, but not before riots had ocand Sept. 1st. I was in Buffalo on August 29th, and went to Cleveland for two days. No, I do not know Hippolyte Havel. My two Toledo references to Mr. Nowak were not Anarchists. When I shot the President I had the President I had nothing against him personally.

His Fair Trial.

My trial was fair. It was more than I thought. The judge could not kelp doing what he did. The jury

sassin, as he rode in the special car that is taking him to Auburn. He said he hoped his brother Waldeck would not suffer by his act as no one knew of it but himself. He said it was not true that he was married to someone down in West Virginia. someone down in West Virginia He repeated again and again there was no conspiracy. He talked freely of this visits to Chicago and Cleveland.

"It is Too Late."

As the train neared Rochester he stopped talking suddenly, looked out and then said, slowly: "It is too late, but I would like to live."

The party with Czolgosz was head-address to the members of the "brother Sheriff Caldwell. The talk of the said: "The course of her talk of the said: "The said: "The said: "The said is the said: "The said is stopped talking suddenly, looked out and the said."

It was to this house La Bella Teresa went on the eve of her recent departure to America, and gave an address to the members of the "brother out". In the course of her talk of the said: "The said is said; "The said is said is said in the said in the said is said in the said in the said is said in the said in the said is said in the said in t Czolgosz with the Express reporter was in the presence of Louis Seibold, of the New York World, and Jailer

Czolgosz also talked in Deputy-Sheriff Metzler's presence and said by striking at the lives of rulers and it was not true that anyone had statesmen—whether King, Emperor, tied the handkerchief over his hand. Czar or Republican President. You do "The handkerchief was not tied," he not want the slow evolution of gov. said, "I put it over my hand and crament to unwind; it is too long, which the pistol with my finger on and delays are dangerous."

the trigger. I felt nervous all the time and thought someone would catch me. I held my hand against my body to keep the handkerchief from failing or rubbing off."

Czolgosz was asked about dying and whether he feared it. "I don't want to be askamed of myself," said Czolgosz. "It is worse than I knew before I did it. I hope I don't make myself askamed." He referred to his desire not to weaken when he faced the death chair.

"Will you see a priest or minister before you die?" he was asked.

He hesitated, then answered: "Yes, I think so. Maybe a priest."

ANARCHISTS

The Career of La Bella Teresa.

A FAIR PLOTTER OF MURDER

Small doubt exists among those Auburn, N. Y., Sept 27.—Czolgosz, President McKinley's murderer, in the custody of Sheriff Caldwell, of Eric county, and twenty-one regular and special deputies, arrived in Auburn at the attempt on Mr. McKinley's life was Teresa Berugnoli—better known, perhaps, as La Bella Teresa, friend and comrade of Bresci and Malatesta, and a woman of singular beauty and magnetic influence, who for a period of eight years has made London her home. ome.
It will be remembered that las

year, when the awful murder of the Italian King startled the world, the man sought by pressmen of London and New York was an individual known in the "brotherhood" as "Count" Enrico Malatesta, the leader of the Italian anarchists

"Count" Enrico Malatesta, the leader of the Italian anarchists.

He was reported to have been in America when the plot to murder King Humbert was hatched, and to have been actually in touch with Sassi, the feather worker; Caintavalle, the barber, and Lana, the navvy—three of the secret agents who came to Europe from New York with La Belia Teresa and Bresci, the murderer of the Italian King, on May 18th, last year. Bresci, and La Belia Teresa were the only two acquaint.

18th, last year. Bresel, and La Bella Teresa were the only two acquainted with the foul scheme which was intended to shake the dynasties of Europe by a succession of murders of kings and statesmen.

When the tascogne reached Europe La Bella Teresa and Brisci went to Paris, and to disarm suspicion lived in the same hotel, the other three conspirators—Sassi, Quintavalle and Lana—took up their abode in the workmen's quarters of the city.

La Bella Theresa.

Unlike Emma Goldman, who is a mere creature of hysteria, La Bella Teresa has no love for theatrical display, and only on rare occasions takes to the platform.

takes to the platform.

In her early childhood her father kept the post house at Molaret, and when she left her mountain home above the valley of the Dora she took up her abode with her maternal uncle, Ighina, in Tarin.

Ighina was the moving spirit of the Malfattori and a desperate Anarchist. He was banished, and came to London, bringing Teresa with him in 1892. Here she first met Malatesta, who used her as his recruiting sergeant.

Her influence was too magnetic for weak men to resist. The murderer Bresci first met her in America.

Wished it Undone.

"It is an awful thing to feel you killed someone. You do not feel the same after you kill them. It is hard and much different. You are not the same person after you do declared the followers of Karl Marx were the enemies of freedom, because they favored a form of government.

ment, but not before riots had occurred at Ancona and in fifty other Italian towns. The ringleaders were Italian towns. The ringleaders were sent to prison, and a mild form of in-quisition exacted confessions. After the bread riots La Bella Teresa went to Chicago, enlisting

violent men to avenge the women and children who had been shot in

than I thought. The judge could not kelp doing what he did. The jury could not, The law made them do it. I do not want to say now that the Teresa made capital out of the fam-

the satisfier of the special car libration of the satisfier of the satisfi lowed, Teresa stayed some time in London. Her last public appearance in the metropolis dates three months ago, when she visited a foreign club in Soho, one of the lowest of immoral dens. The place is watched by the English police, and foreign agents frequent it to keep their Governments acquainted with the doings of certain desperadoes. It is the rendezvous of many dangerous characters, who have been expelled from their own country for political ofters, who have been expelled from their own country for political of-

speech she said:
"Nihilists, Fenians, Anarchists or whatever you call yourselves, your object is the same. You can only ovoke the terrorism of assassination by striking at the lives of rulers and

BROKE DOWN AT CELL DOOR GOT LIVELY

Montreal Murderer Collapses in the Prison.

Montreal, Sept. 27.—Joseph Laplaine, who was yesterday sentenced to death for murdering Mrs. Lefebvre, has completely collapsed. When he was taken to the jail he had to be assisted into the prison van and cut of it, and when he reached the door of the death cell he broke down completely. He will stay in this cell from now until the day of execution, Oct. 25th, with the exception of a few minutes' walk in the corridor at stated intervals, when no other prisoners are near.

The death watch took charge of him the moment he shuffled into the

him the moment he shuffled into the cell, and two men will constantly watch him. They will be changed every two hours. His spiritual adviser will be allowed communication with him at all research between and viser will be allowed communication with him at all reasonable times, and before his death he will be allowed to say good-bye to his relatives.

An application for a new trial will be made, but it is not likely that any stay of proceedings will be granted.

BOERS APPEAL TO HAGUE.

Claim Britain Has Broken Rules of War.

THEIR RIGHT TO INDEPENDENCE.

New York, Sept. 27.-Charles D. Pierce, representative in the United States of the Orange Free State, has eceived a copy of the appeal made by the Boers to the Administrative Council of the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague.

The appeal, which is dated The

Hague, Sept. 10, says in part:
"Now that this war has gone on for nearly two years without any prospects of an lead thereto, except in the way only recently acknowledged as being the most efficacious and at the same time the most equitable means of deciding the most equitable means of deciding the same time the most equitable means of deciding the same time the most equitable means of deciding the same time the most equitable means of deciding internationa differences, to wit: Submission to arbitration, the desirability mutu-

differences, to wit: Submission to arbitration, the desirability mutually, for such a peaceful termination cannot but become more and more acknowledged. The States represented by the undersigned, therefore, consider that they should repeat the proposal already made by them before the war, but rejected by England, to submit to arbitration the settlement of the differences which gave rise to the war. In this way particularly it is necessary to have in view the question whether England is right in alleging that any action was taken by the Republics which had for its object the suppression of the English element in, or its expulsion from, South Africa, and generally whether the Republics have made themselves guilty of any act, which, according to internationally recognized principles would give England the right to deprive them of their independence. to deprive them of their indepen-

recently by proclamation issued by Field Marshal Lord Kitchener at Pretoria, and dated the 7th day of August, 1901, virtually notified that she intends shortly to take action in contravention of article 20 also.

The Governments of the States represented by the understored

presented by the undersigned are fully prepared, as soon as an opportunity thereto shall be afforded them, to substantiate the allegations herein made by setting forth

and proving the particular facts to which they refer.

"Since England sees fit to deny this continue, rights and the sees fit to deny this continual violation of the laws of warfare, the States represented by the undersigned consider that they may also in regard to this difthey may also in regard to this dif-ference, seek a decision of the per-manent court of arbitration. Should the English give the Government an unfavorable reply it will thereby be manifest that they dare not submit themselves to the judgment of a conscientious, learned and impartial tri

The appeal is signed by W. J. Leyds, A. Fischer, A. D. W. Wolmarans, plenipotentiaries of the South Af-rican Republic, and A. Fischer, C. H. Wessels, plenipotentiaries of Orange Free State.

FOUND DEAD IN THE WATER.

Body of an Unknown Man Picked U in Grenadier Pond.

Toronto, Sept. 28.—The body of an unknown man was found at three o'clock yestesday afternoon in Grenadler Pond on the west shore, just above Rennie's place. It was discovered by George Long and Daniel Brytson, of Ellis avenue, ly-Daniel Brytson, of Ellis avenue, lying in shallow water, scarcely kneedeep. Dr. Cotton, who was called in, said the body had been in the water ten hours. It was that of a man. apparently between 65 and man apparently between 65 and 70 years of age. He had a disfigured nose, evidently broken, a large mouth, closely-cropped grey hair, grey moustache and full beard, also elecaly, organical productions of the control o grey moustache and full beard, also closely cropped, and full eyes. He was dressed in a blue check smock, grey socks, heavy black boots, brown trousers, brown coat and vest. and black stiff hat. In his pockets were a quantity of tobacco, a knife, a little religious tract called "Onward," a copy of a Toronto evening paper of Auguust 17, a bunch of sandwiches, a mitten filled with soan a pocket mirror. filled with soap, a pocket mirror, and a pocket comb. There was no clue to his identity.

DEATH WATCH NOW IN CHARGE, Father and Son Kill Five Mexican Brigands.

HACIENDA OWNER SHOT.

But Continued to Use His Pistol With Good Effect-The Attackers Fled -Brigands' Guide Arrested and Gendarmes Pursuing Fugitives.

Puebla, Mexico, Sept. 28.-Brigands recently obtained entrance to the Hacienda de La Joya, in this State, taking advantage of the hour when the workmen reported at the office of the hacienda. One of the robbers shot Smor Lastiri, owner of the place, the bullet entering the abdomen. Lastiri fired a revolver at the bandits and killed his assaflant.

Lastiri was then wounded by nachete, but continued firing his pistol with his left hand, when his son came to the rescue and opened fire on the robbers, killing four of them. Then the band, seeing that their at tempted robbery was likely to cost hem dear, fled.

them dear, fled.

The man who guided the robbers to the hacienda, which is surrounded by wooded hills, has been arrested.

Mounted gendarmes are scouting in all directions, and it is expected the entire band will be captured or shot.

SHOT HIMSELF AT SWANSEA

Bert Card, a Young Toronto Man, Commits Suicide.

HE LEFT A LETTER AND A RING.

Toronto, Sept. 28.-Looking out toward the dock which covers the intake pipe of the waterworks at Swansea last night, a young man named Heber Howard saw a man on the end of the dock pull out a revolver and fire twice into the water, and then turn the revolver on himself and fire again. The body toppled over into the water, the whole thing occurring in a moment.

Howard at once notif.ed Constable Presseley, and he secured a boat at Nurse's boathous, and with Mr. Nurse, recovered the body. But

Nurse, recovered the body. But though this was done as speedly as possible, there was no sign of life, and the position of the body indicated that the man was dead when he fell into the water.

The remains were at once taken to Nurse's Hotel, and Coroner Cotton notified. Upon examining the body, the coroner found that the bullet had entered over the right temple, and that death had been practically instantaneous.

The body was that of a young man apparently about 20, clean shaved, and becomingly dressed in a dark tweed suit, and a fine frieze overcoat, and patent leather shoes.

An examination of the contents of his pockets showed that the name of the young man was Silas Bert Card, 783 Queen street east. At the investigation instituted by the coroner it was shown that the young man entigat on instituted by the coroner it was shown that the young man en-tered Nurse's Hotel about 10 o'clock at night and asked if he could have a room. Mrs. Nurse asked him what a room. Mrs. Nurse asked him what he wanted it for, and upon his not giving any satisfactory answer, was told that he could not have one. He left about 10.15, and went out on the pler, where, after a short time, he was seen to shoot himself as described above. The examination showed that his watch had stranged showed that his watch had stopped

at 10.50 p. m.

The tohowing letter was found on his person, dated Sept. 28, which would seem to give a clue to the motive of the deed:

"Dear Friend,—I am intending to be a seed to the motion of the deed."

go out to-night for good, so I will not have time for me to see. Enclose will find the ring, and you had better took out to be the took of better keep mine. Good-bye

(Signed), Bert Card."
There was no indication as to who the "friend" is. In the letter was found a gold ring which had originally contained six garnets, but two of them were missing. There was also a photograph of the young man in one of his pockets, together with a number of trinkets and an autograph album.

a number of trinkets and an autograph album.

Another letter was found on the body, dated Sept. 9, and signed Maude Turrell. It opened as follows:

"I hope you will not think me bold Maude Turrell. It opened as follows:
"I hope you will not think me bold
in writing to you, but I feel so awfully lonely that I just got to say
something to you, and I have not
had a chance for a long time." It
contained protestations of love, and
arranged for a meeting "to-night in
Eastern Avenue, near the Woodbine."
when the girl promised to "try and
get away from Mabel."
Coroner Cotton will report to the
proper authorities, who will decide
whether an inquest is necessary.

SUING FOR \$10,000.

W. T. R. Preston's Case for Libe Againt the Journal.

Toronto, Sept. 27 .- On behalf of Mr. W. T. R. Preston, Inspector of Immigration, Mr. Louis Heyd this morning flied particulars of his claim against the Ottawa Journal for \$10,000 damages for the publication of a letter by a kinsman of Prestor casting doubts upon his veracity and rectifude. The letter was published during the hearing of the Cool rectitude. The letter was published during the hearing of the Cook charges regarding the sale of seats in the Senate. Mr. Preston was a witness, and the letter was a vigor-ous attack upon his reputation.

MUCH-BURIED LINCOLN. STORY OF HIS

Final Resting-Place.

Springfield, Ill., report: The remains of Abraham Lincoln will soon be put away for all time, never to be disturbed again, in accordance with the wish of his son, Robert T. Lincoln. An excavation 15 feet deep is being made beneath the vault where they now rest, and in this the casket will be placed. It will be surrounded by an iron cage, which is to be imbedded in and made a part of a solid concrete block, 8 by 8 feet and 13 feet long. The transfer will be made after the return of Governor Yates. mains of Abraham Lincoln will soon

This will make the twelfth removal of the body, the record being as fol-

May 4, 1865—Casket containing body of Abraham Lincoln received in Springfield, Ill., and deposited in the public receiving tomb in Oak Ridge

Cemetery.

December 21, 1865 —Removed to new brick vault built to receive it on the east side of the national Lincoln monument and deposited in centre monument and deposited in centre crypt in catacomb.
Oct. 9, 1874—Removed from the centre crypt and from iron casket to a lead-lined cedar case, and deposited in the marble sarcophagus in centre of catacomb room in the

nonument.

Nov. 7, 1876—In an attempt by
thieves to steal the body, marble sarcoplagus top and one end removed,
and when detectives surprised them

the casket had been moved 18 inches out through the open end.

Nov. 9, 1876—By order of the Board of Control, the cedar casket was replaced in the marble sarcophagus, which was restored and restort which was restored and sealed.
Nov. 15, 1876—Removed from sarcophagus to rear of Memorial Hall.
Then, the same night, to the second corridor from obelisk, and third from the east outside wall under the terrage of the national Lincoln server. terrace of the national Lincoln monument and left on wooden trestles.

Nov. 18, 1876—Removed from trestles and placed in excavation in middle cerridor between the base of obelisk and the catacomb without replacing the earth removed to resident

ceive it. Nov. 22, 1878—Cedar casket cov-Nov. 22, 1878—Cedar casket covered six inches deep and ground leveled down like the rest of the passage ways under the terrace of the monument and an hour later the earth was removed and lid of cedar casket only opened and the closed, the earth replaced and left level.

April 14, 1887—Removed from the shadow grave under the terrace and shanow grave under the terrace and buried in a mass of concrete 8 by 8 by 12 feet directly under catacomb floors. The lead casket at this time opened and the remains identified by six personal acquaintances of Mr. Lincoln.

March 10, 1903—Removed from concrete (at time the national Lincoln.

crete (at time the national Lincoln monument was taken down) and de-posited in a new stone vault built for the purpose in the s.de of the ter-raced hill on which the monument raced hill on which the monument is built.

April 24, 1901—Casket removed

from temporary stone vault and de-posited in the marble sarcophagus in the catacomb of the newly re-built national Lincoln monument. The time of the final transfer will be decided by the Monument Committee after conferring with Governor Yates.

COURT HAS NO JURISDICTION Plea of Archbishop Bond in Steen

Controversy. Montreal, Sept. 27.-What is known as the Steen controversy, which has been dormant for some months, has again been revived by the filing in curt of the plea of the Archbishon of be paid to my sister. Helen Wekin-Montreal to the action for damages taken against him by Prof. Steen, as a result of the Archbishop's decree inhibiting him from the Dicesse of Montreal. Prof. Steen, it will be remembered, resigned from the Dioesan College, and an attempt was cesan Conege, and an attempt was afterwards made to have him appointed assistant rector of Christ Church Cathedral. Archbishop Bond refused his chasent, and subsequently inhibited the clergyman from the

The Archbishop's plea, which is very exhaustive document, sets forth that the plaintiff is a priest of the Church of England in Canada, one of essentials and principles of which is episcopacy and episcopal authority. The plaintiff, therefore, in virtue of his ordination yows, was bound to render true and loyal obedience to the bishop of the dicesse in which he might, be, and to the rules, regulations, and canons of the (hurch of Fradand

It is further set forth that the clergyman disobeyed this authority, and was dealt with regularly, and has no elaim for damages. The plea also states that the Archbishop acted in regard to a purely spiritual mat-ter, and without malice, and the action of the Archbishop in his said quality and affice in regard to a spiritual matter is not subject to revision by the civil court, and that the said court has no jurisdiction in premises. The court's decision these important points is awaited with great interest,

CAPTAIN WAS DRUNK.

So Testified a Passenger on the lil-Fated Steamer Islander.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 27.-Evidence of a sensational character was brought out at the enquiry into the loss of the steamer Islander, which

has been resumed. Dr. A. W. Phillips, who lost his wife and daughter in the disaster, said he could not find any life-preservers in his stateroom, and when he did find them in the cabin there was nobod to assist or instruct them how to put

them on.

Mace Green, of Tacoma, swore positively that the captain was intoxi-cated. The captain was at the bar two hours, he said, and he had seen him take two drinks.

The Mounted Police barracks at Regina were damaged by fire to the extent of \$500.

Remains Now to be Laid in Captured Thief Tried to Swallow Newspaper Clipping

HAVE BEEN ELEVEN TIMES MOVED WHICH GAVE HIS CASE AWAY.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 27.-Detectives Maguire and McDonald, of the local police, made an important arrest last night, in the capture on information from Syracuse of a man giving the name of Robert C. Edwards, of New York. The Syrvase

authorities sent word that a had stolen \$100 worth of goods from a dental office in that city, and to look out for him.

The thief was captured in a pawnshop here in the act of disposing of the dental goods. On the way to the police station he was eaught in the act of trying to swallow a newspaper clipping which describes the digging clipping which describes the digging out of the jail in Maiden, Mass., of Bert O. Taylor, aprested there for larceny on Sept. 15th. Edwards, alias Taylor, admitted that he was the man who dug out of jail.

SENTENCED

I. E. Laplaine Found Guilty

of Murder.

A PATHETIC SCENE IN COURT. Montreal, Sept. 26 .- Joseph Ernest Laplaine, who has been on trial in the Court of Queen's Bench for in the Court of Queen's Bench for several days on a charge of murdering Mrs. Lefebvre, a respectable married woman, with whom he was infatuated, was this afternoon declared guilty by the jury, and sentenced by Judge Ouimet to be imaged at the Montreal jail on October 25th. The defence made a big fight to get the accused off, on a plea of insanity, but falled.

insanity, but failed. There was a painful scene in court when the verdict was announced. The murderer's mother, sister and brother have been watching his interests from the first, and they had

great hopes that the worst would be a verdict of murder while tem-porarily insane.

Madame Laplaine fell in a swoon on hearing the verdict, and the sister had to be helped from the court room. Judge Ouimet announced that he would at once pronounce sentence, and the accused was asked if he had anything to say. He did not reply. His Lordship then placed the black cap upon his head and pronounced sentence amidst a profound silence in the crowded court-room. When he learned his terrible fate, the con-

demned man broke down, and had to be led from the court by the guards. M'KINLEY'S WILL

Leaves Property to His Wife With a

Few Changes.

Canton, O., Sept. 27.—This afternoon Judge Day and Secretary Cortelyou went to the office of the probate judge and offered the will of President McKinley for probate. The following is the text of the will:

"I publish the following as my last will and testament, hereby revoking all former wills.

"To my beloved wife, Ida S. KcKinley, I bequeath all of my real estate, wherever situated, and the income of any personal property of which I Few Changes.

any personal property of which I may be possessed at death, during her natural life. I make the following charge upon all of my property, both real and personal: To pay my mother during her life one thousand dollars. a year, and at her death said sum

ley. If the income from the property be insufficient to keep my wife in great comfort, and pay the annuity above provided, then I direct that such of my property be sold so as to make a sum adequate for both purposes. Whatever property remains at the death of my wife I give to my brother and sisters, share and share

alike.
"My chief concern is that my wife, from my estate, shall have all that she requires for her comfort and pleasure, and that my mother shall be provided with whatever money she requires to make her old age comfortable and happy."

MANCHESTER SETTLES.

\$35,000 Needed to Pay Credits Pro-

vided by His Mother. London, Sept. 27.-The World cor-

London, Sept. 27.—The World correspondent learns that the composition fixed by the Bankruptcy Court on the Duke of Manchester's debts was poil today.

The \$35,000 necessary was provided, not by the Duke's father-in-law, Eugene Zimmerman, but by the Duke's mother, the Dowager Duchess of Manchester, the transaction being carried through by Mr. 11. land, now here, the partner of the Dowager Duchess' late brother, Ferdinand Yznaga,

dinand Yznaga. It was because of the hopelessness of trying to induce Mr. Zimmerman to advance the necessary money that the Duke's mother went to the rescue in order that the agreement reached with the Duke's creditors might be fulfilled.

The Duke, the Duchess and the Dowars Duchess are staying at

Downger Duchess are staying at Downer Place, near Windsor, where a visit from the stork to the young Duchess is expected early in October,

THE BIDDLES TO HANG.

Canadians at Pittsburg Sentenced to Die on December 12th.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 27.—E. and J. Biddle, the two Canadians who were convicted of the murder of Grocer Kahney and Detective Fitzgerald, have been sentenced to be hanged on Dec. 12th,

Russian and German Foreign Min-isters determine to take more vigorous measures in common for the sn pression of Anarchistic incitement to crime.