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F.P.U. INDIGNATION MEETING PROTESTS TO GOVERNMENT

Strong Criticism of the Grant to McNamara of a Timber Grant on the Bonavista Peninsula—Request to the Government to Rescind Appointment of Somerton as Magistrate

(Special to Mail and Advocate.)
Catalina, November 14th.—President Coaker, Mr. A. B. Morine and thirty delegates arrived here by train yesterday. The town was decorated with bunting and a splendid evergreen arch (supposed to be the best ever erect in the country) displaying appropriate mottoes, was erected in honour of the president and the Convention.

A Mass meeting was held last night when resolutions protesting against the appointment of Somerton as Magistrate, were unanimously adopted, and the following resolutions regarding the giving away of timber lands to McNamara were unanimously passed:

Protest Against Grant.

WHEREAS, the F. P. U. Conventions in 1912 requested the Government to reserve timber situated on the Bonavista Peninsula for the use of the public and withhold it from private ownership;

WHEREAS, petitions to that effect signed throughout Bonavista and Trinity Districts were presented in the House of Assembly;

WHEREAS, the said timber lands were granted to C. Emerson by the Bond Government which grants were afterwards rescinded owing to public opposition aroused throughout the Districts of Trinity and Bonavista;

AND WHEREAS, this area of timber lands of about 110 miles, extending from Clode Sound to Pope's Head and across the Neck to Southern Bay, was granted to one McNamara in June last;

BE IT RESOLVED, that this meeting of the fishermen of Catalina and other parts of Trinity and Bonavista Bays hereby indignantly protest against such a breach of trust on the part of the Government and requests the Premier to take immediate steps to rescind this timber land grant to McNamara;

FURTHER RESOLVED, that this meeting expresses strongest condemnation of the conduct of Squires and Blandford, who hold seats in the Executive and possess the fullest knowledge of these timber lands and circumstances, for allowing the application to be approved and the grants issued, which they must have had fullest knowledge of and were powerful enough to prevent, and we hereby record our strongest disapproval of their conduct and resent the outrageous and deceptive treatment accorded the expressed wishes of the electorate of Trinity and Bonavista on this matter and call upon the Supreme Council in Convention to take the matter up and use its influence to have the grant immediately cancelled;

Resolved also that copies of these resolutions be sent to The Mail and Advocate, The Telegram and the Premier.

Somerton Resolutions.

The Resolutions referring to the Somerton appointment were as follows:

THAT WHEREAS, one F. Somerton, late of Catalina, has been appointed Magistrate of Trinity;

THAT WHEREAS, Mr. Somerton made himself expressly obnoxious to the people of Catalina last Fall and was a Heeler for the Government party;

THAT WHEREAS Trinity Bay determined last Fall to control its local affairs and decided not to permit any interference in District matters by defeated candidates;

THAT WHEREAS this Council publicly intimated that it would not tolerate any interference in local public matters, especially in Union Districts, by defeated candidates;

BE IT RESOLVED that this Council request the Premier to rescind the appointment of F. Somerton or to transfer him to some other section of the country;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Premier be notified of the determination of the people of the North Side of Trinity District not to recognize F. Somerton as a Magistrate and of the fact that the Fishermen's Protective Union will use its fullest strength to arouse the people to refuse to recognize F. Somerton in any capacity;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this Council recognises this appoint-

ment to be due to the interference of one R. A. Squires, a defeated candidate, who was driven from public life last Fall by a majority of one thousand votes. Consequently, the action of appointing Somerton as Magistrate at Trinity is considered by us as an insult to the whole North, a defiance of the F. P. U., and calculated to undermine the respect and confidence of the people in the Government of the Colony.

AND BE IT STILL FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of these Resolutions be printed in The Mail and Advocate and be sent to the Premier and Governor.

The meeting closed at 10.30, singing the National Anthem amid wonderful Union enthusiasm.

Splendidly Decorated.

The Orange Hall where the Convention will meet is splendidly decorated with patriotic emblems.

There are meetings today of the share holders of the Publishing Co., and the Local Council.

A grand patriotic meeting will be held tomorrow evening when the President and Mr. Morine will be the speakers.

John Stone, John Guppy, George Fowles, Joe Sweet, Wm. Tucker, Thomas King, Theo. King, John Loder, Nicholas Hodder, George Stephenson, Joseph Perry, Samuel Yetman, John King, Henry G. King, Gill Field, Gilbert Bugden.

GENERAL EXPECTS

THE WAR WILL END IN THREE MONTHS

Says That by That Time Germany Will be at the End of Her Men and of Her Other Resources

Paris, Nov. 12.—The question of the duration of the war is being continually asked in France and as often answered.

One of the latest estimates is that made by General Berthaut, who predicts that hostilities will be at an end in three months.

The general admits that the siege of Sebastopol lasted two years, but says there is no reason to conclude the present war will run such a protracted course. The relatively small armies engaged in the Crimean war made possible such prolonged contests.

The general argues that today one will see Germany, fronted by the necessity of placing enormous forces of men on two fronts, reaching the point of exhaustion before either France or Russia, and that this period of exhaustion may be expected in three months.

France also may be expected to reach the limit of her resources, but not so quickly as in the case of Germany.

Assassin Failed

To Kill Enver Bey But Got 5 Germans

Petrograd, Nov. 14.—A message received here from Bucharest states that there has been a revolt among the Constantinople and Adrianople garrisons.

Five German officers were killed by the exploding of a bomb in the Palace of Enver Pasha, the Turkish War Minister and leader of the Young Turk Party. Enver Bey was not injured.

A letter was found nearby which said the bomb was intended for "The man who sold Turkey to Germany."

RELIEF SHIP

REACHES BRITAIN

London, Nov. 13.—The steamship Tremorah from Halifax, bearing 52,000 packages of food and clothing, the gift from Nova Scotia to the Belgians, has arrived in England.

AUSTRIA WANTS TO GIVE IT UP

Germany's Ally Would Retire From the War, if She Could Make Terms With Russia.—France and Britain Assisting

London, Nov. 11.—The Standard's Petrograd correspondent says: "In spite of Germany's threats, promises and furious disgust, Austria, the Russian Government is informed, would only too gladly retire from the war if she could make terms with Russia direct, with the approval of Great Britain and France.

"The Russian Government is in communication on this subject with London and Paris, and important developments may shortly be expected. Berlin is exerting the strongest influence at Vienna, but as a fighting force the Austro-Hungarian army has practically ceased to exist."

Ravages of disease have contributed even more than the Russian armies to bring about a desperate state of affairs in Austria-Hungary.

Any arrangements Vienna makes with Petrograd would, of course, include Servia.

Suggested Reception To Emden's Captain Is Not Approved Of

London, Nov. 14.—A storm of protest was aroused in Melbourne by the suggestion that Captain Carl von Muller, commander of the German cruiser Emden, which was destroyed recently by the Australian cruiser Sydney, should be given a public reception in recognition of his gallantry and courtesy when he arrives in that city.

German Admiralty Says Mines Were Laid In Proper Fashion

Berlin, via Rome, Nov. 12.—The Admiralty authorities a positive denial of the assumption that the mines off the north-western coast of Ireland were laid by commercial steamers under a neutral flag. The mines, it is stated, were laid in a manner fully conformable to the usages of war.

The exploits of the German submarines and the appearance of a German squadron at Yarmouth, it is pointed out, are the clearest indications that

Calls Our Volunteers 'Most Enthusiastic Crowd'

English Paper Says Our Men "Came Forward in a Most Gratifying Style" While Another States That the Value of Newfoundland's "Sacrifice Cannot Be Too Highly Appraised"

Reuter's Agency learns that the Newfoundland contingent has arrived in this country, says a recent English paper.

On the outbreak of the war Newfoundland came forward with an offer to enlist special men for service abroad by land and sea. It undertook to raise the force of naval reserve by the end of October from 600 to 1,000 efficient available for naval service abroad for one year, and to meet all local expenses connected with their recruiting and equipment. The Governor expressed the belief that 500 men could be enlisted in a month.

These are the men who have now landed in this country. Five hundred is not a large body compared with the masses in the field; but when the sparseness and scattered character of the population is taken into account

the value of the sacrifice cannot be too highly appraised.

In addition to the 500 men she sends here Newfoundland has raised another 500 for home defence. If need arise more men will be sent from her shores. Part of the 1,000 naval reserves which have been raised are to complete the crew of the cruiser Niobe, and the remainder will be called upon by the British Government as required.

Another newspaper refers to the Newfoundland Contingent as follows: "The Canadian contingent includes some 500 men from Newfoundland, who are a most enthusiastic crowd. Engaged principally in the fishing industry, they came forward in a most gratifying style."

These men, although wearing the same uniforms, have a different badge.

Clever Feint of Allied Airmen Wipes Out 4 German Airships

Four Allied Planes, Making Pretence of Retreating, Drew Germans Over Trenches of Allies, Where They Were All Destroyed By Artillery Fire

Paris, Nov. 13.—A thrilling encounter, in which eight aeroplanes, four German, two French and two British figured, occurred in the vicinity of Ypres. The German machines were destroyed finally by artillery, and the eight officers whom they carried, were killed.

The Germans were seen approaching to reconnoitre the lines of the Allies. The French and British airships immediately ascended to meet them. For some time the air craft circled about each other, rising and descending, while machine guns spattered bullets among them.

The sky was clear, and the gunners on the ground had a good view of the aeroplanes, but failed to cripple any of the German machines.

Then, suddenly, the four Allied aeroplanes made a swift dash towards our own trenches, and were followed by the Germans, who, too late, discovered the feint, and perceived the perils of their situation, only when shrapnel burst among them.

In a few minutes the four German aeroplanes crashed to earth.

Germans Only Made Short Stay; Allies Recapture Dixmude

French Sprayed Ill-starred Town With Deadly Shower of High Explosive Shells and When French Marines Advanced With Bayonet, Germans

London, Nov. 14.—A correspondent of the Central News in Northern France telegraphs that the Germans have been driven out of Dixmude.

"The Germans," he says, "had not long in which to congratulate themselves on their seizure of the mass of ruins which was once the ill-starred town of Dixmude. They were sprayed with high explosive shells until extermination threatened them, and the appearance of French marines with bayonets rapidly convinced them that

the death rate would be too high if they remained."

The Germans have made a slight advance against Ypres, but it is doubtful if they now hold the village of Stelol. At LaBasse the Germans are attempting to drive a wedge into the Allied line by a concentrated heavy gun fire. There has been a considerable bulge in the line here for some time, but the Allies hold positions on either bank.

SUCCESSFUL OFFENSIVE

Of the Allies Leads to Captures and Recaptures and to Satisfactory Progress in W. Belgium

Paris, Nov. 13.—The official announcement to-night says:—From the sea to Lys, German action has not been so strong, and on some part of the front we, ourselves, have taken the offensive.

We have progressed to South Bixschorts at the east of Ypres.

We have retaken, by a counter attack, a village, which had been lost.

At South Ypres we have repulsed a movement of the Prussian Guards.

On other parts of the front only cannonades are mentioned.

Germany does not need to resort to any illegal methods to conduct activities in British waters.

The British announcement warning neutral ships using the northern entrance to the North Sea is regarded here as merely a step in the campaign to control neutral shipping, which might possibly benefit German industry, and is not based on actual danger.

The potentialities of mine laying in these regions, it is said, are practically null because of the depth of the water. It is also stated that the route recommended by the British through the channel, on the contrary, is infested with mines, while the southern half of the North Sea bristles with floating mines torn loose from their anchorage.

Urge Confiscation Of German Property To Check Air Raids

London, Nov. 12.—The London Globe urges Britain's best defence against Zeppelin raids is the immediate official announcement of the heaviest reprisals upon German property in Britain and upon bank balances here, for attacks on unfortified towns and the slaughter of peaceful citizens from the air or by mines.

It suggests that all governments throughout the British Empire take an inventory of German property within the Empire, the value of which is believed to reach \$2,500,000,000, the Kaiser's reported possessions in British Columbia included. "For every pound of property belonging to the Allies which Germany can confiscate, the Allies can confiscate probably ten pounds' worth."

C. L. B. Anniversary

The C.L.B. twenty-third anniversary service takes place to-morrow. Many recruits have come forward of late to take the places of the boys now at Salisbury Plain and the turnout is expected to be large.

His Lordship Bishop Jones will preach at this service.

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Many Clashes Take Place Between Armies in the Fog

And the Allies Advance Their Western Line to Within a Few Feet of German Trenches—Several Villages Captured From Kaiser's Men—Successful Surprise Attack Made

Paris, Nov. 13.—A French official announcement this afternoon says that from the seacoast as far as the Lys the fighting has been of less violent character than on previous days. Several efforts of Germans to cross the Yser Canal at the western outlet from Dixmude and at other points of passage in Theamont District were checked.

Generally speaking, our positions have been maintained without any change to the North. To the East and to the South of Ypres, the attacks of the enemy were repulsed at the end of the day at different points of our line and that of the British army.

Artillery Exchanges. From the region to East of Armentieres and as far as the Oise there have been artillery exchanges and actions of minor importance.

In the course of the last few days of foggy weather our troops have not ceased to make progress little by little and they are to-day established almost everywhere at a distance varying from 300 to 500 metres from the network of barbed wire entanglements of the enemy.

Took Possession. To the north of the Aisne we have taken possession of Tracey le Val, with the exception of the cemetery to the north-east of this village.

We have made slight progress to the east of Tracy le Mont and to the south-east of Nouvron, as well as between Cromy and Vregny and to the north-east of Soissons.

In the vicinity of Vailly a counter attack by the Germans, delivered against those of our troops who had retaken Chavonne and Soupir, was repulsed.

Failed There Also. Equal failure attended the German efforts in the environs of Berry au Bac.

In Argonne there has been a violent artillery duel and there has been minor progress made in the vicinity of St. Mihiel and in the region of Pout A. Mousson.

Surprise attacks delivered by our troops against the village of Val and Chatillon, near Ciry sur Vezoms, made it possible for us to capture a detachment of the enemy.

A German attack directed against the heights of Mount St. Marie resulted in failure.

It is reported that snow is beginning to fall on the heights of the Vosges Mountains.

LOAD OF PEBBLES FROM MANUELS

The s.s. Francis left Manuels last evening for Montreal with 1600 tons pebbles.

This cargo afforded many residents of that neighborhood employment for about six weeks and at this time when labor is slack it was most acceptable. This will be the last cargo for this year.

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NEW PRUNES, 14c. lb.	NEW EVAPORATED PEACHES. 14c. lb.

Empire Baking Powder, in 1 lb. Tins, 16c. Tin.

BEANS, good quality, 4 1/2c. lb.	LEMON PEEL, good, 16c. lb.
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	CITRON, best, 22c. lb.

Finest Quality Am. Granulated Sugar, 7c. lb.

FULL CREAM IRISH CONDENSED Milk, in full size tins, 14c. tin	SHAMROCK BRAND MILK 11c. tin
MAGGIS SOUP SQUARES, 15c. and 21c. per pkt. of 5.	TARTARALINE, equal to the best Cream of Tartar, 11c. lb.
FINEST CANADIAN BUTTER. . . 40c. lb.	GOOD TABLE BUTTER 32c. lb.

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