A 100 1 1 100 186

THE COURIER

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1849.

Yn were among those who thought that the me of the Manifesto, at the outset of the cam-ign for the relief of Canada by means of An-ugation with the U. States of America, was im-

great Exposet ROYZKENTS in England, and have atganized an "Association" with a hearty good with. A subject of this magnitude, wherein the destinies of thousands of our fellow creatures are vitally concerned, is no ordinary one; it any reasy concerned, is no ordinary doe; it is a consideration. It may be, and operation of the consideration. It may be, and operation is un easy matter, for a pamphletic or newspaper writer, a stump orator or demagague, to tride with the feelings and passions of their readers; their auditory, or admirers. sions of their readers, their suditory, or admirers, and calls their sympathies, were if only for the moment, to subserve some private purpose, but in a year constitutional question of this charac-

A vast constitutional Question of this character, it is fine,—the otherwise.

Our object, and the object of any each Association, must be, to act apon the reason, reflection,
and insterial interests of all alike; without this
action, no effort can be satisfactory or parament,
and we, therefore, invoke those gentlemen, without distinction, who have signed the Manifesto,
or who are convinced that the remedy of Annexation is the only antidote for Canada, to organize
forthwith.

himself automotic

The Threate Colors
onn Hampies and Oliver Cromwell, "the
greatest of Englishmen," were not permitted to
save England for the Colonies, when they wish
wastrate themselves? After this we give

principal establishments in the Mother Country, look to it, and not to Canada, as their home—a home to which they hope and intend to return, so soon as, by their industry, they have realized what they may deem a sufficient independence. There may be, nay, we doubt not there is, although few in number, a 4th class among the Protestors—a class, whose chivaline sentiments of biling allegiance to their Sovereign, and devotion to the land of their fathers, no amount of misgo-

These may be, nay, we doubt not there is, although few in number, a the class among the protestors—a class, whose chivatric sentiments of blind allegiance to their Sovereign, and devotion to the land of their fathers, no amount of misgovernment, no extent of consequent suffering, can affect?

Our readers, versed as they may be in mercentile fore, will scarcely imagine there are many of the land todays, is always to the constant of the land todays, is always to the constitution of the land todays, is always to the constitution of the land todays, is always to the constitution of the land todays, is always to the constitution of the land todays, is always to the constitution of the land todays to the land todays, is always to the constitution of the land todays are the land todays, is always to the constitution of the land todays, is always and the constitution of the land todays to the land todays, is always and the land today to the land todays, is always and the constitution of the land todays to the land todays, is always and the land today to the land todays to the land today to the land todays to the la

are deaf-blind to her entreaties for help, to raise her from the slough of despond into which inno-cent attachments to old friends and connexions, otherwise a virtue, have smally led her! but no, the Pharisee, like his predecessor, passes on to

We were among those who thought that the tessue of the same of the Manifests, at the conset of the case of the Manifests, at the conset of the case of the Manifests, at the conset of the C. States of America, was impacted with the U. States of America, was impacted with the C. States of America, the C. States of America, was impacted with the C. States of America, was impressed with the C. States of America,

A good father had a large family of boys, for whose well-being he was providently solicitons. He owned several valuable properties in the City, and some hundreds of sores of wird lands, at a considerable distance in the backwoods. Being unxious, as we have said, for the welfare of all his children, he devised the following plan: He relected from among his sons, four of the strongest, to whom he offered the cocupaint of his wild and unproductive acres, with the understanding that the boys that remained in Town, should adopt mechanical or increntite callings; and that a system of mutual commerce should be causabilated in the family, by which the residents in the Country should purchase such wares as they night require from Town of their bothers; while those in Town would be bound to buy the agricultural products of their Country brothers. This plan seemed to work well for a time. The young men who had relinquished the comforts of the paternal roof, and the endearments of kindred and friends, and had harved the hardships and toils our orders to me a first settlements on the collistry wilderness, always found a ready and remunerating market with condant upon a first authorized on the collary wilderness, abways found a ready and remainerating market with their relatives, for such matters as they had to dispose of, and in term ampalled themselves with the commodities and we, therefore, invoke those gentlemen, with the commodities of who are convinced that the remedy of Annexation is the only antidots for Canada, to organize forthwith.

The intention of such organization is, to score reflectively for the benefit of the courses and statistics, to probe the process of information and statistics, to probe the process of information, not only to the process, this salicable information, not only to the process, this salicable information, not only to the process, this salicable information, not only to the process, the process of the course, and a greater amount of comfort was some expensive the process, and a greater amount of comfort was some expensive than a strength of the people of this country, in this sali-important, this all-statishing, movement,—let no half measures may or process of the static and healt powerly, he car guiding star—the watch word of our country—our powers are wiser—our children, and their powerly, he car guiding star—the watch word of our country, he car guiding star—the watch word of our country, he car guiding star—the watch word of our country, he car guiding star—the watch word of our country, he car guiding star—the watch word of our country is a star of the country of the property in the country of the property of the property of the property of the property of the country of the property of the and in turn supplied themselves with the commodities they required from their friends. In process of time

PERSONAL ELIZABET TO DESCRIPT

THE STATE AND

The London Eclectic characterizes the Times in the following language, which is as true as it is

may hope to see the scheme of its projectors carried outwith success.

Upon proceeding to the wharf, we found the stackes
and porters exceedingly busy loading, and keeping an eye
on the various valuables attached to the perunticulating
Parliament. In addition to these minor officials, the
Military Authorities had granted a guard of soldiers, who
drew up a cordon of sentineds, with ball cartridge
and fixed bayonsts. At the Government House, there
was also a strong guard of soldiers, together with porters,
and Ministerial attackes. These latter were employed in
packing and loading, under the protection of the former,
who made a point of "looking daggers" at the gaping
crowd without the enclosure. As eart after cart poured out
of the parts, each loaded with the Government valuables,
vis., office turniums, three legged stools, and apittoons, in
turn quarted by four or five soldiers, fully armed and
equipped, the crowd was holstrous—so much so, as to
give their mirth a satisfied effect. We certainly never
before felt for man, as we did for these noble soldiers, arrayed in all the 'gomp and circumstance of glectous war,'
toiling alongside these marts, laden writt a few aniscrable
places of office furniture. That the feelings of the soldiers
beat in unison with our owns, we are certainly never
beat in unison with our owns, we are certainly for at one
point, where there was a joint guards the work given him
to perform. This loading at the Government Home, and
unloading at the wheat, was southweld throughout the
day.

Monitolands also poured out its treasures to freight the

Monkinghs also poured out its treasures to freight the Britement, and our readers may believe that we were not a little surprised to find the 'puts and pune' of His Excel-lency the Governor General, guarded and ascorted by the whole troop of Montreal Cavalry, commanded by Capt, Sweeny. How long is this terror-stricken Government going to bring the whole Province into ridicule with every nation in the world?

Pron the Enumer (Ministerial.)
PETER PERRY, ESQ., AND THE TRIKE RIDING BLECTION.

We bug to call the attention of the Globe, and all concerned, to the following latter, which, we are assured, truly represents Mr. Perry's views as expressed by him at the Whithy meeting. We shall soon know the weight of the Globe's artillery:—

shall soon know the weight of the Glob lety:— To the Editor of the Emminer:— Sun.—Observing a very incorrect we the Globe of the 20th instant, relative to

that he had no sympathy

An investigation has been going on at the Custom House here, for the last few days, and is still proceeding, into the general management of the business of the office. We understand that the Surveyor, Mr. Roy, has given in his resignation, under protest, on account of the mode is which the investigation is being carrind on. The Commissioner charged with this investigation, is Mr. Meudell, the Collector of the Port of Brockville. We are not aware of the specific charges, if any, preferred against any officer or officers of the Customs at this Port, and from the course pursued, the investigation seems to be of a general character, embracing a wide range with respect to time, and not confined to particular charges. This is evident from the contents of a circular, which has been sent to the merchants of the city indiscriminately, as well as to others residing at a distance, but who have occasional business to transact at this Port in the course of the year. The following is the circular we refer to:—

ing is the circular we refer to:

Custom House, Port of Toronto,

October 23, 1849.

Stas,—Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor General, to investigate certain
matiers connected with the Customs' Department
at this port, I have the honour to request that you
will be pleased to furnish me with a statement of
all duties paid by you, under the respective dates,
from the commencement of 1847 to the present
period, to enable me to test the correctness of the
entries made in the Customs' books.

I have the honor to be, &c., ing is the circular we refer to: I have the honor to be, &c., W. F. MEUDELL.

00 L

Custos House Returns.—The following account of Custom House returns, shews an increase in the revenue derived from daties levied on imports, and this owing, we presume, in no slight degree to the Customs Bill, which received the Royal assent on the memorable 25th April last. This return is all very well as far as it goes to replenish the impoverished exchequer of the Province, but we must remember that the articles on which these duties are collected, come from countries very little influenced in their market quotations by the supplies which they furnish to Canada, and consequently the consumers here, particularly in Canada West, are made to pay smartly by this indirect taxation on what are in most case considered the necessaries of life. But then there will be something handsome to pay the £1000 a year officiale, and to buy up nungry members of the House of Assembly, who may from time to time threaten all sorts of combinations, cabals &c., to frighten Ministers, Heaven save the mark t out of their propriety. Our properity as a colony, or a people, or whatever else we are to be must depend upon what we export, or what we manufacture or produce for domestic mas, or on both sources together. We pay, according to the calculation of British manufacturers, or what we manufacture or produce for domestic mas, or on both sources together. We pay, according to the calculation of British manufacturers, or the rate of eight shillings sterling or upwards per head, in Canada, for imports from Great Britain, accusaive of all duties. By the same authority we learn that Brother Jonathan pays only at the rate of eight shillings sterling per head for British Manufactures for his family.—Kingston Argue.

In such any such as the season of the time and the part of the season of the time and the part of the season of the time and the part of the season of the time and the part of the season of the time part of the season of the season of the time part of the season of the season of the time part of the season of the

man of high cuttivistics, much accessed and scientific pursuits, and of unexceptionable character. We copy the letter from the Journal:

Mount Washington House,

White Mountains, N. H., Oct. IIst 1849.

J. S. Tuckers & Co. . - Dear Sirs, —An Englishman by the name of Frederick Strickland, who said he had been stopping at your house, came to the White Mountains, and arrived at the Notch House," kept by Thomas J. Crawford, Thursday, the 18th instant. On the 19th he left the Notch House, is company with another Englishman and a guide, to ascend the Mountains. When they reached Mount Pleasant, the other gunlieman wished to return, there being considerable snow on the mountains. He (Mr. Srickland) gave up his horse to the guide, and proceeded on foot for the summit of Mount Washington, intending to come down my bridal path. The guide and the other gentleman returned to Mr. Crawford's. Mr. Crawford sent the baggage of the gentleman who had ascended the mountain to my house, but as he did not come that night, I thought perhaps he returned to Mr. Crawford's. The next morning Mr. Crawford came along and inquired for him. I told him he was not here. We immediately started in search of him. We found only some parts of his clothes. To-day we started in large mumbers, and about 10 o'clock found him dead. He missed the path and was lost. His body is here at my house. I wish you to have a sotice of the facts published in the papers; also if you learned anything of his friends while at your house, notify them of the facts. He was a tall, alim young man, some 25 or 30 years of age. Registers his name, Frederick Strickland, Alford Club, London.

He had but little money with him after paying Crawford's bill "at his house. Six dellars and twenty-seven cents was all. I presume he kept a deposite in Boston, in fact he told Mr. Crawford as much. I will see him decently buried to-morrow, in such a manner that he can be taken up if his friends should wish it. What little effects he has in his trank will be safe.

I remain yours, meet r

and Onahus were both at Panama, and would soon sail for San Francisco. Panama still remained healthy, as was the lathnus generally.

We have fies of Jamaica papers to the 20th instant. There is not much in them of special interest to American readers. The latest papers are filled with reiterations of discontent against the Colonial policy of the Home Government, and the disconsions in the House of Assembly on the Import Duties Bill, which had been ordered to a third reading, and has probably become a law. As the bill was expected to undergo important changes in committee or on the third reading, and our advices not informing us on these points, we cannot yet give the scale of duties under the new as compared with the former act. Agreeably to as compared with the former act. Agreeably to the resolutions which have passed the House of Assembly, duties are to be demanded at the customs, as soon as the import bill shall have passed, and it is now marking the part of the part

Instants going Home.—About one hundred and fifty natives of Ireland returned to their own country in the packet ship Constitution, having been unable to find employment, or employment sufficiently remunerative to induce their longer stay. Several parties have also returned from Boston for the same reason. The truth is that the differ on the Atlantic board have been greatly overburdened with immigration, and the evil is beginning to work its own cure. Had these persons possessed sufficient means, or sufficient courage, to go out West, they would not only have had plenty of employment, with good wages, but a hearty welcome. But it was cheaper to return to Ireland.—New York paper.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Cleared----October 20 Rrig Amy Anne, Thompson, Liverpool, Edit Brig Lyra, Park, Glasgove, J R Orr Brig True Blue, McNicol, J R Orr

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arrived---October 29. chr St Lawrence, Assinaud, 27 days, Halifax, order, Schr Prudent, Drolette, Caraquette, order, fish

Hark Henrietta Sophia, Rockwoog London, H & E Burund Bark Hartland, Cronan, Loudon, W Stevenson
Bark Royal Oak, Gauntlett, Sunderland, G B Symes & Co
Bark Rankin, Lawson, Liverpool, A Gilmour & Co
Bark George Wilkinson, Brown, Weymouth, W J C
Benson

Bark Necznaio, McMinn, Liverpool, Hyde & McBlain Ship Agumennou, Guthrie, Liverpool, A Gilmour & Co Schr Angelique, Lamotte, Whitehall, Wm Price Shipping intelligence.

A Pilot, who left Bie on Saturday evening, arrived here this morning, reports that he saw nothing on his way up for the whole of that distance.

The steamer St. George returned to port on Sunday afternson, with the ship Quien Victoria in tow, reported as returning to port water-logged.

as returning to port water-logged.

[Compiled for the Quobee Mercury.]

Off Missen Head, Oct. b—The ship Lord Maidstone's Sheridan, of Liverpoot, from Quebec, 48 days; experienced very had weather.

Beaumaria, Oct. 1—Part in—The ship Oregan, Evans, from Quobee for Liverpoot. The Oregon, from Quobee drifted from her anchors on shore in Frans' Roads, during a strong gale from E. S. E., this day, but is expected to come off without damage.

Plymouth, Oct. 514—Par in—The George, —— from Quebec, for Spewich.

Falmouth, Oct. 54—Pared by—The Wolga, of Hull, for London; and Sarah Battast, for Ipswich; Susan, Barry, from Quebec, for the States.

from Quebec.

Of Waterford Herbour.—The pilot boat boarded the harque Alert, Laughlin, from Quebec for Waterford and left the pilot on board, but it is expected abe had to run for Cock barbour. oft lie-jitiet on nones, tour he seement. Oct. harhours.—Off. Dungenuess, Oct. 9—The ship Augusta, Black; and harque Caroline, Duildli, from Quebee for London.

Liverpool, Oct. 10—The Oregon, Evans, from Quebec, which year to a shore the lines, at Beaumaris, got off, and has arrived here this day.

MARATUR STATEMENT of Arcticals and Tomonge of this Pert, from Son, as the pasts 1645-75, as to the STR. October in each part.

1848. 1008 410,468
1848. 1000 400,775
More this year, 38 10,810

TERMS:

First and Second Classes. ...£2 10 0
Third, Fourth and Fifth. ... 2 0 0
Proparatory ... 1 5 0
Montreal Nov. 1, 1849.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

OTTICE is hereby given, that the COPARTNERSHIP, lately substating between the Subscribers, under the Firm of MeGIBBON & EWING, was on the NINETEENTH day of OCTOBER, instant, DISTEENTH day of OCTOBER, instant, DISSOLVED, by mutual consent. MR. JAMES
McGIBBON is alone empowered to settle all
Debts due to and by the said Firm.

JAMES McGIBBON,
JOSEPH EWING.

Montreal, October 20, 1849.

WITH reference to the above, the Subscriber,
begs leave to intimate to the Customers
of the late Firm, and the Public generally, that he

continuance of their patronage.

IAMES McGIBBON,
104, Notre Dama Street.
Montreal, Nov. 1, 1849.

NOTICE.

THURSDAY next, the 1st November, being All Sarsys' Day, will be observed as HOLIDAY, by the BANKING INSTITUTIONS, of this City.

In conformity with the recent Statute (12 Vict. chap. 22.) all Notes and Bills falling due upon that day, must be paid on the day previous.

Montreel, Sist Oct., 1849.

The BANK OF MONTREAL, per A. Surreces, Cashier.

The BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
per D. Davidson, Manager.
The CITY BANK, per F. Maccullocus. LABANQUE DU PEUPLE, per B. H. LEMOINS

PENCING.

Wif. DANCT, late Serguant-Major of the 7th Hussars, and of the Queen's Light Deagons, begs to intimate to all levers of the above noble Scott, that he has OPENED a SALOON D'ARMES, at No. 47, Notre Dana Street, at which piece he will give LESSONS between SEVEN and EIGHT o'clock EVERY hereasted to those desirons of acquiring the Art.

THE MONTREAL C. published at the Other. 13 x 7

per Annum, payable in a ani

anaum.

will have

Agents for Canada : FINE HEALTHY SWEDISH Fire Clay, in barrels. SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED and for Sale by For Sale.

EAGLE FOUNDRY. A Montreal, 31st Oct., 1849.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY A
YOUNG MEN, to CARR
of the "MONTREAL COURIER vages given. Respectable refer October 31.

BEAT OF GOVERNM LAND AGENCY

WIHE Subscriber, for the con RAL AGENT and SHARE BRO N. B.—For the information of Ea others, a Register of "Lands for Se kept, for which no charge will be sale is effected. Any accounts entry lection will be punctually attended to JOHN COCH

Oct. 26, 1849.

TO LET.—One of those situated COTTAGES. statchester Street, (West)
Suburbs, on St. Antoine Road, long the wood and several necessing eeping can be taken at a valuation

Apply on the Premises, or to JOHN COCHR 27, St. Francois Xa Oct. 26, 1849.

ALLIANO BRITISH AND FOREIGN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPAN BARTHOLOMEW LANE, LONS Cupital-w-5,000,000 Ster ESTABLISHED, 1604

RISKS against Accidents by F formity with the Tariff intely agreed ratious Companies doing business in ALL CLAIMS FOR LOSS pred MEDIATELY ON BATTSPACTORY PROG and without reference to the Director ASSURANCES also effected on and solthout suference to the Director ASSURANCES also effected on which detailed Prospectuses. with Rates, and all other information, may at the Head Office for Casada, corners and St. Gabriel Streets.

The most ample security is affore assuring soith this Company by its Coupital, and the personal responsibility of One Thousand Sharsholders.

RICHARD GERR Agent for

Montreal, Oct. 26, 1849.

NOTICE. aton any BOOKS belonging
BRARY of the LEGISLATIVE

BRARY of the LEGISLATIV
are requested to return them to the
the CLERK of the LEGISLATIV
BLY, without delay.
By order of the Speaker,
ALPHEUS Clerk's Office, L. A., } 23rd October, 1849.

MONTREAL TYPE FOUL Trude, PRINTING TYPE RULES of every description.

Cashier.

The BANK of UPPER CANADA, per Jos.
WENHAN, Manager.
The COMMERCIAL BANK, M. D., per C. S.
Ross, Cashier.

PRINTING PRESES, INKS, and community Furnishings for Printing ported from the most celebrated by in England and the United States.

ET The whole supplied on the states. CHAS. T. PALSGI

-ALSO

CARTER & CARTE ADVOCATES. Dyrick.-No. 134, Saint Land NEAR THE ANGLISH CHUSC Auction Sales.

NO. 20; M'GILL STREET.

LAND OILS -WINTER SPER

Solar Sporm
Fine Olive, and
Lard Oil
WILLIAM LYM
194 and 196, 5
0cober 26, 1849.

nor article, just received

INAL COD LIVE

DETECTION OF THEFT. O better way of preventing or detecting Thef of Lines, Cotton, Silk, Clothes, or Goods

wing every article marked w Parson's Indelible fok

LEECHES.

DIET FOR INVALIDS.—
Diave just received a suppersuma ARROW ROOT,

deni, Carrageen, or Irish Moss Ireach Gelatine

S. J. LYMAS Chemists, Ph

NODYNE LOZENGES .- These Lozenge

Ottober 26, 1849. Chemists, Pince d'Ar

in, and is never known to fail in, when properly applied, but in Pots, at its. 9tl. ench. hepard by Beach & Badnicott interest of the Pots of Armes, Montreal, Agents for Canada Guides 27, 1849.

A QUICK CURE FOR PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

ENALLY APPLIED, IT GI

warmth to every part of the system, in and vigor to the stomach and liver, in the solution of the stin, soother, heals, purification, and curse, Croup, Sore Throat, Swelled Toncils, Coughs and

CRAMPS AND SPASMS.

Carried Toll

Internal and Internal Remedy of Rare Edi-ncy—The most powerful Antidote for Pain are discovered—It gives instant East, and

THE POOR SLAVE offered to excellent OINTMENT, his priend, his an effectual Cure for Ule to, burn, Scalde, Eruptions, to, burn, Scalde, Eruptions, to the control of the cure for the cure f E POOR MAN'S FRIE

reely a day passes w

no Preparation, and for convenience dambility, is equal to the BEST IN USE MESSIGS. S. J. LYMAN & Co.,

ele marked with

Place D'Armes,

BY YOUNG & BENNING. THIS MORNING.

REAL ESTATE BY AUC-The Subscribers have received to Sell, by Anction, on the Premises, DAY, lat November next, (if not happened of by Private Sale)—root first class CUT STONE DWELUSE, No. 1, Terunach Terrace, took completely fine section Brick Stables

ove will be Sold off in very desirable a tur-ity to the city, will be tention of Capitalista. ticulars of sale, apply t

BENST, DRUGGIST & APOTHECARY, WILL SALLED EYED SHAR PRATT'S BOO

Auction &

BY JOHN LE

MONTREAL;

MONTREAL;

MONTREAL;

Molicines, Perfumery, Dye Stufis,
Hushes, &c., &c.

Jest for Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Down's
Hushes, Wright's Indian Pills,
Molicated Soap, and for most of the
June Molicines and Preparations.

Onder 26, 1848. BIRD SEED.—Conary and Hemp Seed, WILLIAM LYMAN & Co., 194 and 196, St. Paul Street, October 26, 1849. will find them very saleable the Trade.

500 BOXES TIN PLA

UST RECEIVED, direct i burg, and for Sale by the Su 10 Tons RUSSIA SHEET II FROTHINGHAM &

OR SALE BY THE SUB 50 hhds Porto Rico Sugar 100 runs Molasses 300 packages Old Hyson, Tv Twankay and Youn 50 boxes Patent Sperm Candid 25 chests Cassia 40 tierces Rice 300 boxes B. M. Raisin 200 do Saleratus

AREHO Tapoca
hiert Groats and Barley
hiert Chocolate and Cocoa
S. J. LYMAN & CO.,
Branch CHEMIST

THE Subscriber begs to draw the Public to his very gene of STOVES, comprising all the 1 ments, as regards economy in Fucl Design and Workmanship. There COOKING STOVES, of various COKE, COAL, and WOOD ANDYNE LOZENGES.—These Lozenges A are recommended as a valuable remedy to taple, irritation of the Throat and Lungs, Difficulty of Breathing, &c. &cc.

They promote gentlic Expectoration, and by moissing a seductive property, produce quiet and intelling Sicep. They may be taken at any law, are pleasant to the taste, and efficacious in the effects.

For Sale by S. J. LYMAN & CO., Chemists, Place d'Armes.

Halls and Passages, and FANCY AIR-TIGHT PAR NURSERY STOVES, of and description, with his us DOUBLE and SINGLE STO will Sell at very low prices Bign of

GOO.

French Twills Sylvian Cloths, and Irish Popli Black and Colrd Gros de Naps Black Satinetts and Satins Silk Velvets Cobourg Cloths and Orleans A large spright of German an

Cobourg Cloths and Orleans
A large variety of German an Plaids
Plaids
Printed Delaines
A large assortment of Long W
A complete assortment of Mou
Hosiery of every kind
And a large assortment of STA
of every description.
N. B.—They have also received
Gent's PALETOT, SHOOTING,
COATS, which will be sold MUCH
regular prices.

ner discovered—it gives instant East, and mates speedy Cures, of all Rheumatic and levous Disanses.

IIIWAY'S READY RELIEF is what its same purports—a Ready Relief for Pain. Its same purports—a line for its powerful Antitote for Pain its same of Grace; it is a more speed with the powerful nervines.

It is found to powerful nervines.

It is same powerful nervines. SAL Sale b NE, 1 famili-tle Gra-ging C medial OUR de-crame GUNPOWDER.

CO, FO, FF, FFF, in kegs FF, FFF, TP, in candiste Ex " Elizabeth Rose,"
GILMOUR 9, St. Sacra SALT AFLOAT.

NOR SALE SOOD minets LIVERPOOL SALE HOPE." GILMOUR & 9, St. Sacra

OR CATE OF THE SUBS R, in NUR S evenior