## REMARKS BY THE AUTHOR.

We most heartily commend the foregoing authoritative of indorsement of our treatment of flushing the colon to those intelligent reader of this pamphlet. The document should not be studied, as it is a complete demonstration of the neces nimitation of the removal of the deleterious substance powhich choke up the alimentary canal, but also the eliminary nation of the most baneful impurities from the vital cirche culation constantly accumulating therein by absorption or through the walls of the colon.

Could a person even in normal health be permitted tohis view with the naked eyes the enormous quantity of fetiden matter which is constantly carried about by him withinser the lower twenty feet of the intestinal canal, all of which are might profitably be dispensed with and none of which contains a particle of nutriment or useful substance; here would almost be driven to loathe himself and to marve. It that he could survive for a single day surcharged withind such a frightful mass of putridity.

No wonder that practical surgeons, familiar as they wis have been from professional necessity with the dissecting endowns of medical colleges and hospitals, and witnessing read as they have the exposure of these abdominal contents. It so readily fall into the rational and absolute importance of the heroic process of flushing the colon, when its practicability is once fairly brought to their attention.

Up to the time of our discovery, now forty-one years our ago, it was not considered safe or even possible to injectsuch more than a pint of water into the rectum, and such and widea as forcing such enema above the sigmoid flexure hadrown never entered the conception of the most daring medical practitioner. Hence the astonishment exhibited by such—not a man as Dr. Willard Parker, of New York, the most om learned and distinguished physician in the United States, nay when our discovery of the possibility and even the ad-flust