

ST. JOHN STAR.

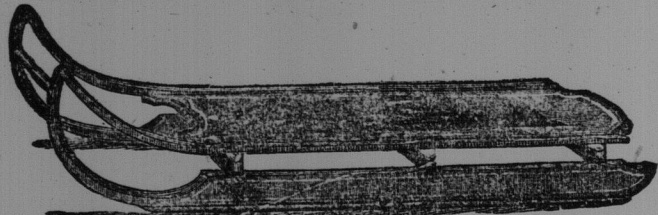
VOL. 6, NO. 4.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16 1905.

TWELVE PAGES.

ONE CENT.

SLEDS AND FRAMERS.



Framers 2 Bench braced.....	.55
Framers, 3 bench braced.....	.90
Framers, 2 bench, bow runner.....	.60
Framers, 3 bench, bow runner.....	.80
Framers, 3 bench, bow runner, large.....	\$1.25
Framers, Paris cutter.....	1.75
Clipper Sleds, 30 inch.....	.45
Clipper Sleds, 32 inch.....	.80
Clipper Sleds, 36 inch.....	.90
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Board Sleds, 38 inch.....	1.15
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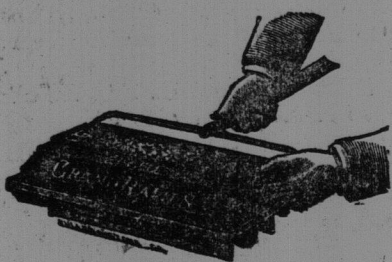
BABY'S SLEIGHS. ALL KINDS.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd., Market Square, St. John, N. B.

HUTCHINGS & CO.

Are Showing some New Styles in
White Enamelled Iron Bedsteads.
Mattress and Bedding Warerooms,
101 to 107 GERMAIN STREET
Carpet Sweepers.

The Fame of the "Bissells" is World Wide,
It's Always a Popular Present.



Bissell's Standard, \$2.50
Bissell's Grand Rapids,
with cyco bearings, 3.00
Bissell's Toy Sweeper,
a practical toy, .20

Emerson & Fisher, Ltd.
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How to Earn Money

If you would call on or write C. R. Davis 26 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B., and send the names of your friends or other reliable persons that I could sell any of the following articles to, as Watches of all kinds, Diamonds, Brooches and Pins, Ladies' and Gents' Gold and Set Rings, Waist Sets, Cuff Studs or any kind of Jewelry or Clocks of any kind, or Silver Knives, Forks, Spoons, Tea kind, Butter Dishes, Cake Baskets, or Silverware of any kind, I would pay you \$25.00 as soon as the sale was made. I would also give honest and reliable persons credit of three and four months. All business strictly confidential. Any one writing to me and opening an account will also get a discount off my regular prices. All goods fully warranted.

2 Strong Points With Us!
Mink and Grey Lamb
FURS

During the Xmas Season we will make a liberal cash discount.
F. S. THOMAS, 539 Main Street, North End

Get The Boy

a pair of Oil Tanned Larrigans and he will be happy. There is no other article of foot covering they so thoroughly appreciate, and then they are so warm and comfortable.

\$1.00, \$1.15 and \$1.25 a pair

Waterbury & Rising.

King Street. Union Street.
Open Tonight till 11 St. John, N. B., December 16th, 1905
CALL AT

Harvey's Tonight
FOR BARGAINS.

The Great Alteration Sale opened this morning.
Don't miss it.
See large ad. with prices on page 8.

J. N. HARVEY, Mon's and Boys' Clothing, 199 & 207 Union St.

HOWARD D. CAMP CHARGED
WITH MANSLAUGHTER.

His Preliminary Examination Was Begun This Morning---Mrs. Clarke Gives Further Evidence That Her Daughter Expected To Die.

Howard D. Camp, arrested with Dr. Preston in connection with the death of Miss Edith P. Clark, was arraigned this morning in police court on the charge of manslaughter, formally made by the authorities as follows:
"The information and complaint of Wm. Walker Clark, of the city of St. John, in the city and county of St. John, chief of the police force of the city of St. John, taken on oath before me, the undersigned, Robert J. Ritchie, police magistrate for the police district in the city of St. John, at the police office of the city of St. John, this sixteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and five, who saith that he suspects and believes that Howard Camp, a coroner for the city and county of St. John, between the tenth day of November last past and the present date, did commit manslaughter contrary to the statute, and deponent's reasons for his suspicions and belief are that one Edith Floyd Clark died in the city of St. John between the dates above mentioned under what was deemed suspicious circumstances; that an enquiry as to the cause of death was held before Daniel Berryman, Esq., a coroner for the city and county of St. John, and that the jury upon such enquiry found that death was due to blood poisoning occasioned by an unlawful act, to wit, abortion, upon said Edith Floyd Clark, and that said Howard Camp was a party to such unlawful act."
Taken before me, etc.
ROBERT J. RITCHIE.
The witnesses examined were Mrs. Robt. Clarke, Dr. Addy and Dr. Scammell, Dr. Roberts and Wm. McKay. Their testimony was practically same as given in the Preston case, except that Mrs. Clarke went a little more fully into her step-daughter's statements, signifying that she expected to die when she made the disputed ante-mortem statement.
Mrs. Robert Clarke, the step-mother of the deceased Edith Floyd Clark, was the first witness called. She said Edith was 24 years of age. She died on the 29th of November, having been confined to her bed from Sunday night, Nov. 12th, until her death. The witness identified the part bottle of ergot that has previously been shown in evidence, and said that it was brought to the house by Howard Camp on Monday evening, Nov. 13th. The witness knew Howard for about five years, he called frequently at the house, but she did not know him very intimately. When Camp brought the bottle to the house, she said it was not so well as the bottle she had seen in evidence. Mr. Macrae said it had not been proven that the bottle was for an instant given to her. Mr. Camp on Monday night. Continuing, witness said that she first read the writing on the bottle on Wednesday. Mr. Camp called nearly every evening to enquire about Edith. Mrs. Clarke then told of calling Dr. Roberts, and later on Dr. Scammell and the nurses. Miss Reynolds gave the patient her medicine. Edith told through her illness of going to die. On Thursday, the 15th of November, she said, "You might not think it, but I am not going to get better this time." Mr. Macrae objected to hearsay evidence.
On that Thursday before the doctor came in Edith said: "Don't you worry, I know I am not going to get better this time. When witness was putting on her rings she said, "What will you do with my rings when I die?" Mrs. Macrae said they would be left on her fingers. She then said, "Will you give one of my rings to Mrs. Harry Reynolds to remember me by?"
On the next day she told witness that she wanted to give a set of furs, watch and a china cup to Muriel Goodwin, and hat and jacket to another little girl. On the following day, Saturday, she was calm and composed, and requested witness to give a toilet set and some other articles to Miss Nellie Reynolds. After the operation Edith called for witness, who told her to keep quiet and she would get better.
On the Wednesday following the operation Miss Clark said she was sure she was not going to get better, and did not want to see any of her friends. Miss Clark's uncle arrived from the country on the Sunday before she died, and saw the patient. Witness then told of the deceased asking her not to allow her body to be buried in the country.
Cross-examined by Dr. Macrae, witness said Miss Clark said she wished that her mother had not been buried in the country. On the night that Camp brought the medicine witness, at the request of deceased, told Camp Edith would not be out that night. Witness never told Doctor Roberts about the conversation at the time of her illness.
On the Monday night after the operation witness told Camp that the doctors told her Edith was a very sick girl. She told Camp on Tuesday night about the operation.
Dr. G. A. B. Addy described the post-mortem examination on Miss Clark's remains. He considered death due to blood poisoning. Ergot was used for hemorrhages.
Burpee Brown was next sworn. He identified a prescription from Dr. Preston for half an ounce of ergot, and recognized the bottle in court as the one which he filled. The contents of the bottle in court smelled like ergot.
To Dr. Macrae-Witnesses that no record was kept of prescriptions being refilled.
Mr. Macrae then informed the court that there were three prescriptions filled at the Brown store on the 13th of November and delivered at Miss Clark's house, and there were a number of bottles about the girl's room and that Camp believed that she was going to die.
The witness then said that any prescription he had filled could be produced.
Dr. Scammell was the next witness. He told of having been present at the cutting operation on the deceased on Sunday, 19th. The operation was successful. He then told of the conversation he had with Miss Clark and which were the same as given on other occasions.
Dr. Macrae objected to the evidence of conversation on the ground that the girl did not believe that she was going to die at the time.
The evidence was allowed.
Dr. Roberts was the next witness called and Dr. Macrae said his objections to the evidence would be the same as on the previous witness's testimony. The witness's evidence was practically the same as given in the Preston case.
Wm. McKay, a drug clerk in Burpee Brown's store, said he thought he had seen Camp at the store but could not remember when.
The court then adjourned until 3.30 p.m. in the afternoon when the evidence of the nurses will be taken.

HANLON LOST DECISION
BUT FINISHED STRONG.

Kid Herman Bested Him on Points, But Hanlon Was the Stronger in the Last Rounds.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 16--Kid Herman of Chicago last night bested Eddie Hanlon, of San Francisco in a four round fight, there was not a moment from the start to finish of every round that the two lightweights were not in action and the young found them fighting. Hanlon forced the pace and made it a terrific one from the start, and for an instant gave ground. To a great extent he gave up his crouch and stood up and boxed with Hanlon. At this time the referee Hanlon was far the cleverer of the two and his blows were needed all counts and well timed. Herman did all his work after the sixth round with the right hand, using his left only to make an opening. He punished Hanlon severely about the body with right hand and blows and at close range uppercuts Hanlon repeatedly about the face.
Hanlon directed his attention to the body but was less successful in landing on Herman than he has been with most of his opponents. Herman had an effective block for Hanlon's blows and barring a bloody nose near the finish, came out of the fight without a mark. The eighth, ninth and eleventh rounds were the best, Hanlon appearing to have the advantage in strength. In the 20th round Hanlon had Herman very tired. As the Chicago man lost his guard for his stomach Hanlon pounded him about the body and had him staggering at the finish. Hanlon was the favorite at 10 to 8 but Herman was strongly supported. Hanlon weighed 123 lbs, while Herman weighed 127.

STOCKTON, Cal., Dec. 16--Kid Grant of Seattle last night knocked out "Young" Choyneki of San Francisco in the first minute of the tenth round with a right swing to the jaw. The men are lightweights. Kid Bell of Denver knocked out Hook, Moralls in the first round.

TRAINS COLLIDE ON
VICTORIA BRIDGE.

(Special to the Star.)

MONTREAL, Dec. 16--A rear-end collision took place on Victoria bridge this morning between a freight and a local passenger train from Chambly. The freight train was standing on the main track waiting to get into the yard when the Central Vermont local came along and owing to the heavy fog which prevailed the engineer claimed he could not see the freight until too late to avoid the accident. With the exception of a severe shaking up the passengers and crew sustained no serious injuries.

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS SENT TO
CAPTURE RIGA FROM REBELS.

JOB PRINTERS ARE
ON STRIKE TODAY.
7 Establishments and About
20 Men Affected.

A Similar Situation Which Exists in Chicago
Threatens to Spread--Other Trades
Will Strike in Sympathy

The principal job printing offices in the city outside the newspapers are facing a strike that began at eight o'clock. At that hour the employers and employees met and the men insisted that the employers should agree to the eight hour day that has been demanded by the International Union.
The men felt bound to follow the instructions of the union and as the employers would not concede the men decided not to go to work. The result is that the shops of J. & A. McMillan, James Barnes & Co., George Armstrong, G. A. Knodell and Patterson & Co., are now working at their full capacity and about twenty men are out. The employers claim that the conditions here are entirely different from the conditions in the United States. In the large cities of the continent the majority of men are from a half to three quarters of an hour getting to their work and the same time getting home when the day is ended. They also are given an hour for lunch. Here the men live within a few minutes walk or car ride of their homes and do not actually work as long as the men in other cities that are getting the eight hour day.
Another kick that the employers make is based on their assertion that the union men are from a half to three quarters of an hour getting to their work and the same time getting home when the day is ended. They also are given an hour for lunch. Here the men live within a few minutes walk or car ride of their homes and do not actually work as long as the men in other cities that are getting the eight hour day.
The International Typographical Union looking for the American Federation of Labor to call a conference of the 700 independent employing printers was called for today when the Independent Typographical Union sent out circulars to the officers of the International Typographical Union asking them to join the Typographical Union in the struggle against the eight hour day by abrogating their present eight hour contracts and informing their 1700 union men they will be obliged to work nine hours a day after Jan. 1. The International Typographical Union sent out circulars to the officers of the International Typographical Union asking them to join the Typographical Union in the struggle against the eight hour day by abrogating their present eight hour contracts and informing their 1700 union men they will be obliged to work nine hours a day after Jan. 1. The International Typographical Union sent out circulars to the officers of the International Typographical Union asking them to join the Typographical Union in the struggle against the eight hour day by abrogating their present eight hour contracts and informing their 1700 union men they will be obliged to work nine hours a day after Jan. 1.

BANK OF N. B. WILL
INCREASE ITS STOCK.

Shareholders Almost Unanimously Favor
Increase to \$1,000,000--No Radical
Departure in Bank's Policy.

The adjourned meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of New Brunswick was held this morning and by a big majority it was decided to increase the capital of the bank to \$1,000,000. A large number of shareholders were present and the feeling expressed was almost unanimous in favor of the increase. Some 2,800 votes were cast and of these 3,400 were for the increase. The time and the manner in which this increase will be made is left in the hands of the directors but the directors stated at the meeting that it was their probable intention to issue \$250,000 stock at 25¢ at once.
Mr. Kessen, the general manager, when seen after the meeting said that the increase in stock did not mean any radical departure from present business methods and in fact there is no present intention of increasing the number of branches. The bank's business has so rapidly increased that, said Mr. Kessen, the additional capital is a necessity.
This morning's meeting lasted until half-past one.
Mrs. N. E. Woods, many friends were glad to see that she is recovering from a serious illness of several weeks and is able to be back at her studio again.
News was received today of the death of George Pile, formerly of this city, at Lethbridge, Alberta, of typhoid fever. Deceased was one of the South African veterans, having first served with Prince Alfred's German M. L. and secondly with the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles, being wounded while serving with the latter body for which he was awarded a pension. He belonged to Marlborough Lodge, Sons of England, and the Oddfellows. Both bodies will attend his funeral.

Scenes of Horror There Beyond
Description--Daily Battles---
Workmen Defy Govt. and
Declare It Bankrupt.

(Special to the Star.)
ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 16--A system of wireless telegraphy has been installed between St. Petersburg and Zarskoe Selo Palace and Moscow. The National government is determined to maintain communication between the various headquarters and the different fortifications and it is believed that the wireless telegraph proposition provides the solution desired by the government. The regular telegraph lines are likely to be interfered with by the strikers but the wireless telegraph proposition is so new in Russia that it is believed that it will not be possible to keep the government from holding the necessary communication for the issuance of the more imperative orders.
NEW YORK, Dec. 16--A St. Petersburg despatch to the Sun dated Dec. 15 says:
"Warships have been sent to Riga from Lissau to quell the rebellion there and to capture the town."
"This action was taken in response to an urgent despatch from the Governor who asked for a cruiser and two torpedo boats besides troops. He declared it was imperative that strong reinforcements be sent immediately."
"They can be sent by steamer, communication by land is interrupted. Coasts are stopped."
"According to unofficial reports Anarchy at Riga continues. The troops are powerless or unwilling to attack the rebels."
NEW YORK, Dec. 16--The special correspondent in Russia of the American cables from St. Petersburg under date of Dec. 15:
"I have just had a talk with Mme. Lepeshoff, the wife of a colonel in the imperial artillery, stationed at Dvina, and the last of the refugees to escape to St. Petersburg from the rebellious Baltic fortress. She was very much agitated, even when the comparatively safe shelter of her St. Petersburg friends."
"The situation in the Baltic provinces is one of wholesale mutiny," says Mme. Lepeshoff, "and it is one of terror. When I left the Lettish rebels were in possession of most of the town and my husband told me that day they threatened a detachment of Cossacks whom they found asleep in a courtyard."
"Every day there were terrible fights between the rebels and the few loyal troops left us, and almost every hour covered the whir of machine guns."
"Are the authorities powerless?" I asked.
"Not by so, I fear," answered Mme. Lepeshoff. "Governor Sveginoff despatched an urgent message to St. Petersburg for additional troops, but the rebels in some way learned of his appeal and sent a deputation to the palace claiming that the shipping in the harbor would be burned should any attempt be made to use one vessel to transport troops to Riga."
"Terrible as are the scenes in Riga things are even more dreadful in the surrounding country. Most of the troops have been brought into towns, and the country is left absolutely to the revolutionists."
"The most sanguinary scenes are being enacted too horrible, my husband said, for me to tell the details. The rebellious Letts are under the command of a non-commissioned officer called Nerofkin, and they stop at nothing."
ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 15, via Eydhkhuken, Dec. 16--The proletariat organizations through the "invisible government" threw a bombshell into the camp of the official government forces, following the form of a regular imperial document, declaring the bankruptcy of the treasury, ordering the proletariat army everywhere to refuse to pay taxes of any description, to insist on the payment of wages in gold or silver and to withdraw all their deposits from the savings banks in gold.
The manifesto is a terrible indictment of the manner in which the Bureau of Finance has brought the country to financial ruin, asserting that the government has squandered not only the country's income but the proceeds of the foreign loans on railroads, the army and the fleet, leaving the people without schools or roads, yet, it is declared, there is no money to feed the soldiers and everywhere there are insurrections of the beggared and starved troops and sailors. The manifesto charges the government with using the deposits in the government savings banks to speculate on the stock market and with covering up its chronic deficits in the interest of the immense debt by the proceeds of foreign loans which are at last exhausted.
The rich, it is declared, have already taken warning and are converting their watch, chain and jewelry into gold and silver and are converting their gold and silver into securities and gold and

ENFORCING LIQUOR
LAW IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, Dec. 15--Col. Charles H. Cole, Chairman of the Boston police commission, stated tonight that the liquor license of the Touraine issued in the name of John R. Coleman had been revoked formally.
Tonight Chairman Cole stated that the action of the commission in revoking the Touraine's license was not in any way brought about by the action of John R. Coleman, the newly elected district attorney.
Another action of the police commission today was an order issued to druggists throughout the city, notifying them that many of them were violating the liquor laws, in maintaining window screens which prevented a full view of the interior of the places of business. All druggists who have maintained such obstructions to view were ordered to remove them. It is said that more than one hundred and forty druggists will have to change the arrangements of their stores in order to comply with the order.

WINTER SERVICE TO P. E. I.

The Straits of Northumberland are so blocked with ice that the summer service had to be discontinued and the winter boat, the ice-breaker Stanley, has gone on the route. She made her first trip yesterday from Summerside to Cape Tormentine. The Stanley will run regularly until navigation opens in the spring.

The Empire Dramatic Club will hold a special rehearsal on Monday night at 7.45 (sharp), in the Mission church school room.

DEATHS.

PILE--Died at Galt Hospital, Lethbridge, Alberta, of typhoid fever on Dec. 15th, George Pile, formerly of this city, aged 25 years, leaving a brother and sister to mourn their loss.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
GREENE--Entered into rest on Dec. 15, Thomas Eyles Greene, aged eighty-four years and two months, leaving five sons and five daughters to mourn the loss of a loving father. Funeral on Monday at three p. m. from his late residence, 196 St. John street, West.
(Boston papers please copy.)

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

LOST--Corner Stanley street and City road, an open face nickel case watch. Finder please leave at this office.