

KING AND KAISER EMBRACE AND MAKE-UP; BIG CROWDS CHEER MEETING OF MONARCHS

His Majesty and Suite Arrive at Cronberg and Is Cordially Welcomed by Emperor
—Tentonic Press Sees End to Misunderstandings.

Cronberg, Hesse-Nassau, Prussia, Aug. 15.—King Edward arrived here on a special train from Frankfurt at 8:45 a.m. today. Emperor William and Prince and Princess Frederick Charles, of Hesse-Nassau, met him at the railroad station. The Emperor assisted the King in alighting and they kissed each other on both cheeks. The meeting was very cordial. The King wore a black Prince Albert coat, and a silk hat. The Emperor had on the uniform of the Posen Jaeger regiment, with a steel helmet. King Edward was accompanied by Sir Charles Hardinge, permanent under secretary of the foreign office, Major General Sir Stanley Clarke, chief equerry, and Major Frederick E. G. Ponsonby, equerry to his majesty.

Sir Frank Lascelles, the British ambassador to Germany, and the British consul general, Francis Oppenheimer, joined the royal party at Frankfurt.

After introductions had been exchanged the royal party and their following proceeded to Friedrichshof in automobiles. The streets were profusely decorated with evergreens, flags and streamers. Their majesties were heartily cheered by the crowds and school children, who were lined up all along the route. Many Englishmen from surrounding watering places were also present.

The press of all sections treats King Edward's visit to Emperor William from the standpoint of being a sign of improved relations between him and the Emperor, and the belief and hope are generally expressed that the visit will have a beneficial effect on the peoples of both countries, besides putting their political relations on a better footing. The papers, however, avoid all extravagant hopes in this direction, evidently trying to keep within the safe minimum of practical results. Nobody expects positive political arrangements, but the Cologne Gazette, which usually reflects the views of the foreign office, expects the rulers to discuss all political questions concerning Germany and Great Britain, and also the general position of European politics. The Post, which also maintains a close connection with the foreign office, cherishes the "glad expectation that much of the ill-feeling and many of the misunderstandings may be removed by a frank face to face talk."

A tone of sincere admiration for the King pervades all the leading articles. The Cologne Gazette greets his majesty with feelings of reverence, the National Zeitung calls him a practical statesman of the first rank, and the Neue Nachrichten, while complaining that the King's policy has been to isolate Germany, pronounces him a "political artist."

After reaching Friedrichshof the royal party breakfasted and then the Emperor and King spent some time together. At about 11 o'clock they, with Prince and Princess Frederick Charles, took a drive to see the monument erected in honor of Emperor Frederick in the Schloss Park. After lunch, at the King's wish, a visit was made to Homburg and the Roman camp at Saalburg.

A programme of sight-seeing and drives has created the impression among those surrounding their majesties that they wish to avoid prolonged political discussions.

OFFERED TO MR. BASTEDO

Can Have Management of Annuity Company in This Province.

Toronto, Aug. 15.—Word comes from Winnipeg that S. T. Bastedo, of this city, formerly provincial deputy commissioner of fisheries, has been appointed Ontario manager for the Annuity Company of Canada.

This company was organized under a federal charter recently, and has a capital of \$1,000,000. The promoter and managing director is Mr. G. J. Lovell, of Winnipeg.

STRUCK A BRIDGE

Close Call for Excursionists on the G. T. R. at Chatham.

Yesterday, while C. P. R. train No. 819, in charge of Engineer Leslie Robling, was making up with a number of other cars full of excursionists from Windsor and points west, the engine struck the bridge just east of the city and nearly ran into McGregor Creek. The train struck the abutments on the west side of the bridge and stopped in time. The force of the impact threw stones weighing several tons into the creek. The track was torn up and the engine truck damaged, as were some freight cars between the truck and the passengers. A temporary track was constructed and the passengers went east, several hours late. The wrecking crew from Toronto were summoned, as the wrecking apparatus from this city was found to be not heavy enough.

BOWLERS AT GUELPH.

Guelph, Aug. 15.—The British bowlers arrived here from Brantford this morning at 10:40, and were met by the local bowlers. They are being taken around the city and O. A. C. this morning and then will have luncheon at the college.

What Will They Discuss?

London, Aug. 15.—The strictest silence is maintained in official circles as to the subjects to be discussed by King Edward and Emperor William at their meeting at Friedrichshof. Up to the last moment it was not admitted at the foreign office here that Sir Charles Hardinge, permanent under secretary of the foreign office, would accompany the King. He had been away on a holiday and broke it up to join the royal party on the continent. His presence adds significance to the meeting, for as the permanent under secretary of the foreign office he is really the man who carries on the foreign affairs of the country, and the fact that he is attending King Edward leads to the belief here that the discussion between their majesties will be of the widest range, taking in all questions outstanding between the two countries, and those likely to come up in the future.

Undesirable Immigrants Becoming Public Charges

Local Board of Health Takes
Up the Matter—The Milk
Supply Discussed.

The board of health held a regular meeting yesterday afternoon and incidentally discussed the undesirable class of immigrants which are being shipped to this country by shipping agents and societies in the old country. Inspector McCallum brought up the matter, by drawing the attention of the board to a recent case in point.

A short time ago a woman and a family of several children arrived here from Manchester. A few days after their arrival, she was taken ill, and it was necessary to admit her to Victoria Hospital, as she had neither money nor friends. An examination of the patient by Dr. MacGregor, bacteriologist, revealed the fact that she was suffering from tuberculosis.

She admitted that a few weeks before she sailed from England, her husband had died of consumption.

The children were then examined, and it was found that a couple of them were also affected with the disease. One of the children is now in a local orphanage.

The board thought that something should be done to avoid such a class of immigrants being allowed to enter Canada, where they become a charge on the public.

Careless Bottling of Milk.

The board also dealt with the matter in which milk is bottled and sold in London. One of the members said that he had been informed that some of the milkmen are not overly particular as regards bottling, and that they often neglect to rinse the bottles from day to day.

Chairman English was authorized to interview the city solicitor with a view to having a new bylaw which will cover this matter, drawn up at once.

Uncleaned Closets.

Mr. McCallum reported that he has had difficulty in compelling property owners to clean closets which are a danger to the public health, and the board will ask the council for power to clean the closets and charge the cost to the property.

A number of accounts were passed.

City Engineer Graydon has written the board of works in regard to the complaint lodged by the property owners of Maitland street, between Hill and South streets, re the sewer charges on a sewer put down last fall.

It seems that the estimate furnished the people was 10 cents a foot, but now they are being compelled to pay 23 cents a foot.

Mr. Graydon says that his estimate was based on the cost of sewers built on South street, Colborne and Nelson streets, all in the immediate vicinity, none of which, including side drains, exceeded 10 cents per foot.

The contractors, however, got wind of the fact that a vein of quicksand and water underlaid Maitland street, and they figured high so as to cover the extra work they felt they would encounter.

Contractor Leathorne, who secured the job, being the lowest tenderer, lost \$300 even at the extraordinary figure. He had fifteen men on the job, and some days he found it impossible to pour more than two third of a ton of concrete, the water and sand rushed in as fast as it could be pumped out.

Another Royal Tour.

Copenhagen, Aug. 15.—It is reported that King Frederick will visit Emperor William at the beginning of October, and subsequently go to London to see King Edward.

THREE WARDS SHOW INCREASE OF TWELVE HUNDRED PERSONS

The Official Figures Given Out
by Assessment Commissioner Grant.

As announced in yesterday's Advertiser the assessment and population of ward 3 show great increases.

Today Mr. Grant gave out the official figures.

The assessment is shown to be \$4,813,465, as compared with \$4,017,539 a year ago, or a gain of \$795,926.

The real assessment of the ward is shown to be \$3,929,561, a gain of \$297,384; business assessment, \$908,885, a gain of \$11,655, and in come assessment \$31,049, a loss of \$13,102.

Mr. Grant says that No. 3 ward gained about \$120,000 at the expense

of No. 2, being the assessment on railways and wires and salaries of street railway officials, all of which are assessable at the office of the company. The gain for the ward for growth and improvement is about \$175,000.

The loss on income is due to the increase in exemption from \$400 to \$600 on non-householders, which he believes was a step in the right direction, as it places this class of assessment on a more permanent basis.

The total gain for the three wards thus far assessed is \$762,153, and the total gain in population is 1,192.

The population increase in ward 3, is given as 600, not 700, as stated yesterday, but this increase is most gratifying.

With ward 4 yet to be heard from, there is no room to doubt that London will be able to boast of 45,000 population this year.

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Mr. Root, in replying said: "We inherit the right to be interested in the Argentine Republic, and to be proud of the Argentine people. From the time when Benjamin Rush was fighting, from the day when James Monroe threw down the gauntlet of a new republic, we were then in defense of its independence and rights, and from that day to this the interest and the friendship of the people of the United States for the Argentine Republic have never changed. We rejoice in your prosperity. We are proud of your achievements. We feel that you are justifying our faith in free government and self government, and that you are maintaining our great thesis which demands the possession, the enjoyment and the control of the earth to the people who inhabit it. There are no political questions at issue between Argentina and the United States.

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MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP SCHEME FOR LONDON

A Report That Seems to Have Originated in the Heat.

According to a hot weather rumor, Mayor Judd intends to bring in a motion in the council shortly to have the people vote on the purchase of the London Street Railway Company and the London Electric Company, in January next.

Around the city hall, however, the idea is not seriously entertained. It is hardly likely that Mayor Judd will bring in a motion to ask the ratepayers to buy a company in which he is personally interested, as he is in the London Electric Company.

The London Street Railway is now capitalized at about \$1,000,000, \$500,000 in bonds, the franchise has only nine years to run, and it is not so anxious to suppose that the people are so anxious for the line that they are ready to buy it at the amount of its capitalization, a large proportion of which, however, represents the value of the franchise, which reverts to the city in 1925.

The statement is solemnly made in the Free Press that if London ran its own street railway and electric lighting system it would be able to bring Niagara power here on its own account, without reference to other municipalities.

It has been estimated by experts that London could use about 5,000-horsepower, if Niagara power was being sold here.

The street railway would use about 1,200-horsepower, and the remainder would go to the lighting plant, and for power purposes to manufacturers.

To say that the city of London could afford to build a transmission line 120 miles long to bring Niagara power here, with only 5,000-horsepower to be used, is, of course, nonsensical. The transmission line alone would cost over \$1,000,000, experts say, and the acquiring of the street railway and lighting plant would mean fully \$1,500,000 more.

The city of London has one railway on its hands now, which, from an investment standpoint, does not pay the interest on the mortgage, which encumbers the city. This railway is the L. and P. S. R., and were it not for the influence the road exercises on the trunk line rates, London would undoubtedly sell it tomorrow if it could find a purchaser.

As regards the lighting plant, the contract with the company for the lighting of the streets, expires in 1908, so that the council will be able to reap the advantages of a new bargain.

It is hinted that the City Gas Company will be a bidder for the contract.

ONE NIGHT'S WORK

Twenty Murders Reported to Authorities at Warsaw.

Warsaw, Aug. 15.—Attempts were made today in various streets to murder police officials. It is reported that twenty murders have been reported to the authorities.

At the chief of police and a provincial police captain have been murdered.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 15.—In addition to the details of the sweeping changes of regime presented by the reform party in Persia and to which the Shah has given his tentative consent, as announced last night, which came directly from the correspondent of the Associated Press at Tcheran, another telegram received today says the Shah's action was preceded by fighting of a revolutionary character, during which many persons were killed by the troops. The correspondent evidently was prevented by a censor from telegraphing the particulars.

NEWCOMB MENTIONED

Deputy Minister of Justice May Succeed Late Judge Sedgewick.

Ottawa, Aug. 15.—For the vacancy in the supreme court to succeed the late Judge Sedgewick the name of the deputy minister of justice, E. L. Newcomb is now very prominently mentioned.

Mr. Newcomb won three cases at the recent sitting of the judicial committee of the privy council. A precedent is quoted in the fact that Mr. Sedgewick went from the deputy ministry to the supreme court, and Mr. Burbridge to the exchequer court from the same office.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FINE.

Toronto, Aug. 14-8 p.m.

The weather has been showery today in British Columbia and in the eastern part of the Maritime Provinces. Elsewhere in the Dominion it has been fine. The temperature has been high in Manitoba, 90° being recorded at Winnipeg, while in the rest of the Dominion it has been moderate.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 38-70; Victoria, 55-66; Kamloops, 64-80; Calgary, 60-80; Edmonton, 54-84; Qu'Appelle, 62-80; Winnipeg, 64-80; Port Arthur, 56-70; Parry Sound, 46-72; Toronto, 67-82; Montreal, 62-70; Quebec, 50-68; St. John, 56-70; Halifax, 52-72.

FORECASTS.

Wednesday, Aug. 15-8 a.m.

Today—Light to moderate variable winds; fine.

Thursday—Easterly winds; fine and moderately warm.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.

Calgary. 60-80. Fair.

Winnipeg. 64-80. Fair.

Port Arthur. 56-70. Fair.

Toronto. 67-82. Fair.

Ottawa. 62-70. Fair.

Montreal. 62-70. Fair.