

The Toronto World

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SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 2, 1911

BRITISH TARIFF REFORM AND IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.

When The Globe takes the Hon. I. B. Lucas to task for stating that a British preference on Canadian wheat is probable it is itself attempting to mislead the farmers of Canada. It affirms that Mr. Balfour has no use for a food-tax policy as part of British tariff reform and that for Mr. Chamberlain it would be dropped at once. These assertions are contrary to fact, as The Globe certainly ought to know. Mr. Balfour has repeatedly declared in favor of taxing foreign wheat and in a letter written on 10th April, 1910, to Mr. Courthope, M.P., he said: "I have been giving the subject much consideration and after consultation with my colleagues I have come to the conclusion that it (colonial wheat) should be imported free." The taxation of foreign wheat—two shillings a quarter has been proposed—and free importations of empire grown wheat will surely bestow a substantial preference on the Canadian farmer. Less than a year ago—on 17th November, 1910—in his speech at Nottingham, Mr. Balfour also gave a party pledge that any increase in the cost of bread due to the imposition of a duty on wheat should be balanced by a reduction of the duties on tea and coffee.

Liberal organs are persistently telling the Canadian people that the tariff reform movement is dead in the United Kingdom and with it all hope of that universal system of Imperial preferential trade, which Sir Wilfrid Laurier has always and strongly supported. It does not tell its readers that the tariff reform campaign was never so much in evidence and has never been so vigorously conducted as during the course of this year. Thousands of meetings have been held and many of them in supposedly free trade strongholds. One of the largest and most enthusiastic demonstrations took place in Manchester, the home of Cobdenism. If there is one thing more certain than another in British politics, it is that a return will be made to a moderate protection policy and with it the adoption of preferential treatment of the British states. The Unionist party in parliament is a unit on the issue—except Lord Hugh Cecil, who has opposed tariff reform throughout the majority of the Irish members favor it. Now that the struggle with the house of lords is ended for the time being the field is cleared for tariff reform to take its place as the "main constructive plank in the Unionist platform."

COMPETITION AND FREE TRADE.

In an editorial the other day The World remarked that Sir Wilfrid Laurier intends to ask Great Britain to denounce certain of her treaties with other nations because these treaties give free entrance to certain of their products to Canada the moment similar United States products are allowed into Canada free. Sir Wilfrid professes free trade. How then can he have too much of a good thing? Why not let them all in to the Canadian market? And if their competition hurts Canada, judged by his proposal to denounce them, will not the competition of the United States be hurtful? In reply The Star says that Sir Wilfrid is not afraid of the competition of these countries and proceeds to quote thusly from his speech at Simcoe where he attempted to show that Canada had nothing to fear:

"Well, gentlemen, you see the sort of competition you have to fear from these. It is simply ridiculous. It is an insult to the common sense of the Canadian people to pretend that there is any danger in the competition of these countries. It is possible, however, that these countries in course of time may perhaps come into competition in our markets after we have entered into this agreement with the United States."

The Star should have omitted the last sentence which exactly contains The World's argument. He admits that in course of time these countries may come into competition and inferentially that should it come along it might not be for Canada's benefit. Hence his wish to be prepared for contingencies by securing the abrogation of the most favored nation treaties. But what of United States competition which is certain to come the minute the tariff bars are withdrawn? If it does and it is to be stopped, why not prevent it by leaving well alone?

RECIPROCITY REDUCES BRITISH PREFERENCE.

From a query addressed to The World it appears that difficulty is

found in understanding why reciprocity with the United States will affect the preference on British goods, or, to be exact, on certain classes of these. Taking first the manufactures and materials for industry which are to be made reciprocally free by the United States and Canada—mainly galvanneal and rolled sheets and Canada plates—of which Canada imported from Britain in 1908-10 over \$5,000,000 worth, it is evident that Britain loses the preference she has hitherto enjoyed. Should reciprocity come into effect all the goods embraced in this part of the arrangement will enter Canada duty free and therefore on an equality whether coming from the United Kingdom or the United States.

Turning to the British goods on which the margin of preference is reduced, Canada in 1908-10 imported over \$2,000,000 worth. Among them are automobiles and parts, and leather pocket books and purses, where the preference is reduced from 12½ per cent. to 7½ per cent.; cutlery, sweetened biscuits, pickles, brass band instruments and watches and clocks, reduced from 10 per cent. to 7½ per cent., and confectionery from 12½ to 10 per cent. Besides this, since the reductions made by the reciprocity arrangement must be given automatically to all favored nation countries, the area of competition which British manufacturers will have to meet in future will be extended to all competitive products from these countries. That will happen because they will enjoy, together with the United States, either free entry or reduced rates in Canada, in every case lowering the preference on British imports.

WHY FARMER AND CONSUMER WILL LOSE.

Neither producers nor consumers should allow themselves to be bamboozled into believing that reciprocity will benefit both. It will advantage neither and the reason is not far to seek. Reciprocity organs are out to produce the impression that free trade between the United States and Canada will put the trusts in both countries out of business. According to The Star, which is getting more reckless in its assertions and prophecies every day, reciprocity will immediately eliminate the trusts, the middlemen, the commission agents, the meat packers, the canners and all the rest of them. All will vanish into thin air at the touch of the enchanter's wand with its button of reciprocity.

None know better than the authors of these illusory promises that they are a delusion and a snare. Reciprocity will not eliminate any trust, except by process of absorption into a larger trust, the middleman, the commission agent, the meat packer or indeed anybody. They will flourish unscathed and the only difference will be that the immensely powerful United States combinations will extend their sway over the whole of North America. They will fix prices at which they buy and prices at which they sell just as they do in the United States. And the last stage of the Canadian farmer and the Canadian buyer will be worse than the first.

Laurier and larger trusts.

This is the season of falling Stars.

Laurier and larger markets for the United States farmer.

When The Star falls to the level of The Globe reciprocity must be in hopeless plight.

The Globe must find it easy to conduct a political campaign. It forgets its past, invents its facts and plagiarizes its arguments.

The Globe and The Star evidently want to create the impression that their editorial staffs are composed exclusively of honor graduates of the agricultural college.

Lovers of "Pickwick" will recognize in The Globe and The Star, honor graduates from the college of Mr. Potts of Eatonville. They have quite caught the style of the master.

Aged 103, He'll Vote.

James Ward of Port Dalhousie is 103 years of age, but that will not prevent him from going to the polls on election day and casting his vote. Mr. Ward was born in Ireland and has smoked all his life. He is still active and does considerable work around the house.

Foe of the House Fly.

Dr. A. Gordon Hewitt, the Dominion Government entomologist, and America's foremost authority on the house fly, arrived in Toronto yesterday morning. Dr. Hewitt will deliver one of his series of lectures on public health, which has been arranged for the exhibition by Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, secretary of the provincial board of health.

Strike at the University.

It is said that the Comstock Company, the American firm, who are installing the electric equipment in the university buildings, have been working the men ten hours a day and not paying the overtime stipend demanded by the Toronto union. Unless the company meet the union's demands it is expected that the 25 employees will strike at noon to-day.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding Piles. No surgical operation required, and as certainly cure you, see a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment for Piles, 25c. per box. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 10c. stamp to pay postage.

SICK HEADACHES AND NERVOUSNESS

"Fruit-actives" Completely Cured Me.

LAKELAND, Ont., May 12, 1910.—"It is my firm belief that every woman should take 'Fruit-actives' if she wants to keep herself in good health."

"Before taking 'Fruit-actives,' I was constantly troubled with what is commonly known as 'Nerves' or severe Nervousness. The extreme Nervousness brought on the most violent attacks of Sick Headache, for which I was constantly taking doctor's medicine."

"Constipation was also a source of great trouble for which the doctors said 'I would have to take medicine all my life' but 'Fruit-actives' has banished these troubles and I am a well woman."

"When I started taking 'Fruit-actives,' I took four at a time, but have reduced the dose so that it is only necessary for me to take one in a week, and that one 'Fruit-actives' tablet every week keeps me well."

Mrs. FRED GADKE.

It is wonderful how quickly women get better when they take 'Fruit-actives.' These famous fruit tablets relieve headaches and tone up the whole nervous system. They regulate the bowels, strengthen the stomach, stimulate the appetite, and take away that pain in the back. Pale, weak, nervous women should always use 'Fruit-actives.'

Box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-actives, Limited, Ottawa.

MR. PEARSON'S POSITION.

Editor World: I notice an error in your report of the speech of Mr. Pearson at the Liberal convention for East Toronto last evening, and I am sure you will make the correction through your columns.

Your report stated that since 1883 I have been in favor of unrestricted reciprocity. What I said was that in 1883 I was in favor of unrestricted reciprocity, but that since that time conditions had changed; manufacturers have been holding up their end of business and prosperity of the country and have been and are an important factor in its business, and that it is necessary to give them fair and reasonable protection; that I am still in favor of reciprocity restricted to national products such as the proposition which is now before the country. In 1878 the farmers voted for protection to the manufacturer. Could the manufacturer give the farmer a vote when he asks it in favor of a wider market for his products?

James Pearson.

THE FOOLISH ASSES.

The fable of the foolish asses furnishes a peculiarly apt illustration of the results that would follow if the tariff arrangement of the Liberals should come into effect. It is contributed by Mr. T. M. Humble and was used by him on the hustings with great effect in the campaign of 1891. Here it is:

"A number of asses were feeding contentedly in a large field. The grass was green and tall, some of the trees gave them shelter during the heat of summer, and a cheerful stream supplied them with drink. For their winter support they were required to do some work, which neither overtaxed their strength nor degraded their appearance. One day an old broken-down horse came and surveyed them over the fence which surrounded them. 'Why,' said he, 'do you consent to live walled up within this enclosure? If you were not the most abject slaves you would quickly tear down the wall of protection which surrounds you, and you would then find room to exercise your genius and industry.' But they were very well off as things are. 'We have enough here to support life in comfort and our labor is not hard.' Miserable creatures! responded the horse, who have never known what reciprocity is would consent to remain in slavery.' After considerable time had passed, the ass KICKED DOWN THE FENCE, and went out to seek better pastures elsewhere. A long search discovered none so good as their own. They therefore determined to return and resume their former position; but when they got back to their place, they found the fence quite gone and the grass eaten up."

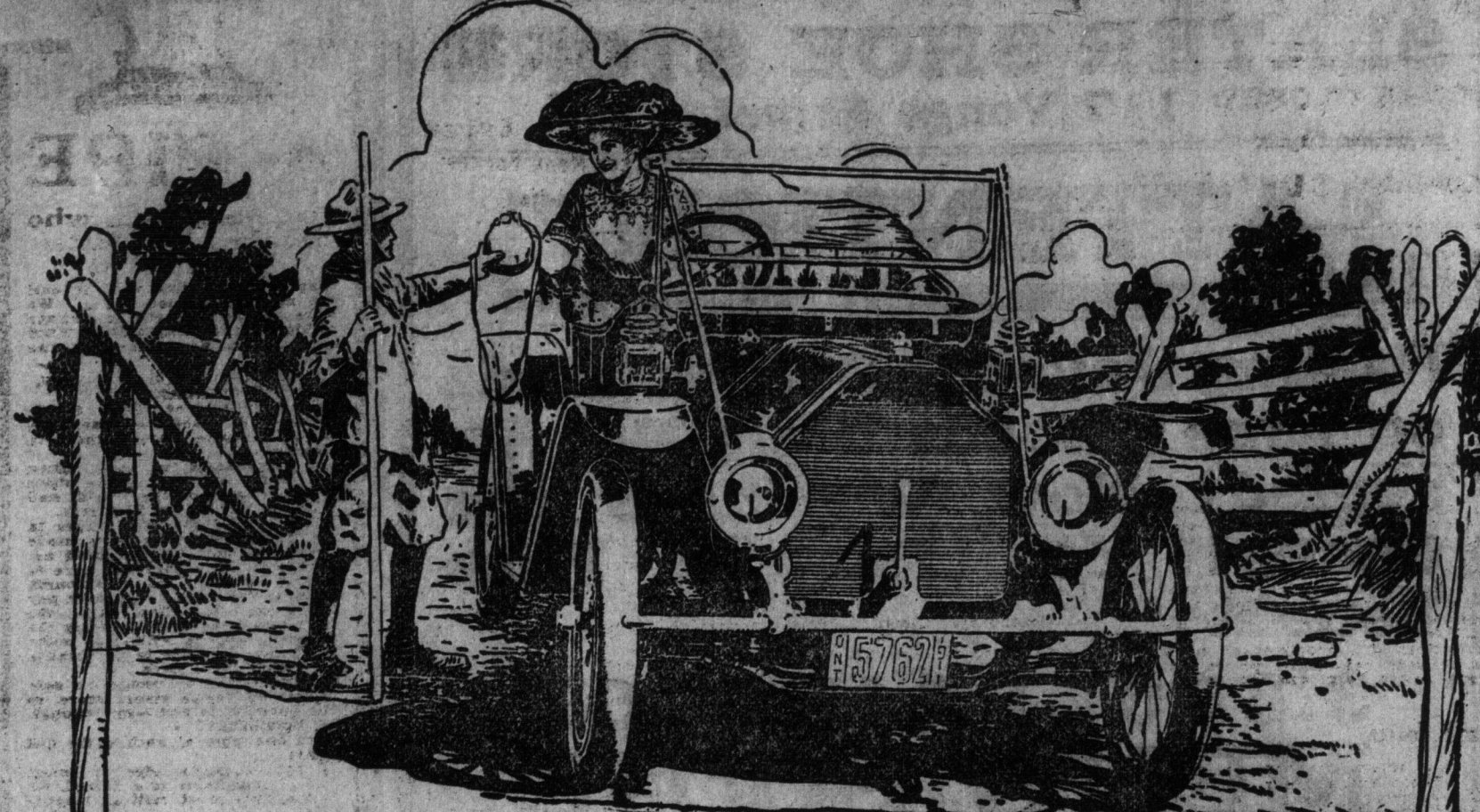
"Why do you abandon your pleasant pasture? said one of their acquaintances, 'where everything was so comfortable.' 'Because we were asses,' they replied."

Heintzman & Co.'s Exhibit.

As may be expected, the magnificent exhibit of grand and upright pianos and player pianos, being made by the old firm of Heintzman and Co., 192-194 King Street, in the manufacturing building of the National Exhibition, is creating widespread interest. With a record of more than fifty years behind them this old established firm has been able to harness the year in the display of high-class pianos, all from their own factory. The beautiful Chippendale, Marquetry and other artistic cases attract the attention of the visitors. They are indeed works of art. After all, however, it is the internal mechanism of these pianos that has given them world-wide fame and brought them the highest praise from the greatest artists. This has been the new player-piano of this firm, that, because of its distinctive features, is being closely investigated by large numbers who visit the exhibition. The exhibit in its entirety is one that should not be passed over.

Take the Clock on Labor Day.

and enjoy a refreshing lake trip while the fine weather lasts. Steamer leaves Yonge-street wharf at 7:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. every day. Sunday included. Dining service on boat a la carte.



Are you in search of glamour, or of a "seven-day-in-the-week" service car?

When you view a display of glittering motor cars standing idle in an exhibit, think of a country road, far from any garage, and into this setting place the car you are examining.

Will it take you to your destination, every time and without any doubt?

If you cannot satisfy yourself absolutely on this point, visit the McLaughlin-Buick display at the Exhibition.

You will find there more elegance of finish and luxury of upholstery, grace of design and a larger number of cars than in any other exhibit.

BUT

Back of it all, you will find an UNBLEMISHED RECORD FOR DOGGED, RELIABLE, EVERY DAY SERVICE and the tangible evidence is present in each model shown.

While the McLaughlin-Buick exhibit is again larger by far, and more comprehensive than any other exhibit, the limited space allows room for only about one-third of the models made by this well-known firm. These are the cars—a range which comprises models suitable for every conceivable purpose.

ON EXHIBITION.

Model 35.
Model 36 Limousine.
Model 27 Torpedo.
Model 7 Torpedo.
Model 7 Touring Car.
Model 24.
Model 36.
Model 26.
McLaughlin Electric.
Striped Chassis.

MODELS CROWDED OUT.

8 types of trucks.
2 types of runabouts.
2 types of Limousines.
2 types of Coupes.
Model 35.
Model 23.
Model 17.
Model 16.
Model 14.
Model 32a.

See this splendid exhibit. Inspect the engine. See it working in the stripped chassis. Ask questions. Compare the McLaughlin-Buick with other cars. If you are interested ask for a demonstration.

THE McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGE CO., LIMITED OSHAWA, ONT.

LEADING CHATHAM LIB. IS OPPOSED TO THE PACT

Will Support Conservative Candidate—Heard Americans Boasting of What They Would Do.

CHATHAM, SEPT. 1.—(Special.)

Parley Smith, a Liberal of Chatham, has written the press stating his views on reciprocity and tendering his support to Ward Stanworth, the Conservative candidate and opponent of the pact. He refers to the treatment of Canadians in American magazines and points to the heading of an American newspaper published at the time of the coronation of King George, "The King of Chumps." In the course of his letter, he says: "I am thoroughly convinced in my own mind that the United States has little or no regard for the people of Canada, and that they are coming to us asking for reciprocal terms regarding the interchange of our natural products for a selfish purpose and to seek out their own ends. If we should go over to the United States and read some of their magazines we would observe in them how they regard us."

Quickly Cures Catarrh

Clears Out Your Nostrils

It's simply disgusting to keep on sniffing. Catarrh cures so quickly; it clears away the mucous discharge, frees the nostrils and air passages of offensive matter, cures the catarrh thoroughly. Mrs. W. F. Branch of Chapman writes: "I have used a great many catarrh remedies, but none of them ever helped like Catarrhoxone. It cleared out my nose and throat, and stopped a ringing noise in my ears. Catarrhoxone is very simple and pleasant to use, and many times better than any other catarrh remedy." Your druggist has Catarrhoxone; get it today. Two months' treatment guaranteed to permanently cure, costs \$1; sample size twenty-five cents.

GLENERNAN SCOTCH WHISKY

A blend of pure Highland Malts, bottled in Scotland exclusively for

Michie & Co., Ltd. TORONTO.

W. T. Cole, Cannifton, grand master. N. W. Beabens, Ottawa, deputy grand master. N. Ingram, Port Perry, grand secretary. Mrs. T. Burnett, Toronto, grand treasurer. Next year's convention will be held at Ottawa.

Organists to Meet.

Next Wednesday morning the annual meeting of the Canadian Guild of Organists will be held at St. James' Cathedral parish house. The delegates will attend the exhibition on Wednesday afternoon, and in the evening a choral service will be conducted in the cathedral. It is expected that on Thursday morning Lt. J. MacKenzie Rogan, director of the Coldstream Guards' Band, will give an address. A garden party will be given the delegates on Thursday afternoon by Dr. and Mrs. Albert Ham. In the evening there will be an organ recital in Sherbourne-street Methodist church.

The Morning World in Church.

Breakfast to any address in Toronto or suburbs for twenty-five cents per month. Phone M. 5300.

True Blues' Officers.

It was decided by the convention of the Loyal True Blues that the question of extending the orphanage at Picton, Ont., would be left over to the new board of directors. The officers for the coming year are:

South York Conservatives

All Conservatives in the Midway District wishing to vote at the coming election, on Sept. 21 next, kindly call at Dulmage's Hall, at the corner of Gerrard St. and Rhodes Ave., where full particulars will be given.

The Light of Day By Direct Ray



The Humphrey Outdoor Inverted Gas Are Lights gives you the light of day by direct ray. It is the nearest approach to actual daylight yet produced in artificial light. Sunshine consists of direct rays—exactly what you get with the Humphrey Inverted. It makes a safe conspicuous, attractive source of light for more people. The cut shows our Outdoor Inverted Are.

The Humphrey System of Outdoor Gas Are Lighting cannot be equalled for low cost and efficiency. Lamps loaned. Maintained weekly at small cost. Send for representative. Phone Main 707. Salesroom open evenings.

The Consumers' Gas Company 12 and 14 ADELAIDE STREET WEST. PHONE MAIN 1933