Measures, as might encrease its Influence in Germany, to such a Degree as might endanger his own Safety; this I fay is a thing not only improbable but altogether impossible; and therefore we ought to consider this Prince as one of the greatest Powers in Germany, and a Power too that will be continually growing. I shall readily admit that this may be in some Respects a disagreeable Prospect, but in the Light, in which we are now to confider it, it is apparently otherwise. France might much more eafily swallow up Five, or Six little Principalities, than the could conquer to great a Force, as this Monarch an and has brought into the Field, which Confideration may with like Justice be applied to other Princes, that we shall mention; and therefore their Grandeur must be regarded as a true Barrier against the Power of France, unless we imagine they can be wheedled into Slavery, and if so, I doubt the Maritime Powers cannot force them to be free.

The King of Poland, as Elector of Saxony, is also much more potent than his Predecessors, and as he lives in a very good Correspondence with all the Princes of his Family, he is able to do much, whenever he is forced to exert his utmost Strength. I am sensible, it is a common Opinion, that his Kingdom is of little use to his Electorate; but I know too, that such as say this, are not very well acquainted with the Maxims of German Princes, who have always a warm, and laudable Affection for their Hereditary Dominions. Besides the Revenues of Poland, are very confiderable, little short, if I am rightly informed, of our civil Lift; and as the King does not refide much at Warfaw, and has always abundance of Polish Noblemen about his Court, there must be a great deal saved, and the Electorate must be long ago indemnified