The Waterford News of April 20th contains a report of the election of Mr. John Stafford, eldest brother of Messus. William H. and Frank Stafford, of this city to the chairman ship of the Liamore Board of Guardians, as successor to Mr. J. D. Pyne, M.P., whose defiance of arrest in Listinning Castle has made him famous all over the world. The report is as follows:

Mr. B. W. Collender, V.C., in the chair, and Mr. R. W. Collender, V.C., in the chair, and subsequently Mr. John Stafford, chairman Guardians present: —Mesars. R. W. Collender, M. O'Callaghan, P. Ryan, J. D. Pyne, M.P., J. O'Brien, D.V.C., P. Budds, W. Walsh, John Stafford, T. Quirke, L. O'Donnell, W. Cashin, Captain Maxwell, J.P., D.L., T. Foley, J.P., E. Foley, J.P., J. Hanrahan, P. F. Walsh, J. McGrath, Mountrivers, F. E. Currey, J.P., Walter Collinder, Dr. Dennehy, and M. M. B. Hynes, C.E. were also in attended. rey, J.P., Walter Collinger, D. B. Bo in attend-Mr. M. R. Hynes, C.E., were also in attend-

ance.
After the application for in-door and out-door relief were disposed of Mr. R. W. Collender said the first business now to be entertained was the election of chairman, owing to the resigna-tion reluctantly accepted of Mr. J. D. Pyne, through want of time to perform the duties. He now proposed that Mr. John Stafford. late V.C., be elected then chairman for the ensuing V.C., be elected then chairman for the ensuing year, a position which he was sure he would fill creditably and to the satisfaction of all the members. In the course of his remarks he spoke strongly on the good qualities of head and heart which Mr. Stafford possessed. He discharged the duties of V.C. admirably during his term of office, and he had great pleasure therefore in nomicating him for a more important position—the chair. Mr. Pyne seconded this proposition. He had the pleasure of knowing Mr. Stafford for years, and he believed a more upright or straighblorward man could not be selected to occupy the chair of Lismore board. He was anxious that every elected member who gave attention and time to the interests of the ratepayers, and who was capable of conducting the business of the board should be elected to fill the chair in turn. This was an honor they all might look forward to if he had it in his payer.

it in his power.
Mr. Stafford then took the chair. He thanked the guardians very sincerely for Liberal electing him to the highest position they could This is endeavor to give satisfaction with the assistance and co-operation of the other members of the board. He hoped they would get on har-monicusly during the coming year as in the past. He had to thank Mr. Pyne in an especial Manner for being elected to the chair.

Mr. Collender then asked the board to sus

pend the ordinary business as he had a resolution to propose, which he believed would meet with general approval. The resolution referred to no ordinary man, but to one who has made many sacrifices-given his life long services for the good of the Irish people, he meant Mr. William O'Brien. Perhaps no Irishman has made more sacrifices in the cause than he. He has done all this, and please God he will be spared to do more to uplift this down-trodden country. This is the resolution:—Resolved— That we, the Lismore B a d of Guardians, condemn the recent arrest of Mr. William O'Brien. We regard it as a piece of personal spite on the part of Mr. Balfour, in consequence of Mr. O'Brien's withering exposure of his mean tyranny and falsehood, and for making a show of him in the assembly of his Peers in the English House of Commons. Mr. Baland peaceable assembly of Irishmen in Ireland."
Mr. McGrath seconded the resolution.
Masers. Captain Maxwell and Thomas Folgy

objected to the resolution being entertained at all, unless after the ordinary business of the Board. Mr. Quirk remarked that he was surprised to find any member of the Board objecting to such a resolution as only for the efforts

Commenting on the above report the News observes:—"Honest John Stafford," one of the most string and uncompromising members of the Lism 173 Board of Guardians, has been elected to the chair in room of Mr. J. D. Pyne, M.P., who resigned owing to his mability to devote sufficient attention to the duties of the cost. They will not desert him for the sake of making peace with Chamberlain. Their positions of the Torige in their ones great strong. poet. The Tories, in their once great strong-hold, did not contest the seat, but a few of them hold, did not contest the seat, but a tew or them who attended the meeting could not allow a resolution denouncing the conduct of the Government, with regard to Mr. O'Brien, to pass without objecting to it, because, as they said, it did not relate to the business of the board. This political boggy has been pretty well exploded by now, as the Law and Order party, who, as they say on principle, object to discussions on the events of the day at public boards, when aworn as Grand Jurors spend the best part of their time in framing impotent political threats.

## THE LAVAL ELECTION.

The Laval election came off yesterday and resulted in the return of Mr. Leblanc, the unseated member. The following are the returns compared with the last election, when Mr. Bastien opposed Mr. Leblanc :-

Ste. Rose St. Vincent St. Martin St. Francois d Salles Ste. Dorothee Maj, for Leblar	Basties. 126		-May, or in 67 51 118	91 117  13 221 118
		76		103
	TT 577 TO 6	ישני שנ	756	

NORTHWEST UROPS. GROWING ACCOUNT OF PROSPECTS FOR THE

TEAR. WINNIEG, Man., May 8.—The farmers throughout the Canadian Northwest have no reason for sharing the feeling of despendency that prevails throughout Minnesota and Dakota, owing to the unfavorable condition of the weather and backwardness of the season for seeding purposes, as the following detailed reports will show.

CARDERER, May 8.—Seeding going on rapidly. Whest about done, and if the present fine

Wheat about done, and if the present fine weather continues a few days later all seeding

wastner consistes a sew days later all seeding will be completed.

BATLEFORD, May 8.—Weather very warm, thermometer 92 in the shade. Farming operations about completed. Wheat on many farms up. Every prospect for best harvest in many

EDMONTON, May 8.—Seeding about finished, and in some fields the grain up. Farmers jubilant over prospects and sowing heavily. Weather

ant over prospects and sowing nearly, weather very warm.

Brandon, Man., May 5.—Weather most favorable and farmers taking every advantage of it. Thousands of acres are being seeded each day. Wheat seeding nearly completed. A large quantity of wheat is above graund. Emerson, May 5—Seeding operations in this vicinity progressing very favorably. Wheat is about all sown and up in some localities. Farmers report the land very dry and a warm rain would be beneficial just now. Prospects good.

GLENBORO, Man., May 8.—Farmers are very busy seeding. The fine weather of the last lew days has put them in excellent spirits. There will be about one-third more acresge under cultivation this year than last. Prospects as far start you. Don't delay; investigate as one, as we can judge seem very good. Wheat in and grand success will attend you.

many places is already through the ground.
About two-thirds of the seeding is already

Mocsomin, N. W. T., May 8.—Seeding in this vicinity is about completed; a few have some oats yet to sow but the majority have finished, and the general feeling is that there will be a bountiful harvest." The seed bed has never been in better condition: The wheat fields are

looking green and all vegetation is rapid.

Qu'APPELLE, N. W. T., May 8.—Farmers in this vicinity have finished sowing wheat and cate, and barley seeding is under way. Roots

will be put in about the 50th inst.

REGINA, N.W.T., May 8.—Seeding all done in Regius district. About twenty five thousand acres seeded wheat, principally up and looking well. Vegetation growing finely. Farmers are in good spirits and looking forward to a beautiful harvest. POSTAGE LA PRAIRIE, Man., May 8, Seed-

ing progressing vigorously, and rapidly nearing completion. Wheat seeding is finished, and completel. Where seeing is instituted that farmers are now busily engaged putting in their cats and barley. The present warm weather is favorable for vegetation, and many fields are presenting quite a green appearance. The presenting quite a green appearance. The acreage will be fully one-third over that of last year.

MORDEN, Man., May 8.—Seeding is well advanced. Fully one third more area under crop this year than last.

### HOME RULE CLOUDED.

GLADSTONE DESPONDENT OVER HIS TEMPORARY DEFEAT.

The Radicals Will Not Descrt Him to Make Peace with Chamberlain-" Joey " will be Taken Back on the Gladstonians' Gwa Terms—The Chances of a Compromise.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The following is the complete letter of "A Member of Parliament" to the Herald :-

Mr. Gladstone has admitted that his Home Rule scheme has proved more disastrous to the Liberal party than he could have imagined. He thanked the guardians very sincerely for electing him to the highest position they could confer at that board—the position of chairman. It was an honor any gautleman in the locality might feel proud of. He did not pretend to presens all the qualifications necessary for the due discharge of its duties, and he regretted some other guardian more competent to fill the chair was not selected. He would, however, andeavor to give satisfaction with the assistance a light heart only two years ago are now fast becoming visible to him. A certain section of Gladstonians are still confident of recovering the allegiance of the Liberal Unionists, hence this project of sending Chamberlain to wander in sweet simplicity through the New Forest with Harcourt and Morley. The millennium is to take place in Arcadia. The lion and the lamb are to lie down together, and a little child named John Morley is to lead them. The mere rumor of another attempt to capture Chamberlain has sent a thrill of disgust through the genuine Radicals, who feel the profoundest distrust of Chamberlain and the deepest repugnance at the mere thought of acting under him. Let him come back on our terms," they say, "and we will admit him. We would not have him, even if he could install us in power to-morrow. If Harcourt chooses to make a fool of himself, let him do so. He shall not make fools

of us."
This is the attitude of at least one hundred sturdy Gladstonians. What about Chamber-lain himself? Like Joe Bagstock, this Joe "is sly, devish sly." He, too, begins to see that he is making no progress. Soon he must take the note English House of Commons. Inc. Datafour may succeed in killing Wm. O'Brien, but he must repeat the operation on the millions of Mr. O'Brien's countrymen, who, to the death, uphold his teaching, before he can succeed in tacking Gladstone. The old chief is down, and suppressing freedom of speech, and the legal it looks bad for those whom he made to be perpetually rushing forward and trying tostah him. The public like fair play. Chamberlain is compelled, perhaps reluctantly, to humor their prejudices on that point.

There is apparently no place for him in the old home. If Harcourt insists upon finding one for him, he will have to face formidable opposition among the family at present assembled of Mr. O'Brien, for the tenant farmers of Ireland, many of them would be obliged to come into the Workhouse. The resolution however was passed almost unanimously, only two members objecting.

Commenders objecting.

Commenders of the resolution of the work of the resolution however was passed almost unanimously, only two members objecting.

Commenders of the tenant farmers of there His authority is not so absolute as that. Isishman, to fight for him, whether he be right or wrong.

Is was houseler, "he is not without his value, but nobody respects him. As for the National combinations, and drew a comparison between law in England and law in Ireland. He preists, they are naturally and properly true to Gladstone. Irishmen are seldom ungenerous, and they feel that the great leader has made enment. The Pope and the Tories form a menacing combination. How far the Pope's decree has been usfluenced by a desire to establish diplomatic relations with England we do not yet know. But few believe that the Duke of Norfolk's recent mission to Rome, following upon Mgr. Persico's visit to Ireland, was purely acci-dental. Lord Salisbury is no mean diplomatist. The Irish clergy cannot in a body revolt against the Holy Father. Nor, again, will it to against the Holy Father. Nor, again, will it be possible for the whole body of a congregation to rise and leave Mass when a boycotted person makes his appearance in chapel. No archbishop will dare recommend the plan of campaign. At the most critical period of their history, the Nationalists have to fight the Vatican as well as the Tort Congregate. the Tory Government. They never before had to encounter such fearful odds, and Parnell, in failing health and spirits, sees his life's work in imminent peril of being totally undone. Per-haps a compromise may still be possible. Chamberlain has a plan, not conceding a separate Parliament for Ireland, but yielding a good deal in the way of local government. To be sure, he tried to thwart Churchill's very moderate proposal the other day, but that is only because he brooks no rival. It must be Chamberlain first and the rest bringing up in the rear. Bitter will it be for the Nationalists if they are obliged

to accept Chamberlain's terms. Having gone so far, they had better postpone their hopes in-definitely than be chained to the wheels of Chamberlain's chariot. That, I know, is the present feeling, and who can say that they are wrong? If their brethren, O'Brien, Cox, Blane and others are in prison, who has done so much to send them there as Chamberlain?

The whole situation is one of the most com-plicated ever seen in politics. When Gladscone himself sees no way out of it, what can lesser men think? The Radicals say:—"What a pity the Home Rule Bill was pressed to a division! Why did we not urge Gladstone to withdraw it and bring in a resolution, as he did about the Irish Church, pledging the House of Commons to an abstract principle, and then introduce a new measure in

n autumnal session?"
One thing and another has set the country against the very name of Home Rule. Glad-stone has fairly frightened people by his talk of Home Rule for dear old Scotland and gallant little Wales, as well as for Ireland. A division worse than that which threatened the Northern States in 1861 looms up large before the vision

Every man must have his own opinion. Mine Every man must have his own opinion. Mine is that a general election would leave Gladstonians in a worse plight than they occupy now, so deeply stirred is public feeling by the fear of seeing separate Parliaments spring out of the soil like armed men. Therefore, all signs point to a compromise. Will Irish Nationalists in the United States accept one? If they are so inclined, now is the time to show it. They, and they alone, might open up a path through this tangled thicket.

## DON'T READ THIS

if you have a sufficiency of this world's goods, but if you have not, write to Hallett & Cc., Portland, Maine, and receive tree, full particulars about work that you can do, and live at home, wherever you are located, at a profit of from \$5 to \$25 per day, and upwards. All succeed; both sexes; all ager. All is new. Capital not required. Heliett & Co. will

PARNELL SPEAKS

At the Eighty Club Banquet.

Lord Carnaryon Brought to Account-Modi-And Approval of the Plan of Campuign -The Papal Bescript-An Appeal to Irishmen to Submit to the Law.

LONDON, May 8.-The Eighty Club gave a banquet to Mr. Parnell this evening. Herbert Gladstone, the Earl of Cavan, and all the lead-

Glacebone, the Eart of Cavan, and an the lead-ing Parnellites were present.

Mr. Parnell, on rising to speak, was received with prolonged cheers. He thanked the club for the honor done bim, and said that the occaion would have a great effect in Ireland, re-minding Irishmen that they were not alone in the struggle, and what was more important that their responsibility was not the sole responsibility in the matter. With reference to Lord Carnarvon, he said:—"His Lordship has sought refuge in evasion, but he has never denied any statement I have made. I should not have referred to Lord Carnar-von in his absence had not Lord Salisbury at tacked us in our connection with the Liberals as assassing unfit to be entrusted with the government of Ireland. That, I think, entitled me to refort. The Conservatives have not always deemed it derogatory to invite us to interviews and dinners and luncheons in order to consult us in regard to the manner in which Ireland should be governed. Lord Carnarvon had ample opportunity to deny the statements made by me three months ago by letter, but, instead of doing so, he waited until my friend Dwyer Gray, to whom he made the communication, was dead before he attempted to contradict me." In further confirmation of Mr. Gray's statement, Mr. Parnell here read a letter from Mr. Gray to Lord Car-narvon, which was written a year after the in-terriew, when Lord Carnarvon was no longer in office. In this letter Mr. Gray reminds Lord Carnaryon of the latter's decision that the Cross-magen presents ought to be liberated, and saked him to impart that decision to the pre-sent lord lieutenant. Lord Carnaryon replied, accusing Mr. Gray of a breach of confidence Mr. Parnell then told of an interview between himself and Lord Carnarvon the latter's invitation, at which Lord Carnarvon agreed that it would be advisable to give Ireland a parliament and to protect her industries, and Mr. Parnell admitted that in such an event the league should become useless and would be dissolved. "Lord Carnarvon," continued Mr. Parnell, "never denied there statements and I never said ha pledged himself to them. He admits, however, that Lord Salisbury knew beforehand that the interview was coming and he was afterwards informed of its tenor. He accuses me of a breach of confidence in having invited him to publish the text of his written communication to Lord Salisbury immediately after the inter-

view. Mr. Parnell then proceeded to speak of the Pope's rescript. He said he approached the subject with unwillingness, and did not think it his business as a Protestant to vindicate the freedom of Catholics. He was convinced that Irish Catholics knew their political duty and how to vindicate themselves. They would not allow any body, however high or influential, to influence them a jot in their political duty to their country, a thing that had been repeatedly tried from Rome, but had always failed. With regard to the plan of campaign, when that was instituted he was dangerously ill and compelled to refrain from all work. He confessed, however, that although the plan had benefitted thousands and paci-fied the country, he would then have advised against it because it contained features inimical to the national situation, and would serve as a pretext for the Tories to inflict further coercion. When, in 1887, he was able to speak it was too late. The Government had already struck at Dillon and O'Brien, and he thought it better to let the matter rest, but he stipulated that neither the Lesgue nor the Parnellite party should be identified with the plan, and that the ephere of the plan should be as restricted as possible. While leaving to Dillon, O'Brien and others to deal with the rescript, I shall adhere to our custom, when the Government strikes an

dicted coming trouble in Ireland over evictions, which he believed the Government feared as much as did the tenants. He counselled his countrymen to keep strictly within the law as understood in England. In response to many calls Mr. John Morley spoke briefly, con-cluding by proposing a vote of thanks to Mr.

HOW SHE SAVED THE BABY. Mrs. Jesse Gage, St. Johnsbury, Vt. tried seven different kinds of prepared food, The loctor thought the baby could live but a few days. She changed to Lactated Food, which saved the boy's life, making him fat and well.

HOME RULE FOR IRELAND. GLADSTONE ADDRESSES PROTESTANT MINISTERS

AND DECLARES THAT ERE LONG THE NATIONAL SENTIMENT WILL ASSERT ITSELF.

LONDON, May 10 .- An address, signed by 3,730 dissenting ministerr, was presented to Mr. Gladstone yesterday, expressing their sympathy with him in his efforts to reconcile England and Ireland.

In reply to the address Mr. Gladstone said that during the present session the Parnelliter, despite the pressing needs of Ireland. had refrained from urging their claims, and had assisted the Government to expedite busines:. Whether or not Parliament was employed at this or that given time in discussing Ireland, it was Ireland alone that truly held the key to legislation. The Government knew that the nation was with Home Rule, and, therefore, guided the affairs of Parila-ment so as to delay the time when a Ministry would be in power pledged to propose Home Kule for Ireland.

The majority in the House of Commons thought they could go on for five years. They put this against his lite as an old man, but the life of an old or young man would not affect the final settlement. (Cheers.) Justice would be done to Ireland. Ere long the national sentiment would find means to as-

sert itself. The Tories plumed themselves upon being the defenders of law and order. Instead of maintaining order, the Government had promoted murderous breaches of the law. Mr. Parnell was as much devoted to the maintenance of law and order as any one. Neither he nor Mr. Parnell vindicated the "plan of campaign." The Government's conduct had created the "plan of campaign" by making the law odious to the people. The object of the Government seemed to be to insuit,

exasperate and degrade the Irish. As soon as the terrible facts ragarding the suffering in Ireland were brought home to the upright minds of the people of England they would unite to redress the errors of the past. (Cheers.)

## KEEP YOUR TEMPER.

Many a one loses both fortune and friends by a rash outhurst of temper. Paine's Celery Compound will help any one to keep his temper, for it is usually the nervous and sick who get augry. This medicine strengthens the nerves, and restores kidneys and bowels to health.

Mathematicians must stand saide when the green-grocer's clerk takes the pencil from be-

CHERCHEZ LA FEMME. There's a raying that I hear the people using

av'ry day,
There's a woman at the bottom of it all.
If a friend you meet, with eyes all black and
blue, of course you say,
These's a woman at the bottom of it all. If a fellow has a fight and gets a swelling on his head,
Or, if the police nab him when he paints the

city red, If he can't find his ten dollars, and he gets ten days instead, There's a woman at the bottom of it all. CHORUS.

When you see extremes in fashion. When there's coquetting and mashing, In the parker, in the street or as the ball, When the wine flows in profusion, And ice cream is no intrusion. There's a woman at the bottom of it all.

If you hear a man declare that he will never, never wed, There's a woman at the bottom of it all. If you get too fresh among a crowd, and find your cash is fled,
There's a woman at the bottom of it all.

Now, why is it all the mashers dress themselves so swful peat. And why is it on the street cars men can never get a seat?
There's a woman at the bottom of it all.

When a face all paint and powder, on the streets to you appear, .
There's a woman at the bottom of it all.

If you see a white horse, you can bet a red head's pretty near, There's a woman at the bottom of it all. What's the reason that big bustles such a furore do create,
Why did not Adam stop to think ere he the

apple ate,
What's the reason some young tellows love to stay out very late? There's a woman at the bottom of it all.

When a man skips off with some one else, and leaves his family, There's a woman at the bottom of it all. When flat-irons, rolling-pins and pokers in the

air you see. There,s a woman at the bottom of it all. If you want to change your lines, but no buttons you can find.

And you go sparking when you know the "old folks" are not kind.

And you get a kick and hear the buildog sneak ing up behind. There's a woman at the bottom of it all.

-Popular Song.

"KENTUCKY PRINCE" DEAD. THE CELEBRATED STALLION DIES AT RED BANK FARM-PEDIGREE OF THE WELL KNOWN, AND VALUABLE ANIMAL-"BED WILKES" ALSO DEAD.

There are few in Montreal who have not heard of the celebrated stallion "Kentucky Princejr." owned by Mr. T. H. Love, of the Red Bank Stock Farm, upper Lachine road, and there are few, especially horsemen, who will not regret the death of the valuable animal, which occurred at the Farm yesterday. The horse had been visited by Dra. Baker and Mc-Eachran yesterday mo ning and they pronounce ed him safe, but an hour after their depar-ture he died, the cause of his death being inflammation of the lungs. Kentucky Prince, jr., foaled in 1874, is a chestaut horse 16 hands high and weighed 1,200 pounds. He is the cire of Spofford, 2.101; Eayonne Prince, 2.211; Company, 2.23½; Sweepstakes, 2.24½; Problem, 2.24½; Company, 2.23½; Sweepstakes, 2.24½; Problem, 2.24½; Compart, 2.25½; Jersey Prince, 2.27½; Guy, team record, 2.17; and tires of J.Q., 2.17½; Lord Nelson (8), 2.56½; Duke of Weilington, 2.27½. The stallon was valued at \$15,000 by Mr. Low, who feels very sure over his horse.

his horse.

Mr. Love has already made arrangements with the owners of horses in the United States and will have an animal here before long to take "Prince's" place, but claims that he will never have as good a horse again. The loss of "Prince" is felt more bitterly for the reason that this is the recond of Mr. Love's borses that has expired within a short period. On Tuesday last "Red Wilkes," of the cele-brated family, dud at the farm, "Red Wilkes" is the son of "George Wilke."

Last year R-d Wilkes was 13 years old, as he closed the season with thirteen performers to

his credit, two of them with records better than 2.17, and three bet er than 2.20. The thirteer performers accredited to Red Wilkes were from thirteen different mares, by thirteen different stallions, no two of them of the same family. Red Wilkes was for years neglected, and served whatever mares he could get. He has conclusively demonstrated his wonderful quality as a sire of trotters. He is tabler a plain bay horse, evenly balanced and of tremendous mus-cular development. He is by George Wilkes, his dam was by Mambrino Chief, and his second dam by Red Jacket, sire of the dam of Kentucky Wilkes, record 2.212. Red Jacket was a grandson of Sherman Morgan, and any breeder who has studied the Wilkes family knows that the Mambrino Chief and Morgan strains of blood are very valuable in the progeny of George Wilkes.

A horse known as Ida Clay, belonging to Mr.
George Jordan, grocer, is dangerously ill.

## HONEYMOON.

"Say, Perkins, old hoy, why don't we see you at the club any more? Has your mother-in-law shut down on you?" "No, Brown; the fact of the matter is, my home is so happy now that there is no laducement for me to leave it. You look incredulous, but it's a positive fact. You see, my wife used to suffer so much from functional devangements common to her sex, that her spirits and her temper were greatly affected. It was not her fault, of course, but it made home unpleasant all the same. But now, since she has begun to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, she has been so well and so happy that we are having our honeymoon all over again.'

The gentleman who is painting his nose thicks that alcohol used in the arts should be free.

TO BE FREE FROM SICK HEADACHE, billionsness, constipation, etc., use Carter's Little Liver Pills. Strictly vegetable. They gently stimulate the liver and free the stomach from bile.

Even grim visaged war wears bange on his wrinkled from:

BILIOUSNESS. "I should not think it right did I not give my testimony of what I know to be the value of Burdock Blood Bitters. Being a sufferer from Biliousness, I took one bottle of B. B. B. and it gave me immediate relief. I recommend it as

cure for Biliousness. Annie McLean, Wood-

Eugland always claims the lion's share, though it catch no fish whatever and confine its fighting solely to the unicorn.—Judge.

KIND WORDS AND TRUE. Mr. John H. Carter, of Corbetton Ont., writes as follows:—"Hagyard's Yellow Oil has stood the test often when all others failed. Our house is never without it, and it will always find a welcome spot on the shelf."

The New Boarder-Thank you, no. It's quite wet enough already. - Judge.

EAT AND BE MERRY. But there are thousands of poor sufferers who cannot do this. They are dyspeptics. Let them use Paine's Celery Compound. It THE C.P.R. MONOPOLY.

make with the second of the second second

The Agreement by Which it is Done Away With-How the Company Parpose Spending the \$15,000,000.

The Government, organ publishes the text of an agreement between the Dominion and the Canadian Pacific railway. Monopoly in Manitoba is done away with. The document covers over two columns of a newspaper. It hegins with a statement by the Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Railways, recommending the arrangement by which the company are to give up their monopoly, and in consideration of this have the interest on a loan of \$15,000,000 guaranteed by the Government at the rate of 31 per cent.

Mr. Pope states that "the urgent and repeated desire of the Government and people of Manitoba for the construction of a line of railway from the city of Winnipeg to the boundary, has already occupied the attention of Your Excellency's Government. The reluctance which Your Excellency's advisors have felt to concur in this policy has been principally induced by the consideration that it would be unfair and contrary to the interests of Canada that the trade of the province and territories before mentioned should be diverted to a foreign country, after the expenditure has been made by Canada to create and foster that trade, and to develop the country through which the main line of the

Canadian Pacific Railway p

Your Excellency's advisors have also feet thar, until the time acrives at which the Canadian Pacific Rallway Company were bound to complete their contract, that company were entitled to have their main line protected from the injurious effect which the construction of a line from Winnipeg to the boundary would have.

Within the last twelve months, however, the conditions which prevailed when the subject was previously under consideration

have been greatly changed. The hurvest of last year was so enormous that the appliances of the Canadian Pacific railway for its storage and carriage have been found inadequate, and at the same time the abundant yield has caused to be brought under cultivation new areas, which, in all probability, will greatly increase in the coming year the products of the Northwest. As the parvest has been far more abundant than could reasonably have been anticipated, it is not a matter of surprise that the equipments of the Canadian Pacific railway nave been found inadequate. Indeed, to have made provision for such a crop, even if it had been within the means of the company to have done so, would have seemed unjustifiable on or marry business principles.

Mr. Pope then proposes to do away with section 15, of the C.P.R. contract which prevents for twenty years the authorization by the Dominion Parliament, of any line of railway to be constructed south of the Canadian Pacific Railway; from any point at or near the Canadian Pacific Railway, except such line is to run south-west, or to the westward of south-west, nor to within fifteen miles of latifude forty-nine, and provides that in the event of the establishment of any new provinces in the North-West Territories, provision should be made for the continuance of this prohibition after such establishment until the expiration of said period. The company reliequish this right on condition that the Government of Canada should guarantee the interest on bonds of the company to the amount of fifteen millions of dollars for a period not expending fifty years at a rate of three and one-half per cent., the principal money to be secured on the remainder of the company's land grant, which is estimated at 14,934 238 acres.

The guarantee of this interest will enable the company to negotiate a loan on more favorable terms than they otherwise could do, even in view of the ample security which is afforded by these lands. The contrany will expend the proceeds of

the sale of bonds in the following manner :-

On account of ospital expenditure oa main line between Quebec and Vancouver, in buildings of various kinds, scowsheds, sidings, perma-uent bridges, filling trestles, reducing grades and curves. and other improvements and facilities, and on vouchers

and on pay rolls......\$ 5,498,000 For required rolling stock, locomotives, box cars, passenger care, flat care, snow ploughe,

etc ..... For required improvements on 5,250,000 the said main line elevatore, bridges, locomotive shops. filling treatles, sidings, docks, lake and coast steamers-the residue. whatever it may be, estimated at...... 4,242,000

THE PROVINCIAL CAPITAL. THE CABINET RECONSTRUCTION—HON. MR. TUR-COTTE TO SEEK RE ELECTION—THAT ETER-NAL BRIDGE QUESTION.

Quebec, May 9.—The case of the Queen vs. Workman was called yesterday afternoon and the accused pleaded guilty, when he was asked by the judge if he would stand his trial before the Court of Queen's Bench or take a summary trial. The accused selected a summary trial. which will be proceeded with to day, when it is expected that the accused will reiterate his ple

of guilty, and receive his sentence.

The SS. Sarmatian, having over eight hundred passengers, was the first mail steamer to discharge her passengers and western cargo at the Louise Embankment, which was done yes terday morning. The passengers and cargo for Ontario lets by the C.P.R. train at 11.30. The passengers for the Pacific coast left at 1 p.m.
As the session at Ottawa is approaching its

close the efforts therein made to obtain a favor-able solution of the bridge question are being redoubled and a number of petitions were signed yesterday among the leading merchants of Lower Town and forwarded to Ottawa asking the Government to grant assistance to the project. Some of our most influentia citizens also wrote strong personal letters to the ministers on the subject. A complete reconstruction of the Local

Government took place yesterday. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor signed a proclamation, which was subsequently published in the Official Gazette, abolishing the office of Solicitor-General and dividing into two different departments that the formula of the control of the co ments that of Agriculture and Public Works The ministers who were thus appointed to the new offices were sworn in at 2 30 p.m. The Government as at present constituted

etands as follows:— Hon. H. Mercier, Premier and Commissions of Agriculture.

Hon. P. Garneau, Commissioner of Public

Works. Hon. G. Duhamel, Commissioner of Crown Lands. Hon. C. A. E. Gagnon, Provincial Score

tary.
Hon. J. Shehyn, Treasurer.
Hon. A. Tarcotte, Attorney General.
Hon. D. A. Ross continues as Minister with-

out portfolio.

The only Minister who has to go before his constituents for re-election is the Hon. Mr.

After a midnight lunch of mines pie, a citizen complained of horrid dreams, in which hind his big ear, and proceeds to divide seven restores perfect digestion, so that the dyspep. he was chased by pirates. "Mince pirates by one.

The was chased by pirates. "Mince pirates by one.

decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (scaled) containing full particulars for home core, FREE of charge. A particulars for home week; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodas, Conn.

RAVE YOU A PAIN Anywhere about you? USE PERRY DAVIS "PAIN KILLER." And Ger Instant Retter. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS 25 C.s. Per Bottle.

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Intane Foreit us success.

Intenes of the foreit use of the patients of the success.

Intenes and S2 trial bottle fice to Ft patients they are paying express charges on box when 1000 ved. Fend names, P. U. and express address of ablicted in Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch 5t., Philadiph, Pa. See Druggists. BE WARE OF Idit Tatal FRAUDS.

For alle by LYMAN BROS. & Co., Toppote For sale by LYMAN BROS. & Co., Toronto.



IT CURES LIVER COMPLAINT, BILIOUS DISORDERS,
ACID STOMACH, DYSPEPAIA, LOSS OF APPENT
SIGK HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION OR COSTIVENESS. BRASHOS, Man., Tist Oct., 1895.—I 2nd Contributes.

Britis Compound the best stricked in have ever used for controllers or the loss or billiousness, and easy to take. I am, yours truty,

A. N. McDonald.

Sold by dealers in family medicines everywhere.

25c. per bouls.

to 88 a Day. Samples and duty FREE lines no under the horses fact. Write RESWETAR'A SAFETY REIN HOLDER Co. Hol'y Mich 148-0

## The Grey Nuns of Montreal

Will petition the Provincial Legislature at their cent Session, to be authorized to sell a certain portion of laud situate in the Parish of St. Joseph of Chambly.

SISTER FILIATRAULT.

WANTED. -RESPONSIBLE PARTIES to sell the WANZER and NEW HOME Sewing Machines where not already represented, THRNER ST. PIERRE & CO., Sole Pro-TURNER, ST. PIERRE & CO prietors for Quebec Province, 1437 Note Dame Street, Montreal.

> COUCHS, COLDS, Croup and Consumption **CURED BY** ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM



PILLS.

Bick Headache and relieve all the troubles inci-dent to a billous state of be system, such as Diz-ziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remark

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while 'vey also correct ail disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cared

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make adose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or

very casy to take. One or two pills maken dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents: five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

For Coughs, Neglected Colds, Bronchitis, Pain in the Chest, and all diseases of the Lungs,

# **ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM**

Is the GREAT MODERN REMEDY. For Croup it is almost a Specific. As an Expectorant IT HAS NO EQUAL!

It is composed of the active principles of roots and plants which are chemically extracted, so as to retain all their Medical qualities. MINISTERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS who are so often afflicted with Throat Discusos, will find a Sure remedy in this Balsam. Losenges and waters some-times give relief, but this Balsam taken a few times will

Prices, 25 cts. 50 cts. and \$1,00 per hottle.

S85 SOLID GOLD WATCH FREE

This plendid, solid gold, hunting ones watch, is now sold for \$35
of that price it is the best burget and merica; until lataly it could
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into our way have keep them in your home for 2 months, and shown
them to those who may have called, they become entirely your own
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Gold Watch and large line of valuable samples Pree, for
the research that the showing of the samples in any locality, diway
results in a large trads form; and re our samples have been in a localley for a month or two, we usually get them, \$1,000 to \$5,000 in
trade from the surrounding country. Those who write to us at most
will receive a great benefit for screenly any work and trouble. This,
the most remarkable and liberal offer ever known, is made in ordar
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