

INDIA.

We place at the head of this article an engraving, which Il represents a Hindu water-carrier, with his yoke across his It shoulder, and with a couple of water vessels suspended from S uch a person, of course belonging to one of the lower 11 it. i castes' may often be seen pacing along in certain parts of I India, bending under his load of water. To use a well a known expression, which we get from the Bible,-the people 11 of India are "hewers of wood and drawers of water." You I will not wonder to be told the fact that in a country like II India, where wells are almost unknown, there are many This cut we borrow from The Missionary water-carriers. Guide Book, to which also we are indebted for the chief points of information in the present article. We are in many ways under obligation to the accomplished lady who writes the full, accurate, and beautifully written volume bearing the above title. The volume is adorned with fortyfive woodcuts, representing the costumes of those various tribes of the human family among whom missionary work has been undertaken. With many of these engravings we