

The Weekly Monitor.

BRIDGETOWN, NOVEMBER 7, 1877.

GALE.—On Friday afternoon the most severe gale of wind which we have yet experienced this fall, commenced blowing from the southwest and steadily increased during the night, and about two o'clock on Saturday morning it howled around us as only a November blast can howl—everything movable was whirled away by the storm. Several trees were uprooted and the vessels lying at the wharves broke from their moorings and sustained some damage. The gale continued up to Sunday afternoon. From our exchanges we learn that considerable damage has been done in the eastern part of the Province, both on sea and land, and we fear that the worst has not yet been chronicled. Owing to the storm the steamer "Empress" did not cross the bay on Saturday.

The many friends of Miss Bessie Brown of Paradise, will be pleased to learn that at the recent Provincial Exhibition at Kentville, she was awarded first prize for her charming little painting in water colours—"A group of Pansies—from Nature—" We congratulate Miss Brown upon her well merited success, and most apostrophe for omitting this notice in a previous issue.

Owing to the space taken up in our columns in this issue by the proceedings of the General Sessions of the Peace held at Annapolis last week we are compelled to hold over a quantity of matter which should appear. We will attend to the same in our next.

ATWOOD.—The schooner "Atwood" of Corbitt's Packet Line arrived in Annapolis on Sunday evening. Parties wishing to ship by her should forward freight immediately.

Miscellaneous.

A HORRIBLE SUICIDE.

From the St. Louis Republican, Oct. 24.

There lies at the Morgue a corpse the appearance of which is just a little more shocking than that presented by any which has been exhibited there in many months. Its trunk is intact and bears no outward abrasion. Its head is where the horror comes in. The top part of it has been crushed entirely off at a line just above the upper lip. On the right arm, shoulder and chin, as they remain, is calculated to cause one's flesh to creep. The body is comfortably dressed in brown jeans pantaloons, red checked flannel shirt, blue and black striped coat and vest, and strong boots. The left arm is tucked all over, and bears a figure of a ship, a United States flag and a bracelet. On the back of the hand a star is tattooed. On the right arm is tattooed a gunboat and the faces of two women. Over one of the faces are the initials "E. H." Near the elbow the letters "J. M. H." are printed. On the back of the hand is an anchor.

Not only knows who the man is, as there was nothing in his pockets to indicate his name. All that is known about him is the manner of his death. About half past two o'clock yesterday afternoon the man was seen walking among the railroad cars of the North Missouri road in the vicinity of Wright street, and now that he is dead some of those who at first saw him remember that he seemed very much preoccupied in mind. Switch engine No. 21, Engineer Ludlow, was running at moderate rate of speed on one of the tracks between Wright and Palm streets, and the man stood by the side of the track and watched its approach. He was bent on self slaughter, and no one suspected it. It would hardly be a sure thing to throw himself in front of the pilot as he might only be crippled and shoved off to the water, and the pilot the passenger and then plunged headlong forward. His head alighted on the track just in front of the ponderous driving wheels, there was a horrible crunching of skulls, bones, and blood and brains splattered across under the engine to the other track, the arms and legs worked convulsively a second, and all was over. The engine ran a few yards before the shocked engineer succeeded in bringing it to a standstill, and then its works were beamed in a disgusting manner. The body was picked up and sent to the Fourth district police station and thence to the Morgue.

A HUMBLD EMPRE.

An edifying instance of the straits to which an empire, ambitious beyond its means, may be reduced by disaster, is afforded by the spectacle now to be witnessed at St. Petersburg of gangs of women sweeping the streets. Such a sight as this does not altogether harmonize with the impression formerly prevalent with respect to the resources of Russia, and bears out the opinion we expressed at the outbreak of the war, that the empire, in spite of its apparent abundance of population, was unable to exert so much physical force as was currently supposed. A good deal of Russia's ability to maintain a large army arose from the practice of Government of letting off soldiers on hire, and thus, although on paper the peace force at the disposal of the Emperor was of imposing proportions, it did not really exceed in number under actual training the troops which we possess in India and at home. A capitalist in want of navies, a farmer anxious to get in his crops, or a municipality in search of street-menders has only to go to the market place of a garrison town, where a bargain could be struck with the non-commissioned officers for as many soldiers as were required. It was therefore the withdrawal of the standing army quite as much as the mobilization of the reserve which caused such a strain upon the manual resources of the country—a strain so great that artisans, taking advantage of the opportunity, adopted the civilized system of strikes, and have thereby in many places succeeded in wringing from their unwilling masters an addition to their wages of not less than 100 per cent. This enhancement of the price of labor, coupled with the eager demand for it, has begun to inspire the sorely oppressed Russian workman with notions of self-respect, and he is already accused of exhibiting a disregard of the Emperor's orders which is not altogether unbecoming to the dignity of the Czar.—Fall Mail Gazette.

Queens prize fight at Wolverhampton, England, takes £50 a side, contestants, a member of the county police force and the Town Crier. The Town Crier won, by a four round majority.

PALESTINE AND SYRIA.

Now that the Turkish troops and protection—such as it was—is withdrawn from Syria, the fierce roving Bedouins are taking their turn, and rendering Palestine anything but a safe and pleasant country to live in. A British exchange gives the following extract from a recent private letter of a resident of Syria: The Bedouins are out foraging. Two months ago they pounced down on Tiberias and got 2500 out of the people. The Fasha of Acre went out with a disposition to be troublesome, and three murders have been committed among themselves. (A scene is then described, in which a European was assaulted and could obtain no redress.) The people of Nazareth are in a panic, as the Bedouins are at a place called Iokral, and are simply eating the country up. Iokral is about ten hours ride from here, just at the other side of Nazareth.

A detachment of artillery, while recently practising among the Shropshire hills, miscalculated the range and threw thirteen cannon balls into the village of Minton, two miles away. One building was knocked to pieces, and the women and children fled screaming from the village.

A family near Slaughterville, Ky., has been driven from home by rattlesnakes which have taken up their quarters under the house. The neighbors have rallied, and at last reports had killed 27, and were still on guard.

FIRE RECORD.—The Boston Post says:—The record of fires in this country and Canada during the nine months ending Sept. 30 shows a loss to the nation amounting to \$52,000,000. In Canada the loss was about half as much, making a total in the Provinces and this country of \$79,728,300, an excess of nearly \$23,000,000 over the same period of 1876. The loss to insurance companies was \$37,148,000 this year against \$28,810,100 last. The fires have averaged one for every fifty minutes throughout the year.

Three highwaymen and four officers had a hand to hand fight in Deadwood. The room was lighted at the outset, but the lamp was overturned, and they were left in perfect darkness. Six of them were coupled in the struggle, and had there not been a seventh no misunderstanding would have ensued; but this seventh man, by cutting in the scrimmage, confused the combatants. Soon nobody knew whom he was fighting, and the result was that friend grappled with friend. Revolvers and knives were used, and one death and many wounds resulted.

Mr. J. F. Wright, of Glasgow, has patented a new musical instrument, being a combination of the pianoforte and harmonium. The instrument is so arranged that the harmonium may be detached from the piano and both used separately. By a simple process the instrument may be combined, and the harmonium is then acted upon by the keys of the piano, and at the player's will the wind instrument can be played as usual, or both may be brought into action. The advantage gained is that in slow music the notes of the piano are sustained by the harmonium, while in quick movements the slowness of the latter is corrected by the quick action of the strings.

VISITING FREDERICKTON AFTER HALF A CENTURY'S ABSENCE.—The Frederickton "Reporter" says that Mr. William C. Williams, an old resident of that city, who left Frederickton in 1817, and has been living in Yarmouth the past fifty-three years, is there on a visit to his friends. Mr. Williams distinctly remembers the circumstances of the drowning of the Rev. Mr. Cooke, the first Rector of Frederickton, and his son, which took place in front of that city, during the winter of 1785. Of all his early associates in life, Mr. Williams does not recognize one. He distinctly remembers the setting out of many of the trees in front of the officers' quarters, and organized the first Sabbath School in that city. He is in good health and vigorous.

THE BRITISH POST OFFICE.—The total number of letters which passed through the post offices of the United Kingdom last year was 1,018,955,200, equal to 31 letters per head of the population; the number of post cards was 92,035,700, and of newspapers and book packets 288,790,700, of which the newspapers alone numbered 125,085,800. The number of 33 letters were posted without addresses, some of them containing sums of money. There were many revelations of ignorance. It is not easy, for instance, to gauge the state of mind of the person who, most likely to save postage and registration fee, attempts to smuggle in one case four or five cards, and in another a gold pocket, within the folds of a newspaper.

Judge Hilton was recently asked how many people were employed in the Stewart Hotel at the corner of Broadway and Tenth Street, and replied, "Three thousand, all told." In reply to an inquiry as how the female employees got lunch, he led the way to an immense loft, at one side of which were two long lines of tables. Young girls were busily arranging them. "There," said he; "we accommodate 500 at a time. We furnish tea and coffee, and they bring for lunch whatever they like. They have half an hour for their meal, and seem to like it. We are rather proud of our work-women, and take good care of them." Judge Hilton also said that lace curtains made by machinery, and durable for a life time, are sold at \$16 a pair, that in other days, when made by hand, would have cost \$300, and that a pair used by Mrs. Stewart at Saratoga, costing at retail \$23, were valued by experts at \$500.

When the head of a Bulgarian family sees that he is about to die he sends for the priest and begins to bargain about the cost of his funeral. The moment he dies, all the pots, pans and kettles in the house are turned upside down to prevent his soul taking refuge in any one of them, and great care is taken to prevent either man or animal—especially a cat or dog—from stepping across his body, as otherwise, in the opinion of his family, he would turn into a vampire and be a continual nuisance to them and to their neighbors. The body is buried without a coffin in a shallow grave and left there for three years, during which time many offerings of food and wine are placed upon it. At the end of the third year the bones of the dead man are dug up, carefully washed, put into a linen bag, laid before the altar in the village church, and after receiving the blessing of the priest, are finally buried for good.

Telegraphic News.

Special Dispatches to the Morning Chronicle.

EUROPE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 1.—It is officially announced that 226,197 men are to be immediately called out for active service. The majority of these are of the reserve draft, and will leave 333,412 registered members of reserve. A considerable force of Russians is concentrated in Haid Boghar pass.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—A Russian official despatch says that the number of prisoners captured at Dubrik and Teliche was 7000, including 2 Pashas, 300 officers and an English colonel in the Turkish service. After the victory at Dudrik and Teliche, the Russian columns approached Baidomirza, and Chevet Pasha with 12 battalions fled from there without waiting to destroy the bridge, which is now intact in our hands. Our cavalry is pursuing Chevet Pasha. A telegram from Constantinople reports that 20 battalions of Turks have taken up positions at Kurudjik near Dene Bayon. The Russians are advancing by the way of Otluk to Turkaevon. In official circles Chevet Pasha's position is considered critical, but not desperate.

The "Standard's" Vienna correspondent says 8000 regular troops now remaining in Constantinople have been ordered to the front. The Belgrade correspondent of the Times telegraphs that all the Serbian militia brigade except one are ordered to the front. Preparations seem making in various quarters with a view to the restoration of peace, if a decisive Russian victory is gained at Plevea. England is sounding the Powers as to the practicability of mediation, on a basis of programme of late Constantinople conference.

It is not anticipated that any decided response to England's overture will take place until after some decisive operation. Numerous contradictory rumors are in circulation on this subject. It is said the Czar has notified Prince Milan that Serbian co-operation is unnecessary. Mehmet Ali Pasha waited for his Herzegovinian command. His head quarters are at Novi Bazar, which is convenient for operating against Montenegro or Servia. Militia will be sent from Constantinople to reinforce him.

A strong force of Russians are trying to turn Mukhtar Pasha's army and prevent his retreating to Erzeroum. His position is considered very desperate. Chevet Pasha is attempting to recapture Teliche, and is repulsed with heavy loss. English Government has offered the Porte mediation on the basis of the Bosphorus, Bulgaria, and Herzegovina may obtain local and administrative autonomy. The Russian adhesion to these terms is doubtful.

An attack by the Russians on Teliche simultaneously with the capture of Dubrik on the 24th ult., was repulsed with the loss of 1000 men; loss at Dubrik 3000. Every brigade and regiment commander was killed or wounded. LONDON, Nov. 3.—The King of Abyssinia again threatens to invade Egypt with 120,000 men. It is reported that the Russians are forming an army of seventy thousand, which is designed to cross the Balkans and advance upon Adrianople without waiting for the fall of Plevea. The Porte has issued to the populace an official assurance that Plevea is amply provisioned and can hold out for months.

The Times' Paris correspondent says the minister has decided to be governed by the result of the elections for councils general. LONDON, Nov. 4.—A Russian despatch says, yesterday the Grand Duke Nicholas inspected the positions we have occupied at Gorny Dubrukl, from which the Turks on approach of the Russians on the 21st ult. withdrew during the night to Plevea. Thus this important point has passed into our hands without bloodshed. A Russian official despatch dated Bogot, November 2nd, says, "General Kenezoff announces the capture of Dar Totewon, north-east of Orhanie, where there were seven large and thirty small fortified positions. The Turks left upwards of one hundred dead on the field. Our loss is insignificant. We seized a large quantity of provisions, tools for intrenchments, cartridges and a herd of cattle."

There is a semi-official contradiction that English cables leading to the province as to the practicability of future mediation. A Sofia despatch on Thursday says fighting continues on the Orhanie and Plevea road. Chevet Pasha occupies a position commanding the junction of the Orhanie and Lovat roads. The Russian advance has been repulsed with heavy loss. Reinforcements are arriving rapidly. The intention is to retake Teliche will be made immediately.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 4.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt throughout the whole of the city shortly before two o'clock Sunday morning. The quantity of crockery smashed is very large, but no estimate of the damage done can be arrived at till the opening of the stores to-morrow. A number of people were so frightened that they rushed into the streets and waited for some time in expectation of a second shock. Telegrams from Ottawa and various places in this Province mention earthquakes felt there.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The storm yesterday morning, confined in lower lake region, has moved north-easterly and lower. NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The gale on the lakes was very severe. Several vessels are ashore. A schooner near Buffalo is ashore, with nine men in the rigging. FRED. LEAVITT, Lawrencetown, Nov. 7th, '77. LAWRENCE TOWN DRUG STORE. THE public will find at all times at the Drug Store, a full supply of all the numerous articles kept in a FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE, at Halifax and St. John prices. Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded or replenished. J. R. MORSE, at 4138.

At Brooklyn, N. Y., the other day, Barrett caused the arrest of his daughter, Mary E. Barrett, a good-looking girl, seventeen years of age, on a charge of being a vagrant. She surprised Judge Barry and her father by producing a marriage certificate. It was found that she had married a negro named Payne Odell, who is very black. Mr. Barrett gave up his case.

POTATOES IN DEMAND.—A Halifax produce merchant received an order by cable yesterday, to ship twenty barrels of potatoes by to-day's Allan steamer for England. The fact of such a small order being sent by cable seems to indicate that potatoes are in great demand in England. Unfortunately, the Nova Scotian has a full cargo of freight, and consequently the twenty barrels cannot be taken.—Chronicle of last week.

In 1846, the year in which Great Britain had a protective tariff, the population of the United Kingdom was 28,000,000; her imports, \$380,000,000; her exports, \$680,000,000, and her domestic trade, \$1,000,000,000. The population of the United Kingdom in 1876, after thirty years of commercial freedom, the figures were: Population, 33,000,000; imports, \$1,875,000,000; exports, \$2,000,000,000; domestic trade, \$1,200,000,000. In 1876, after thirty years of commercial freedom, the figures were: Population, 33,000,000; imports, \$1,875,000,000; exports, \$2,000,000,000; domestic trade, \$1,200,000,000. Thus, while in the thirty years the population increased less than eighteen per cent., the trade of the nation was nearly trebled. In other words, trade increased fifteen times as rapidly as the population of the Kingdom.

SEE WHAT THE CLERGY SAY.

Rev. R. H. CRAIG, Princeton, N. J. says—"Last summer when I was in Canada I caught a bad cold in my throat. It became so bad that often in the middle of my sermon my throat and tongue would become so dry I could hardly speak. My tongue was covered with a white parched crust, and my throat was much inflamed. An old lady of my congregation advised me to use the 'Shoebones Remedy,' which she was then using. The first dose relieved me and in a few days my throat was nearly well. I discontinued the use of it, but my throat not being entirely well, became worse again. I procured another supply, and was so happy to say that my throat is entirely well, and the white crust has disappeared. I wish that every minister who suffers from sore throat would try the 'Great Shoebones Remedy.' Rev. Geo. W. GARDNER, Sterling, Ont., says—"Mrs. George Francis was severely afflicted with kidney disease, and had been under the care of three physicians without any beneficial result. She has since taken four bottles of the 'Shoebones Remedy,' and now enjoys the best of health."

Rev. T. C. BROWN, Brooklyn, Ont., says—"My wife was very low with long dry cough, and given up by her physician. I bought a bottle of the 'Shoebones Remedy,' and at the end of two days she was much better. By continuing the 'Remedy' she was perfectly restored." Price of the Remedy in pint bottles \$1; Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by W. W. CHELSEA, Bridgetown, N. S.

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SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT.

Episcopal Church, 7 p. m. Methodist, " " " 3 p. m. Baptist, " " " 11 a. m. Presbyterian, " " " 11 a. m. W. M. C. Association, Prayer Meeting, at the Temperance Hall, " " " 7 p. m.

MELVERN SQUARE, OCTOBER.

Now open for immediate sale, Ladies' Mantles, Matalasse Cloaks, BRAIDS, FUR TRIMMINGS, &c. Dress Materials for House and Street Wear, in all new Shades. Trimmings to match in Fringe, Silks, Buttons, &c. STOCK OF BLACK CASHMERE, SICILIANS, BRILLIANTINES & C., extra good values. Cretonne Goods. FUR GOODS of all makes, very elegant. Hats, Ties, Caps, Gloves. In Millinery I have my usual full assortment. Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Socks, Cloth, Oats, best prices given and all Goods Marked in PLAIN FIGURES. R. D. MACDONALD MELVERN SQUARE. Customs Department. Ottawa, Oct. 8th, 1877. AUTHORIZED Dispenser of American Tobacco, until further notice—3 per cent. Commission of Customs. Bill Heads in all sizes and styles executed at this office at reasonable rates.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Notice. ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of MAJOR JOHN SAUNDERS, late of Paradise, Annapolis County, deceased, are hereby requested to render their accounts, duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to WILLIAM S. SAUNDERS, Executors. AVARD LONGLEY, Paradise, September 22nd, 1877. [232 tr]

LAWRENCE TOWN, OCTOBER, 1877. THE subscriber has just opened a fresh supply of Silks, French Merinos, Cashmeres, Lustras, Brilliantines, Parramattas, Barstons, Plain and Plaid Wines, Velvets, Mantle Cloths, Gloves, Shawls, Secured, Fall and Winter Millinery and Dress Trimmings. A good stock of Family Mourning Goods constantly on hand. An early call is solicited:—MRS. L. C. WHEELLOCK, Lawrencetown, N. S., Oct. 24th, 1877.

PLAYS! PLAYS! PLAYS! PLAYS! For Reading Clubs, for Amateur Theatricals, Temperance Plays, Drawing Room Plays, Fairy Plays, Religious Plays, Guide Books, Speakers, Pantomimes, Tableau Lights, Magnetic Lights, Colored Fire, Barricade, Theatrical Face preparations, Jarley's Wax Works, Wigs, Beards and Moustaches at reduced prices. Contests, Scenery, Charades. New catalogues sent free containing full description and prices. SAM'L FRENCH & SON, 123 Nassau Street, New York.

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New Advertisements.

Fine Overcoats, Reefers, Coats, PANTS and VESTS, and all kinds of first-class clothing from four of the best clothing houses in the Dominion, which will be sold Cheap for CASH OR SHORT CREDIT. B. STARRATT, Sept. 11th, 1877.

Fall, 1877. THE subscribers take pleasure in informing the public that they have selected, and are now opening goods suitable for the season. Below will be found a list of the leading articles:—A Full line of Grey, White and Printed Cottons of English and American manufacture. A large line of SUITINGS in Canadian, English and Scotch Tweeds. Several patterns of WORSTED & MOTALASSE COATINGS. Overcoatings in Worsted, Beavers, English Knaps, and Pilot Cloth. Ready-made Clothing, consisting of Vests, and other Overcoats, Reefers, Walking Coats, Pants and Vests. MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS of all kinds, including a very fine line of UNDERWEAR. All the latest novelties in DRESS GOODS, with Trimmings to match including Ball, Worsted and Silk Fringe. MANTLE CLOTHS in Mittens, Beaver and Knaps, FUR TRIMMINGS AND BRAID to match. New styles in Hats, Flowers, Ribbons and other millinery goods. Mens' and Boys' HATS AND CAPS in late English and American styles. Horse Rugs, Waterproof and other Lap Robes, Rubber coats, Carpet bags, Trunks, etc. Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, Towels, Tablecloths and Household Furnishing goods. BOOTS & SHOES suitable for any weather, made to our order at one of the leading factories in the Dominion. Mens' and Womens' RUBBERS AND SLIPPERS. The usual line of GROCERIES to be found in a country store. Stationery, Confectionery, and Patent Medicines of all kinds.

Wanted! FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS Wilson Sewing Machine Co. 532 Broadway, New York City. Sole Agents for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and St. John's, N. S. WANTED! WUNDER UPON WUNDER. Cures Ailments—A strange, mysterious and most extraordinary Book, entitled the "WUNDER BOOK OF WONDERS," containing with numerous pictorial illustrations, the mysteries of the Heavens, Earth, Nature, Magic, Natural, Occult, Oddities, Witches and Witchcraft, Dreams, Superstitions, Absurdities, Fabulous, Enchantments, &c. In order that all may see this curious book, the publishers have resolved to give it away to all that desire to see it. Address by postal card, W. CHELSEA, 4138 St. John's Street, Halifax, N. S. \$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$66 3/4 out of free. H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

BEAUTY, PIANO, ORGAN, best. Look! Look! Starting new. Organs, 12 stops \$24. Pianos only \$130, cost \$450. Circular free. D. F. BETTY, Washington, N. Y.

WORK FOR ALL. In their own localities, canvassing for the Free Press Visitor, (enlarged), Weekly and Monthly. Largest paper in the World with Mammoth Chromo. Free. No commissions to Agents. Terms and Outfit Free. Address: P. O. Box 100, New Brunswick, N. S. \$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. \$12 a day at home. TRU & Co., August, Maine, N. S.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ADVERTISING MELVERN SQUARE. To reach readers outside of the large cities. Over 1,000 newspapers divided into six different lists. Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address BEAL & FOSTER, 41 Park Row (Cross Building), New York.

WANTED! 1000 pairs of heavy all wool socks at market price. Dressmaking and Millinery on the premises. Orders taken for EUSTIC WINDOW SHADES at manufacturers prices.

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Phinney & Smith. Middleton, Sept. 19th, 1877. Queen St., Bridgetown, September 27th, 1877. JUST RECEIVED. A Fresh Supply of TEA & SUGAR, Rankine's Celebrated BISCUITS! CONFECTIONERY, &c. Also a lot of LAYER RAISINS BY BOX OR RETAIL, VERY LOW. MRS. L. C. WHEELLOCK, BRIDGETOWN, Sept. 26th, '77.

Thos. R. Jones & Co., ST. JOHN, N. B., WHOLESALE DEALERS. Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Hats and Caps, &c. MANUFACTURERS OF CLOTHING, SHIRTS, &c. The best assorted stock in the Lower Provinces!! New Goods arriving Weekly. FOR SALE ON LIBERAL TERMS, to safe parties. T. R. JONES & CO. may 9 '77

Burns & Murray, 301 HOLLS STREET, Halifax, WHOLESALE MERCHANTS, Importers and Sellers of ENGLISH AND FOREIGN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, AMERICAN Grey and White Cottons, Cottonades, Prints, Linings, &c., &c. ALSO AGENTS FOR CANADIAN Grey Cottons, Shadings, Tweeds, Hosiery, and Drawers, &c., &c. Halifax, 24th March, 77.

New Advertisements.

LONDON HOUSE I Queen St., Bridgetown N. S., R. H. BATH, Proprietor.

To my friends and the public generally, I am now daily replenishing my Stock for the FALL TRADE. In Dry Goods, Small Ware, Groceries, Crockeryware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers. All of which will be found complete in each Department. Cash customers will do well to call and inspect our Stock.

JUST RECEIVED 100 Bbls. Flour, (very choice), imported direct from Canada, more than expected, which I will sell at the very lowest living profit, for cash only. Also For Sale: 500 Apple Barrels, 10 Dozen Bushel Baskets, A LOT OF SAWED AND SPLIT SHINGLES. ALSO: 1 Yoke of 2 years old Steers, and one Beef Cow which will be sold very cheap.

WANTED AT ONCE! 10 Tons of Good Butter, 1000 Dozen Eggs, 10 Tons of Good Washed Wool. For which the highest price will be paid.

R. H. BATH. Bridgetown, Aug. 20th, 1877. 1877. STOCK for 1877. Spring Trade now complete at CONNOLLY'S CENTRAL BOOKSTORE.

Extra Fine Stationery! Bank Post, Parchment, Cream Laid, Ruled, Plain and Colored Paper, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags—all sizes and qualities, Taylor's, Carter's and Stephens' Celebrated Inks, Lead Pencils of every stamp, Room paper, Green paper and Paper shades. Wholesale and Retail. THOMAS P. CONNOLLY, Cor. Grenville and George Sts., Halifax, N. S. may 23 '77 by adv.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR