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The Toronto World.

REMOVAL
C. S. GZOWSKI, Stock Broker
Has removed from 24 King-street East to the London and Canadian Chambers,
130 BAY-STREET.

TWELFTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 11, 1891. ONE CENT.

WE TRUST THE PEOPLE

But It Is Evident That Others Do Not.

DO NOT OBSCURE THE TRUE ISSUE.

The Real Question Is, Shall the People Decide?

FIVE THOUSAND NAMES HAVE BEEN SENT IN.

With a Good Substantial Overplus of Five Hundred to Begin Our Margin on—Keep up the Good Work—Do Not Relax Your Efforts Till the Last Hour—We Will Take Everything up to Six o'Clock on Monday Night—Plots Are Hatching to Prevent the People's Voice Being Heard—A Word of Warning to These Plotters.

Now do not let the real issue be obscured. Let what is before us be kept steadily in view. The petition which appears on this page of The World is a request preferred to the City Council that the people be allowed to decide whether the street cars shall be run on Sunday in this city or not. There is nothing in it beyond that and the men who combined to prevent the council authorizing the submission of that question to the ratepayers declare in effect that they do not trust the people. Just think of any man holding that idea in this country and in this stage of the world's history. Joe Chamberlain tests a Liberal by his reply to the question: "Do you believe in trusting the people?" And that is the question that should be asked these men who take upon themselves to decide what questions the electorate are competent to settle and what questions they cannot be trusted to settle. Ald. Boustead, we understand, is one who holds this view. If Ald. Boustead were asked what his political faith is he would describe himself as a Liberal. A Liberal who distrusts the sovereign people is a curiosity which The World would like to exhibit in its front window. The voice of the people is the voice of God, and Mr. Boustead and those who are acting with him may be sure that the twenty-five thousand ratepayers of this city will not tolerate that their thinking shall be done for them by a junta of self-constituted leaders and teachers.

These gentlemen should profit by the tone of the press which represents their views. The newspapers which oppose Sunday street cars have wisely advised the appeal to the popular vote. Let the people's will be registered.

The counter petition is being placed and circulated. The World saw two of them. One was tied to the elevator in the Canada Life Building and the other to the elevator in the Bank of Commerce building, two institutions over which Millionaire George A. Cox has a supreme influence. Mr. Cox has the good fortune to own not one carriage, but several of them. He has no use for street cars on Sunday.

Put It to the Vote.

[From Last Night's News.]

Let the Sunday car question go to a vote, so that it may be settled at once. Postponement of a settlement one way or the other will only serve to intensify the agitation on the part of those who favor Sunday labor, and will be taken as a sign of weakness on the part of those who oppose it. The proposition can be easily beaten at the polls, where, sooner or later, it will have to go, and the people might as well have it over at once.

Gordon Brown Speaks Out.

"What is your position on the Sunday street car question?" asked The World of Mr. Gordon Brown yesterday morning.

"I am strongly in favor of them," replied Mr. Brown. "The World has placed the matter in a shape that suits me well. I am anxious to know how it is that while everyone in the city is welcome to use his own rig and coachman, or to hire livery rigs by the hundred if they want them, yet they must not use the street cars. It is absurd, and for a certain portion of the people to attempt to maintain this condition by using religious arguments is nothing short of atrocious.

"Take my own case," continued Mr. Brown. "I'm going to church on Sunday I am forced to hire a rig at a cost of about $75 a year. If street cars were running I could go down to church for four cents and back for the same. Why should I not? As it is now I hire a man and a horse for my own personal needs, whereas I have seen one man and one horse run along with a street car containing 34 people."

"That's a striking way of putting it," said The World.

"It's the sensible way. If it is a sin to employ Sunday labor unnecessarily, then the greater sin is to make the labor of a man and a team serve the needs of convenience of one individual only. Every man who is unable to walk to church must, if he has means, employ as much labor as would be required to run a one-horse car—or, having no means, he must stay at home. What alarms most people is the false notion that there would be a wild rush for Sunday street cars, a bustle and turmoil all day long. Now, the people value the day of rest and would not throw it away. In Paris and London, although the population is not so religious as here, the Sabbath is a day of rest for the masses. People may go out to certain points where there is room to breathe, but the bulk of them do not misuse the day of rest. In Toronto the day would be changed only in appearance. Have a limited service as they do in Hamilton, if it is thought advisable. Those are my views, and I repeat it is atrocious that a certain element of the citizens should try to exercise a tyranny over us all in such a matter as this. They are actuated by a foolish ambition to make Toronto famous as a good city, but their efforts are all in the way of keeping up a sham exterior of excessive virtue. Toronto is as good as any city of its size, but it is no better. Sunday street cars are sure to come in time, for people are not so narrow as they were once. But if street cars are voted down, then I say shut up the livery stables and drive the gentleman's carriage from the streets, for these desecrate the sacred day as much as would the cars. Keep it up, Mr. World."

And Mr. Brown, having spoken as nearly to the above effect as the reporter can recollect and write it, dropped the subject.

Many Thanks.

Editor World: I enclose you signed petition for Sunday cars. You are, I see, deluged with letters of the general public in favor of Sunday cars, and as my feelings and sentiments are in accord with the whole of them, I feel it would be only a waste of time to repeat again my ideas on the subject. You have my hearty sympathy in the matter and trust it may be brought to an issue soon.

97 Cowan-avenue. L. SEWITT.

Well Done, St. Paul's!

Editor World: Please find enclosed 32 good, solid names of old residents of North Toronto who want to have a little their own way and not so much clerical cant.

St. Scollard-street, Dec. 10. G. F. LOTT.

No Sunday Cars.

Editor World: Please find inclosed 26 good ratepayers' names all in favor of Sunday street cars. Give the people a chance; we want no interference from pulpit puffers.

EQUAL RIGHTS.

IS THERE A HITCH?

The Delayed Judges' Report—Politicians Speculating on the Causes of the Delay.

QUEBEC, Dec. 10.—Great surprise was expressed this morning at the non-arrival of the Royal Commissioners. Politicians of both stripes are puzzled, and now the anxiety is more intense among them than ever.

In connection with the non-arrival of the judges, politicians say that some unexpected difficulty must have cropped up at the last moment.

The commissioners are not now expected until Friday and their report may not be submitted until next week. Certain ministers whose conduct may be reflected upon by the commissioners are said to have placed their resignations in the hands of Mr. Mercier.

HAS ON RECIPROCITY.

He Replied to Francis Wayland Glenn in Brooklyn Last Night.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—In the Brooklyn Union League Club last evening Erastus Wiman delivered an address in reply to Francis Wayland Glenn, ex-member of the Canadian Parliament, on the Canadian annexation question.

Mr. Glenn's principal contention was that to promote reciprocity between the United States and Canada would have the effect of postponing indefinitely the annexation of the latter country.

A political union, Mr. Wiman replied, might partake of the character of a zollverein, as illustrated by the German Customs Union. There was no justification for the continuance forever of the barbed wire fence which ran athwart the continent, over which one brother could not trade with another brother, a bushel of potatoes for a bushel of apples without paying tribute to two governments equal to the cost of production.

"Certainly, it is time to consider," said Mr. Wiman, "the propriety of extending the area of the trade of the United States when the manufactures far exceed the consumption; when in order to eliminate competition, to regulate production and maintain a profit there is a necessity for trusts, consolidations, corners and combinations, such as are now the economic feature of the hour."

But, Mr. Wiman said, there were other considerations, and one of these was that of the ability of the United States to assimilate at one gulp the diverse elements of which the British provinces are composed. Then, too, Great Britain would not willingly view a transfer of an area that comprises 40 per cent. of her empire to this republic, against whose independence she struggled so vigorously.

KIT CARSON'S SON.

The Indian Slayer's Heir Kills His Wife's Parents and Escapes.

LA JUNTA, Col., Dec. 10.—Kit Carson, jr., a son of the famous old scout, to-day killed his father-in-law and mother-in-law at La Junta, Colorado, and escaped. A year ago Carson married Miss Susie Richardson, but because of his drunkenness and cruelty she was compelled to return to her father's home, which is in "Nine Mile Bottom," 25 miles from here. To-day Carson went to Richardson's house and demanded his wife. The old gentleman refused the request, when Carson shot at him, the ball passing through both hips. Mrs. Richardson, who was in the kitchen, heard the shots and hurried to the room where Carson was and was shot directly through the forehead, dying instantly. The murderer then mounted his horse and escaped into Bent Canyon.

HIS APPETITE FOR DRINK.

Too Strong to be Satisfied With Bichloride of Gold.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 10.—A great amount of comment has been occasioned here by the death of Dr. W. F. Standiford of this city, who was a former patient of Dr. Keeley at his bichloride of gold institute, at Dwight. Dr. Standiford's practice alone was worth $30,000 a year, and he was well known at the Hot Springs, where he treated many patients sent to him by Dr. Pancoast of Philadelphia. He went to Keeley's institute to be treated for alcoholism, was cured, but in a spirit of investigation tried to determine whether the habit had been killed absolutely. The old appetite gradually returned and he was speedily conquered by whisky, from the effects of which he died.

Drowned at Deseronto.

BELLEVILLE, Dec. 10.—As men were moving some timber outside the dock at the cedar mill at Deseronto last night the body of a man came to the surface. It was recognized as that of Michael Mahnion, or Managhan, who had been working during the summer on the Bayview ranch and later in the mill yard. About three weeks since the unfortunate man left to visit relatives in Tyendinaga, which was the last seen of him until his body was found.

Drank Soldering Acid and Died.

HALIFAX, Dec. 10.—While the children of Mr. Alex. Chisholm, Truro, were at play the older child (between 2 and 3) found a cup, tasted its contents and gave the baby, nearly a year old, the rest, which consisted of a teaspoonful or more of soldering acid. The child died in great suffering.

Initial silk handkerchiefs—all the letters—at 75 cents, sold elsewhere at $1, at White's, 65 King-street west.

A Port Hope Fire.

PORT HOPE, Dec. 10.—A frame house in Cavan-street occupied by Millard F. Maybee and owned by F. C. Tisdale of Toronto, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $1200, insurance $800.

For coughs, colds, sore throat, etc., try Watson's Cough Drops. 135

Taps From the Telegraph.

Republican deputies of the French Chamber will combine against the clericals.

The Norwegian mail steamer Frithon has been wrecked off Haugesund, Norway.

Oliver Wilson Doud, the well-known actor, died at Baltimore yesterday.

Charles Broughs, owner of the pacer Joe Davis, died at Dayton, Ohio, yesterday.

All the station agents and telegraph operators along the line of the Southern Pacific are on strike.

Harry Miller, the son of Joaquin Miller, the poet, arrested for stage robbery, has been taken to 'Frisco for trial.

In the United States Senate yesterday 611 bills and 10 joint resolutions were offered in less than two hours. The list includes the free coinage and anti-Chinese bills.

Sam Glaistor, gents' furnisher, who fled from Stratford, Ont., has been arrested at Auburn, Ill., at the instance of some of his Montreal creditors.

The body of William J. Florence, the comedian, was taken from the receiving vault in Greenwood Cemetery, N.Y., yesterday and interred. Mrs. Florence was present.

The U.S. Government intend moving against the G.T.R. and C.P.R., holding that under an act passed in 1882 these companies are entitled to penalties for every Chinaman riding on their trains into the United States from Canada.

"For sending to distant friends," "Christmas Numbers, Dominion Illustrated" and "Saturday Night," at Winnifrith Bros., 6 Toronto-street.

THE JURY WENT ON STRIKE.

WANT EXTRA COMPENSATION FOR LISTENING TO MISS ST. JOHN.

They Had Worked Eight Hours a Day and Thought They Had Earned Their Pay—The Defence Claim the True Reason for the Divorce Is That the Fair Florence Is Tired of Her Third Husband and Wants a Fourth.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—In the divorce case of Florence St. John, the actress, against her husband, the jury to-day struck for an increase of compensation, which was promised to them.

An affidavit from Miss Nita St. George, formerly of the Gaiety Company, was read with great interest. Miss St. George showed that Marius, the husband of St. John, had been intimate with Miss Marie Lewella, an actress belonging to the Avenue Theatre.

Mr. Gill, for the defence, declared that the whole matter of the application made by Miss St. John for a divorce was most preposterous and impudent. The truth of the matter was, he said, that Miss Florence St. John had grown tired of her third husband, Marius Duplaney, and that she was anxious to have a fourth husband. This, said Mr. Gill, was the case in a nutshell, and it was for the jury to decide if they were willing to assist Miss St. John in her efforts to untie herself from husband No. 3 in order that she might throw herself into the arms of husband No. 4.

Referring to the charges of cruelty made against Marius, Mr. Gill said that if the latter had struck his wife it was because she had wilfully provoked the blow.

Here Justice Jeune interrupted Mr. Gill, saying:

"No wife's words or insults justify a blow, which constituted legal cruelty." [Applause.]

MRS. MAYBRICK'S MOTHER

Pays a Visit to the Husband-Poisoner in Woking Prison.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Baroness de Roque, the mother of Mrs. Maybrick, serving a life sentence for poisoning her husband, was allowed to visit her daughter in Woking Prison to-day. It is rarely a visitor is allowed to a life prisoner. The meeting was affectionate. The Baroness told her daughter of the efforts made for her release and Mrs. Maybrick's face lighted up with joy. After an hour's interview mother and daughter kissed each other and separated.

SIR LEWIS PELLY KILLED.

Thrown From His Carriage at Hereford, Eng., and Fatally Hurt.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Major-General Sir Lewis Pelly, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., while driving to-day at Hereford was thrown from his carriage and sustained concussion of the brain. He died almost immediately afterward.

He was born in 1825 and represented the North Hackney division in the House of Commons since 1885. He has held many diplomatic and administrative offices in India. He was the author of several works. Deceased entered the East India Military Company's service in 1841 and was successively promoted until 1862, when he was made major-general. He had been A.D.C. to General Jacobs, commanding the cavalry in the Persian expedition of 1857, judge at Kurrachee, India, Secretary of Legation at Court of Persia (1860), political agent and consul at Zanzibar, employed on numerous missions and many times thanked by the Government for his services.

THE KING HAS SMALLPOX.

Doctors in Athens No Wiser Than in Elgin County, Ontario.

ATHENS, Dec. 10.—The illness from which King George is suffering, which was at first stated to be chicken-pox, is now pronounced smallpox.

Anglo-Canadian Trade.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The Board of Trade returns show that Anglo-Canadian trade was not favorable last month. The exports to Canada declined 8 per cent. and the imports from Canada declined 2 per cent. compared with the month of November, 1890. Exports and imports increased but slightly in the eleven months.

Chat from Over the Sea.

A sharp shock of earthquake was felt at Citta de Castello, Italy, yesterday.

Another gale has occasioned a great amount of damage along the English Channel and over Great Britain and Ireland.

The gross value of the late Mr. Parnell's property is sworn at £11,174 and the net value at £6252.

A smallpox epidemic is causing great ravages in Riazan, Russia. The mortality is 25 per cent.

The Queen gave a banquet at Windsor Castle yesterday in honor of the betrothal of Duke of Clarence and Avondale to Princess Victoria Mary of Teck.

A terrible explosion took place in the Friekins-Hofnung pit at Hennsdorf, in Silesia, killing 20 miners and severely wounding a number of others.

The French bark Leonore, which sailed from Coosaw, S.C., Nov. 3, for Swansea, has been wrecked off Mumble's Head. The crew were drowned.

It is alleged that the Chinese rebels are acting in collusion with the former reigning family of Anam, Tonquin, which was deposed by the French.

The Russian Government will advance money for fodder to peasants who possess animals, the object being to prevent a wholesale slaughter of animals.

A cotton broker named Green, a partner in the firm of Green & Whinnery, Liverpool, has failed, liabilities $150,000. The failure is due to speculation in futures.

Much alarm is felt in shipping and commercial circles because of the resignations of 17 underwriters at Lloyd's owing to heavy losses. The value annually insured amounts to £40,000,000.

Portions of the ancient Roman walls enclosing the city of Chester have been so weakened by recent floods that they have subsided.

Owing to the drought the crops have been lost over large areas in the Madras Presidency which are devoted to the cultivation of various kinds of grain. Famine prices for cereals prevail in some districts.

A new volcanic island 500 metres in length has appeared southward of the island of Pantelleria, near the scene of the submarine upheaval of a few months ago. Vessels are warned to give the spot a wide berth.

The Bishop of Liverpool has forbidden the granting of permission to laymen to read prayers in church. It is believed that this prohibition is directed against Mr. Gladstone, who read prayers in Liverpool last Sunday.

In the Italian Chamber of Deputies yesterday, replying to a question asked by Sig. Campi on Italy's relations with the United States, Premier Rudini said that he felt confident that the question at issue between the two countries would soon be settled.

Prince Bismarck arrived at Hamburg yesterday for the purpose of visiting Gen. Count Von Waldersee at Altona. At the railway station he was greeted enthusiastically by an immense crowd of citizens. In the course of a conversation he said he was undecided whether or not to attend the Reichstag.

THE QUESTION OF SUNDAY STREET CARS

Is One That the People Must Be Allowed to Settle by Their Votes—Sign the Subjoined Petition.

TO HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR AND ALDERMEN OF THE CITY OF TORONTO:

WHEREAS at a meeting of the City Council held Jan. 19, 1891, it was moved by Ald. Leslie, seconded by Ald. Lindsey, That if at any time during the lease of the streets of this city for street railway purposes, as per tenders to be received on Feb. 2 next, a petition be presented to this council, signed by 5000 ratepayers qualified to vote for members of this council, asking that the question of street cars on Sunday be submitted to the ratepayers, the said question shall be submitted in due course:

WHEREAS Section 40 of the Agreement between the City Council and the Kiely-Everett Syndicate stipulates: No cars shall be run on the Lord's Day until a Sunday Service has been approved by the citizens by a vote taken on the question:

The undersigned ratepayers, qualified to vote for members of the council respectfully request that the ratepayers be given an opportunity at the forthcoming Municipal Elections of expressing their opinion for or against the running of street cars on Sunday:

NAME.	ADDRESS.

Cut out the petition, sign it, have others do so and hand in to World Office.

MR. MEREDITH NOT FORGIVEN.

Must Repent and Apologize Before Being Restored to Their Confidence.

The Catholic Record, published at London, which is believed to voice the opinions and feelings of His Lordship Archbishop Walsh, has an article in the current issue entitled: "The Ontario Leadership." The article takes as its text a letter of an "Irish Catholic" which appeared in its previous issue. This letter was favorable to Mr. Meredith's advent to the Dominion Cabinet. Shall this "No Popery agitator of the past six years, having lost his cause and disorganized his party by his wicked policy, be rewarded for all his insults and calumnies and attempted injustices against his Catholic fellow-citizens, by promotion to the highest post of honor and dignity and power the Federal Ministry could bestow upon the most worthy and most successful politician in the land?" It accuses the writer of the letter of being "an agent of the party of infidels and bigots whom Mr. Meredith gathered round his flag in his irreligious campaigns of 1886 and 1890; and that, were he elevated to a post in the Cabinet, as representative of Ontario, he would be nowise a representative of the 400,000 Catholics of this province, nor indeed of any others than the un-Christian faction that rallied round him in his two unsuccessful campaigns. The respectable Conservatives stayed away from the booths and left Mr. Meredith to his fate."

Alluding to an argument of their correspondent that Mr. Mowat himself was an enemy of the church at one time The Record says:

"We are nowise bound to Mr. Mowat for defence of the errors and weaknesses of his youth. We have read of many public men who began their political career on one set of principles and, as their minds matured and the conditions of civil and social life had been altered, were wise enough and honest enough to likewise alter their opinions in respect to the requirements of the body politic. Mr. Mowat has done so—so also has Mr. Gladstone; the Iron Duke of Wellington did the same, and moreover compelled his royal master to follow his example. Should the day ever come when Mr. Meredith will have publicly and unequivocally renounced his iniquitous policy of persecution of his Catholic fellow-citizens as the "common enemy" of all Canadians, and looking to the present conditions of Canadian society and its manifest requirements of peace and good-will among all denominations rather than to the unsettled and turbulent state of things that existed a quarter of a century ago, will have given sound, practical pledges to society that he will never again inaugurate or promote internecine strife or agitate for persecution of any Christian denomination, then his elevation to the place of power and responsibility that may be within his grasp will meet no objection from us or from the Catholic people of this province. We are a forgiving people—too ready to forgive. But we follow God's law of forgiveness on the sole condition of repentance."

AT THE THEATRES.

Those Who Attend and Those Who Can Do So With Comfort.

It is astonishing at this time of the year to see how many people attend the theatres. All classes attend. The small boy who sits up in the gods, the young man who sits in the first gallery and the dude who sits in the orchestra. There is something contagious about visiting theatres. When a person sees a crowd going he wants to go too, and the oftener he goes the oftener he wants to go. The fair sex seem to have a weakness for attending theatres. They cannot see enough at the matinees and therefore turn out in full force at night. They all enjoy themselves, and how some of them dress! Two ladies were seen coming out of the opera house last night. One was arrayed in a gorgeous fur-lined cloak and the other in an ordinary jacket. The latter was angry. She had intended to come in full dress, she said, but it was so easily mussed that she did not like to wear it under her coat. Her friend said that she used to be in the same predicament; but she had called into Dineen's one day and had been happy ever since. She was ushered up to the first floor, she said, and there beheld a very pretty sight. Beautiful fur-lined ulsters were seen there by the score. All kinds and all colors, and so cheap. She immediately purchased one for a very reasonable sum and had worn it to the theatre ever since with comfort.

It is needless to say that her friend bought one just like it the next day.

Reduction in the Cost of Incandescent Electric Light.

The Toronto Incandescent Electric Light Co. (Ltd.) announce that a cash discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed on all accounts rendered for incandescent electric light after Jan. 1 next. The rapid increase in the business of the company has enabled them to make this large reduction.

Natural wool underwear, all weights and size at White's, 65 King street west.

Grips and Passwords for Barbers.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Dec. 10.—President Myers of St. Paul was elected delegate to the Federation of Labor meeting by the Barbers' International Union. A system of grips and passwords was adopted. The union will publish its own official organ. The next annual meeting will be held in St. Louis.

A guardsman to defend you against coughs and colds, Adams' Wild Cherry and Licorice Tutti Frutti Gum. Sold by all druggists and confectioners. 5 cents.

Music by Phonograph and Telephone.

The World staff was treated to a phonographic concert over the telephone last night. Mr. Horton very kindly hitched his machine on to the other end of the line, and for 20 minutes the sweet strains, vocal and instrumental, flowed over the wire, without having lost any of their melody en route.

WAR OF TARIFFS

The Newfoundland-Canada Trade Fight.

THE DOMINION CABINET CALLED.

Newfoundland Cuts Off All Intercourse With Canada.

Prohibitive Duties on Pork, Flour, Tobacco, Oil, Etc.—What the Colony Newspapers Say—The London News and Chronicle on the Situation of Affairs—Though Admitting That Newfoundland Has Been Grotesquely Wrong and a Sorehead From the Beginning They Deplore the Fact That Canada Feels Compelled to Retaliate.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F., Dec. 10.—The Whiteway Government have not been long in acting in response to Canada's threats to withdraw the favors which the Dominion has been granting the Ancient Colony in allowing her fish free entry into Canadian ports.

The Royal Gazette last evening announced that additional duties will be levied at Newfoundland ports hereafter on goods imported from Canada. The official notice gives as the reason for this action the action of Canada in imposing duties on Newfoundland fish.

The increased duties fall on imports of flour, pork, butter, tobacco, kerosene oil and products of the farm.

There is much excitement in commercial circles at the new phase the matter has taken, and it is the general opinion that the trade between Canada and Newfoundland will be much deranged and large losses caused.

The Increases in Detail.

ST. JOHN'S, Dec. 10.—In retaliation for the duties imposed by Canada on Newfoundland fish the government here has put in force section 13 of the Revenue Act against Canada, which increases duties on articles imported from that country. The duty on flour is increased 75 cents per barrel; pork 75c.; butter, per 100 lbs., 75c.; tobacco, per 100 lbs., $5; oil, per gallon, 5c.; meal, per barrel, 25½c.; hay, per ton, $5; oats, per bushel, 10c.; potatoes, per bushel, 25c.; turnips 25c.; cabbages, per doz., 40c; unenumerated vegetables 30 per cent. ad valorem. The Government has wired instructions to enforce this law throughout the country.

THE OPPOSITION LEADER.

Newfoundland Dependent Almost Entirely Upon Canada for a Market.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Dec. 10.—A. B. Morine, leader of the Opposition in the Newfoundland Legislature, in an interview to-day said: "The refusal of Newfoundland to recede from its untenable position is a distinct triumph of the anti-British and pro-American faction of the Government, led by Messrs. Harvey and Bond, to which Premier Whiteway has weakly yielded. The entire south and west coast of the island is dependent upon Canada for a market. Some years ago, as a piece of bluff, the Newfoundland Legislature enacted that when Canada imposed duties on the fish of that colony, the duties on food products imported from Canada should be 100 per cent. higher than on similar imports from the United States. This law now goes into effect, and will be prohibitive so far as Canadian food-stuffs are concerned."

The Herald says: The Government have been guilty of a gross and flagrant violation of a solemn compact made between the colony on one side and Canada and the Imperial Government on the other, a contract which has been performed on the part of the other side, so to speak, and of which we, the colony, have received the benefit; that they have broken the pledge given to the Legislature and the people and abused the trust and power conferred upon them by the act.

On the other side The Telegram, the organ of the Government, says the people of Newfoundland are pleased with the action of the present patriotic Government in excluding intermeddling and officious Canada from free access to our bait fishes, and the wisdom of this course will be emphasized in a forcible manner before the close of next year's fishing season. Every fisherman in Newfoundland knows that but for the stand taken against this colony by the Ottawa Government we should to-day be enjoying the inestimable advantage of free trade with the United States. Canada deserves no favorable consideration at our hands. She has been corrupt at home, and treacherous to her sister colonies, and the feeling in Newfoundland to-day, outside the little mercenary confederate party here, is "The less we have to do with her the better."

TUPPER IS NOT ALARMED.

Canada Can Stand Newfoundland Reprisals if the Colony Can.

OTTAWA, Dec. 10.—Hon. C. H. Tupper, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, in an interview to-day states the Government have received no intimation that the Newfoundland Government has placed duties on Canadian produce. The latter body obtained powers enabling them to do so from the Legislature at its last session and he expects they will use the power, at the same time he does not anticipate that such an imposition would have the serious effects some people thought. Newfoundland is too dependent on Canadian ports and Canadian vessels for her intercourse with the outside world for any retaliatory act to be long before it was repealed, and there would be agitation against any such act, arising from the pressure that would be experienced by the Island consumer. The Dominion Government did not desire to be harsh to Newfoundland and hoped for an amicable adjustment of the difficulty.

English Views.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The news that Canada feels compelled to retaliate on Newfoundland is regretted here. It is generally agreed that Canada has a strong grievance against Newfoundland, but it was hoped that the intervention of the Imperial authorities would restore friendly relations.

The St. James Gazette to-day deplores what promises to be a tariff war on a small but exasperating scale, though it admits that Newfoundland has been grotesquely wrong on the bait question from the very beginning.

The Daily Chronicle has been urging that a round table conference be set up between Ottawa and St. John's. It regrets the relation, but says Newfoundland has really been acting the part of a sorehead.

FOLLOWING CANADA'S EXAMPLE.

Uncle Sam Will Establish a Department of Public Health.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Among the bills introduced to-day in the Senate was Sherman's to establish a department of Public Health, under the charge of a medical officer, to be appointed from civil life by the President. State and municipal health boards will also be chosen.

THEIR DEFENCE AN ALIBI.

The Alleged Heslop Murderers Taken to Hamilton for Trial—Claim to Have No Fear of Acquittal.

BRANTFORD, Dec. 10.—John Lottridge, charged with having murdered John Heslop, treasurer of Ancaster township, on Jan. 27 last, was arraigned at the Police Court to-day and formally committed for trial. Detective Greer took him to Hamilton later in the day.

John Bertram will remain here until after the charge of cattle stealing preferred against him has been disposed of. George Douglas is also held here pending his trial for theft.

Samuel Goosey, the Indian witness, was released on bail. It is thought that this is a scheme to gain the good will of the Indian and induce him to tell all he knows for a substantial consideration. Lottridge is the only one of the four who is held on a direct charge of murder.

It is said evidence has been obtained that Jack Bertram and his nephew, Jack Lottridge, were at the Lottridge farm, nine miles from Caledonia, on the day before the murder was committed, and that they left there together that same night.

Bertram will depend for his defence upon the efficacy of the alibi. His friends are already at work, and it is understood that, if necessary, 50 Indians can be produced who will swear that they saw him on the night of the murder and far from the scene of it. There was a rumor abroad to-day that Douglas and Sam Goosey had both given indications of a desire to turn Queen's evidence. There is no truth in it.

THE LAZIENT MAN ALIVE.

Whitecaps Visit Him and Threaten Him With Death.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., Dec. 10.—The laziest man in the county is Benjamin Harris, who lives near Canifton. Last night 40 masked men visited his house. An entrance being effected, the demands of the whitecaps were read that Harris should properly support his family and feed his horses, or in the event of his not doing so within three days his dead body would be carried out in a coffin.

This the now thoroughly scared victim promised to do, when he was led out into the cold night air, where, surrounded by the horsemen and with the stars for witness, he was, on bended knees, compelled to promise to comply with the demands of the whitecaps, who, with a fiendish yell, "beware," clapped spurs to their horses and disappeared as mysteriously as they came.

HIS CLEVERNESS WASTED.

Smuggled a Skeleton Into Canada to Find That It Was on the Free List.

WINDSOR, Dec. 10.—Charles Allen, a medical student of Leamington, Ont., bought a human skeleton in Detroit last week, dressed it in woman's attire, including hat and veil from his sister's wardrobe, and held it by his side in his buggy so naturally that in going over to Canada it passed muster as a living person.

Arriving in Windsor he expressed it to Leamington, and when he got home he bragged to a few friends about the neat piece of smuggling that he had done.

Then, for the first time, he learned that the Canadian tariff law does not impose a duty on articulated skeletons.

THE MAYORALTY.

John Ross Robertson's Candidature—Mr. Osler's Organization.

The mayoralty campaign was very much enlivened yesterday by our suggestion that the candidate of the Ratepayers' Association should be John Ross Robertson. The members of the association who were seen were quite favorable to Mr. Robertson's candidature. His well-known energy and thoroughness were universally commented on.

"If he will consent to run," said one gentleman, "I believe we could put him easily at the top of the poll."

"If John Ross becomes a candidate," said R. J. Fleming, "I will cheerfully make way for him."

Nothing but favorable comments were heard of his candidature. Like all men of strong individuality and sturdy character, he has enemies, bitter enemies, but he has just as warm friends and would whoop it up for him during a campaign and on election day, the day of trial.

Mr. Osler's friends show a great deal of confidence in their candidate. They have opened six committee rooms and are said to be completely organized, being the only candidate that has got in that position. The committee rooms are at Bingham's Hall, 271 Queen-street east, 21 Queen-street west, 433 Spadina-avenue, Queen-street opposite Bellwoods-avenue and 414 Queen-street west. Canvassers will shortly be sent out.

Is Farrer a Unitarian?

In The World there appeared an article taken from The New England Magazine and written by Mr. Walter Blackburn Hart, which stated that Mr. Farrer of The Globe was a convert to Unitarianism. This has created a good deal of talk, and many people are of the opinion that it is true. The World yesterday interviewed Mr. G. M. Rose, a prominent Unitarian of this city, to find out if possible if the statement was correct. Mr. Rose said that although he had known Mr. Farrer for a long time he had never discussed religious topics with him and consequently did not know whether or not he was a Unitarian. He never remembered having seen him in the church and had never heard anyone say that he was a Unitarian. He would be delighted, however, if it were true.

The World also interviewed Rev. T. C. Jackson, pastor of the First Unitarian Church. Mr. Jackson, although a man of advanced thought and well versed in the movements of the day, had never heard of the distinguished advocate of annexation and its precursor, commercial reciprocity. Having been so short a time in the country he could not positively refute the assertion. As the year was coming to a close, however, and good resolves were in order if he had not done so already and had any serious intentions of so doing, Mr. Farrer would probably openly profess his allegiance to the Unitarian faith.

Laid in Mount Pleasant.

The remains of the late Samuel E. Pettigrew were interred in Mount Pleasant Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The Rev. E. E. Starr read the burial service. The pallbearers were the Mayor, E. P. Roden, W. A. Fox, C. N. Pirie, G. B. Brooks and G. M. Harrington. A large number of the friends of the dead journalist accompanied the remains to the cemetery.

Treble's perfect-fitting shirts are the best, kept ready for use all sizes, made to measure to fit all sizes and shapes of men. 53 King-street west.

Emma Juch's Train Wrecked.

RALEIGH, N.C., Dec. 10.—The special train bearing the Emma Juch Opera Company from Richmond to Raleigh was wrecked near Oxford this afternoon, but no member of the company was hurt. As a result of the accident, however, the company could not appear here to-night and left Oxford at a late hour for Charlotte.

Try the Lunch counter at the Hub.

The demand for fine pictures is increasing in Toronto as a result of improved artistic tastes. At Mathews Bros.' art gallery may be seen a recherche stock of oil and water color paintings, etchings, engravings, etc., including a special exhibition of Mr. L. R. O'Brien's latest works. An early selection is advised.

One of the Harpers Hurt.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Joseph W. Harper, a member of the publishing firm of that name, was thrown from his dog cart in Central Park to-day and seriously hurt.

DEATHS.

PETTIGREW—On Dec. 7 at his late residence, 127 Elm-street, Samuel Edgar Pettigrew, in the 41st year of his age.

Funeral at 2 p.m. on Thursday, Dec. 10, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

BEATY'S CAMPAIGN.

The Ex-Mayor Told His Tale to Appreciative Listeners in Brockton Town Hall Last Night.

Ex-Mayor Beaty gave his fourth address last night to a large and attentive audience in Brockton Town Hall. He was as heartily received as he had previously been in Parkdale, Yorkville and the East End.

Mr. White was chairman and gave an earnest address eulogistic of Mr. Beaty's past services to the city both as alderman and mayor. He also commented on the distinction with which Dr. Beaty served the city as M.P.

Mr. Beaty spoke effectively for an hour. He succinctly expounded the 15 planks in his mayoralty platform and was repeatedly applauded. Toronto, he maintained, is face to face with a financial emergency. The citizens are suffering from a large and unreasonable taxation. This had been largely caused by pressure upon the aldermen for all kinds of local improvements.

The Doctor's Remedies.

Having enlarged on this topic the Doctor proceeded to explain his remedies. The first was an improved system of civic administration and the next a new city charter. There was also needed the apportionment of civic business into a few permanent departments and the institution of a board of control to manage the expenditure.

Mr. Beaty did not impute corruption at the City Hall, but only incompetence and a bad system, or rather want of system. That which was suited for a small country town is unsuitable for a metropolitan city like Toronto. [Applause.]

There should be reduced taxation, as far as practicable, consistent with the necessities of the city. Mr. Beaty was cheered when he averred that the forthcoming elections would be fought, not on political or moral grounds, but on the question of taxation. He advocated retrenchment and a moderating of all controllable expenditures; also equitable assessment and fair taxation on all property and classes, so as to promote the influx of capital.

Unfair Assessment.

The doctor gave as an illustration the case where two lots were assessed at $15,000 and $5000; and the owner of the former would willingly exchange for the latter. Mr. Beaty explained that his proposed board of control would act as the present Court of Revision, for a few days, but for weeks together, and give all applicants a full hearing. [Applause.]

The city property and assets should be utilized to the best advantage, and the citizens should see that when they pay one dollar they get one dollar's worth. The candidate was loudly applauded on insisting that all corporation employes should have reasonably good pay. There should be no exactions by the workmen nor oppression by the masters. The Golden Rule would settle all such disputes. [Applause.]

At length Mr. Beaty treated of the need of business-like financial arrangements, which would increase the credit and prosperity of the city. He complimented Mayor Clarke and Treasurer Coady on the result of their financial trip to England, and suggested that the city should encourage the ship railway from the Georgian Bay to Toronto.

Pure water, thorough drainage, a judicious relief system for paupers, reformatory punishment for habitual drunkards and reformatory restraints in cases of first offences of a trivial nature or youthful indiscretions were all treated of in the course of Mr. Beaty's comprehensive speech.

The Sum of the Whole Matter.

In conclusion the doctor said he would if elected to the honorable position of Mayor stop all unnecessary expenditure, seek to get all possible advantages out of the city property, cry halt on all new enterprises. These things and the equalizing of all assessments and abolition of all exemptions would place the city in a better position, raise her credit and an era of prosperity would dawn and continue for the Queen City of the West. [Loud applause.]

The meeting, which had been thoroughly successful, closed with the singing of the National Anthem and cheers for "Beaty, Our Coming Mayor."

Mr. Beaty will address the electors in Dawe's Hall, Bloor-street west, this evening at 8 o'clock.