The Toronto World.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1882.

"OUTLYING CAUSES."

We have to thank our namesake of Cobourg for a word—for the two words which make up the descriptive term above quoted. In a recent article in reply to our correspondent, "Reader," we reviewed the commercial experience of Canada for some twenty-five years back, and pointed out how we had been affected by the American civil war, with the great disturbance to trade and manufactures over the border thence arising. As we explained, this large and widely-sweeping commercial disturbance was by no means confined to the four years that the war lasted, certain peculiar effects resulting from it having continued in force for seven or eight years after the war had closed. And we maintained, further, that until some time in 1873, or thereabouts, the American war had created and maintained for Canada an extra protection of fifty per cent or more, in addition to what our own tariff conferred, in all those branches of manufacture in which our competition was with the United States. During the ten or twelve years' period referred to we had first twenty and twenty-five per cent (the latter on made-up clothing and leather manufactures only) on our statute book; and after the middle of 1866 fifteen per cent. But then we had besides this the protection created for us by the American war, which in our most important lines of manufacture was as good to us as fifty per cent at least besides. The Cobourg World, accepting all this as satisfactorily correct, argues that in admitting the efficacy of "outlying causes" in bringing prosperity or the reverse, we admit how small a part the tariff actually plays in contributing to the general result. On our own showing, it is contended, it matters little whether the tariff be high or low; it is the *outlying causes* which have mainly to do with bringing us good times or bad, as the case may be.

The Cobourg World evidently thinks he has "got" us there, but he hasn't; we are not caught yet, but feel quite safe "by a large majority." For the purpose of the present argument, we have to deal with just one great "outlying cause"—the commercial disturbance arising out of the American war. As far as competition with American manufactures was concerned, the war gave us substantially high protection, certainly to the extent of fifty per cent, at least, to what we had on the statute book. "Ah! but that was not protection," says our antagonist; "it was an outlying cause, something else altogether." We reply that it *was* protection to all intents and purposes; it really worked the same way, and had practically the same effect. For what is the main objection to the present tariff in connection with our trade with the States? This, in substance, that it adds to American prices a high Canadian duty, which prevents us from buying cheap American goods, and gives Canadian manufacturers a monopoly of the home market, thus enabling them to obtain high prices. Just exactly what the American war did, say we. It knocked American competition out of time, so to speak, and for a period of years our own manufacturers had the Canadian market all to themselves. This important fact—the Canadian market wholly or almost wholly in the hands of our own manufactures—is the essential point in the case. It is argued that the present tariff, which to a certain extent gives home manufacturers a monopoly of the home market, is an injury to the country. But this is precisely what the American war did for us during the period referred to, when we had good times and enjoyed great prosperity. Perhaps prices were higher in consequence; but, no matter, the country was prosperous then, whereas during the depression period, when low prices and cheap living prevailed, it was in distress. Here is a question, practical and to the point: Did the people of Canada suffer adversity then, was it an injury to them that American manufacturers, who otherwise might have supplied us with cheap goods, were in a manner out of the market, so that our own manufacturers had a monopoly of our own home market, just as it is alleged they have now? If shutting out foreign competition means distress to ourselves, how happened it that we were never so prosperous as when American competition was almost wholly annihilated? Then we had our own home market secured to our own manufacturers, which is just what the present tariff is intended to do now. The "outlying cause" in question was real, bona fide protection, it gave us our own home market, which is the reality and substance that protection is designed to confer.

WOMAN'S INFERIORITY.

Miss A. M. Hardaker, in an article in the Popular Science monthly, points out how woman is bound to be the inferior of man. In the first place experience and investigation has proved that size of brain has to do with mental activity; that the bigger brain and the better nourished brain can do the most thinking; and man is the superior of woman in this respect by great odds. Next the woman has not the physical capacity of man. Work, or ability to do work, is measured by a person's power or strength; power is in direct relation to respiration and digestion; man having larger and quicker acting organs of respiration and digestion has more power than woman, and therefore is superior. And of what energy woman has twenty per cent of it it is consumed in maternity. For all these reasons woman is bound to be man's inferior, and the probability is that she will grow more and more his mental and physical inferior. It is a woman's part, then, to find what vocations she is suited for, not to waste her energy and time in a mad struggle with man.

HERE IS THE RECORD of a recent day's work by Mr. Gladstone: In the early morning there was the usual business with his private secretaries—business of itself sufficient to exhaust the energies of most men—then followed a journey to Windsor, the council, the private interview with the queen, and the return to London. Immediately afterward came the great gathering at Downing street, and the speech from the prime minister; then followed the sitting of the house of commons, where questions had to be answered and two speeches made; while the day was wound up by the long and remarkable address on the main question of the procedure of the lords.

CHRONIQUES.

An apparently very religious young man of this city who is anxious to get shorthand teaching to do has adopted a questionable method of catching pupils. In Saturday's Globe was a "personal," in shorthand characters, of a most heartrending nature, calling on some prodigal to return and save his mother and his sisters from further "cruel affliction." The prodigal is also told to "seek guidance from above." Of course the ordinary reader is able to interpret none of these characters, but just above them is the insinuating card of the shorthand teacher, who will fit them so to do.

* * *

La Patrie is authority for the statement that Ex-Governor Macdonald will run in Glengarry in the liberal interest at the next election.

* * *

The Pacific syndicate are evidently determined to build up Montreal at the expense of Quebec. The people of the latter city are loudly protesting against the provincial railway falling into the hands of Stephen, McIntyre & Co.

* * *

It is the interest of Toronto and Hamilton to take the part of Quebec in this issue. Where we in the west are vitally interested in this matter is in regard to the Ontario and Quebec railway: how will the Pacific syndicate stand toward it?

* * *

Some of our colleges or universities are getting too many irons in the fire. Not content with faculties in arts, divinity, medicine and law, one of them proposes to hold local examinations. One or two things done well is better than a half a dozen indifferently performed.

* * *

The postmaster general wonld confer a public and lasting benefit by making post-office money orders cheaper, and doing away with a portion of the red-tapeism that has barnacled itself on this useful institution.

* * *

The Man of Bobcaygeon says the present scheme for the settlement of the Northwest will prove a gigantic failure, principally by reason of the grasping cupidity of the colonization companies.

* * *

Mr. Erastus Wiman as "donor of the public baths" was one of a deputation that waited on Sir Hector Langevin on Saturday, asking the knight of the public works to save the Toronto island—the site of the all-cleansing baths which Erastus is to build—from the ravages of the in-rushing lake. Sir Hector was deeply touched and said something would be done.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

W H Carney, of Sault Ste Marie, to be sheriff for the district of Algoma.

Alfred Henry Marsh, of Toronto, and E J Beauman, of Galt, to be notaries public for Ontario.

D L Shultz, of Rockwood, to be clerk of the third division court of Wellington.

Thomas M Robinson, of Gravenhurst, to be a bailiff of the second division court of Muskoka.

The following appointments are made under the license act of 1876 as license commissioners:

Essex (south riding)—Philemon Phillips, Gore Atkin, David Canfield.

Norfolk (north riding)—Frank Gordon, John Beemer, Walter Turnbull,

Norfolk (south riding)—Benjamin Kilmasten, Thomas Leedman, John Decon.

Peterborough (west riding)—James Elliott, John McClelland, Thomas Dolan.

D. McAllister to be license commissioner for the license district of the norrh riding of Essex.

GLOBE EDITORS.

(From the Stratford Beacon)

Mr. E.W. Thomson of the Toronto Globe editorial staff started for the northwest this week. All who know Mr. Thomson will follow him to his new field of enterprise with cordial respect and best wishes. He is both a journalist and a civil engineer and has accordingly a double chance where one in his hands would be quite sufficient. It is generally understood that Mr. Pardoe who has been so long and so favorably known in connection especially with the agricultural department of the Globe, is also leaving the staff of that journal. Mr. Pardoe is a trained and accomplished journalist and is in any case not to be lost to the province.

The World endorses all that the Beacon says about the two gents in question.

Executioners' Fees in the Thirteenth Century.

From records in the state archives of Hesse-Darmstadt, dating back to the thirteenth century, it appears that the public executioner's fee for boiling a criminal in oil was twenty-four florins; for decapitating with the sword, fifteen florins and a half; for quartering, the same; for breaking on the wheel, five florins thirty kreuzers; for tearing a man to pieces, eighteen florins. Ten florins per head was his charge for hanging, and he burned delinquente alive at the rate of fourteen florins apiece. For applying the "Spanish boot" his fee was only two florins. Five florins were paid to him every time he subjected a refractory wife to the torture of the rack. The same amount was his due for "branding" the sign of the gallows with a red hot iron upon the back, forehead, or cheek of a thief," as well as for "cutting off the nose and ears of a slanderer or blasphemer." Flogging with rods was a cheap punishment, its remuneration being fixed at three florins thirty kreuzers.

.....At Maple Park, Ill., a fifteen year old boy, named Reuben Hart, has just married his brother's widow, over whose head 35 summers have passed.

....The German oil wells lately discovered do not turn out so well as was expected. The refined oil proves to be unsuited for illumination and smokes so badly that it cannot be used in dwellings.

MONEY AND TRADE.

WM. FARLEY. WM. MARA

FARLEY & MARA,

26 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.

Stock Brokers, Commission & General Agents.

MEMBERS OF THE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE

Buy and sell on commission Canadian and American stocks; also grain and provisions on the Chicago and Toledo Board of Trade for cash or on margin.

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, March 25.—Banks—Montreal, 214¾ and 214½; Ontario 64¾ and 64, transactions, 40, 24 at 64¾; Toronto 178¼ and 176½; Merchants, sellers 134; Commerce 146¼ and 146, trans. 20 at 146, 20 at 146½, 20, 20, 20 at 146, 20 20 at 146¼; Imperial 140½ and 140, transactions, 20 at 140½, 10 at 140, 10 at 140½; Federal 167½ and 167, trans 20 at 167½, 405 at 167; Dominion, 207½ and 207¼, transactions, 30 at 206½; Standard, 118 and 117½, transactions, 20 at 118; Hamilton, buyers, 123½; do 50 per cent, buyers, 117; British America Company sellers 137; Western Assurance Company 181½ and 181, trans 20 at 181½; 40 at 181, 20 at 181½; Canada Life, buyers 365; Confederation Life Association buyers 288½; Consumers' Gas Company, 154 and 153½; Dominion Telegraph Company, sellers 96; Montreal Telegraph Company 118 and 114, transactions, 15 at 114; Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company 223 and 222½; Freehold Loan, sellers 180; Western Canada Loan and Savings Company, buyers 187; Union Loan Company 134½ and 132½; Canada Landed Credit Company, buyers, 124½; B & L Association 107½ and 107; Imperial S & Investment 113 and 111; Farmers' Loan and Savings 128½ and 127½; London and Canadian Loan and Aid Association 143½ and 140; National Investment Company sellers 110; Peoples' Loan 113½ and 112½; Real Estate Loan and Debenture Company 101; Manitoba Loan sellers 139; Huron and Erie sellers 161; Dominion Savings and Loan sellers 122½; Ontario Loan and Debenture sellers 183; Canadian Savings and Loan sellers 132; Hamilton Provident sellers 140; Great Loan and Savings Society buyers 104½; Ontario Investment Association buyers 133½; Agricultural Loan and Savings Co buyers 121.

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No. 86 King St. East, Toronto,

Buys and sells Canadian and American Stocks strictly on Commission.

Also represents the Grain and Provision House of Messrs. D. H. Denton & Co., Chicago, through whom orders are executed on the Board of Trade either for cash or on margin.

Receives telegraph quotations of the New York, Chicago and Montreal markets, daily reports and financial papers.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, March 25.—Closing prices—Banks—Montreal 214½ and 214, sales 25 at 215½, 125 at 214. Ontario Bank, 65½ and 65, sales 25 at 65½, 267 at 65. Banque du Peuple 90 and 86. Molson's Bank offered at 126. Bank of Toronto 180 and 177, sales 3 at 177. Banque Jacques Cartier, 120 and 117, 132 at 117. Merchants' Bank, 133¾ and 133. Union Bank asked 94½. Bank of Commerce 147 and 146½, sales 15 at 147, 50 at 146½. Imperial offered at 139. Federal Bank 170 and 167. Montreal Telegraph Company 114½ and 114, sales 569 at 114¼, 300 at 113¾, 25 at 113¾, 375 at 114½, 585 at 114, 250 at 114½, 25 at 114½. Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company 62½ and 62¼, sales 300 at 62¾, 70 at 63. City Passenger Railway Company 139 and 138¾, sales 25 at 138½, 25 at 138¾, 50 at 139. Montreal Gas Company ex div 177 and 176½, sales 340 at 175½, 60 at 175¾, 54 at 176, 100 at 176½, 25 at 176, 50 at 176½. Canada Cotton Company 150 and 144. Dundas Cotton Company asked 127½. Ontario Investment 138 and 133½. St. Paul M. and M. offered at 120, sales 25 at 120.

The Street Market.

TORONTO, March 25.—The receipts of grain were larger than usual this morning. Barley to the amount of 500 bushels sold from 82c to 85c; fall wheat about 500 bushels brought from $1 23 to $1 25; two loads goose wheat sold at from $1 09 to $1 10, and 300 bushels oats changed hands at 43c to 45c; a few bags of clover seed sold at $4 60.

Grain and Produce.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Cotton unchanged. Flour—Receipts 7000 brls, dull, without marked change; sales 11,000 brls. Rye flour firm. Corn-meal unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 24,000 bush, weak; sales 1,735,000 bush, including 95,000 bush spot, exports 115,000 bush, No 2 spring $1 35, No 2 red $1 43 to $1 43½, No 1 white $1 50. Rye firmer at 87c to 93c. Barley strong. No 1 Canada $1 15½. Malt firm. Corn—Receipts 5000 bush, quiet; sales 797,000 bush, including 101,000 bush spot, exports 15,000 bush. No 2 75½c to 75¾c. Oats—Receipts 13,000 bush, firm; sales 230,000 bush, mixed 53; sales, white 54c to 63c.

CHICAGO, March 25.—Flour unchanged. Wheat steady; No 2 spring $1 35 to $1 35½. Corn active at 63c to 66c. Oats 42½c to 45c, active Rye unchanged. Barley easier, $1. Pork higher at $17 10 to $17 12½. Lard higher at $10 70. Bulk meats firmer: shoulders $6 60, short ribs $9 70, short clear $9 90. Whisky unchanged. Receipts—Flour 10,000 brls, wheat 12,000 bush, corn 39,000 bush, oats 45,000 bush, rye 2000, barley 13,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 10,000 brls, wheat 4000 bush, corn 80,000 bush, oats 50,000 bush, rye and barley 11,000 bush.

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING

"Brown's Household Panacea," has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a pain or ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25cents a bottle

ANTI-LIQUOR POWDERS.

Make a tonic drink that removes the effect of bad liquor and over-drinking. They also check the craving for liquor, remove bilious headache and nervous depression, improve digestion and regulate the action of the liver. 8 Powders in packet, 25 cents. 2 for sample 10 cents, mailed for stamps. W. HEARN, Druggist, Toronto.

—WORSE THAN WAR.—"The throat ha destroyed more lives than the sword," by imprudence in eating and intemperance in drinking; but when the health becomes impared the miserable dispeptic may find prompt relief in Burdock Blood Bitters. It regulates the bowels, acts upon the liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, and stimulates all the secretions to a healthy action —Let all them who have old sewing machines and new ones call at the Wanzer depot, 82 King st. west, and see the light running Wanzer "C" before buying; R. M. Wanzer & Co. pay no duty on their machines and are therefore more liberal in allowance for old machines than the American firms. More Wanzer machines are selling in this city than any other make, aecause they are lighter running, noiseless and have most valuable improvements. 246

SEE TO IT.—Chronic headache, sick headache, costiveness, wind on the stomach, pain in the head or back, distress after eating—all forms of indigestion and liver troubles permanently cured with Zopesa from Brazil. Try a sample.

—A REAL NECESSITY.—No house should be without a bottle of Hagyard's Yellow oil, in case of accident. There is no preparation offered to suffering humanity that has made so many permanent cures, or relieved so much pain and misery. It is called by some the Good Samaritan, by others the Cure-all, and by the afflicted an Angel of Mercy.

—"What every one says must be true," and every one who has tested its merits speaks warmly in praise of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam as a positive cure for all throat and lung complaints, coughs and colds, sore throat, bronchitis and incipient consumption.

—DESERVING OF PRAISE.—Too much cannot be expressed in favor of that unsurpassed remedy for coughs, colds, asthma, croup, sore throat, and all lung complaints. If you suffer from neglected colds, try Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam. The cost is trifling, only 25 cents.

RAILWAYS.

Great Western Rail'y

MANITOBA.

The Fifth Special Colonist Train will leave the line of this Railway for Winnipeg and the Northwest on

Wednesday, 29th March, 1882.

These special Colonist Trains have been arranged for the convenience of intending settlers and will be run weekly until the end of April.

Passengers are carried through in first class cars and on fast Express Trains.

☞No Freight Cars are attached to these trains.

A reliable Agent of the Company will accompany these Special Parties through to Winnipeg.

For further particulars see small bills or apply to any of the Company's Station Masters or Agents.

F. BROUGHTON,
General Manager.

WM. EDGAR,
General Passenger Agent. 126

REMEMBER THE Free Excursion TO Manitoba, Dakota AND THE Great Northwest, VIA THE CREDIT VALLEY AND Canada Southern Railways, TO Dakota. MARCH 28th, 1882. FULL PARTICULARS AT 25 YORK STREET, 20 KING ST. WEST, 48 YONGE ST. YORKVILLE, 64 KING ST. EAST.

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TORONTO. 135

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☞ Night soil removed from all parts of the city at reasonable rates. 246

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The Excelsior Odorless Excavating Company, with their new and improved apparatus (awarded First Prize at the Centennial Exhibition), are prepared to execute orders for removal of night soil in a more satisfactory manner than any other firm in the Dominion. Head office, 9 Adelaide street east. Yorkville office, J. Alberry, saddler, opposite Severn's Brewery. S. W. MARCHMENT & CO.,
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EYE GLASSES.

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Makes a specialty of giving an easy fit so that he will not tire the eye. 30 years' experienc. 246

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SAIL BOATS! SAIL BOATS!

I have now on hand a lot of sail boats (chaloupes 18 and 22 feet long, 2 feet 9 inches deep, 5 feet 6 inches broad. They are guaranteed safe and finished in galvanized iron. Address for price,

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GOOD DEEDS.

During the past year the ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY has paid to the families of its deceased members $1,231,650 36. These payments we distributed as follows:—

Alabama	32,727 23	New York	$162,905 04
California	16,937 09	New Jersey	38,371 11
Canada	70,815 35	New Hampshire	11,081 49
Connecticut	97,522 29	Nebraska	1,469 00
Delaware	11,271 00	Nevada	971 28
Georgia	49,054 20	North Carolina	33,410 00
Illinois	111,510 20	Ohio	84,366 71
Indiana	39,461 42	Pennsylvania	240,397 72
Iowa	7,455 94	Rhode Island	1,326 00
Kentucky	42,459 27	South Carolina	2,201 00
Louisiana	23,759 88	Tennessee	37,874 00
Maine	11,792 02	Texas	15,965 27
Maryland	27,173 32	Virginia	20,928 00
Massachusetts	45,530 00	Vermont	6,567 00
Michigan	33,844 00	Washington Ter	1,000 00
Minnesota	11,753 95	West Virginia	7,230 00
Mississippi	13,192 53	Wisconsin	14,594 46
Missouri	5,550 00	Florida, Kansas, Oregon	1,606 00

It is stated that death demands thirty millions of mortals annually; eighty-three thousand daily; three thousand hourly; and nearly one for every second of time. Reader, what guarantee have you that you will not be next. Be wise, and insure in the ÆTNA.

DEATH LOSSES AND ENDOWMENTS.

Paid by the ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY during each year from 1863 to 1882.

Paid in 1864,	$1,472 23	Paid in 1870,	$1,214,415 89	Paid in 1876,	$1,634,200 62
1865,	91,477 76	1871,	1,219,314 64	1877,	1,747,753 69
1866,	242,306 39	1872,	1,336,531 78	1878,	1,751,558 00
1867,	513,881 50	1873,	1,661,037 04	1879,	2,155,713 00
1868,	855,084 23	1874,	1,392,235 35	1880,	1,907,922 65
1869,	1,005,052 79	1875,	1,870,421 92	1881,	1,955,745 62

IT BEGINS AT HOME—That's right. If you are making money, give part of it away, and give generously and nobly. There are enough who need it. Extend your charities according to your prosperity, but don't forget one thing—"Charity begins at home." Do not forget that the beginning of it is a round sum of insurance on your own life for the security and safety of your own family, or the comfort and consolation of your own declining years.—*Exchange.*

Of a hundred qualifications that go to make up a good business man, the resolution to get his life insured for a good, solid sum—and then to keep it insured—may count for fifty.—*Daily Stockholder.*

The weekly *Underwriter* of Philadelphia says of the ÆTNA: "It is strong, solid, and under most efficient management. The public ought to appreciate the value of a life insurance in such an institution, and it does."

WILLIAM H. ORR, Manager, Toronto

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NO RESERVE.

300 CENTRALLY SITUATED LOTS. 300.

The Land is high and dry, and slopes gradually towards the Station, from which it is distant about 400 yards.
Where situated—Section 4—West Half Section 4.

WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY,

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TITLE PERFECT. TERMS LIBERAL.

Persons wishing to Purchase by Private Sale will find Plans at

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RETAIL DRY GOODS.

I SAY IT WITHOUT HESITATION AND I SAY IT BOLDLY!

There is not to be found in the City of Toronto a handsomer line of imported fabrics than are now on my counter.

JAS. F. McRAE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

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With Introduction and Notes;

PRECEDED BY

Critical Notes on English Metrical Romance,

AND

SCOTT AND HIS PERIOD;

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Gents' clothing, kid gloves and feathers a specialty. Silks, velvets, damasks, reppe, shawls, table covers and waterproofs, lustres. Machines cleaned, dyed and pressed.

Toronto exhibition, 1879, awarded first extra prize for dyeing silks, etc. 1880, diploma—highest award possible. 246

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RELIABLE GOODS!

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Finest Dessert Raisins,
Shelled Almonds,
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Fresh Filberts.

GENUINE LEGHORN CANDIED PEELS.

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Parties wanting Pure Coffee can rely on getting it.

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WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

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