For the Provincial Freeman.

Gaines on Submission, or an Anti-Emigrationist Reviewed.

"I dare do all that may become a man.
Who dares do more is none."
SHAKESPEARE.

MESSRS. EDITORS,—In the *Freeman* of the 20th date, we have a communication which is headed "Emigration." If I had been the author, I should have headed it "Submission!" for the contrast is so great between his subject and argument, that it loses much of the weight which it should have, to support an old condemned principle, under a new phase. In many instances, men who undertake to defend preconceived ideas and notions, have more weight and influence than their position or their vindication merits. I am sorry to know that such is the present case, for it is lamentably that an individual, possessing the talents, genius, and general intelligence of Mr. J. I. Gaines, should be found wasting them in such a cause—namely, *A submission of the Colored People of the United States to American Despotism*. Mr. Gaines has boldly accused those who favor Emigration, as probably you are aware of looking at the picture in a one-sided manner, both publicly and privately, and his article proves to an undeniable conclusion by its motto; yea, by its author's frank confession he stands to his eyes plunged into the horrible dilemma, which he has warned come to beware of.

Pardon, readers, we will not call for consistency, just here! And he has further publicly and privately charged that Emigrationists were cowards, and would not meet an opponent on the question. I am happy to know and inform you that it has been tested and proven to the public a misrepresentation. His wholesale charges and challenges were accepted by the Rev. A. R. Green, on the proposition,—*That the moral, Civil, Religious and Political Elevation of the Colored Race of the United States, would be most speedily secured by an Emigration to British America*. It being the position which has been advocated by the Emigrationist all the time, yet he peremptorily refused to take an issue with him. Thus you see the taunts thrown out by Jenkins, one of our friend's abettors in *Douglass' Paper*, has proven nothing but chullions, emanating from an excited imagination. Our friend Gaines has been, and is acknowledged to be, the most ultra anti-emigrationist in the West, and also the most talented one; and since he has acknowledged our position, or proposition, by stating he did not deny, and believed it, it would be inconsistent for him to take an issue on a proposition which he believed was the fact. As emigrationists, we conceive our point is gained; the cockatrice has been handled in his den, and has proved harmless, thus far. He says, in the first place: I remark there is no prejudice against color. Color points out the object of condition.—of contempt. I would here digress again. During the evening of an expected debate, between himself and Rev. A. R. Green, we were trying till after eleven o'clock at night, I believe, to narrow down, lengthen, and expound the proposition until it was the proper size, to contain enough of his position for him to deliver a vindication of the principle of submission, during which time we had a large waiting audience of ladies and gentlemen, but it was of no avail. On several occasions of the meeting he often arose and retorted to facts which were hard for him to acknowledge; and, on one occasion, I understood him to affirm, that a colored man can rise, here to the highest position,—here, in Cincinnati!—to which I respectfully demur. He further stated that Cincinnati could boast of colored wholesale grocery establishments, coal merchants, furniture makers, &c. Do these, that he brings before the public and himself, exhibit in any degree the social condition of the masses? The grocer cannot have that assistance from his brethren which is necessary to insure him success in it. Why? From that inveterate northern prejudice of color the great mass of the colored family cannot follow those avocations which ensure prosperity and independence. And those who are in such positions are not acknowledged by the whites on terms of social and civil equality. He cannot name an instance where such have been socially acknowledged by the white family in the same circumstances. Why is it not the case? *Prejudice against color*.

Again, in the south, there are men of color possessing wealth equal to nine-tenths of the community in which they reside, and their condition is as honorable, as far as wealth is concerned, as man can wish, or heart desire; for many of them cannot trace their lineage to slavery; yet they are deprived of every principle of manhood there, and those in the most affluent circumstances have to bear more social and personal oppression from the foul demon of prejudice against color than many of their fellows not so well provided with the necessaries of life, because they fear being divested of their wealth, in case they should repudiate their wrongs, and seek redress which civil laws should guarantee to them. I know a [illegible] of color, whose wealth is rated for about $40,000, who hired to [illegible] a white man for a just debt; and the application to the [illegible] Should you [illegible]

retard the influence and wisdom of your journal.

Permit me to hope, in conclusion, that my reflections on Mr. G.'s article, if he deigns to read them, will not be displeasing to him, and far from making him my enemy. In many things, I am a great admirer of him, and would he wield his influence and pen for what will promote our welfare and elevation, in time he would second no statesman.

Yours, respectfully,
SAMUEL A. S. LOWERY.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 31, 1855.

By Telegraph.

Arrival of the "Asia."

HALIFAX, Feb. 14.

The royal mail steamer *Asia*, Capt. Lott, arrived here, en route for Boston, at an early hour this a. m. She left Liverpool on Saturday the 3rd instant.

Her advices are one week later than those by the *Atlantic*.

Polical news is of a highly important character, as was predicted at the departure of the *Atlantic*.

The resignation of Lord John Russell was followed by that of the entire Aberdeen Ministry, and up to the latest moment no new Cabinet had been constructed.

Lord Derby had been invited by Her Majesty to form a new ministry, but his efforts had been unsuccessful.

Affairs in the Crimea remain in exactly the same condition as last reported, and there had been no fighting of importance.

Germanic relations were in as complicated a condition as ever, indeed new difficulties were daily springing up.

Details of the Asia's News.

LATEST.

In Parliament the bill to give effect to the Reciprocity Treaty was read a second time.

The English fleet is ordered to assemble in the Downs, ready for sea, the first week in March. Rumour says Admirals Seymour and Martin will command.

Prussia and the Negotiation.

Prussia is preparing for action. An important despatch, dated Berlin, 21st ultimo, says the Prussian Government has ordered the immediate mobilization of her army, and the 48th and 68th corps were ordered to occupy the provinces of Saxony and Schleswig.

A Prussian despatch, dated January 2nd, addressed to the Cabinets of London and Paris, states that the result of the last conference at Vienna harmonizes with the views of Prussia.

Prussia is not informed of the tenor of the preceding deliberations. She regards the admission of a Prussian representative to the Vienna conference as indispensable to her accession to the treaty.

The demand of France that a portion of the French army be allowed to pass through the Prussian territory was categorically refused.

The Siege.

SEBASTOPOL, Jan. 10.

It is understood in camp that considerable deviations will be made from the original plans of attack, with a view of taking important points of defence in the flank of the reserve. Two divisions of the French army will immediately leave their camps on the British left and take up a new position on the right. The object is partially to stop supplies from reaching Sebastopol by the new road which the Russians have made from Inkermann.

The galvanic apparatus for exploding twenty tons of powder against the sunken ships at Sebastopol has arrived at Balaklava. It is expected the explosion would damage the foundation of Forts Constantine and Alexander.

The Danube.

Large bodies of Russians are again concentrating in Reni, and Said Pacha has proceeded with all his available troops to that point.

The Russians made a reconnoissance from Fort Tultscha on the 10th and 11th, between the Salina mouths of the Danube, and some skirmishing occurred.

The St. Petersburgh "Journal" gives an official account of the recent crossing of the Danube, and describes it as a reconnoitering force. Letters, however, say it was really an advance of the whole Russian army, which was stopped by the orders of the Russian Ambassador at Vienna. The Russians now occupy their previous position.

The new Russian deposit of Odessa are completed, mounting 120 guns.

The fortifications of Anapa, Kaffa, Keilah, and Sagakpahi are being strengthened.

The death of Judge Panet, and the retirement of Judge Rolland has created two vacancies on the Bench. Mr. Mack has been appointed to the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. Mr. Panet, and it is rumored that either Drummond or Badgley will be selected to fill the place of the Hon. Mr. Rolland. The Hon. John Clarke, Commissioner of Public Works, and the Hon. J. P. Chauveau, Provincial Secretary, have retired from the Cabinet. Joseph Cauchon, Esq., M. P. for the County of Montmorenci, has been appointed Chief Commissioner of Crown Lands in room of the Hon. Mr. Morin. Timothy Warren Anglin, Esq., M. P. for the County of Levis, has been appointed Chief Commissioner of Public Works in room of the Hon. Mr. Chauveau. Hector Louis Langevin, Esq., M. P. for the County of Dorchester, has been appointed Provincial Secretary in room of the Hon. Mr. Cauchon.

WAGES IN CANADA.

	s. d.		s. d.
Bricklayers,	0 0	to	11 3
Masons,	0 0		10 0
Stone-cutters,	0 0		10 0
Joiners	0 0		8 9
Carpenters,	0 0		8 9
Tin smiths,	0 0		6 3
Painters,	0 0		7 6
Hatters,	0 0		7 6
Printers, (Compositors)	0 0		7 6
Power-Pressmen,	0 0		8 4
Tailors, Male,	0 0		6 3
Female,	0 0		3 6
Shoemakers,	0 0		7 6
Upholsterers	0 0		7 6
Coopers,	0 0		6 3
Farm Laborers, with board	0 0		3 9
Day Laborers	0 0		5 0
Boys and Girls, (12 to 14)	1 6		1 10
Dress-makers, with board	2 0		2 6
Railway Laborers,	6 0		6 3
Needlewomen, with board	1 3		2 6
Servant Maids, per month,	15 0		0 25
Servant Men,	70 0		0 0
Servant Boys,	35 0		0 0
Carters, per load,	1 3		1 10½

☞ Be currency is equal to 80 U. S. money.

TABLE

For Calculating the Difference between Sterling Money and Currency.

Currency.	Sterling.	Currency.	Sterling.
£. s. d.	s. d.	£. s. d.	£.
0 0 1½ equal to	0 1	1 6 4 equal to	1
0 0 2½ "	0 2	2 8 8 "	2
0 0 3½ "	0 3	3 13 0 "	3
0 0 5 "	0 4	4 17 4 "	4
0 0 6½ "	0 5	6 1 8 "	5
0 0 7½ "	0 6	7 6 0 "	6
0 0 9 "	0 7	8 10 4 "	7
0 0 10 "	0 8	9 14 8 "	8
0 0 11½ "	0 9	10 19 0 "	9
0 1 0½ "	0 10	12 3 4 "	10
0 1 1½ "	0 11	13 7 8 "	11
0 1 3 "	1 0	14 12 0 "	12
		15 16 4 "	13
0 1 2½ "	1 0	17 0 8 "	14
0 2 5½ "	2 0	18 5 0 "	15
0 3 8½ "	3 0	19 9 4 "	16
0 4 10½ "	4 0	20 13 8 "	17
0 6 1 "	5 0	21 18 0 "	18
0 7 3½ "	6 0	23 2 4 "	19
0 8 6½ "	7 0	24 6 8 "	20
0 9 9 "	8 0	121 13 4 "	100
0 10 11½ "	9 0	243 6 8 "	200
0 12 2 "	10 0	365 0 0 "	300
0 13 4½ "	11 0	486 13 4 "	400
0 14 7½ "	12 0	608 6 8 "	500
0 15 10½ "	13 0	730 0 0 "	600
0 17 1 "	14 0	851 13 4 "	700
0 18 3 "	15 0	973 6 8 "	800
0 19 5½ "	16 0	1095 0 0 "	900
0 20 8½ "	17 0	1216 13 4 "	1000
1 1 11½ "	18 0	2433 6 8 "	2000
1 3 1½ "	19 0	4866 13 4 "	4000
1 4 4 "	£1 0 0	8305 6 8 "	5000

CURRENCY TABLE.

s. d.		cts.	s. d.		cts.
0 0½	equal to	0½	1 0	equal to	20
0 1	....	1½	1 1	....	21½
0 1½	....	2½	1 2	....	23½
0 2	....	3½	1 3	....	25
0 2½	....	4½	1 4	....	26½
0 3	....	5	1 5	....	27½
0 3½	....	5½	1 6	....	28½
0 4	....	6½	1 7	....	30
0 4½	....	7½	1 7½	....	31½
0 5	....	8½	1 7½	....	32½
0 5½	....	9½	1 8	....	33½
0 6	....	10	1 9	....	35
0 6½	....	10½	1 10	....	36½
0 7	....	11½	1 10½	....	37½
0 7½	....	12½	1 11	....	38½
0 8	....	13½	2 0	....	40
0 8½	....	14½	2 3	....	45
0 9	....	15	2 6	....	50
0 9½	....	15½	3 0	....	60
0 10	....	16½	3 6	....	70
0 10½	....	17½	4 0	....	80
0 11	....	18½	4 6	....	60
0 11½	....	19½	5 0	....	100

MARKETS.

TORONTO, February 16, 1855.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Flour—Millers' ex. ship. per brl.	40	0	a 41	3.
" Farmers', per 196 lbs	35	0	a 37	6
Wheat—Fall, per bus 60 lbs	7	4	a 7	8
" Spring	0	0	a 0	0.
Oatmeal—per brl of 196 lbs	38	9	a 40	0
Buckwheat Flour—per 196 lbs	00	0	a 0	0
Indian Corn Meal—per 200 lbs	26	0	a 30	0
Rye—per bushel of 56 lbs	6	9	a 7	0
Barley—per bushel of 48 lbs	4	6	a 4	6
Oats—per bushel of 34lbs	1	6	a 1	11
Peas—(small) per bus. 60 lbs	4	0	a 4	0
" Marrowfats	0	0	a 0	0
Timothy Seed—per bus 48 lbs	0	0	a 0	0
Clover Seed—per bus, 60 lbs	32	0	a 35	0
Hay—per ton	167	0	a 0	0
Straw—per ton	83	0	a 0	0
Cordwood—per cord	22	6	a 25	0
Beef—per 100 lbs	35	0	a 36	0
Pork—in the bbl, per 100 lbs	35	0	a 37	6
Bacon—per 100 lbs	55	0	a 60	0
Mutton—per lb, by the quarter	0	3½	a 0	4
Veal—per lb, by the quarter	0	4	a 0	5
Lard—per lb	0	6	a 0	7
Pub Butter—per lb	0	10	a 0	11
Fresh Butter—per lb	1	0	a 1	3
Eggs—per dozen	0	10	a 1	0
Turkeys—each	3	0	a 4	0
Geese—each	2	6	a 3	0
Ducks—per couple	1	3	a 1	6
Fowls—per pair	1	3	a 1	10½
Potatoes—per bushel	0	0	a 0	0
Turnips—per bushel	0	0	a 0	0
Onions—per bushel	0	0	a 0	0
Wool—per lb	1	0	a 1	3
Cheese—per lb	0	6	a 0	7
Soap—per lb	0	6	a 0	10
Candles—per lb	0	9	a 0	11
Rolled Sheet Iron—per 100 lbs	20	0	a 22	0
Bar Iron—per 100 lbs	15	0	a 17	6
Pig Iron—per 100 lbs	7	6	a 8	0
Anthracite Coal—per ton	30	0	a 32	6
Bituminous Coal—per ton	25	0	a 27	6
Salt—per bushel	0	0	a 0	0
Hides—per 100 lbs	0	0	a 0	0
Calfskins—per lb	0	0	a 0	0
Sheepskins—each	0	0	a 0	0

New Advertisements.

GROCERIES, &c.

LOVE & BELL

BEG leave to call the attention of the Citizens of Chatham and of the surrounding country to their extensive assortment of

Groceries, Wooden Ware, Boots and Shoes, &c.

which they offer for sale at the lowest prices for Cash or Approved Credit.

STORE—KING STREET, Opposite the Market Square.

Chatham, Nov. 1, 1854. 19

HOUSE FURNISHING WAREROOMS,

(Opposite the Market,)
NEAR THE POST-OFFICE,
CHATHAM.

SAMUEL HEAKES,
Proprietor.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT is now fully supplied with a splendid Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Every Article a Lady can require.

Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Furs, Mantles, Silk, Satin and Velvet Bonnets, Silk Velvets and Plushes, French Merinoes and Cashmeres, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers,

with a general assortment of all that is useful and necessary.

The Millinery & Mantle Room,

will be under the management and experienced superintendence.

☞ An early call is respectfully solicited. ☜

SAMUEL HEAKES.

TORONTO, Dec. 1st, 1854. 26

AUSTRALIA HOUSE,

THE subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the Travelling Public and Citizens of Hamilton, to his present commodious and comfortable quarters, fitted up, as they have been, expectally for their convenience, and which were formerly under the management of Mr. W. C. CROFT.

Boarding, Lodging, and Meals,

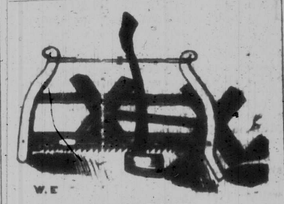
may be had on the most reasonable terms, and every attention requisite to make their stay agreeable, is gratefully and promptly given.

DANIEL LANE,
Late of William Street, Hamilton, C.W.

September, 1853.

N B.—LUNCH at all hours; also, a line of CABS at the service of the Public, at the most reasonable charge. 26

D. L.



NOTICE.

THE undersigned begs to inform the public generally, that he is prepared to furnish the following articles by Wholesale and Retail:

AXE HANDLES,
PICK AXE HANDLES,
ADZE HANDLES,
BUCK SAW FRAMES, and
SAW-HORSES, &c.,

Made in the best manner.

ALSO, BY RETAIL,

New BUCK SAWS, of the best quality, in complete order for service. Also, AXES ready Handled. Also, Handles put into Axes and other Tools.

T. SMALLWOOD'S Axe Factory,
York Street, No. 68.

A DELECTABLE AND ROSEATE COMPOUND IS

ATKINSON'S
UNRIVALLED PARISIAN
TOOTH PASTE,

A UNIQUE PREPARATION,

Quickly Cleansing the TEETH, corroding decay, producing a delightful odor to the Breath, and ruby color to the Gums and Lips,

WITHOUT ACID,

OR OTHER HURTFUL INGREDIENTS TO THE

Enamel or outer Covering of the Teeth.

ITS celebrity in the fashionable circles of Paris and London, and the continual recommendations of eminent Dentists, and those who have been using it for years, establish its superiority over all dentrifices in use, while its miraculous effects upon the Teeth and Gums, *even where there has been considerable neglect*, proves it merits all the eulogium bestowed upon it.

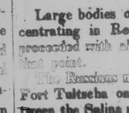
Sole Proprietors,
W. T. ATKINSON & Co.
CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS,
49, *King Street West.*

And sold by their Agents in Lower and Upper Canada and the United States. *Vide* Circulars.

☞ Two Shillings and Sixpence per Bottle, allowed for empty Tooth Paste Pots.

Toronto, October 3, 1854. 23-3m

BOOTS AND SHOES!

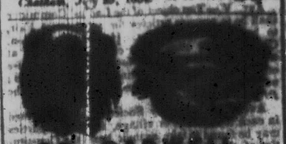


FOR SALE.

CORNELIUS H. CHAREST

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the large number of BOOTS and SHOES on hand, which he will sell at a small advance on cost, for Cash or approved Credit. Those wishing to purchase cheaper than ever, will find it to their advantage to call at his Store, as he is determined to sell off his present stock in a short time. From his long experience in the business, he will guarantee to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Store on the corner of C. H. C. would also give notice that he has commenced the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and is prepared to take measurements for the same, and to execute them in the neatest manner, and at the shortest notice.

Chatham, July 29, 1854. 6



DR. CAGWIN'S

HOUSE FURNISHING WAREROOMS,

(Opposite the Market,)
NEAR THE POST-OFFICE,
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SAMUEL HEAKES,
Proprietor.

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☞ An early call is respectfully solicited. ☜

SAMUEL HEAKES.

TORONTO, Dec. 1st, 1854. 26

NEW GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscriber has opened a GROCERY and PROVISION STORE, in

QUEEN STREET,

(Third door West of Dundurn,)

Would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. He will endeavour, by selling Goods for Cash, or making it an inducement to purchasers to give him a call, by strict attention to business, to merit the confidence of the public.

JOHN MURPHY.

Toronto, Dec. 27, 1854.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

A LARGE Stock of Lochfine HERRINGS, MACKEREL, Smoked SALMON, North Wiltshire and Double Gloucester CHEESES, together with an assortment of TEAS, in half Chests, which the Proprietor can recommend for family use. Also, a large Stock of Port and Sherry WINES, Pale and Dark BRANDIES, OLD TOM (or London Gin), Scotch Whiskey, Bottled Ale and Porter, at

W. MONAGHAN'S,

East Public House, 50, King Street.

Toronto, November 27, 1854. 27-3

Toronto Savings Bank,

Established under the authority of the Legislature and under the patronage of his Lordship the Rt. Rev. A. F. M. DESBARRES-COLL.

Honorary Directors:

Hon. J. Elmsley, Dr. Hayes, Dr. King, Dr. Trenor, Messrs. M. Scallan, Chas. Duggan, Albert Furniss, Francis O'Neil, M. P. Hayes, Jas. Hallinan, John Mills, T. J. O'Neil, J. O'Donohoe, P. J. O'Neil, D. Kehoe, Jos. Hirst, P. Foy, W. J. Macdonell, John Ross, M. Macnamara, S. G. Lyon, J. Wright, Chas. Robertson, Angus Macdonell, J. P. DeLaHaye.

Trustees and Directors.

Elected to serve during the present year:—

W. J. MACDONELL, Esq.—PRESIDENT,
P. J. O'NEILL,—VICE-PRESIDENT,
Messrs. S. G. LYNN, P. FOY, & Dr. HAYES,
BANKERS—BANK OF UPPER CANADA,
SOLICITOR—JAS. HALLINAN, Esq.

This Institution is now opened for the transaction of business on every day—Sundays and Holidays excepted,—from 10 o'clock a. m. to 3 p. m., when sums from One Shilling upwards will be received on deposit, and interest allowed according to its Rules and Regulations, which may be seen at any time by applying at the Bank.

The Toronto Savings Bank has been founded solely with a view towards encouraging habits of economy amongst the operative classes, by offering them a place for the secure deposit of their savings, and the most liberal terms of interest for the money they pay in—to accomplish these ends, and to ensure public confidence in the Institution, the Rules provide—

1. That there shall always be a numerous directory.

2. That ample securities be given by the Officers, and that both Officers and Trustees be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties.

3. That the utmost publicity shall be given to the manner in which the affairs shall be conducted, by submitting a statement at every Session of Parliament to each branch of the Legislature, and publishing the same in the city newspapers.

4. All the profits made by investments are to be paid to depositors, and the Trustees can never be indebted FOR ANY PART OF THE PROFITS.

5. Interest is paid from the last day in each month in which the deposit is made, and continues until the day that the money is withdrawn, which may be done at any time.

6. The services of the Trustees and Directors are entirely gratuitous, and it is not permitted that they shall derive any advantage whatever from the funds, even as accommodation.

Office on Colborne Street, Corner of the Old Post Office Lane.

D. E. FEEHAN,
Manager.

Toronto, Oct. 19, 1854. 30

Information Wanted.

INFORMATION in regard of the whereabouts of JACOB JACKSON, a colored man, who left Philadelphia about nine months ago, intending to go to Canada, in search of his brother EDWARD. It is supposed that he visited Toronto.

Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by his wife,

MARTH JACKSON,
No. 1, Bedford Court, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

Ontario Life Insurance Company.

W. L. HUMBERT

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the Public generally, to the large assortment of BOOTS and SHOES on hand, at his Store on King Street, Chatham, which he will sell at a small advance on cost, for Cash or approved Credit. Those wishing to purchase cheaper than ever, will find it to their advantage to call at his Store, as he is determined to sell off his present stock in a short time. From his long experience in the business, he will guarantee to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Store on the corner of C. H. C. would also give notice that he has commenced the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and is prepared to take measurements for the same, and to execute them in the neatest manner, and at the shortest notice.

Chatham, July 29, 1854. 6

GREAT BARGAINS.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

GREAT WESTERN.

STATIONS.						
Windsor	depart	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
	arrive	4.20		10.45	2.30	7.30
Chatham	depart	5.50		11.50	4.35	8.40
	arrive					
Thamesville	depart			p.m.	5.15	
Wardsville	depart	6.35		12.35	5.50	9.40
Mossa	depart				6.30	
Bidwell	depart	7.15			6.45	
Adelaide road	depart				7.00	
Lobo	depart	7.45		1.45	7.15	10.40
London	arrive	8.10		2.10	7.50	11.05
	depart	8.20		2.25	8.10	11.15
Dorchester	depart	8.40			8.30	
Ingersoll	depart	9.05		3.00	8.55	11.50
Beachville	depart	9.15			9.00	a.m.
Woodstock	depart	9.30		3.25	9.40	12.15
Princeton	depart	10.05			7.20	
Paris	depart	10.25		4.25	7.45	1.05
Fairchild's Creek	depart	10.50		4.50	8 10	
Galt	depart	9.15		3.15		
	arrive	11.40		5.40		
Flamboro'	depart	11.25			8.50	
Dundas	depart	11.50			9.05	
Hamilton,	arrive	11.45		5.40	9.30	2.20
		p.m.	p.m.			
	depart	12.00	2.30	5.50		2.25
Stoney Creek	depart	12.19	2.50			
Grimsby	depart	12.40	4.30			
Beamsville	depart	12.15	4.40			
Jordan	depart	1.10	5.00			
St. Catharines	depart	1.35	5.25	7.00		3.45
Thorold	depart	1.30	5.40			
Niagara Falls	arrive	2.00	6.20	7.25		4.20

Through Freight Trains will leave Suspension Bridge at 5.00 a.m. and Windsor at 5.00 p.m. The Company's Time-Table can be had on application at any of the Stations.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

Great Western Railway Office, Hamilton, November, 1854. 39

PHŒNIX FOUNDRY,

Machine and Stove Works, &c., &c.

JOHN McGEE

RESPECTFULLY announces that he is manufacturing, at the above establishment, 58, Yonge Street,

GRIST and SAW MILL

AND

Machinery Castings and Forgings,

Of every description; also, plain and ornamental

CAST IRON COLUMNS,

Pilasters, Window Caps, Sills,

AND GRATES, BARK MILLS,

Oven Mouths & Cauldrons

SUGAR KETTLES,

RANGE STOVE, DOG IRONS

PLOUGH CASTINGS, &c.,

on the most reasonable terms. All orders punctually executed with the greatest care and despatch. Those favoring him with their orders may rely upon having their work done in a workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice.

BRASS FITTINGS

of every description made to order.

Toronto, May 25, 1854.

Information Wanted.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of the Rev. WILLIAM BUCK, late of Hope, Canada West, to the following statement, which he trusts will induce him to communicate with the Subscriber, or with the Editor of the Provincial Freeman, Toronto, Canada West, as he is anxious to hear from him. He left Canada West, and it is supposed went to the State of Ohio, in the year 1846, or 1847, and has not been heard of since. Any information from the above will be thankfully received at this office.

GEORGE E. BLAKE.

Canterbury, C. W., 1st Month, 1855.

INSOLVENT.

IN the matter of JAMES SIDNEY, an Insolvent. State of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia County. Register's Court, Philadelphia. Fugitive from Justice. Left Toronto, C. W., for the United States, leaving unsettled debts. Wife and family also in the United States. Has no assets in this Province. Any information from the above will be thankfully received at this office.

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Canterbury, C. W., 1st Month, 1855.

St. Sept. 1st, 1854.

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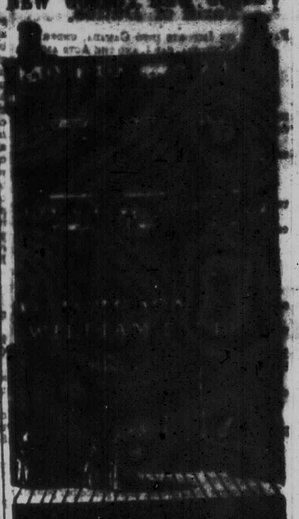
St. Sept. 1st, 1854.



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DRY GOODS!

New Dresses. New Merinoes. New Coburgs. New Shawls. New Plaids. New Poplins. New Flannels. New Ribbons. New Collars. New Carpets. New Sleeves. New Habits. New Blankets. New Gloves. New Hosiery. Neck Ties, Veils, Head-Dresses, &c.

☞ CHEAP FOR CASH. ☜

WILLIAM POLLEY,
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Woollen Goods.

A FULL Assortment of Wool Shoulder, Cuffs, Hoods, Ear Caps, Rigolettes, Boas, Gaiters, Buskins, &c., &c.

WILLIAM POLLEY,
66, King Street, East.

Staple Goods.

SUPERIOR American Shooting, Ticks, Drills, Satinette, Seamless Bags, &c., and Splendid value in Shirtings, Ginghams, Prints, &c., as credited in Canada.

WILLIAM POLLEY,
66, King Street, East.

Checkered Warehouse,
Third door from Church Street,
Toronto, December 14, 1854. 49-3m

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Toronto, May 10, 1854.

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