

Years Road for Intercollegiate Off by Defeating Queens on Saturday

ETON SHOWED PLUCK

After Being Badly Battered Montreal Beaten But St. Patrick's Puts One Over.

It is now clear for the biggest of the Canadian football season. It is the only obstacle by which a coin decided the place for the "Gage" won the toss, so again Tom Gage will again have the privilege of seeing the loser of the toss had the choice. Falsely picked since McEwen to come. Of course, McGill men and Montreal are disappointed that they will not be seeing the game, but there is no objection that will be better staged inadium than could be possible here. In fact will be more money in it for the this has been a comparatively poor additional cash can be well placed.

is game little need he said. If it had Hazellet, Queens would have been no was, in spite of the magnificent et-an, on both on attack and defence, the had a chance.

marked improvement in the play of the local team with the exception of "Pep" was by no means sure of his that is about all he has to commend his usefulness was impaired, to say the contrary Laing was as brilliant scored eleven of the thirty-one points error in judgment in not directing his own halves who were very erratic. In-nsured to Hazellet, who was as sure as he was deadly with his feet.

ing wing, was reminiscent of the days n.

son handled the game nicely. It was aggressive than is usually the case with but "Morry" didn't let any of the away from him.

to be made as glorious as a victory and this fact on Saturday by an exhib- lict fighting that turned a 19 to 0 ginning of the last period of the Yale to 14 tally. Yale's exhibition of open ordinarly have provided copy for col- on, but it was shaded by the Tigers' all are talking not of how Yale won, necton lost.

is to be the new secretary of the X. er man could not have been chosen tion should be congratulated Frank and well liked throughout the coun- good sporting editor and will fill the y nicely.

one conclusion that M. A. A. A. and e beaten on Saturday by Argos and as a big surprise when St. Patrick's ronto Rowing Club 9 to 2 and put O. R. F. U. running.

oes to the Chicago Federals at twice salary.

UST AND LOAN CO.

nd, November 16.—The Trust and of Canada, in the first half of its of September 30th last, showed net 59—being an increase of 4,571 over t preceding.

nds have been increased by 4,574 t \$515,969.

end at the rate of 9 per cent. per declared, and will be paid on the 4th

nting!

our Our e to lets, r re- very en- s far iate Buy

ress, Limited

2 MONTREAL

THE MOLSONS BANK
Incorporated 1855
Capital Paid Up \$4,000,000
Reserve Fund \$4,800,000
Head Office—MONTREAL
21 Branches in Canada

THE DOMINION SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING
LONDON, CANADA
Capital \$1,000,000.00
Reserve 200,000.00
NATHANIEL MILLS
Managing Director

GERMANS ASSUME DOUBLE OFFENSIVE, BUT BOTH FAIL
Russian Armies, Demonstrating Their Superiority, Have Succeeded in Maintaining Their Freedom of Movement.

Petrograd, November 17.—An official admission that the German forces operating from Thorn had made a sudden invasion through the Valley of the Vistula, and reached the region of Plock, caused considerable uneasiness here until the Army Messenger announced to-day that this offensive movement had been decisively checked.

"German efforts to divert attention of the Russian armies have failed completely," says the Army Messenger. "As a result of our advance into East Prussia, the Germans tried to induce our troops to withdraw from East Prussia and the other was from Cracow. Both these efforts failed.

"Two offensive movements were decisively checked and the Germans were again forced to fall back on their bases.

"The Russian armies succeeded in maintaining their freedom of movement and in every way have demonstrated their superiority over the enemy."

While the War Office maintains that the Russian armies still are everywhere successful against the Germans, the situation on the Caucasus front, where the Turks have apparently been successful, is causing great anxiety. The admission that the Russians had been driven from their positions at Koprikoi, which they had won with heavy expenditure of men, caused alarm here.

The War Office asserts that the Russian retirement was made in good order and that as soon as reinforcements arrive at the front to offset the numerical strength of the Turks, the advance on Erzzerum will be resumed.

THE TENNESSEE AT BOURLA
Athens, November 17.—The American cruiser Tennessee has arrived at the Port of Bourla, Asia-Minor. Her arrival there is expected to lessen the persecution directed against subjects of the allied powers.

VIENNA CLAIMS VICTORY.
Vienna, via Berlin, November 17.—An official report from Field-Marshal Potiorek to War Office says: "After severe fighting for nine days against the stubborn resistance put up by an enemy numerically stronger, the brave troops of fifth and sixth Austrian corps have reached Kulbarra and driven the enemy to flight.

"More than 8,000 prisoners, 42 cannon, 31 machine guns and great amount of war supplies were captured."
The first day's subscription to the Austrian war loan were highly favorable. The general public is responding to the government's needs and is showing its confidence in an ultimate victory over the Triple Entente.

GERMANS ISSUED DENIAL.
Berlin, via wireless, November 17.—The German Government issued a formal denial of the reports published in the foreign press that Germany had refused American aid for Belgium. On the contrary, it states this government is highly pleased with the plans that have been made by the citizens of the United States to help Belgium.

ENDING STRONG DEFENSIVE WORKS ALONG THE FRONTIER.
Copenhagen, November 17.—It is reported from the German front that the Germans have been quietly engaged during the past few weeks in erecting powerful defensive works along the frontier of Schleswig-Holstein. No one is permitted to enter Germany except by train. The German commander at Altona, has ordered all roads, and even persons bearing passports are held up. No motors are allowed to proceed in either direction.

THE GIFT SEEKER
will find here a very large assortment of distinctive and attractive presents.
Our large show windows are interesting expositions of timely gifts that are inspirations.
There is a gift here for everyone at a moderate price.
"THE BIG GIFT STORE"
MAPPIN & WEBB
At the corner of Victoria.

ress, Limited MONTREAL

2 MONTREAL

The Journal of Commerce

THE BUSINESS MAN'S DAILY ONE CENT

LULL IN NORTH NEW ATTACK IN SOUTH

Temporary Cessation of Effort in Dixmude-Ypres Line is Significant NIGHT ATTACKS COSTLY

These Night Operations Have Been Costly Both in Men and Position, as Far as the Germans Are Concerned—Hard to Hand Fight Was Disastrous For Invaders.

(Special to The Journal of Commerce.)
Paris, November 17.—The temporary cessation of the efforts of the Germans to pierce the Allies' line in the Dixmude-Ypres region has given rise to the belief here that the German General Staff intends to make a fresh attempt farther south.

The activities of the Germans have been renewed at Menin, Courtrai and Tournai, and many trains have passed there.

New inundations caused by the Belgians, the heavy rains and snow, and the terrific losses have contributed to the lull in operations in Northern France and Belgium. For the past week they have been carried on with great sacrifices. There is no question that the German forces who have made their repeated attacks in the Dixmude-Ypres region are utterly exhausted. Beyond doubt, their losses have been staggering.

The continuous night attacks made by the invaders which have been met by counter-attacks from the Allies, are said at the War Office to have resulted in a considerable thrusting back of the Germans. From all accounts the fighting in these engagements has been fiercer than anything seen in the war.

One report tells of a hand to hand fight in a coal basin in Northern France, which the Germans had partially occupied. The long lines of small houses occupied by the miners formed a capital shelter for their infantry. When the fighting opened the Prussians fought three deep—the front rank lying down, the second rank kneeling and the third rank standing erect. The British fire caused great slaughter, and finally when they charged with the bayonet before the Germans could bring their machine guns into action, hundreds of men fell.

Correspondents also tell of weary and exhausted German troops sent north to be replaced by others. These relieved men were covered with mud and their clothing was in rags. Most of them seemed despirited after their failure, despite many desperate efforts to beat through the line to the coast.

The Germans are experiencing great difficulties in moving their heavy guns. They are unable to follow their favorite tactics of swift, sudden concentration at selected points. Official denial is made that the French have been driven from the Argonne. In an attempt to relieve the strain on their position at St. Mihiel, where they have maintained a wedge between Verdun and Toul for weeks, the Germans attacked the French at Apremont, eight miles east of St. Mihiel and were driven back.

Because of the weather conditions, military operations are virtually suspended in Alsace. Official dispatches from Petrograd announce that the Russians are maintaining their offensive all along the line. From the reports of scouts, it is learned that the Germans have taken command of the forts and defenses of Cracow, and have substituted German soldiers for the Austrian garrison. The Austrians, it is said, have been relegated to the defence of the Carpathians.

ENEMY KEPT FROM TRENCHES.
Vienna, via Berlin and Amsterdam, November 17.—The Austrian War Office says: "In the southern war theatre our victorious troops did not allow the enemy to occupy trenches previously prepared.

"Near Valjevo, where an engagement occurred, the enemy was thrown back and some prisoners taken. The Austrians have reached Kolubara River and occupied Valjevo and Obrenovac."

END OF BOER UPRISING THOUGHT TO BE IN SIGHT.
Pretoria, SA, November 17.—Rebellious Boers, who have just been captured in the Orange Free State, declare that followers of General Christian De Wet are nearly out of ammunition. It is thought the end of the Boer uprising is in sight.

THE TURK STATEMENT.
London, November 17.—The official communication issued by the Turkish War Office follows: "Yesterday we attacked the English near Fao. They lost about 1,000.

"Revolutionary leader Adhur Resak crossed the frontier with 300 men to assist the Russians, but they were dispersed by our troops and many were killed."

OPTION ON JUPITER.
The McKinley-Darragh's option in the Jupiter does not expire until December 17. The Jupiter is expected to be taken over before then.



LATE D. R. WILKIE, President and General Manager of Imperial Bank of Canada, who died suddenly this morning.

BRITISH PRESS BUREAU THINKS ENEMY READY TO QUIT

Lull in Fighting is Taken as Sign That Germans Have Had Enough of Fighting Along Yser.

London, November 17.—The Press Bureau statement says: "The slight losses of ground suffered by the Allies on the 12th were recovered. The 12th was marked by a partial lull in the fighting. Along the line to our north, the German force which had crossed the Yser entrenched on the left bank. Their position was attacked by the French, and they were annihilated at the point of the bayonet. To the south the enemy was forced back three quarters of a mile. To our left the French were driven back a short distance, but the Allies soon recovered all lost ground.

"The fact that the advance against our lines in front of Ypres was not pushed home after such efforts, showed that the enemy had had enough. Although a failure so far, the great attack by the guard corps to accomplish their object cannot yet be accepted as decisive. It may be that it only marks the culmination of the second stage in an attempt to capture Ypres."

GREAT BRITAIN'S DEFICIT.
London, November 17.—Chancellor of Exchequer, Lloyd George, has estimated the deficit for the financial year at £339,571,000, and that the cost of a full year's war is estimated at £460,000,000.

Income and super taxes are to be doubled, but collectable only on third of income this financial year. An increased tax on beer is proposed.

EARLY MORNING FIRE CAUSES CONSIDERABLE LOSS IN YARMOUTH
Was Discovered Shortly After Midnight and is Supposed to Have Started in the Eye Infirmary.

Yarmouth, N.S., November 17.—An early morning fire resulted in the burning out of the Yarmouth Eye Infirmary (Dr. Penchard), the Smith and Cann bakery, Mrs. J. W. Boyd (music and novelties), and Mr. Elias Cosman (residence).

The fire was discovered shortly before one o'clock, and is supposed to have started in the infirmary. Two buildings were practically destroyed.

One occupied by the bakery and infirmary was owned by Mr. M. C. Wyman, of Yarmouth, the other by Mrs. E. S. Matheson, of Amherst.

Mr. Wyman has \$600 in the North American and \$600 in the Western.

Mrs. Matheson had \$1,200 in the Queen. Smith and Cann had \$700 in the London Assurance Company.

The infirmary had \$1,000 in the Aetna and \$500 in the St. Paul and Mrs. Boyd had about \$1,500. The latter figure is not verified, but it is probably in the Yorkshire.

D. R. WILKIE DIED SUDDENLY TODAY

President and General Manager of Imperial Bank Victim of Stroke of Apoplexy

BANKER ALL HIS LIFE

Born in Quebec in 1846, He Started in the Banking Business at the Age of Fifteen and Rose Steadily to Position Occupied at Time of Death.

D. R. Wilkie, President and General Manager of the Imperial Bank of Canada and President of the Canadian Bankers' Association, died of apoplexy in his home in Toronto this morning.

The death of this prominent banker came most suddenly and almost without any previous warning. He was an exceptionally strong man physically, his capacity for work being a subject of frequent comment among his friends and associates.

The late Mr. Wilkie was in his sixty-eighth year, having been born in Quebec on Dec. 17, 1846. He had been in banking practically all his life, starting out at the age of fifteen as apprentice to the late James Stevenson, General Manager of the Quebec Bank, in his native city.

At twenty he was deemed sufficiently well versed in banking affairs to be placed in charge of the bank's branch at St. Catharines. At twenty-six he attained to the dignity of manager of the Toronto branch, in succession to the late H. C. Hammond, who had become first general manager of the Bank of Hamilton.

Then came the founding of the Imperial Bank in 1874 by a group of Toronto capitalists, headed by the late H. S. Howland. Wanting a capable manager, they listened to the praises of D. R. Wilkie, chanted by his friends, and invited him to take control of the infant institution. He accepted and immediately formed that connection with the Imperial which has lasted without a break to the present day.

The start was humble enough. By dint of a little skillful negotiating he arranged a merger of the Niagara District Bank of St. Catharines with the new Bank, thus giving the latter three branches at the outset.

As a banker, the president of the Imperial belonged to the conservative school. He was cautious almost to the point of nervousness. Among the larger bankers of the country he was said to have been the first to smell a squall and the first to shorten sail when it approached. This trait, while it may tend to hamper progress at times, in a healthy one and served to establish public confidence in his judgment. At the same time, Mr. Wilkie was not entirely obscured by this "spirit of caution, for he ventured into the new and untried West ahead of many of his rivals. His confidence in the future of that part of the Dominion overcame any fears he might have entertained at the rashness of his proceedings.

A banker first, last and all the time, with his mind wrapped up in the success of the institution which he virtually founded and has brought to its present stage of prosperity, Mr. Wilkie has not diffused his energies in other directions. He did not figure as a public man, a philanthropist, a collector or a connoisseur, all of which would have diverted his attention from the main object in view. He worked hard and persistently, content to make the Bank the monument of his prowess. This does not necessarily mean that he had no outside interests. He served as president of the Toronto Board of Trade; he took part quietly in philanthropic work and he patronized art and artists to a limited extent, but these were mere bubbles on the surface of his existence.

SYDNEY'S CONTRIBUTION OVER \$40,000.
Sydney, November 17.—Eight hundred Austrians and Germans have been rounded up here by the police and are on parole. They must report to the authorities at stated periods.

The Canadian Patriotic Fund contributions to date total over \$40,000.

FIGHTING IN TRENCHES FILLED WITH WATER.
Paris, November 17.—Although violent fighting between the Allies and the Germans is still going on in West Flanders, troop movements have been completely checked by floods and storms, which have turned the highways into swamps. Inclement weather has brought out a new phase of courage among the French, British, Belgians and Germans. They are bearing without complaint the conditions which are causing terrible suffering.

Some of the Germans have been fighting in the trenches half filled with ice cold water since Monday morning. The British have distinguished themselves by charging across an inundated district, south of Dixmude, where soldiers had to wade through water to their waists.

In the wake of a German detachment which was compelled to fall back after a series of ineffectual attacks northeast of Ypres, many Germans were found on the ground helpless from exposure and exhaustion.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce

Head Office—TORONTO
Paid Up Capital \$15,000,000
Reserve \$13,500,000

Board of Directors:
THE EDMOND WALKER, C.Y.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
J. A. LAMB, Esq., K.C., LL.D., Vice-President
John Harkin, Esq., K.C., LL.D., D.C.L.
Sir Lyman M. Dunning, Esq., K.C., LL.D.
Sir John M. Gibson, K.C.M.G., K.C., LL.D.
Frank F. Jones, Esq., D.C.L.
William Forwell, Esq., D.C.L.
Charles Colby, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.
Hon. W. C. Edwards, Esq., LL.D.
A. Kingsman, Esq., F.R.S.
E. R. Wood, Esq.
G. G. Fisher, Esq., B.A.
George W. Allan, Esq.

ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager
JOHN ARD, Assistant General Manager.

WITH BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA AND IN THE UNITED STATES, ENGLAND AND MEXICO, AND AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, THIS BANK OFFERS UNSURPASSED FACILITIES FOR THE TRANSACTION OF EVERY KIND OF BANKING BUSINESS IN CANADA OR IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

GERMANS DISPLAY MORE CULTURE SHEELS AGAIN FALL ON RHEIMS

Enemy Has Been Forced to Evacuate Part of His Trenches Which Were Reached by the Water.

Paris, November 17 (3 p.m.)—The official communication follows: "At Neuport before Dixmude and in the region of Ypres, the enemy has taken on greater violence than during the preceding days. On the canal to the south of Dixmude the action of our artillery checked the works which Germans were erecting to evacuate part of his trenches which were reached by the water.

"Two attacks by German infantry, one to the south of Hixeshote, the other to the south of Ypres, have been repulsed.

"For our part we have made marked progress between Blieshote and the canal and between Armentieres and La Bassée. The artillery battle is particularly fierce in that region.

"On the Aisne small German forces that attempted to cross the River near Vally have been thrown back or destroyed. Our positions on the right bank above Vally have been violently cannonaded, similarly in the region of Rheims. Some shells have already fallen on that town.

"In the Argonne region there has been no infantry engagement. We have blown up a number of German trenches with a mine.

"On the heights of the Meuse to the south of Verdun we have advanced at several points. In the region of St. Mihiel we have captured some of the outlying houses of the villages. They are held by the garrison of St. Mihiel. That village constitutes the only place of support left to Germans on the left bank of the Meuse in that region.

"On the rest of the front there is nothing to report."

TO BRING BELGIANS TO U. S.

Washington, November 17.—Organized efforts are being made to bring Belgian refugees into the United States and place them in agricultural sections of the country, according to President Wilson, in his discussion with visitors. The President believes many of the Belgian agriculturists would be useful in this country.

GERMAN LOSSES 100,000 IN FOUR DAYS.

London, November 17.—A correspondent of the Daily Mail at Dunkirk, wires that the German losses during the last four days of the fighting in Flanders are estimated at 100,000 men.

RUSSIANS OCCUPY POSSESSERN.

Petrograd, November 17.—An official report from the Russian General Staff announces the occupation of Possesern, a town on the Margrabowa-Angersburg Railroad, only 3 miles northeast of the East Prussian fortress of Loetzen.

LORD ROBERTS' FUNERAL.

London, November 17.—The announcement was made to-day that the funeral of Lord Roberts would be public, and that the services would be held in St. Paul's Cathedral on Thursday. The burial place has not yet been decided upon. The British public would like to see the great soldier buried in Westminster Abbey, but Lady Roberts expressed wishes that he be buried at Ascot.

SAILS TO MEET GERMAN FLEET.

Copenhagen, November 17.—Reports received from German sources says the Russian Baltic Sea squadron sailed from its base at Helingsfors and intends to engage the German squadron in the Baltic.

TURKS-SUFFERED HEAVILY.

Petrograd, November 17.—An official statement issued by the Admiralty to-day says: "On the Black Sea, littoral, the Turks' offensive on the coast road near Liman failed. Attacked in the flank and rear by the fire of our warships, the Turks suffered serious losses. Their reserves were annihilated."

CRUISER BERLIN IN NORTH SEA.

London, November 17.—German auxiliary cruiser Berlin is reported to have appeared at Tromsheim, Norway.

Underwriters here say the report indicates that the Berlin is trying to make her way into the North Sea to act as a commerce destroyer.

NO MARTIAL LAW NOW.

Pekin, November 17.—As a result of the fall of Kiao-Chao into the hands of the Anglo-Japanese forces, martial law no longer prevails at Vladivostok.

To Investors
We have several business properties on St. Catherine Street West for sale at a price that should appeal to any intending purchaser.
For particulars apply to—
THE CRADOCK SIMPSON CO.
THE TRANSPORTATION BUILDING
120 ST. JAMES STREET.
MONTREAL.
MAIN 8090