nd Canals electricity ening a l locks at he Domin-Abstract, he Depart. Statistical tment. the steam d at Mong to muron Thursa critical es to the menced by ian Pacific rate from now \$12.45 en days. R. station. to W. L. pout 20,000 v destroyed out 10,000 the James factory in st concerns l. however serious na

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MOHUN'S TURN NOW.

a Law Suit.

lewerage Commissioners Write a Letter

to the Council-Ald. Belyes Charges Ald. Baker with Cowardice-Ald. Ba-

ker Disagrees with the Acting Mayor.

Mayor Beaven celebrated the 1st at

Vancouver and was not in the civic chair

at last night's meeting of the council.

The honor was paid Ald. McKillican to

appoint him to the mayor's seat. The

whole of the evening was taken up with

he reading of the communications. A

large number were gone through with

were still thirty communications, several

of which had long been on the file that were not read. The communications were simply referred to the several com-

mittees. The council broke up at 10

o'clock because Ald. Baker left the

council chamber, alleging that acting

mayor McKillican was ruling wrongly.

Ald. Bragg went out with Ald. Baker

The sanitary engineer's monthly report

The sanitary engineer's monthly report was received and filed. The city en-gineer reported re the drain opposite the Yates street property of R. T. Williams. Copy ordered sent to Mr. Williams.

Several complaints from holders of lots

in Ross Bay cemetery that graves had

een desecrated were received. Rose

trees, plants and flowers were said to

have been taken. Referred to sanitary

The Wm. McDowell claim was brought

up by the reading of a communication

from Drake, Jackson & Helmcken re-

juesting a reply to their previous letter.

A communication was received relative

to a defective drain on Blythe street. Received and the clerk instructed to

write that surface drains would be con-

The sewerage commissioners wrote re

the sewerage system and Engineer Mo-

tructed in that vicinity shortly.

abled till next meeting.

and there was no quorum.

committee.

un as follows:

when the council adjourned there

Demands Reinstatement Else Threatens

WILL RELY UPON HIS CONTRACT | Amendment prevailed.

ter mark.

tee.

drainage.

ment..

las road beach, was referred to the sew-

erage committee to act, the intention be-

ing to run the drain out to half high wa-

that W. Burns, contractor for the police

cells was entitled to \$1700 on his work,

was also referred to the finance commit-

A letter asking for a tile drain on the

Craigflower road near the property of

Captain James Gordon was received. Answer was ordered sent that the matter

would be dealt with under the surface

City Engineer Wilmot sent to the coun-

cil plans of surface drainage. Attached

to the plan was an agreement signed by

the property holders through which the

Ald. Baker moved that tenders be call-

Ald. Belyea said that the signers might

repudiate their signatures. He wanted

Ald. Baker said the agreement would

hold water as well as any legal docu-

The agreement was read by City Clerk

Dowler. It stated that the signers

would agree to permit the right of way

for the drain and would sign any other

Ald. Belyea asked Ald. Baker if he

would buy a piece of land and build a

Ald. Baker wanted the plans adopted,

then the legal document could be drawn

out. If they signed the council would

go ahead, if not there was no harm done.

Why dilly dally? There was plenty of

At the suggestion of Ald. Belyea the

Chief Deasy, of the fire department,

forwarded the following communication:

Chief Engineer's Office, Victoria Fire Department. Victoria, B.C., June 5. '93. His Worship the Mayor and Fire Wardens:

His Worship the Mayor and Fire Wardens: Gentlemen-I have the honor to submit the following report for the month of May: Three fires occurred, with a loss estima-ted at \$2,030. Two of the fires were promply extinguished; the third occurred in a quantity of rubbish at the north cor-ner of Broad and Johnson streets, near a building formerly occupied by the late Willis Bond. I notified the agent to re-move the debris, but they failed to do so. The whole locality is dangerous. I have two firemen on the sick list and one out of town, with substitutes in their

ne out of town, with substitutes in their

ouse thereon without title deeds?

time for documents.

plan was simply accepted.

ed for and the drain constructed on the

supposed drain would pass.

line laid down in the plans.

legal agreement drawn up.

oard of dilicense for ninisters all rms in conboycott if terfere and

e the works

ott, one of he country. e last fort-ed between of cheese, factory men

Sanitary Engineer's Office, City Hall, Victoria, B. C., June 28, 1893. His Worship the Mayor and the Board of an electric His Worship the Mayor and the board of Aidermen: Gentlemen:—We beg to call your attention to the unwarrantable statements with refer-ence to the severage works, which have been reported in the daily papers as made by certain aldermen, and which so far have not been contradicted by their alleged au-thors. These statements, while reflecting thefy upon the integrity and professional skill of the engineer, also necessarily im-pute mismanagement, if nothing worse, to the commissioners. We have been identified with the work whole period, in constant communication and consultation with the engineer, and the firmly convinced that the statements referred to have not the slightest found-tion. The works have been thoroughly well constructed, and have proved most efficient and satisfactory, in as far as the work has been carried out, assertions to the contrary notwithstanding. anal, to be ng the lock the Canaof Toronto.

mpleted in est will last Iontreal up dgeman, the

to kill his her. The s in the St. iary. Mrs. nd is able to

iminal code n to give evas put in opthe Toronto the case of ith stealing

work has been carried out, assertions to the contrary notwithstanding. We find it difficult to believe that any member of the Council has faith in the unfounded reports which for many months past have been circulated by certain alderen, for the purpose of decrying a sewer-e system which has met the approval of e most eminent authorities. Surely it

ers and the engineer.

ewerage

had never said anything derogatory

the character of Mohun and was will-

## THE VICTORIA WEEKLY TIMES, FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1893

## pressed in the letter of the 8th Instant, we shall bring an action against the Corporation for the damages to which we have referred. the interest of the public. It was their Ald. Belyen-Pshaw. Ald. Baker added that he would like

An early reply will oblige. An early reply will oblige. Bodwell & Irving. to see the sewers a success. It would be a great loss if they were not. He wanted the aldermen, the citizens and Mohun to understand that he was satiscity knew that Mohun was a pensioner in the city the better. Mohun had a fied with an investigation at any time. contract. If it were legal let him take THE LITTLE WAR IN. ACHEEN A letter to the effect that Boyd street action. drain discharged the sewage on the Dal-

Acting-Mayor McKillican said that he had told them that there was a contract. A Couple of Big Fires, a Few Earth-The council would pay no attention and they faced the courts. Ald. Bragg moved that the letter be

W. Ridgway Wilson forwarded his bill received and filed, and the writers infor plans for civic buildings, amounting to \$666.70. Referred to finance comformed of the previous action of the council mittee to report. A letter from architect Teague stating

The motion was put. Ald. Bragg held up his hand for aye and Ald. Belyea and Henderson held up their hands for nay. There were also Ald. Baker and Ald. Miller in the council chamber at discovered in Burmah. the time. Acting-Mayor McKillican declared the motion lost. Ald, Baker rose the 16th inst. to a question of privilege. He did not hear the motion put and had his hand local government for permision to conunder the desk. Was not the chair going to count Ald. Miller and him in with

the ayes? Mayor Beaven had always done se Acting-Mayor McKillican replied that Ald. Baker's hand should not be under the desk. The chair could not help what the chair had done. He would again ask the ayes and navs. Ald. Baker and Bragg voted aye and Ald. Belyea and Henderson nay. Acting-Mayor McKillican declared it a tie and voted with the navs. "The motion is lost." he said. Ald. Baker asked wasn't the chair going to count Ald. Miller with the ayes. The Chair-No. Ald. Baker then got up and left the council chamber, stopping for a mo- yen. A building which covered an area

ment at Ald. Bragg's chair. Ald. Bragg got up and followed Ald. Baker out of the room. The Chair-There is no quorum. The council is adjourned.

SIX DAYS OF CALLS.

A Clergyman Who Took a Hint and Astonished His Flock.

A clergyman heard that certain people were criticizing the infrequency with which he visited them. "Do they say I neglect the sick or the afflicted ?"

"No; but they think you might drop in

oftener in a social way." "Ah, I see! Thank you very much for a hint. I'll attend to this." Monday morning the pastor left his nome, and carrying a carefully revised list of his parishioners in a small book he began a house to house visitation. It was wash day. His congregation was made up of all sorts and conditions of people. He didn't mind it. He at once adapted himself to circumstances. En-brought under control. The origin of adapted himself to circumstances. . En-The dry season is a reminder that the department asked for 2000 feet of fire hose at the beginning of this year. It is sadly needed, and I respectfully recommend the placing of this hose in the hails as soon as possible. It was just de-

possible. I would also recommend the placing of the reserve engines in one of the stores connected with the market, so that they might be taken out at any time. The superintendent of the market is away dur-ing the night, and the doors are locked. ing irons, satin-finished shirt fronts, the The matter is being investigated. consumption of fuel and the everlasting

Visiter's Experiences-British Col-umbia's Poor Exhibit. Strained Relations Between the French (Correspondence of the Times.)

and the Siamese.

antries in the Far East.

palace at Soul.

barrels of cement were destroyed.

which, it is said, he did.

of the second honorary rank.

Kvoto.

Chicago, June 26.-Visitors to Chicago are naturally asked first if they have been to see the fair. Well, I have been after eating two nutmegs, and died withto the fair, several times. You ask, is in twelve hours. it worth seeing? Emphatically yes; it is simply beyond description. The buildings quakes, Two Wrecks, a Little Dash of Smallpox and Other Usual Pleasand grounds are in themselves worth far more than the time and money necessarily spent in getting here from the coast. As to overcharging, the stories are all Late Oriental advices by the Empress false. To one accustomed to Victoria of China, which arrived this morning, charges the wonder is how it is done so

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

cheaply. I am living at Lincoln Park, eleven days from Yokohama, are as fol-10 miles north of the fair ground, and Rich deposits of placer gold have been it costs just 10 cents to get there by elevated railway or by cable car, 15 cents by cable and Illinois Central, or 20 Ten fresh cases of smallpox are recents by boat. Or, to be plainer, the fare from the vicinity of the court house, ported to have occurred in Nagasaki on Application has been made to the Kyoto one and a half miles from where I am struct an electric railway in that city. cents, Illinois Central railway 10 cents, The Korean steamer Ken Yeki arrived steamboat 15 cents each way. Time, Illinois Central, 14 minutes; elevated, in Kobe on June 18 to ship the electric light plant and machinery recently purabout 30; cable, about 40 minutes.

chased in Osaka for use in the royal The city is not one-half full, and consequently good accommodation can be Twenty-four hair ropes, measuring in had cheap. First-class rooms may be had at from \$5 to \$7 per week (and no all 4,528 feet and weighing 8,897 lbs., putting two and three in a room as rewere contributed by the women of Japan for the purpose of dragging the timof the city, the north side. This, of bers used in the recent, re-construction course entails an extra 5 cents for car of the Eastern Hongwanji temple at fare. Meals can be had at any price one chooses, but one can live well at from \$1.50 to \$2 per day for meals. On The loss of the Nippon Cement Com-pany from the fire which ocurred at the the fair ground there are a lot of res- and clear voice, read as follows:factory at Yasushiro, Kumamoto Pretaurants where if one is soft they will fecture, on the 12th inst., is stated to take advantage, but by going to the Welamount to between 140,000 and 150,000 lington restaurants-and they are everywhere—you get good wholesome food and plenty of it at reasonable rates, some-what higher than in the city, but after of over 500 tsubo and more than 30,000 The Nichi Nichi reports that the Rusexperiencing an exhibition at Victoria one sian gunboat Koreetz having recently anchored at Shishiki-ura, Shirato island, is forced to ask how is it done so cheap-

Nagasaki Prefecture, and engaged in Th fair is simply beyond all description, taking soundings there, a secretary of but I must say that poor British Columthe Matsuura district office proceeded to bia, as usual, is not in it. The mining the spot and ordered the captain of the display is not one-half as good as poor gunboat to leave the place at once, old John Kurtz used to have in his cigar store on Government street. The fruit Count Terashima Munenori, privy is in bad order, in a bad position, and councillor, died Tuesday, June 6, at the looks dirty, slovenly and mean, when age of 61. The count had been suffercompared with displays from other secing for more than a year from spinal tions that are not nearly so well adapted complaint, and of late this disease had for fruit raising. The fishery exhibit been complicated by an affection of the has to be hunted for all through the lungs. On the day of his death the emgeneral Canadian fishery exhibit, and peror promoted the distinguished stateswhen found it is good, but very limited, man from the junior to the senior grade a few stuffed B. C. salmon sent by the Ottawa government being the principal At a little past 2 o'clock on June 20 features. There are a few tins of canfire broke out in a storeroom belonging ned salmon, possibly enough to fill two to Mr. Sasakawa Juemon, at No. 1 cases. The agricultural exhibit is fairly Sanyacho, Asakusa, Tokyo, and 49 hous- good, but it is in the forestry building that official stupidity has had its full swing, and here B. C. is simply disgraced. There are two fairly good fir planks, half the fire is said to have been accidental. a dozen or so cedar boards about 12 feet On the 16th inst. the people of Kamiby 10 or 12 inches, and a few old weamizo, Koza and Aiko districts of Kanather beaten sections of trees that kicked gawa Prefecture were surprised on arisaround Vancouver for five or six years, ing from their beds in the morning to painted black on the ends with address to World's Fair commissioner in white find that during the night a fall of ashes paint. This to show what British Co-lumbia can do in the timber line, while had occurred from some unknown source. Loud rumblings were heard on several

every other country in the known world, many of them

deadly character, may be consumed with-

out inconvenience in quantities suffi-cient to produce fatal results; and it is surprising, not that death occasionally occurs from its use, but that deaths are not more frequent. A fatal case has been recently reported in which a boy of eight years fell into a comatose condition

## WILHELM'S SPEECH.

Address of the German Emperor at the Opening of the Reichstag.

Berlin, July 4.-The Reichstag was opened to-day by Emperor William in person. At noon the castle guards marched into the white saloon, which occupies the southeast corner of the royal palace, and took positions about the dais from which His Majesty was to read his speech in opening the session. Following the guards came the members of the Bundesrath, the representatives of the individual states composing the is, via cable cars or elevated railway 5 German Empire. After them came the ministers of state and the members of the Reichstag. When all had taken the positions assigned to them, the Prince of Pless, grand marshal of the court, announced the approach of the Eperor by knocking upon the floor with his staff of office. The Emperor, attired in full military uniform, entered the saloon and ported), by going to the far larger part proceeded directly to the dais, which was erected to the right of the press gallery. Bowing low, Chancellor von Caprivi handed the manuscript of the

imperial speech to the Emperor. Holding himself erect His Majesty in a firm

"Honored gentlemen:-"Since you have been called in common to work for the federal government, I desire to welcome you upon entering on your deliberations. A bill concerning the peace footing of the country, which was submitted to the former Reichstag, to my regret, did not find approval. It was the unanimous conviction, shared by all my high confederates, that the Empire no longer could afford to renounce the development of the army system, necessary to guarantee the future safety of the Em-

pire in face of the development of military institutions generally. The rejection of the army bill was bound therefore to lead to the resolution to dissolve the Reichstag and order new elections. Since the first introduction of the bill, the political situation in Europe has experienced no change.

"The relations of the Empire with other powers are thoroughly friendly and free from all clouds. The proportion of Germany's organized military strength has, however, changed for the worse during the past year, when compared with that of our neighbors. If already Germany's geographical position and historical development has laid upon us the duty to maintain a relatively strong army, then a further increase in the military strength of the Empire becomes a formidable necessity to satisfy the duties laid upon me by the constitution. I consider that all the means at our disposal must be utilized in order to establish an effective defense of the fatherland. "You will receive immediately bill regarding the peace footing of the army, in which there will be taken into account as far as possible certain desires expressed during the discussion of the late bill. Consequently, diminished demands are made upon the personal capacities and tax-bearing power of the people, as far as possible, without endangering the efficiency of the army. The Empire's interest requires, especially in view of the end of the Septenate next spring, that the bill be passed with utmost dispatch, so that the new recruit calls may be made before autumn on the new basis. Delay would influence most unfavorably our strength for more than twenty years.

15

The prisoner sentatives of ntreal it was he request of permitted to deliberations ives on the ters were adnetings when door would and other exents for the 1 4.475 head. has decided anges in jumagistrates will be abol-Champagne, out of office. abolished the of Montreal, the Mercier other changes istry system, fect a consid-

with the Council, as in and since 1350 commissioners have repeatedly urged in the Council the great importance of ing these connections made as the work ceeded, but with no result. 'e again earnestly call your attention to great importance of at once having the h-tanks constructed and the flap-valves in place; neglect of these essential conreal published rench-Canadi in place; neglect of these essential con-ons to success will inevitably result in accumulation of sewer gas, which her or later will find its way into illings, and cause an outbreak of hold, diphtheria, or other disease, for ch the public will be justified in hold-you responsible. e trust you will cause the investiga-asked for by Mr. Mohun to be made, on the lines suggested by Ald. Baker, before a tribunal competent to take lence on oath, into all matters or any ter connected with the sewerage works. Gentlemen, your obedient servants, (Signed) J. H. TURNER, THOS. EARLE, JOHN TEAGUE, Sewerage Commissioners. ied Abbe Moin place; neglect of these essential con he purpose of letter is dathead of Lake tates that 20 e line of the were killed er. A letter ists says the on an excavaumbled in on

tor Sweetman the capture of of the Chica Ald. Belyea moved that the report be av at Port Hu the act of ex The motion was seconded by Ald. Henmail pouches ind a memor Ald. Baker sarcastically said that it he had continwas a nice report. years and that Ald. Belyea wanted a vote on the moin that way. arly 200 letters Ald. Baker wanted the investigation and his pockets nd would carry it out to the furthest. way places in undred dollars

g to back up anything that he had said. iven to the dis Ald. Miller-What is this? Letter or tem of Quebec of the Catholic Ald. Baker-Nonsense. of public in-Ald. Miller moved that the letter be eting. Hitherto ed and the writers thanked for their has not been ggestions those who de-Ald. Bragg said that any alderman had in a very gen perfect right to criticize public action. lasson, formerly hat did the commissioners and sanitary roduced a reso eer send their reports to the board shall o person It ill became the commissioners. model, or ele write the letter. He would like to l by the governve a sifting. There were methods a certificate of aropted in connection with the sewerage 1 the committee which were not for the benefit of the sing it, and with ay members Ald. Belyea said that whatever Ald. unanimity ker said Ald. Bragg said amen to it. resolution d. Baker had said at this board things ng their attacks. ich no man should allow to pass unved and spread Masson Ald. Baker-State them. of the inferiority Ald, Belyea-Turn up the papers. Ald, Belyea then added that Ald, Bak-Catholic schools cal education the priesthood,

Catholics wish to

rotestant schools

cease." Every

discussing the

reforms are

censure.

It all

was afraid of an investigation. Baker-Why should I be afraid? Ald. Belyea wished the letter tabled un the report of the Mohun investigammittee came in. Ald. Baker was not afraid of a sewerinvestigation. He was afraid of lothing that he had said and would not

ing the night, and the doors are locked. The dry weather makes it imperative that no delay should occur in placing engines at work, and a small sum would be well spent fitting up one of the empty stores on Cor-morant street for the use of the fire de-partment. At present the engine in the large market hall is liable to injury, and cannot be taken out at night without breaking the lock on the gates. The stone crossings and car tracks throughout the city are responsible for sev-eral breakages of fire apparatus, and the miring of the engine and truck at the last fire on View street, caused the is-suance of an order to avoid that portion of the street, between Quadra and Vancouver le most eminent authorities. Surely it ould have been the duty of any member it he council, as the guardian of the pub-c'funds, believing these assertions well punded, to have demanded an immediate prestigation. Nearly a month ago Mr. Mo-un addressed a letter to the Council request-ig that such an investigation be made. to notice whatever was taken of that communication until a second letter had sent to the chairman of the sewerage en sent to the chairman of the sewerage mmittee, requesting him to call the at-ntion of the council to the matter. Upon is, we believe a committee was appointed ascertain if an investigation was ad-sable, and up to the present time this minittee has apparently done nothing; hile in the face of Mr. Mohun's reiterated upication. Alderman Baker is wenorted to 1 suance of an order to avoid that portion of the street, between Quadra and Vancouver streets. It is almost unnecessary to add that Victoria West, the eastern section of the city and James Bay depend on Providence to save them from fire. One engine, six hundred feet of hose, one truck and one chemical cannot be relied on always to save the millions of dollars' worth of property in this city, and should a configation occur I can only refer to the many vain efforts made to point out the requirements of the fire department. At three o'clock this afternoon the water gauge in the City Hall Indicated 22 pounds pressure, which is insufficient to throw a one-lnch stream, direct from a hydrant into the upper window of a three story building. The department will drill at 7:15 o'clock on Thursday evening. I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, THOMAS DEASY, Chief of Fire Dept. This letter was referred to the fire wardens. the street, between Quadra and Vancouver le in the face of Mr. Mohun's reterated objection, Alderman Baker is seported to re asserted that the Sanitary Engineer not want any investigation. Judging m the reported proceedings of the Coun-your honorable body appears to be un-are of the contents of the reports made you from time to time by the com-sioners and the engineer. sioners and the engineer. ome of your members express disappro-ion of the work, because the connec-is with the buildings were not made at time when the covers were being con-octed. The blame for this, if any, must t with the Council, as in and since 1890 commissioners, here remeatedly urged

was tired of listening to letters. Why

A letter from the sewerage committee re the British Columbia Terra Cotta Co. and its contract for pipes with the city was referred to the finance committee.

A letter re the defective sewerage at the Grand Pacific Hotel was referred to the sewerage committee to report. City Engineer Wilmot sent in a letter recommending that flush tanks be p:ovided for the sewers. He gave his ppinion that there would be trouble if this matter were not a tended to. Ald. Belvea asked that this matter would be taken up. Eight tanks would cost \$1000 or \$1200. Ald. Bragg-It was a big mistake of Mohun's that the flush tanks were not

previously thought of. Referred to the sewerage committee. Bodwell & Irving wrote re Mr. Mohun's discharge by the city council:-

hun's discharge by the city council:-Victoria, B. C., June 26, 1893. To His Worship the Mayor and Corpora-tion of the City of Victoria. B. C. Gentlemen:-Mr. Edward Mohun has con-suited us with reference to a letter writ-ten by the City Clerk to him, dated the 18th day of June, 1893, which states that the City Clerk is instructed to inform Mr. Mohun that the Corporation is obliged to dispense with his services, which, in con-sequence, will cease from and after the 30th day of June, 1893, and directing him to make over the plans, property, etc., in his charge to the City Engineer. We can scarcely conceive that this

to make over the plans, property, etc., in his charge to the City Engineer.
We can scarcely conceive that this communiation was intended to express the serious determination of the Council, as it would be a direct breach of the contract made with Mr. Mohun when he was appointed Sanitary Engineer for the construction of the sewerage works.
That appointment was made in pursuance of a written communication from Mr. Mohun, dated the 19th September, 1890, in which he agreed to accept the position of Sanitary Engineer, and to earry out the proposed sewerage works at an annual salary of \$3000 in lieu of the regular commission to which he would otherwise be entitled from the Corporation. Mr. Mohun has acted in perfect good faith upon the basis of the terms thus arranged with the Corporation. The letter of the 18th of June, to which we have referred, expresses the intention on the part of this contract.

of the contract. If this course is persisted in. Mr. Mohun will have but one remedy, and this is to bring an action against the Corporation for breach of contract, in which, no doubt, his damages against the city would be assessed at a very large amount. We are instructed to say that unless the

take back a tittle. He was working in Council reconsider its d

Ald. Miller moved adjournment. He

not take up something else?

-The Living Church.

its abode in the new human being.

raking at the stove. He grew in favor. occasions on the 7th, 8th and 10th inst. Wednesday he continued ringing bells and rapping at doors. He threw out wise suggestions about the workbasket, spoke of stocking darning and how to sew little patches in the demoralized seats of little boys' trousers. He showed a charming familiarity with needles. scissors and thimbles. He made a deep and abiding impression. Thursday, nothing daunted, and moved by a noble ambition to elevate the flock, he spent the entire day commenting upon pleasures derived from former calls, evening parties and dramatic entertainments. It tired him awfully, but he would not give up. Friday found him talking up the merits of furniture polish, the advantage of salt over tea leaves for cleaning carpets, describing different methods of dusting and the wholesome effects of exposing mattresses to the sunlight. He kept growing in favor. Saturday morning he hurried through breakfast, and after consulting the list

of names he informed his wife that he would not return till late in the evening, and again renewed his pilgrimage. Some families who didn't keep cooks were at work in their kitchens. He insisted upon going there so as not to disturb their plans. He fascinated them with his knowledge of culinary science. He discussed the relative merits of baking powders, told how to make ice-cream without eggs, brown bread without yeast and delicious jelly from dried apples. He expressed a hope that they never fried fish without flouring, and warned them never to drop crullers in the kettle until the lard was boiling. He abominated hot lemon pie, but by the urgent invitation of a newly-married experimentalist he consented to eat a piece, and suffered for two days afterwards in consequence. Footsore and fagged, he returned to the parsonage about 9 o'clock. Sunday The church was filled. came. The preacher's stock had suddenly jumped away up. At the time for the sermon he came to the pulpit step and thus spoke:

"With a desire to conciliate those of my brethren who never, in health or sickness (and I have been in both conditions), think it necessary or polite to call upon me. I have spent the entire week in the parish. Out of 200 families I have found just 19 persons ailing. Two complained of ulcerated teeth, one was suffering from a stiff neek, one was nursing a toe with an ingrowing nail, three had sick headache, five were doctoring for neuralgia, two had asthma, one was laid up with a broken leg and four had colds in their heads. Under the circumstances have had no time left for study or the preparation of a sermon. Of course, you do not expect one. Let us pray.

The Mysterous Chuwasians.

In the province of Orenburg and adjoining "governments" of the eastern part of European Russia live a curious people, the Chuwasians, whose origin is still a matter of conjecture. Although they were, rather forcibly, converted to the Orthodox Greek Church in the latter half of the eighteenth century, they still retain their belief in the heathen deities, whom they worship in the guise of good and evil spirits, and whom they propi'iate with gifts offered at the suggestion of the sorcerers, the her ditary prieshood. The most singular part of their belief is that the souls of men live some- in preparing a tariff bill. I hope to see where "in a beautiful country until a a radical reduction made in the tariff habe is born, when upon the incantation of the necessaries and as great a reducof the witches a soul is forced to take tion on the luxuries as the conditions

in the neighborhood of Mitsumata village, Uwomema district, Niigata Prefecture. The sounds could not be precisely located, but were believed to emanate from the volcanic peaks of Akayu or Naratsu in th Shirane and Asama ranges. in Tochigi and Nagano Prefectures. The investiture of Khone by the Siamese has been terminated and the French garhas been terminated and the French gar-rison reinforced and supplied with stores. Captain Thoreux is still a prisoner with the Slamese at Kong (up the river, some disance frotm Khone). The Governor-General has asked the Slamese mandarin to liberate the officer, and has threatened the vengeance of the French goernment against Slam Late advices from the small Acheen war are as follows:

are as follows: Penang, June 3.—The Achinse have at-tacked Balbalian. The employees of the oil works have taken refuge in the fort, and afterwards they sailed in the steamer Winho for Langat. The Netherlands con-sul at Penang has ordered the Dutch gun-boat, Sambas to Balbalian.

The Duke of Teck's Family.

At a moment when the public mind is nterested in the royal marriage, the following facts, which are not generally known, relating to the Duke of Teck's origin, may prove of interest. The Duke of Teck, on his mother's side, is directly lescended from the illustrious Hungarian dynasty, the kings of Arpad, the oldest in Europe. On his father's side he is connected with almost every court in Eur ope, Princess Marie Dorothea, the eldest sister of the Duke's father, Prince Alexander von Wurtemburg, having been married to the Archduke Joseph, last Palatine of Hungary, brother of the Emperor Francis, became mother of the Queen of the Belgians, the present Archduke Joseph, the commander-in-chief of the Hungarian army, who it is well known takes a keen interest in the gipsies, and of the Archduchess Elizabeth, the mother of Archduke Frederic and the Queen regent of Spain. The other sisters of the Duke's father were Princess Paulina, who married her first cousin. William I, of Wurtemburg, Princess Amelia, who married the reigning Duke of Saxe-Altenburg, and Princess Elizabeth. who married the Margrave of Baden, a title which has now become merged into that of grand duke. The duke's grandfather's sister married the Emperor Paul of Russia, and another sister was the first wife of the Emperor Francis.

Crisp's Opinions. Atlanta, Ga., July 4.-Speaker Crisp passed through this city to-day on his. way to New Yory. He will stop in Washington to see Secretary Carlisle. He approves of an August session, saying he thought it would allay public apprehension, and continued: "I am strong-Mohammed caused 16 basilisks, or double ly in favor of the repeal of the 10 per balls two to three feet in diameter .-cent. tax on state banks. It will be a very important step on the part of the Chambers' Journal. Democratic party looking to a complete enforcement of our ideas of financial reform. Again I belive that the Demo-

crats all over the country are coming to realize that to impose an income tax is a step in the right direction. The party will certainly come to it in time." Speaking of the probable tariff legislation, he said, "what will be done with the tariff depends largely upon whether it will be a continuous session. If it he a short session the committee cannot be expected to do more than get down to the important work it will have on hand will allow."

have here made about the best display they could. The party in charge of the B. C. exhibit told me that he was simply disgusted. Hon. Theo. Davie was here a short time ago. I did not see him, as he made a very short stay. I do not blame him: I would not like to be premier of a province making such a showing. I have called on Mr. Law some five

or six times, but unfortunately have not been able to find him at his office. do not know who is to blame. I have met several old friends among the Ontario. Quebec and Dominion officials, and see some or all of them every day, but have not yet succeeded in seeing Mr. Law.

Ontario, as usual, is the banner province. In mining, agriculture, fruit, and in fact everything she will hold her own, with any state or country exhibiting, and it is pretty generally conceded that in agriculture she takes the highest place. Her officials are intelligent and courteous, and spare no pains to make all visitors comfortable, and to have their departments in good order and looking well.

In conclusion, I would say to any Vicorian who may contemplate visiting the fair, and who hesitates on account of reports of high prices: Do not be alarmed; come and see, and you will be astonished to find how very cheaply you can do it.

## Turkish Great Guns.

In 1478 Mohammed II, in forming the siege of Scutari, in Albania, employed 14 heavy bombards, the lightest of which threw a stone shot of 370 pounds weight, two sent shots of 500 pounds, two of 750 pounds, two of 850 pounds, one of 1200 pounds, five of 1500 pounds, and one of the enormous weight of 1640 pounds, enormous even in these days, for the only guns whose shot exceed the heaviest of these are our 80 ton guns, throwing a 1700 pound projectile, our 100 ton, throwing one of 2000 pounds, and the 110 ton, throwing an 1800 pound shot with a high velocity. The stone shot of Mohammed's guns varied between 20 and 32 inches in diameter, about the same height as a dining table; 2534 of them were fired on this occasion, weighing, according to a calculation of General Lefroy's, about 1000 tons, and were cut out of the solid rock on the spot. Assuming 24 inches as the average diameter of the shot fired at this siege, the total area of the surface dressed was nearly 32,000 square feet. At this siege the weight of the powder fired is estimated by Gen. Lefroy to have been 250 tons. At the siege of Rhodes, in 1480,

The Dangerous Nutmeg.

Cases are not infrequently reported which children, and sometimes grown persons, are poisoned by the free use of nutmegs, it not being generally known that this article of common household use is really a deadly poison. This is true, in fact, of the most common condiments; but when misused these articles, such as pepper, capsicum, etc., are so obnoxious to the taste, except when that the consumer is warned in a very with the nutmeg. This nut, which con- prove of advantage in the president's tains a poisonous principle of a very case.

"With a view to enabling you to dedicate your undivided attention to the discussion of the bill, the Government will not in the meantime introduce any other measures. I and my high confederates remain convinced that the means for the new organization can be procured without overburdening the country, on the basis of the financial hill introduced in the Reichstag last autumn. At the opening of the winter session a bill will be presented directed to obtain means according to the capability of the taxpayers. Until then the increased costs will be covered by the federal estates through matriculation payments.

"Gentlemen, with great sacrifice Germany has been united in one empire. The nation honors most those who staked their blood and prosperity to safeguard the glorious achievements with which God has blessed us in our battles for independence. This is our most sacred duty. This duty we can only fulfill if we make ours lyes strong enough to remain surety for Europe's peace. I trust you will not fail to give me and my confederates your patriotic sacrifices and willing support for these aims "

The Emperor's reference to the duties of the members of the Reichstag to preserve and guard that which the nation had won, was greeted with hearty When the Emperor had concheers. cluded his written speech. loud and prolonged applause greeted him. His Majesty stood waiting for quiet to be restored, and, when he could be heard, he added a few improvised remarks, saving :- "Now then. go: the old God looks upon you, and will lend you His blessing to complete this honest work for the benefit of the Fatherland, Amen!" The Bavarian ministry called for three cheers for the Emperor, and they were given with a hearty good will. The uniform worn by the Emperor was that of the Garde du Corps. The mombers of the cannon, to be cast on the spot, throwing Social Democratic and Radical People's party, and some of the Anti-Semites. were not present at the ceremony of opening the House. Most of the members of the Centre or Catholic narty were present, and there was a full attendance of the Government groups.

Louisville, Ky., July 5 .- Efforts are being made to induce President Cleveland to try a few weeks' course of water . drinking at the far-famed French Lick Springs at French Lick, Indiana, to re-

lieve him of the fat now giving him so taken in the very minutest quantities, | much trouble. The springs have been noted for half a century for their curapositive manner before he has had an tive qualities. As a cure for obesity opportunity to do himself a very serious they are recommended by members of the injury. This is not the case, however, medical profession, and the waters would

