

DECEMBER 14 1918

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# The Toronto World

MONDAY MORNING DECEMBER 16 1918

VOL. XXXVIII.—No. 13,914 TWO CENTS

## BRITISH SOLDIERS ORDER AND GERMAN MUST OBEY

Portugal's President Assassinated—Many Canadian War Prisoners Reach England  
---Fatal Clash Between American Naval Gunners and Mexican Guards  
---German Bolsheviki Announce Ultra-Revolutionary Platform.

### BRITISH CAVALRY, ARMED FOR BATTLE, CROSS THE RHINE

Canadian Horsemen Operate  
Thru Bonn to Establish  
Semi-Circular Line.

**GEN. PLUMER REVIEWS**  
Inspection Takes Place by the  
Huge Equestrian Statue of  
Former Emperor.

Cologne, Dec. 15.—British cavalry for the first time on Thursday crossed the Rhine as the vanguard for the army of occupation. A thousand khaki-clad horsemen, with full battle equipment, pushed over the river from Cologne and Bonn, and went eastward to establish the semi-circular line which is being swung about the two cities to a depth of 30 kilometers. One division of English horsemen, with artillery and armored cars, was sent from Cologne, while Canadian cavalry was operating thru Bonn. In Cologne the movement was made the occasion for a grand review by the British general, Plumer, and his staff. The review was held under the huge equestrian statue of the former emperor at the western entrance of the Hohenzollern bridge. From this point General Plumer saw his troops begin their last march of occupation.

Thousands of civilians, including many one-time officers and soldiers, lined the streets leading to the bridge and watched the cavalry procession. The endless line of civilians stretched far away along the streets thru which the parade passed. For more than an hour a steady line of horsemen passed the reviewing point, while nearby a military band played them across the Rhine.

The people everywhere were quite quiet and respectful. When the parade was half over a passenger train from Berlin came tearing across the railroad bridge. The people on board rushed to the windows of the cars and watched the procession. On Friday a considerable body of infantry arrived for the formal occupation.

On Wednesday General Ferguson, the military governor, arrived and established headquarters in offices near the cathedral. He was attended by Scotch infantry and pipers, who later escorted him to government house. Field Marshal Haig is expected to arrive here next Tuesday for an inspection.

### RUSSIA'S HOPE IS ALLIED ARMY

Russian Ex-Minister Says It  
Will Act as Rallying Point  
for Disorganized Forces.

Constantinople, Dec. 15.—Paul Milukoff, foreign minister in the first Russian cabinet after the revolution, has arrived here with other influential Democrat leaders and Social Democrats from Odessa, to request permission of the allied commission to proceed to Paris for the purpose of urging that an allied army be sent into Russia by way of the Black Sea.

The only possible cure for the present trouble in Russia is that an allied force be landed immediately in the south," he said. "The disorganized old Russian army could rally around this force. The United States probably is in a position to give the greatest help. It will cost the allies less now than later, because the Bolshevik daily are growing in strength, owing to the indecision of their opponents."

The entry of allied forces would have hundreds of thousands of lives this winter, because the people will starve unless the civil war is ended and the transportation of food to central Russia resumed."

M. Milukoff and other members of his party painted a dark picture of the disorders in South Russia, which the Bolsheviks are unable to control. The only military force is an army from the Caucasus, which has little fighting capacity. It is composed of Cossacks and officers of the old imperial regime. Railroad trains to cities, they add, are packed with fugitives from the country districts. Railway communication between Odessa and Kiev has been broken by a faction which is opposed to the reunion of the Ukraine with great Russia.

**350,000 WORKMEN  
ARE OUT IN BERLIN**



When soldiers manned Montreal's fire trucks. It will be noticed the soldiers are prepared for eventualities, each one of them carrying a short, handy baton.

### Canadian War Prisoners Are Now Being Liberated

(Special Cable From John W. Dufoe.)  
London, Dec. 15.—Canadian prisoners of war have returned to England to the number of 2,000, and are now arriving at the rate of 25 a day. They reach the country at Dover or Rippon and are then taken charge of by the Canadian army authorities. Each man is fully interrogated as to his treatment in Germany, and a statement is drawn up for his signature. While this information is not yet available for publication, it may be said that it more than confirms the stories of German brutality and shows German civilians in a specially bad light. This information will be an available part of Canada's case at the peace conference.

### PLANE BUILT TO BOMB BERLIN STARTS ON TRIP TO INDIA

Weights Over Thirteen Tons, Makes Eighty Miles an Hour  
and Carries Fuel for Sixteen Hour Flight.

London, Dec. 15.—A giant Handley-Page airplane carrying six members of the Royal Air Force started from the airfield near Ipswich at 9:30 o'clock last night, and headed across the channel for France, on a flight to Karachi, India, and thence to Delhi. The craft ran into a bank of thick fog, however, and was compelled to make a landing on the French coast. The journey, it is announced, will be continued. The distance to Delhi is something more than 5700 miles.

This machine was originally assigned to bomb Berlin. It measures 127 feet from wing-tip to wing-tip and weighs, with fuel and passengers, about 27,000 pounds. It can make eighty miles an hour, and carry 1200 gallons of petrol, sufficient for a flight of nearly sixteen hours.

Major Archibald MacLaren and Captain Holley, famous as a long-distance bomber pilot, are the pilots of the machine.

### HOPELESSLY BEATEN BY SINN FEINERS

Nationalists Have Even Lost What  
They Believed to Be  
Strongholds.

London, Dec. 15.—Voting in the elections is over and the result will not be known for two weeks, until the soldiers' vote has been counted. Despite the importance of the elections there was a notable lack of excitement, and an apathy particularly noticeable on the part of the newly enfranchised women, eight millions of whom were qualified to cast their ballots. How their votes were cast is a matter of conjecture and no political forecaster ventures to prophesy. That the coalition government will be returned is practically a certainty. How large their majority will be is a mere matter of guess work, estimates varying widely.

Polling in the greater part of Ireland passed quietly except for minor collisions between Sinn Feiners and the Nationalists.

A close analysis of the voting shows that the Nationalists have been hopelessly beaten by the Sinn Fein, even in places supposed to be Nationalist strongholds.

**OTTAWA MINISTERS IN TOWN.**  
Sir Thomas White, acting premier, arrived in Toronto Saturday, and will be here today. Major-General McBurney, minister of militia, will be here this morning to speak to the Canadian club on the demobilization problem, and among other things visit the new military hospital and clearing station in Rosedale.

### BERLIN REDS DREW UP PROGRAM OF ANARCHY

Cancellation of Debts, Confiscation of Incomes  
and Expropriation of Properties  
Among Its Planks.

Amsterdam, Dec. 15.—The Spartacus group, according to a Berlin telegram to The Handelsblad, has drawn up the following program of immediate steps for safeguarding the revolution:

- "Disarmament of all police officers, non-protectorate soldiers and all members of ruling classes.
- "Confiscation by the soldiers' and workmen's councils of arms, munitions and armament works.
- "Arming of all grown-up male proletarians and the formation of a workers' militia.
- "The formation of a proletarian Red Guard.
- "Abolition of the rank of officers and non-commissioned officers.
- "Removal of all military officers from the soldiers' and workmen's councils.

### GOODERHAM APPOINTMENT EVOKES ANGRY PROTEST

Members of National Council of Women Consider  
Position as District Superintendent, W.A.D.  
No. 2, Savors of Patronage.

Indignant protests from the women of Winnipeg at the appointment of Mrs. Charles Robson to a position under the Dominion Government is likely to be followed by similar protests in Toronto, at the appointment of Mrs. A. E. Gooderham to the position of district superintendent of the newly organized Women's Aid Division of military district No. 2.

Rumor has been busy for the past few days with the story that an official announcement was on the way, but many Toronto women, prominent in the life of various organizations, refused to believe that such an appointment could be possible under circumstances of the utmost secrecy and despatch.

"We are not objecting to the appointment of Mrs. Gooderham upon any personal grounds," said a member of the National Council of Women. "All we know is that her appointment in connection with her work as president of the I.O.G.E., have nothing but admiration but in the present situation we do object to her appointment as a savoring of patronage."

Opposed to Advancement.  
"Altogether we are very glad indeed to have women appointed to representative positions in the government, we do object to the manner in which appointments are being made without reference to the capacity and special qualifications or training fitting them in a position to know and suggest experts as truly representative. Such action upon the part of the government is distinctly opposed to democratic advancement, and also the appointment of women is in line with the resolution passed at the women's war conference last spring, the resolution which was adopted by the women's organization to be put into effect thru women's organizations."

According to the interpretation of some who are objecting to the appointment, which is only one of several which are likely to be announced in the near future, this carries with it the full power to pass judgment for or against any V.A.D. who may apply for a position, and the chief objections are, firstly, the fact that one woman should be given the full power in this connection, and secondly, that the position should be awarded to one who has not qualified by experience of training for an executive position which will overlook such an important branch of work as nursing.

Prior Right.  
"There are numerous trained, efficient women in the medical line in positions as matrons or doctors who should have the prior right to such a position, and who if the various women's organizations had been consulted might have been suggested or chosen," said one Toronto woman. "Dr. Margaret Patten, for instance, has done more work in connection with the V.A.D. than any other woman in Toronto. Why should she be passed over on an occasion like this? It is high time the women of Canada got together to prevent the continuance of such patronage methods."

The latest news that Mrs. F. H. Fairbairn, who has been intimately connected with Mrs. Gooderham, has resigned her position in the Local

Council of Women may possibly point to another appointment in the near future.

Many Changes.  
The V.A.D. department is only one of many proposed changes which may be expected in the near future. A movement is already afoot to link up all work of the St. John Ambulance Brigade nursing orders and V.A.D.'s under one organization, the Canadian Red Cross Society, with the object of forming a single time-saving organization similar to that which has been established for many years in the United States. The charter of the Canadian Red Cross as it stands is only for war time. In the United States the Red Cross Association stands organized with a large body of trained workers for all times, so that in cases of emergency immediate relief can be given. In the case of the Halifax disaster, for instance, Americans were able thru this organization to have nurses and supplies upon the spot before the various societies in Canada had centred in the morning. The American Red Cross also establishes first aid centres in mining districts, and provides training similar to that undertaken by the St. John Ambulance Brigade of Canada, and also looks after nursing requirements in rural districts.

Surrender All Weapons.  
Residents must surrender all weapons and must also surrender all military in the pursuit of lawbreakers. It can be no telephone communication in extreme cases and then only with permission. The use of wireless and pigeons is forbidden. Uninformed personal or business correspondence with the military is prohibited. Amusement places cannot run without authorization.

Another Municipal Railway Hold-Up!  
The opening of the Bloor street viaduct yesterday to street car traffic was an eye-opener as to what this improvement means to the north section of the city, and has served to draw attention to the situation that exists up Yonge street, North Yonge street is equally as hide-bound by the present inadequate transportation as was over the Don until the viaduct relief came. It had been hoped that the Yonge street problem would be solved when compulsory arbitration was given the city to take over the Metropolitan Railway in April of next year, but the matter stands, apparently, just where they have used every effort to get a settlement with the railway. There is no delay in none of their. Being examined books and other matters, the best part of two years has now been wasted, and the people want to know how much more time is to be consumed without results. The railway is to be continued on Tuesday before the Ontario Railway Board, and it now seems that this body should settle the matter of the railway. A decision in the Metropolitan case, and the embargo on North Yonge street is lifted. Fixing-up upper Yonge street, and a great after-the-war work, and ought to be one of the city's chief obligations for the coming year.

### STORE FOR LEASE

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38 King Street East. Main 5450.

### COLOGNE RESENTS TWO NEW ORDERS BY THE BRITISH

One Enforces Salute to Officers; Other Fixes Seven o'Clock Curfew.

Cologne, Dec. 15.—Cologne on Thursday came under rigid British law for the first time since British troops arrived here and the people have begun to realize what formal occupation is going to mean.

Since the advance troops of the British army entered the city there had been little or no interference with the affairs of the population, and the Germans were beginning to flatter themselves that they were going to have a rather easy time when they were awakened by the orders of General Plumer, which became effective on Thursday.

Contained in the list of rules are two which the residents appear to dislike particularly. One provides that all males must greet British officers and the playing of the British National Anthem, civilians by removing their hats and men in uniform by the usual military salute. The other order forbids residents to leave their homes between the hours of 7 at night and 6 o'clock in the morning, with some exceptions such as clergymen, physicians, etc.

Must Have Identification Cards.  
On the inside door leading to every house, must be posted a list of the occupants, containing information regarding their ages, occupations, and other matters. No person may change his or her residence without permission, and every inhabitant 12 years of age or over must have an identification card. All day Thursday crowds were gathered outside the shops of photographers waiting to get the pictures which must be placed on the cards.

The residents having those cards may circulate freely about the city, but may not leave it without permission. It is forbidden to enter on horseback or on a bicycle, except for certain occupational reasons.

No newspapers or pamphlets may be printed or circulated without permission. Thursday The Cologne Gazette, which the papers were not published, also they expected to resume Friday.

The transportation and sale of liquor, except beer and stout, is forbidden. No street assemblies are permitted and other assemblies must be authorized. Amusement places cannot run without authorization.

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French War Ministry Decides  
To Demobilize Two Classes

Paris, Dec. 15.—The war ministry has decided to demobilize the classes of 1892 and 1893, beginning December 25 and ending January 15. The classes of 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897 will be demobilized beginning January 21 and ending February 14.