this: They care not what becomes of New France, when they have drawn out of it suffici-

ent to live at Ease in the Old.

They observe farther, that the Commerce of Beaver cou'd never subsist more than a very limited Number of Inhabitants: That the Use of this Merchandize could never be general enough to support and enrich an entire Colony; and that the Confumption being certain, the Inconvenience above-mention'd could not be avoided, without falling into the former: That for want of making these Observations, the Inhabitants of New France are attached almost solely to this Commerce, as if they were certain that the Beavers would reproduce their Species as readily as the Cod-fish in the Sea, and that the Sale of their Skins would be equal to that of the faid Fish: Whereforethey have made it their principal Occupation to hunt in the Woods, in order to get these Furs. These long and frequent Voyages have accustom'd them to a Life of domestic Indolence, which they find it difficult to leave, tho' their Expeditions produce but little, on Account of the low Value of the Beaver.

The English, they add, have followed a Conduct very different. Without amusing thein-felves in travelling so far from Home, they have cultivated their Lands, establish'd Manusactures, erected Glass-Houses, open'd Mines of Iron, built Ships, and all along look'd on the Furs only as an accessary Article, of which they made no

great Account.

Necessity, it is true, did at last open the Eyes of the Canadans: They saw themselves obliged to cultivate Flax and Hemp, to make Cloths, and

Clothin fro and not to

ry

dre are Liv bou the priv shop to 5 Productotal is ev

on a more lue of then off i whice Mer

Hun

port

Sou

drav