

early age he published a pamphlet on the "Privileges of Parliament as adapted to the Colonies," which was marked by great ability and acumen; and, during the long discussion of the Clergy Reserve question, he contributed several able articles on the subject to the public Press. In latter years he took enlarged views on Provincial Self-defence, urging an extensive expenditure on local fortifications, as being ultimately the least costly outlay. In his political principles Mr. Bethune was strongly and consistently conservative; in private life, amiable and beloved; and in his religious duties characterized by a quiet unobtrusiveness—a devoted adherent of the Church of England—exemplifying in his daily life the faith which he professed.—*Church Observer*.

2. MR. ADAM BOOK, SEN.

Mr. Adam Book, sen., the oldest settler in the township of Ancaster, died on Friday last. The *Hamilton Spectator* says the deceased came to Ancaster in 1789, from New Jersey. His father took up a large tract of land, 200 acres of which was still in the possession of Mr. Book, and on which he had resided upwards of eighty years. The deceased gentleman was present at the battle of Lundy's Lane, and took an active part in the stirring events of 1812, under General Brock. Up to within a few hours of his death Mr. Book enjoyed excellent health having only the day previous returned from Simcoe, where he had been on business.

3. EDUCATORS DECEASED IN 1868.

(Concluded from the June No.)

M. Vallet de Viriville, an eminent French Archæologist and writer on Education, died in Paris, some time in March, aged 53 years. Besides numerous works on archæological subjects, especially relating to France and Egypt, he prepared an exhaustive treatise on the "History of Public Instruction in Europe, and especially in France," which was crowned by the Institute of France in 1851 and published in 1852.

Rev. John Hothersall Pinder, canon of Wells Cathedral, died at West Malvern, April 16, aged 74 years. He was a graduate of Cambridge University, having taken his first degree in 1816, and his second in 1824. He resided for some years in Barbadoes, where he was Principal of Codrington College; subsequently being made a Canon Residentiary and Prebendary of Wells Cathedral, he became Principal of Wells Theological College. He resigned this office in 1865, in consequence of declining health. He was the author of several theological works.

On the 23rd of April, Rt. Rev. Renn Dickson Hampden, D.D., Lord Bishop of Hereford, died in Eaton Place, London, aged 75 years. He was educated at Warminster and Oriel College, Oxford, taking his first degree in 1813. Soon after he was elected to a fellowship in his college. After about ten years' service as a curate, he returned to Oxford as college tutor, in 1828; was appointed examiner in the schools 1829-1832, and in 1832 was selected to preach the Bampton Lectures. In 1833 he was appointed Principal of St. Mary's Hall, and in 1834, University Professor of Moral Philosophy. In 1836, on the death of Dr. Benton, he was made Regius Professor of Divinity in the University. In 1847, he was made Bishop of Hereford by Lord John Russell. Though quiet and laborious in the performance of his duties, he was never very popular. He was the author of many able articles on educational topics in the *Encyclopedia Britannica*.

Rev. T. S. Crisp, D. D., died at his residence, Cotham, Bristol, Eng., on the 16th of June, at the age of 80 years. In 1818, he was called to Bristol to become co-pastor with Dr. Ryland of the Baptist church in that city, and joint tutor or instructor of the Baptist College at Stoke's Croft. He had been educated in one of the Independent Colleges, and had a high reputation as a scholar. On the death of Dr. Ryland, he became President of the College. He remained in his two-fold relation of co-pastor and college president through life. Among his associates in the pastorate and college, were John Foster, Robert Hall, Summers, Roberts, and others. The reputation of the college for high and thorough scholarship was always maintained during his presidency.

G. A. Walker Arnott, M. D., Professor of Botany in the University of Glasgow for many years, and author of some valuable works on Botany, died in that city on the 17th of June.

Carlo Matteucci, professor, physicist, statesman, and author, died at Leghorn, Italy, on the 24th of June, aged 57 years. Born at Forlì, educated at Bologna and Paris, professor first at Bologna and afterward at Pisa, the most noted electrician of the age, and discoverer of many important facts in electro-physiology; he early became one of the foreign associates of the French Institute, received the Copley medal of the Royal Society of London, and the

great prize of the French Academy of Science, was active in the promotion of the electric telegraph, and published numerous lectures and treatises on matters connected with his specialty. He entered political life in 1848, was a liberal senator and statesman, and from 1862 was minister of Public Instruction in the kingdom of Italy.

Rev. Robert Vaughan, D. D., an English clergyman, professor, college president, editor, and author, died at Manchester, England, in June, at the age of 73 years. He was educated at Bristol college, was pastor of an Independent chapel at Kensington, London, and on the establishment of London University, was appointed Professor of Ancient and Modern History. In 1842, when the Lanchashire Independent College was removed from Blackburn to Manchester, he became its president, and for fifteen years filled also the chair of theology. In 1857 he was compelled by impaired health to resign the theological professorship. He was the founder of the *British Quarterly Review*, which he edited from 1844 to 1866. He was the author of numerous works, mostly of a historical character.

In June, also, died Professor Julius Plucker, the most accomplished and learned of the professors of the University of Bonn, at the age of 57 years. He was equally eminent as a mathematician and physicist. For about thirty-five years he had been wholly absorbed in his scientific researches and professional duties. He was a foreign member of the Royal Society of London, and in 1866 received its Copley medal. His published works are mainly on mathematical and philosophical subjects.

John Elliotson, M. D., a learned but somewhat erratic physician and medical professor, died in London, July 29, aged nearly 80 years. He was a native of London, educated for the medical profession at Edinburgh and Cambridge. He was elected physician of St. Thomas Hospital about 1825, and gave clinical lectures there, introducing many new members. In 1831 he was appointed professor of the principles and practice of medicine in London University, and attracted large classes by the brilliancy of his lectures. In 1837 he became interested in mesmerism or animal magnetism, and proclaimed its curative powers so zealously that he was compelled to resign his professorship. He afterward established a hospital for mesmeric treatment, and edited a journal, the *Zoisi*, in advocacy of his theories.

September 4th. Christian Friedrich Schonbein, Ph. D., a German chemist and physicist, died at Baden-Baden, aged 69 years. He was educated in Wurtemberg and London, being a friend of Faraday in the latter city. He became professor of physics in the University of Basle, Switzerland, in 1828, and held the professorship till his death. He discovered ozone, ant-ozone, gun-cotton, and collodion—enriched science by several treatises on different topics of physical science, and died universally esteemed and lamented.

Rev. Edward Boecklen, a native of Wurtemberg, an eminent scholar, Principal of the Alexander High School, Harrisburgh, Liberia, died at Monrovia, Liberia, on the 20th of September, aged 39 years.

Rt. Rev. Francis Jeune, D. D., Lord Bishop of Peterborough, died in September, at Peterborough, England. He was a graduate and Fellow of Pembroke College, Oxford, where he attained to a first-class rank. Soon after his graduation he was appointed public examiner and tutor of his college; then tutor in Canada of Lord Seaton's sons; next head of King Edward's School at Birmingham; then Dean of Jersey, and in 1843, Head-master of Pembroke College, which office he held till 1864, being for ten years also Vice-Chancellor of the University. In these positions he accomplished more than any other man has done, in the way of University Reform and improvement. He was elevated to the See of Peterborough in 1864.

In the same month died in London, John Reynolds, for more than fifty years a teacher, author, and educational reformer of London, aged 76 years. His school in St. John-street, London, was large and always popular. He was one of the founders of the London Mechanics' Institute, a constituent member of the College of Preceptors, and originated the Botanical Society of Regent's Park.

On the 6th of December, Auguste Schleicher, an eminent German philologist, author, and professor, died at Jena, aged 48 years. He was educated at Leipsic and Tubingen, being a pupil, at the latter University, of Ewald, under whom he studied the Semitic languages. He subsequently devoted himself to a long course of philological study at Bonn. He first became a professor at Prague, and afterward at Jena, where he had the chair of Philology and Comparative Grammar.

In December also, Friedrich Gottlieb Welcker, another eminent German philologist, and an instructor of the preceding, died at Bonn, aged 84 years. He was the last of the older philologists who have done so much for the promotion of a knowledge of Oriental literature and languages. He had been professor of philology at Bonn for nearly 50 years.