CANADA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTORAL OFFICER

This is to certify that pursuant to a writ dated on the thirtieth day of December, 1929, and addressed to A. G. Buckingham, of Brandon, in the Province of Manitoba, for the election of a member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for the Electoral District of Brandon, in the place and stead of the Honourable Robert Forke, who has been summoned to the Senate, Thomas Alexander Crerar, of Winnipeg, in the Province of Manitoba, farmer, has been returned as elected.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Ottawa, this eighth day of

February, 1930.

JULES CASTONGUAY, (L.S.)

Chief Electoral Officer.

To the Clerk of the House of Commons, Ottawa.

The following Members, having previously taken the Oath according to Law, and subscribed the Roll containing the same, took their seats in the House:—

Honourable Thomas Alexander Crerar, for the Electoral District of Brandon. Vincent Dupuis, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Laprairie-Napierville. William Spankie, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Frontenac-Addington. Elie Oscar Bertrand, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Prescott.

William Samuel Murphy, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Lanark. Lawrence Alexander Wilson, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Vaudreuil-Soulanges.

Cyrille Dumaine, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Bagot.

Dennis James O'Connor, Esquire, for the Electoral District of Chateauguay-Huntingdon.

Mr. Mackenzie King (Prince Albert), by leave of the House, introduced a Bill No. 1, An Act respecting the Administration of Oaths of Office, which was read the first time.

Mr. Speaker reported, That when the House did attend His Excellency the Governor General this day in the Senate Chamber, His Excellency was pleased to make a speech to both Houses of Parliament, and to prevent mistakes, he had obtained a copy which he read to the House as follows:—

Honourable Members of the Senate:

Members of the House of Commons:

It affords me much pleasure to greet you at the commencement of another session of parliament, and to be able to congratulate you upon the continued prosperity of the country. The year 1929 was the most productive year in the history of Canada. In industries, other than agriculture, employment reached the highest point on record; new construction was the largest known. Mining production was of unequalled value. Manufacturing production surpassed all previous records. There was vast increase in the development of hydro-electric power. The products of our fields and our herds reached higher standards of excellence and quality than at any previous time. The Dominion is already recovering from the seasonal slackness evident at the end of the year, and it is not to be forgotten that the bulk of the 1929 wheat crop still remains in Canadian hands for final disposition.