SPAIN

BASIC INDICATORS (ECONOMIC/DEMOGRAPHIC/CONSUMPTION)

Economic classification: Industrial Market economy						
Oil exporter or importer (net): Exporter Annual per capita income: US\$3,655 1985						
Annual per capita income:	19 85					
Annual per capita GNP	1985					
Average annual growth		1975-85				
Annual inflation rate	12 %	1975-85				
Annual inflation rate	9 %	1986				
Volume of imports	28.83 billion US\$	1984				
Of which food	d 12%					
Of which fuels	1984					
Principal foreign exchange						
earning export: Tourism, machinery, agriculture						
Debt service as % of GNP	5 %	1984				
Population	1984					
Annual population growth	1980-2000					
Annual Consumption:						
Flour 2.74 million	tonnes or 72 kg/capita	1984				
	tonnes or 69 kg/capita	1984				
Vegetable 0il 775,000 tonnes						

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Crop Situation and Outlook

Northern and Central Spain suffered from a severe drought during most of the year and the wheat crop is very poor as a result. Although the last official estimate was given as 4.1 million tonnes, it is belived that the actual wheat harvest may not have passed 3.9 million, a drop of 1.5 million tonnes compared to 1985. The shortfall in grain, combined with the diminished grazing capacity in northern Spain will increase Spain's need to import grain during the coming months.

Under the recently applied EEC levy system Spain will have to import most of her grain requirements from the Community e.g. France and the U.K. Imports from U.S.A. and Canada will suffer accordingly.

The production of corn, which increased in 1986 was not affected by the drought as it is grown in irrigated areas.

Estimates for the 1986 coarse grain harvest are as follows (1985 figures in brackets):

	Area Pla	nted ('000	hectares) Pro	duction ('C	100 tonnes)
Wheat	2,076	(2,024)	4 100	(5,409)	
			4,100		
Barley	4,203	(4, 108)	7,000	(10, 519)	
Oats	370	(456)	500	(698)	
Rye	225	(247)	250	(294)	
Corn	515	(480)	3,250	(2, 860)	
Sorghum	18	(22)	90	(102)	