interest as exporters of the product concerned an opportunity to consult with it in respect of the proposed action. When such notice is given in relation to \$ concession with respect to a preference, the notice shall name the contracting party which has requested the action. In critical circumstances, where delay would cause damage which it would be difficult to repair, action under parts graph 1 of this Article may be taken provisionally without prior consultation, on the condition that consultation shall be effected immediately after taking such action.

- 3. (a) If agreement among the interested contracting parties with respect to the action is not reached, the contracting party which proposes to take of continue the action shall, nevertheless, be free to do so, and if such action taken or continued, the affected contracting parties shall then be free, not late than ninety days after such action is taken, to suspend, upon the expiration of thirty days from the day on which written notice of such suspension is received by the CONTRACTING PARTIES, the application to the trade of the contraction to the trade of the tracting party taking such action, or, in the case envisaged in paragraph 1 (b) of this Article, to the trade of the contracting party requesting such action, substantially equivalent obligations or concessions under this Agreement the suspension of which the CONTRACTING PARTIES do not disapprove.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph, where action is taken under paragraph 2 of this Article without prior consultation and causes or threatens serious injury in the territory of a contracting party to the domestic producers of products affected by the action, that contract ing party shall, where delay would cause damage difficult to repair, be free suspend, upon the taking of the action and throughout the period of consultation, such obligations or concessions as may be necessary to prevent or remedy the

ARTICLE XX

General Exceptions

Subject to the requirement that such measures are not applied in a manner which would constitute a means of arbitrary or unjustifiable discrimination between countries where the same conditions prevail, or a disguised restriction on international trade, nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to prevent the adoption or enforcement by any contracting party of measures:

- I. (a) necessary to protect public morals;
 - (b) necessary to protect human, animal or plant life or health;
 - (c) relating to the importation or exportation of gold or silver;
 - (d) necessary to secure compliance with laws or regulations which are not inconsistent with the inconsistent with the provisions of this Agreement, including the relating to customs enforcement, including the customs enforcement. relating to customs enforcement, the enforcement of monopolies operated under paragraph 4 of Artisla II under paragraph 4 of Article II and Article XVII, the protection of patents, trade marks and converted patents, trade marks and copyrights, and the prevention of deceptive practices: practices: