

The best way to accomplish this object is to get the student's number of the *Lancet* which will give the names of lectures, days and hours of delivery, and price of each, in the 13 different Medical Schools of the Metropolis. He can board in two ways, either by staying at an hotel, which is very expensive, or by taking a suit of apartments which he will get for from 14s. to 20s. a week, well furnished in every thing requisite, and then get meals at an eating house, where he finds it handy according to the part of the city he may be in. This is the manner in which very many live here, and they find it most convenient.

A word as regards Hospitals. There are operations here at some of the different hospitals every day in the week, except Sunday, and in the greater number he will have a choice of two or three, and on Saturday of four. It will be found difficult to get a ticket for the surgical practice at any of the hospitals for less than six months, and for which he will pay 10 guineas, and the same sum for the medical practice, if taken separately, or 15 guineas for both. My view of the case is that as Students come here to see Practical Surgery, not generally stopping for more than two or three months, it is the better plan not to attend any hospital in particular, as in that case the operations you see would be confined to that one alone; but to see operations chiefly every day, as there appears to be no restriction about attending the theatre (as it is termed.) If you mention that you are from Canada you are received with every respect; you by this means see practice, and it is for this purpose you come here. I, for the most part, attend the operations of five hospitals in the week, and you may frequently attend two in one day, the one at 1, the other at 2 o'clock, P. M. You seldom see less than two cases, and very often three, four and five, at each hospital, generally attended.

I shall make a few remarks on a class which I think should be established at Montreal, viz:—Practical Physiology and Histology, and I shall describe it as taught by Dr. G. Harley, University College. The subjects treated of are—The structure of the healthy tissues and organs of the body. The changes which the textures undergo in the diseased states most commonly met with. The chemical examination of the fluids, viz:—blood, bile, urine, milk, &c. And demonstrations in experimental physiology, such, for instance, as an illustration of the development of the ovum by artificial incubation, &c. Each student is furnished with a microscope and apparatus for which he is responsible, and it is at his command when he wishes it, but he must remain in the lecture room which is always open. Each microscope has two powers, 1 inch and $\frac{1}{2}$ of an inch, and two eye glasses, giving powers of 40 and 220, or 80 and