are compelled to flue; though the lambs of Christ's fold are there acattered amoner wolves, and exposed to all that is fearful in the wrath of cruel pursecutors, already thirsting for their blood, Barmah will yet be illumimated and saved; and I believe her redemption draweth nigh. We hope to be able to return and enter on our labors there under more aunpicious circumstances, and yet live to) see the goodness of the Lord in gathering in the millions of that empire into the kingdum of Christ.

Bro. Simous and myself left Rangoon on the 24 th ult., after prayerful deliberation. Not only the prospect of war with the British government, but the country, just now, is in a dreadfal state of aritation from a rebellion which is going on in favour of the deposed king and family. The governor of Rangoon is crucifying, embowelling, cutting out tongues, \&ic. 2 sec., of all whom he suspects of disaffection. All fureigners are suspected, and we among the rest. It is known that a great many Karens are under our intluence. Our staying under these circumstances not only endangered their lives, but our own.

We therefore thought it our duty to leave for a season, hoping soon to return under the British flay.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { 巨NきLAND, } \\
\text { (From a Private Letter.) } \\
\text { Lonvon, June } 10,1839 .
\end{gathered}
$$

The state of our denomination during the past year has been quite as prosperous as from the powerful political excitement of our country could have been expected. Within the list few months many of our churches, both it London and the country, have held protracted meetings with delightful results.

I received a week or two ago, from a good plain brother, in a very small village, called Muckwarthy, in Devonshire, an account of such a meeting, the effect of which has already been the baptism of 49 persons, on April 28 last, and he is expecting again to engare in the same delightful employment shortly.

One of our brethren, too, in the immediate vicinity of London, has not less than 150 in quirers as the result of a week's uninterrupted services. Will you not, dear brother, pray that these happy events may become universal. 0 , if we were like our Master, we should surely do more good!
P. S. We have on next Friday evening a valedictory service on account of the departure of our dear brother, W. H. Pearce, and four new missionaries and their wives to India. One of them trained for the Established church of Switzerland.

## PRESBYTERIAN

## BOARD OF FOREI. N M MSSIONS.

According to the secoud ammal repurt, the amount of receipts duriner the year, ine'uding a balance of $\$ 4,200$ 4 from last year, is $\$ 62,97762$, exclusive of $\$ 2,500$ received from the American TractSaciety, and $\$ 1,000$ from the American Bihle Suciety. The expenditures have been $\$ 53,57006$, leaving a balance of $\$ 9,409 \mathbf{5 6}$. Five missionaries, four of whom were married men, have been sent out during the year.

In Northern Indla, at Lodiana, Subathu, Saharunpur, Allahabal, and Futteghur, schools of different grades are established under the care of the missionaries, at which 546 children are instructed. Three additional missionaries are soon to be sent to these stations. From the press tiventy-four works had been issued in five different languages, making 516 pages, amounting to $\mathbf{7 0 , 4 9 3}$ cupies, or $1,355,030$ pares. Operation have also heen commenced among the North American Iudians, in Western Africa, and i:1 China.

The general aspect of the missions in India is encouraging. The earlier missionaries have acquired such a knowledge of the languare, that they can preach the Gospel to the natives in their own tongue. The Board notice with thankfulness that four native asistants, pious and qualified men, are engaged at different stations; two of them brought to the knowledge of the truth by the blessing of God upon the labors of our brethren. The demand for the Scripturea, and for religious tracts and school books, is very great; and the presses will do much to supply the neighborhoods around the stations. But to meet the demand for missionary laborers in these large and populous regions, many more must be sent out by the churches. Twelve ministers of the Gospel, one teacher, and one printer, the number now there, are placed among a population of $40,000,000$. What are these among so many! Still, a beginning has been made, and much preparatory work has been done and the dour is wide open for four or five times the present number, who are even now required to occupy the prominent places among these perishing millions; to carry to them, as it were, the word of life; relying on the blessing of God upon their efforts to raise up a supply of laborers from among themselves, to erect the standard of the cross in all their cities and villages, and to carry the Gospel to the nations around them, who are now equally benighted with themselves.
"All the ends of the earth shall see the salvation of our God:"-Isaiah.

