

question of damages, but as the verdict has been maintained by two courts, an interference with it at this stage would be unusual and probably ineffective.

---

### THE CRIMINAL CODE.

The session of the House of Commons, which has just come to an end, is chiefly remarkable, in a legal point of view, for the passage of the Criminal Codification Bill. The House of Commons gave great attention to this measure, and although it came before the Senate at a late period of the session, that body was induced by the leader of the Government, Sir J. J. C. Abbott, himself a veteran lawyer, to give it the necessary impetus to make it law. Sir J. J. C. Abbott met the objection of some of the members of the Senate, that the English Bill of 1880, on which this Code is based, had not been pressed, by stating that "the bill has not been pressed forward as a whole, but parts of it have become law from year to year, and now a large portion of that Bill has become incorporated into the law in that country. We find it better in this country to place the whole thing before the House at once, as one connected whole, and to make a Code of it." The Senate accepted this suggestion, and after making some useful amendments, the Bill was finally passed.

---

### NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE INSURANCE CORPORATIONS ACT, 1892, with practical notes and appendices. By Wm. Howard Hunter, B. A., Barrister-at-Law, with an introductory chapter by J. Howard Hunter, M.A., Barrister-at-Law.— Publishers: The Carswell Co., Toronto, 1892.

The passage of the *Insurance Corporations Bill* through the legislature of Ontario, last session, renders the appearance of this publication seasonable. The work, of course, is designed mainly for the use of the profession in Ontario, but it will be of service to lawyers in the other provinces, who may be called upon to advise clients