Almonds
Hückory nuts, per lb
Cal. Oranges

Liverpool (intake measure)... London Bristol Channel

Vest Coast Ireland.....

Cork Quay New York

FREIGHTS.

There is nothing new to report regarding either ocean or coastwise freights. The latter are nominal.

OILS.

Quotations are without change this week.

IRON. NAILS, ETC.

TINDER LIBERAL RULE

Large Families, Deprived of

Their Bread and Butter.

nced on Saturday.

take away the work which has been done in New Brunswick for years. If it was decided to take away the work

panuts, per sack...... 4 00 panuts, per doz..... 0 60

# the Best

se banisher renon, and a life-giver year. It quickly for the innumerit arouses the orand assimilation fo enables the wasted sh and muscle, and arful and apprehen-

pound is truly the en when weakened ork and home cares. new blood, vim, enand a new lease of when you go to your Celery Compound no other medicine cessfully.

EXPLORATION OF COLUMBIA.

ement in the Sun of Maritime Exploration Columbia, Ltd., with Columbia, Ltd., with comprising a number business men of Halisbeen most favorably investors. The folithe Rossland Miner to objects of this companies

every careful observer sited eastern Canada or investing public looks exploration and develop-n companies whose asone or two properties at of treasury stock to evelopment, unless the atter class of companies tter class of companies developed to be reason-g dividends at an early inclined to the belief a form of investment, g the risk it incurs to

ase, we submit that it hose who are promoting his sentiment into coness of the exploration to date, either in Rossdon, such, for instance, d Fields syndicate, the ld Fields, or the Van-Columbia General Exhas been much more has been much more at of almost any com-igle mine. The reasons by obvious, but it might time to point out a few

anies can be capitalized uch larger actual work-usually provided in the mining company. The investors in mining hat the treasury stock tient money to place the paying basis, so that lization at an increased he property, is the only long period spent in xploration company is

always be many shrewd or stock in premising belief that the great dill prefer to go it blind their money to explora-t companies, to obviate ir part of enquiring in

the recent cargoes from ritish ports: steamship Etolia—51,199 appies, 500 bags buck-taves, 122 boxes meats, 35 packages leather, 191 059 boxes cheese, 725 ashes, 8,349 pieces lum-r, 5,987 sacks bran, 564 barrels pork, 3,800 pack-

t, steamship Labrador—
hams and bacon, 7,282
bales hay, 1,803 doors,
cks, 2,779 bags meal, 1
oats, 48 organs, 76 boxes
s sundries, 6,352 bags

## ATION ARMY

rch 7.—The first an-of the founding of unteers, or defection allington Booth and their staff from the lvation Army forces place today in the

was filled to the Booth and the volal were unable into the over-crowdthen Col. Haneman mander Booth, who of the original trouation Army resultation of the Volun-

THE WEEKLY SUN.

Root Compound he only safe, reliable ily medicine on which can depend in the and time of need.

repared in two degrees

I for ordinary cases tollar medicine known ts, one Dollar per box.
cial cases—10 degrees
druggists. One box,
vo boxes, Five Dollars. nt stamps.

\*\*\* re an ite Cough doctors

LL'S Wine Tree Greosote." n fails to d is sure to gist for it. co., Mfrs., Montreal.

THE W. C. T. U.

Quarterly Convention of the St. John Union Friday Afternoon.

Public Meeting Friday in the Interest of the Plebiscite Campaign.

The quarterly convention of the St. John County W. C. T. U. met with the North End Union on Friday afternoon, with the county president, Mrs. S. D. Scott, in the chair. The meeting was opened at 3 o'clock by de-votional exercises, led by Mrs. David-

After roll call and reading of minutes, reports were heard from the various unions. For the first time in the history of the county convention St. Martins was represented, Mrs. Carson and Mrs. Ruddick appearing as delegates from the new union at that place. They reported that meetings were held monthly, that there were 40 members, and a dively interest was felt in the departments of work undertaken. St. John union reported a membership of 86, with 48 meetings during the year, and gave details concerning the Coffee Room, Little Girls' Home, and Women's Exchange. Encouraging reports were read from Carleton, Fairville and

North End unions. The convention took up the discussion of the Little Girls Home, to which Carleton union devoted \$15 col-

lected by two young ladies.

A report was received on the subject of the appointment of a police matron, and a committee of four ladies was appointed to confer with the safety board on the matter.

The following delegates to the local council of women were appointed: Mrs. (Dr.) Gray and Mrs. Fowler, Fairville; Mrs. Shaw, north end; Mrs. Day, St. John; Miss Lydia Fullerton, Carleton, and Mrs. Carson, St. Martins. Subsequently the convention made its nominations for the officers of the Council of Women as the constitution directs.

Some discussion took place on the question of engaging a public temperance lecturer, and it was resolved to obtain if possible the services of Francis Murphy, and that failing, to engage Rev. Elbert O. Taylor. It was resolved to ask the co-operations of the various temperance so-

in the prospective plebiscite cam-At the close of the meeting a col-. lection was taken up for the India

cieties and the Evangelical Alilance

famine fund. The public meeting held by the W. C. T. U. in the Union hall, north end, last evening was well atended, considering the control of the contro ering the very upnfavorable state of the weather. The object of the meeting was to hear the views and expressions of the principal temperance workers of the city in regard to the

proposed plebiscite.

Mrs. S. D. Scott of the W. C. T. U. Mrs. S. D. Scott of the W. C. T. U. occupied the chair, and on the platform with her were many laides who have taken a prominent part in the temperance movements among women in this city, including Mrs. Davidson, Mrs. Retallic and Mrs. Macmichael. J. R. Woodburn, G. W. P., and Major A. J. Armstrong, grand scribe of the Sons of Temperance, also occupied seats on the platform. also occupied seats on the platform.

After the opening hymn Mrs. Scott read the 146th Psalm, which was followed by prayer and the singing Mrs. C. E. Macmichael was then in-

troduced and she read a very highly interesting paper on temperance ques-tions in which she called attention to the fact that the liquor question was the burning question of the day, agitating as it did, all classes and creeds. The state has power to prevent the manufacture and sale of liquor, and so the question then was chiefly of the necessity for a prohibitory law. The arguments were many in favor of such legislation. God never put in any human being a natural desire for intoxicating drink. He never meant that corn and grapes should be used for such a purpose, so that liquor is surely an invention of the evil one. The money received into the city treasury to permit the sale of liquor is blood money. For evidences of this we have only to visit the poor house, the hospital, the lunatic asylum and similar institutions. Our legis-latures have the power to prohibit the sale of liquor as well as to lelalize it. Why is it not prohibited? Vested interests oppose it. If as a people we demand prohibition we will get it. The power then, after all, is with us,

it. The time is ready. We have evidence of it in the fact that thousands of men and women are filling drunk-ards' graves. We may not save the confirmed drunkard, but we will save the young. In conclusion, the speaker said to every sign that proclaims of a license she would like to add the "These steps lead down to

The hymn, Rescue the Perishing, Care for the Dying, was sung, after which J. R. Woodburn, G. W. P., was introduced to the audience. He referred in most complimentary terms to the last speaker, and then to the growth of the temperance movement, calling attention to Hon. Sydney Fisher's amendment in regard to the plebiscite, which, if the vote was suf-ficiently large, would be followed by a prohibition bill. He, the speaker, was not afraid they would not have a majority, but whether that majority would be large enough. Many would say of the banishing of the liquor traffic, good riddance to it, but they were not sufficiently enthusiastic to go and vote for the banishment. This was where their work would be to interest these people and get the majority required. A law prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquor in Canada would be a much better way of commemorating the Queen's sixtleth anniversary than the building of

monuments of any shape or design.

The hymn, "There are Hearts to Cherish," followed, and then Major A. J. Armstrong addressed the meet-

He referred to the organization of the Sons of Temperance in New York fifty years ago, and told of the customs of that time and the difficulty of such work. Then of its success and growth. He took his hearers back to New Year's day, some thirty-five years ago and described the social calls of that day and contrasted them to the social visits of the present. Gradually the habit of offering their guests. liquor had departed until today the would find whiskey on very few sideboards of city residences. He attri-buted a great part of the work to the W. C. T. U. Taking up the question of prohibition, Mr. Armstrong denied the assertion that such a law would reduce the revenue. The seven of eight millions revenue from the traffi cost more to collect than the whole amount, and without liquor many homes would be brighter and wealth ier. He told of the opposition that they would have to overcome, but predicted that under the lead of the W C. T. U. these they would easily b anguished.

A collection was taken up, after vanquished.

which the meeting adjourned. HOFFMAN, REUBIN & CO.

The Creditors Remove Sheriff Sturdee From the Position of Assignee.

A meeting of the creditors of Hoffman, Reubin & Co. was held in the office of C. A. Stockton on Thursday afternoon. Sheriff Sturdee, as official assignee, made a report as to the affairs of the insolvent firm, and then a motion having been made that H. F. Puddington be appointed assigned in place of Sheriff Sturdee, and being put to the meeting, was unanimously carried, and as assignee Mr. Puddington took the chair and Sheriff Sturdee left the meeting, but before doing so he had a wordy war with H. H. McLean because Mr. McLean had asked the law officers of the crown to amend the assignment act so that it would not be necessary to call a special meeting for the appointment of an assignee, and the law officers of the crown thought that no such amendment was necessary and that the sheriff was wrong in the interpretation he had placed upon the act. The sheriff said he would not accept the ex parte judgment of the law officers of the crown on the point, nor of anyone else, not even excepting the chief justice of Canada. He further said he had acted conscientiously throughout the whole mat-ter, and as the representatives of the creditors were gentlemen, he had no nesitation in leaving the matter of his remuneration in their hands. A motion was then made that John R. Armstrong take the chair, but as the general feeling of the meeting seemed to be that the assignee was the pro-

per chairman, the motion was not put to the meeting.

There was then some discussion about goods shipped to Frederiston, which were claimed by the Bank of Nova Scotta, but held by the C. P.

cents in two months and ten cents in four months. Second—Ten cents cash, ten cents in one month, cents in two months and ten cents in

three months. three months.

After some discussion it was de cided that Mr. Morrill should confer with the assignee and inspectors in regard to the security for the payment, and report to the next meet-

A. H. Hanington then spoke of the goods which had been seized at Moncton under the Absconding Debtor's warrant from the store of Mr. Vinbrook, and which Mr. Vinbrook was seeking to recover by replevin pro-ceedings. He said the matter came on for hearing before the sheriff on Tuesday, and wished this meeting to authorize steps to be taken to prevent Mr. Vineburg recovering the goods. Then followed a lively discussion, from which it would appear that some of the creditors were of the opinion that as Mr. Hannington had started the Absconding Debtor's proceedings he should bear the brunt of them, and that they should not be called upon to bear any part of the expense of them. During this discussion F. A. Dykeman, J. Russell and others went for Mr. Hannington in lively style, and broad hints were The power then, after all, is with us, and so we must make a stand and fight for it, accept no compromise and make no surrender. I am my brother's keeper, the speaker said, and so are you; it is something you cannot shirk; you must accept it.

Will prohibition prohibit? is asked by some. It will if backed by the people. Then, shall we women of St. John stand idly by when we know that our children are in dire need of if. The time is ready. We have evithrown out to the effect that these Absconding Debtor's proceedings were

general laugh.

At the close of the meeting an understanding was practically arrived at, to the effect that an effort be made to have the replevin proceed-ings postponed until it was deter-mined whether or not either of the settlements offered by Mr. Morrill

would be accepted. The feeling among the creditors generally appears to be that if the estate is wound up under the Absconding Debtor's Act or the Assignment Act, or both, the dividend will not exceed ten per cent., and they therefore are desirous of accepting one of the offers of settlement if satisfactory security be offered; as to whether or not there will be a settlement depends in a very great degree upon the views of Messis. McLean, Stockton and Hannington, who represent a majority of the creditors in value.

Among those present at the meeting were Sheriff Sturdee, A. H. Hannington, H. F. Puddington, C. A. Stockton, J. R. Armstrong, A. W. Macrae, J. L. Carleton, H. H. Mc-Lean, J. E. Cowan, J. Montgomery, S. E. Morrill, L. A. Currey, C. Brown,

To restore gray hair to its natural color, as in youth, cause it to grow abundant and strong, there is no better preparation than Hall's Hair Re-

Revised Every Monday for the Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET.

3	Beef (country), per qr per lb	0 021/2		0 041/4
e	Pork, fresh, per carcass	0 05	46	0 06%
蝎	Shoulders Hams, per lb.	0 08	44	0 09
a	Hams, per lb.	0 08	**	0 11
ā	Butter (in tubs), per lb	0 13		0 15
đ	Butter (lump)	0 13	**	0 15
98	Butter (in tubs), per lb Butter (lump) Butter (creamer) Lister roll	0 18	**	0 19
r		0 16	**	0 18
C	Fowl	0 25		0 50
е	Geese	0 50	**	0 65
y	Ducks, per pair	0 50		0 80
23.53	Chickens	0 25	**	0 50
53	Turkeys	0 13	44	0 15
t	Eggs, per doz	0 12	16	0 13
	Eggs (henery)	0 13	**	0 15
	Cabbage, per doz	0 40	"	0 70
	Cranberries, per bbl	3 00	**	4 60
e	Mutton per lh (carcage)	0 04		0 05
	Veal	0 07	**	0 10
	Potatoes, per bbl	0 75	44	1 00
r	Rabbits, per pair	0 08	40	0 09
	Calf skins, per lb	0 06		0 07
	Sheep skins, each	0 50	**	0 60
6	Hides, per lb	0 06	14	0 07
	Carrots, per bbl	0 80	**	1 00
2	Deeus, per obi	0 80	**	1 00
	Turnips, per bbl	0 40	**	0 50
33	Squash, per lb	0 02	40	0 03
94	Cheese	0 111/2	**	0 121/2
	Celery, per doz	0 40	44	0 60
	Parsnips, per bbl	0 00	**	1 50
9	Maple sugar	0 08	**	0 10
y	Maple honey, per gal	0 60	**	0 80
	Apples	0 75	**	1 25
	Retail.			
9	~ 72 55 ~ + 4 5 7 m 2 2 m 24 c tu kummin 6 5 22 m 36 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7	0.00		
1	Beef, corned, per Ib	0 06		0 10
	Beef tongue per lb	0 08		0 10
	Roast, per ib	0 10		0 16
e	Pork, per lb (fresh)	0 07	**	0 10
3	Pork, per lb (salt)	0 12		0 10 0 16
500	Hams, per lb	UIZ	50,80	0 10

Retail				4
Beef, corned, per lb	0 06	**	0 10	äŧ
Beef tongue per 1b	0 08	44	0 10	4
Roast, per to	0 10	**	0 16	題
Pork, per to (fresh)	0 07	**	0 10	雛
Pork, per lb (salt)	0 07	44	0 10	34
Pork, per lb (salt)	0 12	**	0 16	1
Shoulders, per lb	0 08	**	0 10	
Bacon, per 1b	0 12	**	0 16	8
Sausages, per lb	0 10	**	0 12	35
Tripe	0 08	41	0 10	3
Butter (in tubs)	0 15	"	0 17	題
Butter (lump), per lb	0 15		0 17	湖
Dairy roll	0 18	**	0 22	8
Butter (creamery), roll	0 22	**	0 24	8
Eggs, per doz	0 14	••	0 16	8
Eggs (henery), per doz	0 16	**	0 18	28
Lard (in tubs)	0 12		0 14	23
Rabbits, per pair	0 12	**	0 15	题
Mutton, per lb	0 06	••	0 08	Sie
Lamb, per 1b	0 06		0 09	20
Potatoes, per peck	0 15	**	0 18	83
Cabbage, each	0 06		0 08	80
Fowl, per pair	0 40		0 75	J.
Geese	0 60	**	0 80	88
Ducks, per pair	0 60	.(	0 90	
Chickens, per pair	0 40	**	0 75	500
Turkeys, per lb	0 14	**	0 16	
Carrots, per peck	0 15		0 18	
Parsnips, per peck	0 20	**	0 25	
Squash, per lb	0 03	**	0 04	
Turnips, 'per peck	0 12		0 15	
Celery, per head	0 05		0 08	38
Beets, per peck	0 18	**	0 20	

Beans, peck,	0 30		0 40
FISH.		K 155	
Quotations remain as before	. Th	e de	emand
is a little larger, and stocks			
but there is nothing to advan-			
Wholesale.			
	0 00	**	3 35
Codflish, medium shore	2 75	**	2 85
	1 75	**	2 00
	1 20	44	1 25
Smoked herring	0 06		0 07
Bay herring, bbls	2 60		2 75
Bay herring, hf bbls	1 30		1 40
Grand Manan, hf bbls	1 30		1 40
Herring, N S shore, No 1	2 75	<b>原</b>	3 00
do. hf bbl	0 00		2 30
Barrington herring			3 25
			5 50.
Bloaters, per box		Since Since	0 60
Cod, fresh		BEIDE	0 02
Haddock fresh	0 00	8918950	0.02

Sugar is steady.					
Coffee-					
Java, per Ib, green		24	**		26
Jamaica, per ib		24	**		26
Matches, per gross		26			30
Rice, per 10 0	0	31/4	*	0	031
Molasses—					
Barbados	0	26	**	0	27
Porto Rico, per gal	0	30	(,	0	34
Nevis, per gal	.0	24	**	0	25
Salt-					
Liverpool, ex vessel	0	40	**	0	43
Liverpool, per sack, ex store.	0	45	**	0	48
Liverpool butter salt, per		725 Vest V			
bag, factory filled	0	90	**	1	00
Spices-					
Cream of tartar, pure, bbl	0	20	**	0	21
Cream of tartar, pure, bxs.	0	23	*		27
Nutmegs, per lb	0	50	44	0	70
Cassia, per ib, ground	0	18		0	20
Cloves whole	0	12	**	0	15
Oloves, ground	0	18		0	20
Ginger, ground	0	18.		0	22
Pepper, ground		12	**	0	15
Bicarb soda, per keg	2	30	**	2	40
Sal suda, per lb	. 9	00%		0	01
Sugar-					
Standard granulated, per lb.	0	00	44	0	04
Canadian, 2nd grade, per lb.		03%		0	04
Yellow, bright, per lb	0	031/2	**	0	03
Yellow, per lb	0	03%	**	0	03
Dark yellow, per lb	0	0314	**		03
Paris lumps, per box	0	05%			05

Dark yellow, per 10 0.06	14	0 054
Paris lumps, per box 0 05 Pulverised suguar, per 1b 0 05	17	0 053
Tea-		
Black 12's, short stock, p lb 0 4	1	0 44
Congou, per lb, finuest 0 22		0 28
Congou, per to go d 0 18		0 22
Congou, per lb. common 0 11	**	0 15
Occiong, per 10 0 30	**	0 40
Tobacco-		
Black 12's, long leaf, per to 0 48	SEST.	
Black, highest grade, per ID 9 11		0 20
Bright, pe 10 0 58	•	0 59
PROVISIONS.		
Pork is firm, but there is not	hing	doin
and quotations are unchanged.		
		13 50
American clear pork 13.00		
American mess pork 12 00		12 50
P. E. I. mess 11 50		12 00
Domestic mess 11 50		12 00

American cicar posterior		STEEL STEEL STEEL	
American mess pork	12 00	12	50
P. E. I. mess	11 50	STATE OF THE PARTY	2 00
Domestic mess	11 50	1	2 00
P. E. Island prime mess	9 50	** 10	00
P. E. Island prime mess	AND MAKE STATE		
Plate beef	. 12 00	-	9 50
Extra plate beef	. 12 50	Section .	0 001/
Lard, compound	. U UO 54	XX2233900.	U U 6.73
Lard, pure	0 071/4	SHORE.	09
GRAIN, SEEDS, HA		C	
GRAIN, SEEDS, III	and the second	en Click	
Oats are easy. Hay is off	ering f	reely	, but
there is little demand, and	that	only	for
the chaireast grade There	e no c	hans	re in

prices.	3.500-468142	
Oats (Ontario), car lots	0 29	** 0 30
Oats (Carleton Co.)	0 26	" 0 27
Beans (Canadian), h.p	0.90	" 0 95
Beans, prime	0 85	" 090
Improved yellow eye		" 1 60
Split peas	3 25	** 3 50
Round peas		" 2 50
Pot barley	3 25	** 3 50
Hay, pressed, car lots		" 12 00
Red Clover		" 0 09
Alskie clover	0 09	. 0 10

Timothy seed, American	1 70	44	1 80
FLOUR, MEAL, I	ETC.		
Quotations on buckwheat	meal	are	co
rected. The rest of the list Middlings and bran are firm	the	latt	er e
pecially.			
Buckwheat meal, gray	0 00	**	1 75
Buckwheat meal, yellow	1 00	44	T TO
Manitoba hard wheat	5 40	的民族	5 50
	4 75		4 95

	Buckwheat meal, gray 0 00	44	1 7
3	Buckwheat meal, yellow 1 00		1 1
99	Manitoba hard wheat 5 40		5 50
	Canadian high grade family. 4 75		4 8
	Medium patents 4 50	44	4.60
	Oatmeal, standard 3 20		3 2
	Oatmeal, rolled 3 20	**	3 2
	Cornmeal	-	18
	Middlings, bulk, car lots 13 50	44	14 5
	Middlings, small lots 14 50	-66	15 50
	Middlings, bagged, small lots 16 00		17 00
	Bran, bulk, car-lots 13 50	46	14 50
	Bran, small lots 14 50	44	15 50
	Cottonseed meal 26 00	**	28 0
	FRUITS, ETC.		

THE CHARLES AND ADDRESS OF THE SHARE THE STATE OF THE STA				
FRUITS, ETC.				
Caoifornia prunes are quoted. generally are unchanged.	Q	uot	ations	
Apples 1	25	**	2 00	
Currants, cases 0	U4 %	27.933	U U0%	ij
Cururants, per bbl 0	041/6	South Times	0.05	
Dried apples 0 03	Salar	0 0	31/2	g
Evap, apples, per lb 0	041/2	•	0 05	
Raisins, Cal., L. L., new, 20				
lb boxes 1			1 75	
Malaga Chusters 3	25	4	3.75	
Raisins, California Muscatela				ä
2 Crowns A	07	Sec. 30	0 074	н

## THE MARKETS.

While there is no quotable change in prices, beef is firmer, also pork. Fresh poultry is a little higher. Eggs are cheaper. Strictly choice butter is firm in price, but the market is overstocked with ordinary dairy grades and for these the price is easier. There is no change in vegetables.

Wholesale.	Popping corn, per 1b 0 071/2 " 0 00
Lamb, per lb 0 05 " 0	07 Peanuts, roasted 0 09 " 0 10
Beef (butchers'), per carcass 0 06 " 0	
Beef (country), per qr per 1b 0 021/2 " 0	1 man Double, Hew 0 40
Pork, fresh, per carcass 0 05 " 0	
Shouldone on the first of the state of the s	
	Desirements
Butter (in tubs), per lb 0 13 " 0:	
- decer (Iump)	
Butter (creamer) 0 18 " 0	
Dairy roll 0 16 " 0	
	50   some parcels. Trade is moving along quiet-
Geese 050 " 0	65 ly, the only shipments to the other side for
Ducks, per pair 0 50 ' 0	80 some time being by the regular steamers.
Chickens 0 25 " 0	50 Shipments to the states continue small.
Turkeys 0 13 " 0	
Eggs, per doz 0 12 " 0	1 Direct deals 0 00 10 00
Eggs (henery) 0 13 " 0	Tatemirock boards 0 00 00 00
	- 1 do., planed 0 00 6 00
Cranberries, per bbl 300 " 4	of I wanted with the second of the
Muston non 16 (constant)	Spruce deals, B. Fundy mls. 10 00 " 10 25
Mutton, per lb (carcass) 0 04 " 0	Spruce deals, city mills 10 00 " 10 50
	10   Shingles, No. 1
Potatoes, per bbl 0 75 " 1	UU   Shingles No 1 extre 0 00 14 1 40
rabbits, per pair 0 08 " 0	Shingles clears 0.00 " 9.40
	07   Spruce boards 6 50 " 7 00
Sheep skins, each 0 50 " 0	60 Pine shippers 0 00 "10 00
Hides, per lb 0 06 " 0	07 Shingles, extra 0 00 " 2 75
Carrots, per bbl 0 80 " 1	00 Aroostook P. B., shipping 0 00 " 2 75
Beets, per bbl 0 80 " 1	00 Aroostook P. B., shipping 0 00 " 14 00 00 Common 12 00 " 13 00
Turnips, per bbl 0 40 " 0	50 Chimbon 12 00 13 00
Squash, per 1b 0 02 " 0	, Suringres, second clears 0 00
Cheese 0 11½ " 0	101, I THE Chapboards, extra 30 00 40 00
Parsnips, per bbl 0 00 " 1	20 00
Maple sugar 0 08 " 0	14 100 0
	on Latins, spruce 100 1 20
Maple honey, per gal 0 60 " 0 Apples 0 75 " 1	
Apples 0 75 " 1	20 Laths phie 0.00 " 1.25
Retail	Lime, casks 0 90 " 1 00
Beef, corned, per 1b 0 06 " 0	
Boof tonome per the 0.00 11 0	10 INDITIONED

maple sugar	ט טס		A TO	
Maple honey, per gal	0 60		0 80	
Apples	0 75	**	1 25	39
Retail				
Beef, corned, per Ib	0 06	**	0 10	
Beef tongue per lb	0 08	**	0 10	
Roast, per to	0 10	**	0 16	
Pork, per to (fresh)	0 07		0 10	
Pork per th (salt)	0 07	-	0 10	
Hams, per Ib	0 12	**	0 16	
Shoulders, per lb	0 08		0 10	
Bacon, per lb	0 12	**	0 16	
Sausages, per lb	0 10	**	0 12	
Tripe	0 08	41	0 10	
Butter (in tubs)	0 15	44	0 17	9
Butter (lump), per lb	0 15	**	0 17	
Dairy roll	0 18		0 22	
Butter (creamery), roll	0 22		0 24	22
Eggs, per doz	0 14	**	0 16	
Eggs (henery), per doz	0 16	**	0 18	
Land Grant (menery), per doz	0 12		0 14	
Lard (in tubs)	0 12	**	0 15	
Rabbits, per pair	0 06	••	0 08	
Mutton, per lb	0 06	**	0 09	
Lamb, per W	0 15	**	0 18	
Potatoes, per peck	0 06		0 08	
Cabbage, each	0 40		0 75	
Compare pair	0 60		0 80	
Geese			0 90	
Ducks, per pair	0 60		0 75	
Chickens, per pair		44		
Turkeys, per lb	0 14		0 16	
Carrots, per peck	0 15	44		
Parsnips, per peck	0 20		0 25	
Squash, per lb	0 03		0 04	

Chickens, per pair 0 40 " 0 75 Turkeys, per lb 0 14 " 0 16	Quotations are without change this week.
Carrots, per peck 0 15 " 0 18	American water white, Ones-
Parsnips, per peck 0 20 " 0 25	ter A (bbl free) 0 191/2 " 0 21
Squash, per 1b 0 03 " 0 04	
Turnips, 'per peck 0 12 " 0 15	light (bbl free) 0 18 " 0 191/2
Celery, per head 0 05 " 0 08	Conodian prime white Silver
	Shar (bbl free) 0 151/2 " 0 17
Beets, per peck	Linseed oil (raw) 0 47 " 0 49
Maple Sugar 0 10 0 12	Linseed oil (boiled) 0 49 0 01
Maple honey, per gal 0 80 " 1 00	Turpentine 0 40 " 0 42
Beans, peck 0 30 " 0 40	Cod oil 0 49
FISH.	
Quotations remain as before. The demand	Seal oil (nale) 0 43 " 0 46
is a little larger, and stocks are moderate,	
but there is nothing to advance prices.	Extra lard oil
but there is nothing to advance prices.	No 1 level oil 0.55 " 0.60
Wholesale.	Castor oil (commercial) per lb 0 09 " 6 10
Wholesale. Codfish, per 100 lbs,large,dry 0 00 " 3 35	Cascol out (commercial) ber to a ac
Counisii, interium suore 2 10 2 00	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE COALS.
Codfish, small 1 75 " 2 00	Old Mines Sydney 0 00 5 75
Pollock 1 20 " 1 25	Victoria (Sydney) per chal. 0 00 5 30 Spring Hill round, per chal 0 00 5 00
Smoked herring 0 06 " 0 07	Spring Hill round per chal 0 00 " 5 50
Bay herring, bbls 2 60 " 2 75 Bay herring, hf bbls 1 30 " 1 40	Glace Bay
Bay herring, hf bbls 1 30 " 1 40	0 00 11 5 90
Grand Manan, hf bbls 1 30 " 1 40	A cadde (Dicton) per chal. 0 00
Herring, N S shore, No 1 2 75 " 3 00	Reserve mine, per chal 0 00 " 5 30
0.00 44 9.90	Reserve mine, per charter of on " 5 75

Cod, iresn	U UU		U U2
Haddock, fresh	0 00		0.02
GROCERIES.			
TEER EELE VELTET EIL TEEL TEEL TOO DE BESTELLE TEEL TEEL TEEL TEEL TEEL TEEL TE			<b>在</b> 第四位的
Quotations are without char	nge	this	week
Sugar is steady.			
Coffee-			
		59 P	0 26
Java, per lb, green	0 24		
Jamaica, per ID	0 24		0 26
Matches, per gross	0 26		0 30
Rice, per 1b 0	0314		0 034
Molasses-			
	0 26	**	0 27
Porto Rico, per gal			0 34
Nevis, per gal	0 24		0 25
	0 21		0 20
Salt-	0 40		0 43
Liverpool, ex vessel	0 40	ASSESSED 150-5	U TU
Liverpool, per sack, ex store.	0 4		0 48
Liverpool butter sait, per			
bag, factory filled	0 90	) "	1 00
Spices-			
Cream of tartar, pure, bbl	0 20		0 21
Cream of terter pure bys.	0 23		0 27

Alverboot bullet said, per						
bag, factory filled	0 :	90	**	1	00	
cream of tartar, pure, bbl	0 1	20	••	0	21	d
cream of tartar, pure, bxs.	0 :	23	**	0	27	å
Nutmegs, per lb	0		44	0		e
Cassia, per lb, ground	0		**	0	20	
Dioves, whole	0		**	0	15	
Dioves, ground		18		0	20	d
linger, ground	0			0	22	
Pepper, ground	0	12	44	0	15	
Bicarb soda, per keg	2	30		2	40	
Sal suda, per lb	.9	00%	**	0	0114	
Sugar-						å
standard granulated, per lb.			**	0	041/8	ă
Canadian, 2nd grade, per 1b.	.0	03%	**	0	04	
fellow, bright, per lb	0	031/2		0	03%	
ellow, per lb	0 1	03%	**		031/2	
Dark yellow, per lb	0	031/4	**	0	03%	ð
Paris lumps, per box	0	051/4		0	05%	
Pulverised suguar, per 1b		051/4	**	0	05%	å
Tes-					000	
Black 12's, short stock, p lb	. 0	41			44	
Congou, per 1b, finuest	0	22			283	
Congou, per to go d	0	18			22	
Congou, per It. common		11	**		15	

Congou, per ID, unuest v as	
Congou, per to go d 0 18	" 0 22
Congou per It common 0 11	** 0 15
	" 0 40
Occiong, per 10 0 30	0 20
Tobacco-	
Black 12's, long leaf, per to 0 43	" 0 47
The tar sound tout, por to 0 47	" 0 48
Black, highest grade, per ID 0 47	0 59
Bright, pe 10 0 58	U 99
PROVISIONS.	
Pork is firm, but there is not	ning doing
and quotations are unchanged.	<b>建筑建筑建筑地</b>
and dnotations are muchangen.	
American clear pork 13.00	" 13 50
American mess pork 12 00	" 12 50
American mess pora	** 12 00
P. E. I. mess 11 50	SCHOOL STATE OF THE STATE OF TH
Domestic mess 11 50	12 00
P. E. Island prime mess 9 50	** 10 00
Plate boof	** 13 00

American mess pork	. 12	00	MARIE.			
P. E. I. mess	11 f	50				
Domestic mess	111	50		12	00	
P. E. Island prime mess	9	50	4.	10	00	
Plate beef	12	00	**	13	00	į
Extra plate beef	12	50	**	13	50	
Lard, compound		0614	**	0	0714	
Lard, pure	ŏ	071/4	44	0	09	
	STORESTAN	<b>SECTION SUPE</b>	953000			
GRAIN, SEEDS, HA	AY,	ETC	200			
Oats are easy. Hay is of	ferin	g fr	eel;	y,	but	
there is little demand, and	đ tì	nat	onl	y	for	

the choicest grade. There is	no	change 1	٩
prices.	512-46-619		
Oats (Ontario), car lots	0 29	0 30	
Oats (Carleton Co.)	0 26	" 0 27	
Beans (Canadian), h.p	0.90	" 0 95	
Beans, prime	0 85	" 090	
Improved yellow eye	1 50	" 1 60	
Split peas	3 25	3 50	
Round peas	2 25	** 2 50	d
Pot barley	3 25	** 3 50	
	11 00	" 12 00	
Red Clover		4 " 0 09	y

Alskie clov	ег	AUGUSTA, MEDIA	0 09		0 10
Timothy se	ed, Ar	nerican	1 70	*	1 80
gk 1	FLOUR	, MEAL,	ETC.		
Quotations	s on t	uckwheat	meal	are	co
rected. The	rest	of the li	st is	as l	befor
Middlings a	ind bra	n are fire	n, the	latt	er e
pecially.					
Buckwheat	meal.	grav	. 0 00	- 44	1 75
Buckwheat					1 10

Buckwheat meal, gray 0 00	" 1 75
Buckwheat meal, yellow 1 00	" 1 10
Manitoba hard wheat 5 40	" 5 50
Canadian high grade family. 4 75	** 4 85
Medium patents 4 50	" 4.60
Oatmeal, standard 3 20	" 3 25
Oatmeal, rolled 3 20	" 3 25
Cornmeal 1 75	" 1 80
Middlings, bulk, car lots 13 50	" 14 50
Middlings, small lots 14 50	" 15 50
Middlings, bagged.small lots 16 00	" 17 00
Bran, bulk, car-lots 13 50	" 14 50
Bran, small lots 14 50	" 15 50
Cottonseed meal 26 00	" 28 0
FRUITS, ETC.	

A VICTIM UF ASTHMA.

HAD NOT SLEPT IN BED FOR TWENTY FIVE YEARS.

seemed Doomed to Torture and Continual Misery - Father, Grandfather and Great Grandfather Had Died From the Trouble -Release Comes in Old Age-The Cure Looked Upon as a Miracle.

(From the Whitby Chronicle.) For years stories of famous cures wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have appeared in the Chronicle. During this time we have been casting about for a local case of such a nature as to leave no doubt of the efficiency of these pills. We have found several, but in each case it proved to be a sensitive body who could not bear to have his or her name and disease made public. Recently, however, a most striking case came to our ears. Mr. Solomon Thompson lives on a beautiful farm on the west shore of Mud Lake in Carden township, North Victoria. He has resided there for forty years, being the first settler around the lake. He was reeve of Carden and Dalton townships thirtyfive years ago, before the counties of Peterboro and Victoria were separated, and he used to attend the counties' council at Peterboro. Mr. Thompson has been a victim of asthma for forty years or more. However we will let him tell his own story on

that head. On October 15th, 1896, we took a trip to Mud Lake to visit the haunts long familiar to us, and made it a duty and found it a pleasure to call upon Mr. Thompson and learn from seeing him and hearing his account of it how he had been cured. For twenty-five years we had known him as a gasping, suffering asthmatic, the worst we ever knew who managed to live at all. We often wondered how he lived from day to day. On calling he met us with a cheerful aspect and without displaying a trace of his old trouble. Being at once ushered into his house, we naturally made it our first business to enquire if it were all true about the benefits he had received from using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. "Beyond doubt," said he. "How long have you used them, and how many boxes have you used?" he was asked. "I started a year ago, and took eight boxes." We next asked him if he felt that the cure was permanent. "Well," said ne,
"I have not taken any of the pills for
three or four months. Still I am not
entirely satisfied yet. You see my
ations in 1837.

The Scotch and English emigrants father, grandfather and great grand-father died of asthma. My people all take it sooner or later, and it always ends their days. I have lost three brothers from the fatal thing. Knowing my family history it is hard for me to gain faith, but I can tell you for nearly thirty years I never slept in bed until I took Pink Pills. As you must have known, I always slept sitting in the chair you now occupy. I had a sling from that hook in the ceiling, and always sat with my head resting in it while I slept. I now retire to my bed when the other members of my family do." "How old are you, Mr. Thompson?" "Seventy-six," was the reply, "and I feel younger than I did thirty years ago. I was troubled a great deal with rheumatism and other miseries, probably nervous trou-bles arising from want of sleep, but

Refin-d, per 100 lbs. of ordinary siz Common, 100 lbs. 1 Ship spikes 2 Patent metals, per lb. 4 Anchors, per lb. 5 Rigging chains, per lb. 1 Nails, cut (base) 1 nearly all the rheumatism is gone with A HEALED HERALD. During the conversation Mrs. Thompson, a hale old lady, the mother Thinks Rheumatism is Borne of the Lower Regions, but Proclaims South American Rheumatic Cure a Heaven-Sent Healer. of thirteen children,, came in and after listening to her husband's recital of these matters, she took up the theme. "I never expected that any-

Rheumatic Cure a Heaven-Sent Healer.

Henry Humphreys, East London, sends his posolicited testimony: "I was seized with painful rheumatism in my lett foot. I could not rest with it day or night, the pain was so intense. I tried many remedies, but they had no more effect on me than water on a duck's back. I was persuaded to try South American Rheumatic Cure. I followed the directions closely and in a very short time this wonderful remedy effected a complete cure, and there has not been the slightest hint of a return of the disease, it is a sure remedy, and I delight to herald the goodness all over the land." "We were always trying to find something which would give him relief, so that he could sleep nights, but nothing ever seemed to make much difference. At first he took one of the pilis after each meal, but after a time he increased the dose to two. We noticed he was greatly improved after taking two boxes and began to have hopes. Later on when we saw beyond doubt that he was much better, I recom-mended the pills to a niece of mine, Miss Day, whose blood had apparently Twenty-five Workmen, Some With turned into water, and who had run down in health and spirits so bad that she did not care to live. Why, she For years William Hazelhurst & got as yellow as saffron, and looked as Son have been doing all the casting work for the I. C. R. for this section, if she would not live a week. You would hardly believe it," said Mrs. Thompson, "but that girl was the healthirst and handsomest girl in the These castings for the whole railway system have been made at three points, in New Brunswick, Nova passed, and all from taking Pink Pills." Mrs. Thompson was called Scotia and Quebec. Last fall tenders were called for the Nova Scotia portion of the work, and New Brunswickfrom the room at this juncture to attend to some household duties, and Mr. Thompson resumed the subject of his marvellous cure. "You have no idea," said he, "what it is to go ers, as such, were debarred from tendering. Some time ago tenders were asked for the New Brunswick porvere allowed to tender, with the result through twenty-five years without a good night's sleep without pain. I can find no words to make plain to you the contrast between the comthat word has been received from Ottawa to forward to Rhodes, Curry & Co. of Amherst all the patterns held by Messrs. Hazelhurst. The work of forts I now enjoy and the awful life I had for so long. I had a big family of mouths to feed and had to work loading the patterns on I. C. R. cars to convey them to Amherst comwhen at times I felt more like lying This is one of the greatest outrages down to die. I would come in at night ever perpetrated on St. John, and is completely tuckered out, but even that was no guarantee of rest. There was another evidence that the influence of Tucker and Ellis at Ottawa amounts no rest for me. I seemed doome to little. New Brunswick mechanics torture and continual misery. When my folks urged me to try Dr. Wil-liams' Pink Pills I thought it would were not allowed to enter into competition with Nova Scotians, but the latter were allowed to step in and

his head to add emphasis to his last sentence, and looked like a man who from Messrs. Hazelhurst there are other firms in this city who could have felt joyful over a renewed lease of life, with all his old miseries removed This latest blow at St. John means After congratulating our old friend a loss in wages paid out alone of on his divorce from the hereditary somewhere in the vicinity of \$15,000. destroyer of his kindred, we drove At the next meeting of the liberal away. At many places in the neigh association it is announced the affairs borhood we opened discussions upon the case and found that all regarded of Canada are to be discussed, and that Messrs. Tucker and Ellis are to take part in the debate. It would be it as a marvellous cure. Where the Thompson family are known, no pera good idea to defer the debate and son would have believed for a mosider affairs in St. John, especially ment that anything but death would this latest transaction, whereby twenty-five mechanics are deprived of a relieve him from the grip of asthma. Every word that is written here can be verified by writing Mr. Solomon Thompson, Dairymple post office, and Commercial traveler (to his wife, who had just presented him with an intimate acquaintance of twenty-five years enables the writer to youch twins)—My dear, one sample would have been quite sufficient—Tid Bits. for the facts narrated above, and for

the veracity of Mr. Thompson in any statement he may make. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and

strengthen the nerves, thus driving from the system. Avoid imitations by insisting that every box you purchase is enclosed in a wrapping bearing the full trade mark, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

### STIANLEY.

One of the Oldest Residents Tells of Its First Settlement.

Not long since a Fredericton Glean-

er correspondent had a very interest-ing conversation with John Reid, one of the oldest and most highly respected residents of Stanley, York Co. Mr. Reid was born on the 8th of December, 1815, at Ballykelley, County of Londonderry, Ireland, and within ten miles of historic Londonderry. He came out to this country in 1829 along with his parents, landing in St. John, where he remained for a few days and then came up the river to Fredericton on board steamer St. George, commanded by Captain Magee. In those days the boat only made one trip a week, leaving St. John on Saturday and returning Monday. Mr. Reid remained in Fredericton for three years, gardening for a part of this time for Mark Needham, and later working at house building. In 1832, hearing that the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Land company intended building a town on the site of the present village of Stanley, and also make a road from the Royal road into the new place, a distance of seventeen miles, he determined to try his fortune in that direction. Leaving Fredericton in July, he proceeded up the Nashwaak, and near Durham Bridge he fell in with Mr. Harry, the company's surveyor, also coming up to Stanley. The two then journeyed along in company, following an old lumber road until they came to David Douglas' place, about two miles from their destination. This was the beginning of the company's land, and from here there was no road whatever, only the trees blazed to show the way to travel. They travelled on, and night aprpoaching they decided to halt for the night. This was near the spot where now stands the Presbyterian church. On what is now known as the agricultural grounds they found two surveyors living in a bark camp. Shortly after this Mr. Reid began working for Frank Kerr, who had the contract for making the road from the Royal road into the new settlement. Next he was employed work-

winter they were here they worked stumping. This was on the farm now owned by James Malone. In 1837 Mr. Reid returned to Frederic-ton, and in 1839 he received the grant of a lot in the place that is now known as Ward Settlement, and at present owned by John Douglass. All supplies were brought as far as Durham by wagons and then put into hoats and drawn up river by horses.

Regular religious services were first held about 1850 by Rev. Mr. McCurdy (Presbyterian). Previous to that date the Anglican and Roman Catholic bishops had visited their respective flocks. The first Church of England minister was Dr. Neales. The Church of England had the first place of worship, which was originally a school house. The first school house was built close to the site where the manse now stands, and Paul Henry was the first teacher. The first house built in Stanley was near the resi-dence of Dr. Moore. Of all the houses built by the company only two rething could cure Solomon," said she. and at present owned by Harry Turn-bull, the other owned by James Mal-one. Mr. Reid has been for many years an elder of the Presbyterian church. He represented the parish four years at the council board; for several years he was a commissioner of roads, collector of rates, and also assessor. He filled the office of trus-

Athough in his 82nd year, Mr. Reid is enjoying good health and in possession of all his faculties, and takes a lively interest in all things that pertain to the welfare and advancement of Stanley.

## OH! THE MISERY.

Mrs. Galbraith of Shelburne, Ont., was a Great - ufferer from Indigestion, the Bane of so Many Lives—South American Nervine Released its Hold—it Relieves in One Day. Released its Hold—It Relieves in One Day.

"I was for a long time a great sufferer from indigestion. I experienced all the misery and annoyance so common to this allment. I tried many remedies and spent a great deal on doctors' bills without receiving any parmanent benefit. I was strongly recommended to try South American Nervine. I procured and used it, after using only two bottles I am pleased to testify that I am filly restored to health, and I have never had the slightest indication of a return of the trouble. I recommend it most heartily."

In a New Light.—"The use of electricity," said Bilkins, "doesn't seem to be such a modern idea after all. "How is that?" asked Wilkins. "Well, you see, Noah must have used the ark light."—Detroit Free Press.

