

\$200,000 TO LOAN
At 4-1/2 Per Cent.

H. H. WILLIAMS
24 King Street East.

NINETEENTH YEAR

TEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 20 1898—TEN PAGES

ONE CENT

WILL THE CONFERENCE FAIL?

Reports in Circulation at New York Tend That Way and the Outlook for the Adoption of a General Treaty Seems to Be Decidedly Gloomy—Montreal News.

Montreal, Sept. 19.—(Special.)—The Star's New York correspondent sends the following interesting despatch:
"The Quebec Conference doomed to failure? Reports in circulation here tend that way. It is said that the Dominion Commissioners insist on a free market for Canadian fish in the United States and are refusing to agree to any other matter in controversy. This is an impossible demand, for the reason that it would mean the destruction of the American deep sea fisheries industry, and of the school of the United States navy."

"In the war with Spain more than 20,000 men were taken from New England coast cities to serve on the American men-of-war, and, excepting the Pacific coast, the New England towns are, at all times, the mainstay of the country, so far as ships are concerned. With the enormous increase in the navy now contemplated, the American Commissioners would not dream of making a concession calculated to injure the country so seriously. If it were the fishery industry alone that was to be affected, the concession might be possible, but never when it involves destruction of the nursery of fish. Agreement on some other points is doubtful, and altogether, the outlook for the adoption of a general treaty would seem to be decidedly gloomy."

Large Increase in Corn.
The corn that has been received in Montreal this season already amounts to 16,400,000 bushels, against 9,320,226 bushels for the whole of last year, an increase of over 7,000,000 bushels, so that the increase of the whole year is likely to equal the entire trade of 1897. There are also increases in oats, barley and rye, so that

WHAT COUNT CASSINI SAYS

New Russian Ambassador to the United States Talks.

Russia Seeks Only Peaceful and Friendly Relations With All Other Nations—No Hostile Purpose in Building the Siberian Railroad—Regarding the Philippines.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 19.—A special to The Times from Narragansett Pier gives a glimpse into the mind of Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, in which he says: "There has been absolutely no change in Russian sentiment or policy towards the United States, nor does there exist a reason for such a change within my knowledge. Russian policy does not conflict with the interests of the United States in any part of the world, no more in China than in England. Russia seeks only peaceful and friendly relations with all other nations."

The correspondent reminded the Ambassador that the American people were agitated by English writers to believe that some of the Continental powers had sought to arrange a project for international intervention on behalf of Spain in the recent war, and that this plan of action had been defeated by the refusal of Great Britain to be a party to it, or even to consent to see other powers engage in it, thereby placing this country under a new and special obligation to the British people.

"I never heard that there was such a proposition by any of the powers," said Count Cassini. "On the contrary, all the powers carefully maintain their neutrality throughout the war between the United States and Spain."

The Siberian Railroad.
Coming to the question of Russian development in the Orient, Count Cassini said:

"In building the Siberian Railroad it was found that the route necessary to be followed in reaching Vladivostok was a very difficult one, made so especially by the existence of areas of almost impassable marshes. The engineering problems presented by the route are now being solved. We also found that it was absolutely necessary to cross Chinese Manchuria in order to obtain an ice-free port, which was essential to enable the railroad to be a commercially successful enterprise. Our Pacific coast of Vladivostok on the Siberian coast is closed by ice during the winter months. We are not building a railroad simply for the purpose of laying down steel rails, or for the fun of the thing. It must have traffic when it is built in order to justify the investment and so we sought a terminus to the southward, where the ships of all nations could come at all seasons of the year. We obtained from the Chinese Government a lease of territory for a term of years, like the lease of Kiao-Chow by the Germans and the West by the British."

No Hostile Purposes.
"In making the arrangement we were not animated by hostile purposes toward any other power. The only sure and certain revenue which the Chinese Government possesses is its maritime customs, and a portion of these were pledged for the payment of our loan to China. The administration of the maritime customs is in the hands of an Englishman, Sir Robert Hart, but we did not undertake to remove or disturb Sir Robert Hart. We are represented as hostile to the interests of other nations in China, but we have not sought to or sought to prevent other nations from increasing their commercial privileges in that country. When the Russians acquired an extension of territory near Hong Kong we said nothing against it, and the Germans have had a free hand in the Shantung Peninsula, where they have obtained valuable privileges. Fur-

thermore, it should be remembered that Russia and China have a common boundary of some 6000 miles in extent, so that we have a close national relation to China, exceeding that of any other country."

The Future of China.
In regard to the future of China, he said: "There will be no partition of China. There were four hundred and twenty-five millions of people in that country when the last office was made to obtain a count of them. It is a huge population in a vast country. But I do not expect to see it divided. In extending the great Siberian Railway to the Yellow Sea, the purpose of Russia was not to acquire or annex Chinese territory, but to secure a commercial outlet for her goods, and to provide necessary commercial facilities for our vast northeastern territory as well as for the parts of China through which the railway will pass."

As to the Philippines.
Upon the subject of the Philippines, the Ambassador had no opinion to express, his attitude being that of an observer of what is happening in that part of the world. The Russian Government does not concern itself with those parts of China or with outlying islands remote from its borders. As to the question of the acquisition of the Philippines by this country, Count Cassini went no further than to remark: "It is a very grave problem."

40,000 TROOPS FOR CUBA.
Uncle Sam Making Preparations to Garrison the Island.
Washington, D.C., Sept. 19.—It is the present intention of the Administration to send to Cuba as a garrison force for the island about 40,000 troops, in addition to the force now in Santiago under command of Gen. Wood.

The special features are handsome finish, abundance of light and ventilation, accessibility and low rentals. An arcade has been opened through the property, No. 18 Victoria-street and 85 Yonge-street, through which the public may pass. A directory slab is placed at each entrance. This property is, therefore, almost at the corner of King and Yonge streets. On the Arcade, 100 feet from Yonge-street, is also a large warehouse, 6000 square feet of space, suitable for a printing or other business. To view the premises or to make leases apply to Mr. Fred Smith, agent, at the James Buildings.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Open all night, with excellent sleeping accomodation. Bath and bed \$1. 204 King street west.

Figures on Hats at Dineen's.
Over 23,000 men's hats are sold in Toronto every fall—and over one-half of this number are sold during the month of September—and Dineen's sell a little over one-half of the total number of hats sold in Toronto. Every genuine Dunlap Hat and every genuine Heath hat bought in Canada comes from Dineen's new store, 140 Yonge-street, corner Temperance. It is just as attractive with low prices as it is with new styles.

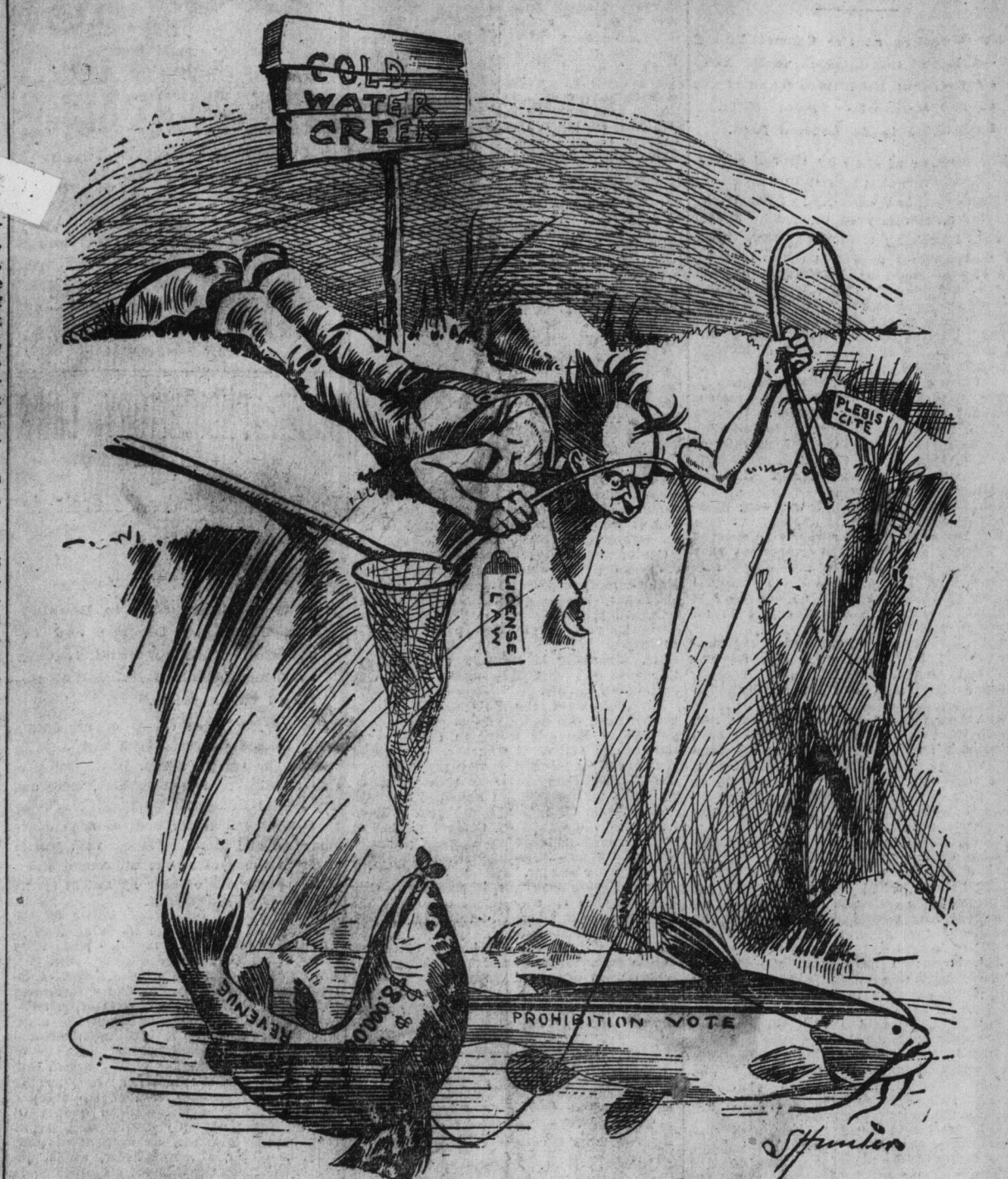
Pember's Turkish and Vapor Baths, 127 and 119 Yonge. Bath and bed \$1.00.

Doctors and Clergymen.
The Improved Paste Reservoir and Sprayer is what you want. No brush, no sticky fingers, 15 cents, or more. Large quantities, 25 cents, or more. Do not miss. 215 Yonge-street, 215

Steamship Movements.
Sept. 19. At From
Furness's.....New York.....Glasgow
Messageries.....New York.....Bordeaux
Lakes Superior.....Liverpool.....Montreal
Norseman.....Glasgow.....Montreal
Concordia.....Glasgow.....Montreal

Why suffer from Toothache when Gibbons' Toothache Gum will afford instant relief? Sold by all druggists; price 10c.

HE CAN'T HOLD BOTH.



WILFRED (in a tangle): By the Great Bob McCracken, I wish I knew how to land both of 'em.

PHILIPPINE CONGRESS.

Europeans Favorably Impressed—McKinley Will Be Asked to Establish a Protectorate.

London, Sept. 20.—The Hong Kong correspondent of The Daily Mail says: "The Philippine Congress has favorably impressed the Europeans who have witnessed the proceedings. It is believed that its deliberations will result in a petition to President McKinley to establish a protectorate. The attitude of the American army officers towards the insurgents is causing much unfavorable criticism among Europeans who have returned from Manila. They blame their almost criminal ignorance of the native character and their elementary ideas of colonizing. The officers seem determined upon winning glory at the expense of the insurgents by hatching imaginary revolts. Aguinaldo has obeyed every order, whether accompanied by threats or not."

A British naval officer, who has just returned from Manila, says: "What is needed is a force acquainted with the Asiatic character. America does not seem to realize the material she has at hand. Everyone is surprised that O. P. Williams, United States Consul at Manila, was not sent to Paris instead of staff officers, who know little of the Philippines. I am satisfied that if Consul-General Wildman, who has lived among the Malays and is familiar with British colonial methods, were given power he could arrange everything satisfactorily with Aguinaldo. It is essential that the part of America that he has not been ordered to Manila long ago."

MRS. CANFIELD IS DEAD.
An Estimable Lady of Woodstock Has Passed Away.
Woodstock, Sept. 19.—Mrs. Candied, wife of James Candied, deputy clerk of the Crown, died early this morning at the family residence on Light-street. For the past three days it was said that life was slowly ebbing away. Much regret is expressed throughout a large circle of friends. Deceased was a woman of strong personality. Of New St. Paul's Church she was a valued member. Mrs. Candied had spent most of the summer in Toronto and Hamilton in a vain endeavor to regain her lost health. On her return home some weeks ago it was seen that little progress towards recovery had been made. During the past week or two the patient rapidly faded. Death ensued this morning at 3 o'clock. Anemia was the cause. She was a daughter of the late James Osborne of Hamilton. Besides a husband, two children, Alan of Trinity College, Toronto, and Frederick, at home, are left to mourn the loss of an affectionate mother. Mrs. Candied was married 27 years ago.

Church of England Synod.
Montreal, Sept. 19.—Nearly the whole of today's session of the Church of England Synod was occupied with the consideration of the scheme proposed by the General Synod at its last meeting in Winnipeg to merge the Domestic and Foreign Mission Societies of the Provincial Synod into that of the general Synod. The scheme met with strong opposition from many of the delegates, and no decision was reached by the hour of adjournment.

Armed Cyclon Ter has the Flatter.
Lakewood Ter, Parliament and Winchester-streets. Terms, \$1 and \$1.50 per day. Special rates to weekly boarders. Table d'Hotel to 8 o'clock. J. H. Ayre, Proprietor.

Foster's Pain-Expeller & Co., patent solvents for all cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, toothache, etc. 10c.

DEATH OF SIR GEORGE GREY.

A Former Governor of South Australia and Statesman Gone.
London, Sept. 19.—The death, as announced, of Rt. Hon. Sir George Grey, aged 80 years.

The late Rt. Hon. Sir George Grey was formerly Lieutenant-Governor of South Australia in 1841, Governor of New Zealand from 1846 to 1854, and again from 1860 to 1867. Governor and Commander in Chief of the Cape of Good Hope from 1854 to 1861, and Premier of New Zealand from 1871 to 1881.

Great Fire in London.
London, Sept. 19.—McDougall's flour mill and other warehouses in Millwall Dock, have been destroyed by fire. The damage is estimated at £75,000.

REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS.
The Queen Regent of Spain is in Favor of the Czar's Scheme.
Madrid, Sept. 19.—The Queen Regent has replied to the circular of Count Muraviev, the Russian Foreign Minister, proposing the reduction of the excessive armaments of the powers, and the maintenance of real and lasting peace. Her Majesty praises the Czar's project, and promises to send a delegate to the proposed disarmament conference.

It is stated that Senor de Ejeida, Spanish Minister to Morocco, will be appointed secretary of the Peace Commission.
Senor Montero Rios, president of the Senate and president of the Peace Commission, had a conference to-day with the Queen Regent.

WILL ENGLAND GIVE IN?
Russian Newspaper Thinks She Will.
St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—Novoe Vremya warmly supports France in holding Fushoda. It thinks that England will accept the inevitable as usual, when she is met with proper resistance. She is now attempting intimidation, which is predestined to fail. It adds:

That Anarchist Assassin.
London, Sept. 19.—A despatch from The Daily Telegraph to St. Petersburg says that information has been received there to the effect that Lucchini, the assassin of the Emperor of Austria, belongs to an Anarchist gang, which went to North America two years and a half ago, leaving a few of their comrades in Europe. The gang issued orders from America, where the present plot was hatched. The members have now returned to Europe, but the chiefs remain in New York.

Will have to Enlarge.
Some of these days the City Commissioners will have to issue a permit for the enlargement of "store at No. 9 King-street west," in the smoking parlour, following such a popular rendezvous for gentlemen that very often every chair in the spacious room is occupied. The orchestra band, which works automatically, is one of the many attractive features of the room.

Just arrived at the Bodega, 36 Wellington East, (Clams, East River and Little Neck Oysters, Blue Point, Berkshires, Select and Standard) also Fresh Lobsters, served from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. daily. Private dining rooms in connection.

High-Class Pictures.
We carry a large assortment, and frame to your order in the most approved modern style. Prices low. A. H. Young, 408 Yonge-street.

Fember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-street.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Luxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

BIRTHS.
GOAD.—On Sept. 8, at "Cotswold," Thurlow Park-road, West Dulwich, London, England, the wife of Charles E. Goad, M. Am. Soc. C.E., of a daughter.

DEATHS.
BLACKLEY.—On Monday evening, Sept. 19, at the residence of her son-in-law, 303 Dufferin-street, Emma, relict of the late James Blackley, in her 70th year.

Funeral private.
BARKER.—At No. 4 Theobald-street, Sept. 19, Rebecca (Miss), daughter of John Barker. Funeral Wednesday, 3 p.m., private.

THE MURDER MYSTERY DEEPENS

Another Supposed Bridgeport Victim, a New Haven Girl, Turns up Alive at Her Home—Mrs. Nancy Guilford Has Probably Skipped to Europe—Butcher Burlison Returns.

PERSONAL IDENTITY.

There is probably not in fact a more marvelous story of mistaken identity than that in the case of the Bridgeport tragedy. Neither Poe nor any of his imitators, from Gaboriau to Conan Doyle, has been able to fabricate anything to compare with it.

A girl's mutilated body was found in the water. Two men just at that time were anxiously searching each for a missing daughter.

Both examined the murdered girl's head minutely. Each swore positively that it was the head of his missing daughter.

One of them, the father of missing Marian Grace Perkins, not only recognized a photograph of the dead girl's head, but described a minute mark that would be found over the right eye if the corpse was really that of his daughter. Nobody had observed any such mark, but upon examination it was found precisely where Mr. Perkins had said. The body was delivered to Mr. Perkins, who started home with it for burial.

Then Marian Grace Perkins arrived at home alive and well, passing on the way from the station the open grave that had been prepared to receive her and meeting at her father's door the undertaker's wagon.

The missing daughter of the other identifier has also turned up in full vigor of life.

The annals of the law are full of strange cases of mistaken identity. But we cannot recall one which so strongly illustrates as this one does the difficulty of personal identification and the danger of trusting to it where crime is concerned and human life imperiled. It would be easy to hang an innocent person upon testimony greatly weaker than that which proved so mistaken in this case.

MORE MYSTERIOUS THAN EVER.
Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 19.—The forensic developments in the Yellow Mill Pond murder mystery were of the most meagre character. The remains of the victim, now much exposed from the effects of the rain, are still above ground. Medical Examiner Downs having not yet reached a decision as to the wisdom of permitting the burial of the head, with the other dismembered portions of the corpse. The only tangible piece of information thus far obtainable to-day causes New Haven to once more loom up as a highly important centre of activity in connection with the tragedy.

Meagre developments of the morning all point to the probability that serious work is being done there on some clue that may have been discovered.

New Haven Police Busy.
New Haven, Conn., Sept. 19.—The detectives of the New Haven Police Department are busily engaged in a search for a young woman who has been missing for some time, and who may have been the victim of the Bridgeport tragedy. To a reporter of the Associated Press Capt. Cowles of the detective force said: "It is true that we are looking up a New Haven girl as a possible victim of the Yellow Mill Pond mystery. This girl, whose name I cannot disclose just now, has been missing between two and three months. She was the daughter of New Haven parents and we are told that she was in trouble at the time of her disappearance. She was about 21 years of age. She had a brother, who today to settle the question to-day may it may turn out that the girl to whom I refer may have been the victim of the Bridgeport tragedy, but probably not."

Rev. Father Slocum is Blameless.
Waterbury, Conn., Sept. 19.—Enquiry made today in connection with the latest phase of the Bridgeport murder mystery saves the way for the conclusion that the girl who was afforded shelter in the Home for Associated Charities of Bridgeport by Matron Gibbins and who has been considered as possibly the victim in the mysterious tragedy, was in error when she connected Rev. Father W. J. Slocum of Waterbury with her case. According to the statements of those connected with the Home in Bridgeport, the girl stated that she had been sent to a New York convent from South Norwalk, and that Father Slocum, then in that city, was instrumental in placing her in the convent. Father Slocum, when seen to-day, said that so far as he can remember, while he was in South Norwalk, but one girl was sent to any convent from that city. He added that Rev. J. O'Donnell, then his assistant, now of Watertown, has the girl in charge. Moreover, she has since married and has been a member of the Notre Dame congregation in Waterbury. Father Slocum further nullifies the theory that the former South Norwalk girl may have been the Bridgeport victim, by stating that he has heard from her within three days.

Burlison Back at Bridgeport.
Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 19.—Henry Burlison, the butcher who made such a commotion in Mattawana, N.Y., last Wednesday because of his supposed connection with the case, returned to his home here this afternoon in his famous pneumatic-tired buggy, with red running gear. He laughed at the attempts made to connect him with the mystery.

Mrs. Guilford in Montreal.
She Was Seen There, But Has Again Fitted—Gone to Europe.
Montreal, Sept. 19.—Reporters to-day traced Mrs. Nancy A. Guilford to the Place Viger Hotel here, where she had registered under an assumed name, and from there to a private boarding house on St. Denis-street.

She left the latter place at 8:30 p.m. Friday, taking her trunk with her on the driver's box, which is the last trace obtained of her up to date. She may still be in this place, or she may have taken a train for some other city. There were three trains that left here Friday night after she took her leave from the boarding house, going respectively to Chicago, Ottawa and Quebec, and intermediate points.

Continued on Page 2.

Fine, Cool Weather.
Meteorological Office, Toronto, Sept. 19.—(11 p.m.)—The low area mentioned yesterday is now passing eastward across the Gulf of St. Lawrence towards Newfoundland, and is causing strong south to west winds in the Gulf. A high pressure area is following eastward from the west and northwest and is now passing over the lakes, accompanied by cooler weather. A low area is appearing over Alberta, attended by higher temperature.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 54-70; Bathurst, 42-71; Qu'Appelle, 34-72; Winnipeg, 34-62; Port Arthur, 42-62; Pelly Sound, 54-62; Toronto, 52-68; Ottawa, 54-62; Montreal, 54-60; Quebec, 52-55; Halifax, 62-72.

Probabilities.
Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate winds, mostly westerly; fine and cool.
Ottawa Valley—Westerly winds; fair and cool.
Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Westerly winds; fair and cool.
Lake Superior—Light to moderate variable winds; fine; little change in temperature.
Manitoba—Fair to-day; local showers tonight; milder.

Plenty of pockets are essential to a Canadian boy's peace of mind. Oak Hall Clothing, 115 King-street east, give the full complement of pockets in trousers, suits, peafers or ulsters, and the boys are always pleased with the Oak Hall kind of clothing.