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duced to take the Oath of Allegiance, pleading in Excuse, that if they bound themselves to take up Arms in defence of the English Government, they should be exposed to be made a Sacrifice to the Ravages of the Indians in the French Interest: Upon this Plea General Phillips, then Governor of the Province, permitted them to stay there for some Years without giving this Test of their Allegiance; but at length, to bring them to comply, he indulged them, (though without being authoriz'd, as appears, by the Crown,) with an Exemption from bearing Arms upon any Occasion whatever; they were likewise not only allowed the public Profession of the Romish Religion, but suffered to be supplied with French Missionaries from Canada, who under the Bishop of Quebec exercifed Rule over them in fecular as well as spiritual Matters, enforcing an Obedience to their Decisions and Mandates by the Infliction of Ecclesiastical Penalties; whilst the only, or at least principal Act of Government exercised by the English Governor among them seems to have been, the Appointment, or rather Allowance from time to time, of Deputies chosen by and among themselves for their several Districts; and even those frequently behaved in the Execution of their Office, as if they thought themselves scarcely accountable to the English Government for the Exercise of that Authority.

By this means, though these Inhabitants became English Subjects by Virtue of the Treaty