

the way things were developing it seemed to us as it seems to probably a majority of the people that it was going to be another kind of European war referred to in my first remarks as a quotation from the Progress -- another European war which our country had no business to be in.

Q. Did you hold to that after the defeat of Dunkirk?

A. No.

Q. That was in the summer of 1940? A. Well, after Dunkirk and when France was knocked out of the war it became clearer, at least to me, and I think to my party too, that the character of the war was rapidly changing. I recall being in Petawawa during the dark days in Britain, together with nazis, fascists and spies and every other such like --

BY MR. MCKINNON:

Q. Did you say in Petawawa? A. Yes.

BY MR. BENICE:

Q. You were in the internment camp? A. Yes.

WITNESS: I recall it was a very difficult period in England at that time, it was right after France was knocked out of the war.

BY MR. BENICE:

Q. I thought you were discussing the period of the eighteen months. A. I did say something about that; and they used to sneer over the fact that men, women and children were being slaughtered in British cities, and they were cheerfully considering the possibility of Hitler marching down to Montreal; and, by the way, coming by considerable numbers and giving the nazi salute when they passed through the main gate. I remember feeling well perhaps worse than I have ever felt in my life before that there should be any suggestion that I was in any way identified with such like; and I became convinced during that period in the internment camp -- in fact, I cannot speak of the