

June, when the enemy, after a prolonged bombardment, came over on the 18th Battalion. The T.M.'s opened up a quick barrage and helped materially in driving back the enemy with considerable loss.

In the SOMME attack of September 15th the T.M.'s went over the top with four guns. In the second tour in the same engagement they took up a position in COURCELLETTE QUARRY, where they had heavy casualties. Lieut. Carey, of the 19th, was killed here.

On November 10th, Captain Morrison left the Battery and was succeeded by Captain R. N. Jago, who, except when wounded and in hospital, commanded it during the rest of the War.

*December,
1916.*

During November and December there was no heavy fighting, but there were continuous small raids on the enemy's trenches with the idea of maintaining line superiority.

In December, Lieut.-Colonel Rogers, of the 20th Canadian Battalion, went to hospital, and Major H. V. Rorke, of the same unit, assumed command. Lieut.-Colonel Turnbull also left the 19th Canadian, and Major (afterwards Temp. Lieut.-Colonel) L. H. Millen, of that unit, took over the command. Captain Harington, Brigade Major, went on leave during December and afterwards went on other duties; his place was taken temporarily by Captain Lindsay, S.C.I.

Christmas season in rest billets in the BULLY GRENAY area was very pleasantly spent and tended to wipe out some of the distressing memories of a trying and arduous year.

The War Diary for Christmas Day reads :

" Weather fine and clear. 4.0'0 a.m.—Situation normal. Wind S.W. Gas alert on. 10.00 a.m.—G.O.C. and Brigadier-General Mason visit forward area. 3.00 p.m.—Divisional Commander and Staff call on G.O.C. 3.30 p.m.—Christmas tea for children of village (about 200). 4.40.—Situation normal. Wind Westerly. Gas alert off. Casualties, 1 O.R. wounded.—(Signed) S. L. Cunningham, Major, for Staff Captain."

In the New Year's Honours, Brigadier-General R. Rennie, M.V.O., D.S.O., received a C.M.G., and Lieut.-Colonel Elmer Jones, of the 21st, was awarded a D.S.O.

A FAMOUS RAID.

January, 1917.

To signalise the New Year, the Brigade resolved to put on a more extensive raid than had yet been attempted. This was carefully planned with a smoke barrage. The attack was to be made by two Battalions, the 20th and 21st, in two waves, with two complete Companies from each Battalion. The first wave to capture the German front line trench and clean it up; the second was to pass over in the