

Haldimand, after which he went to reside with his brother in the township of Medonte, during the passage of Lake Simcoe he had a fit, supposed to be epileptic. He has been married about eight years, and has a family, the youngest only a year and a half old: latterly he has been separated from his wife, not being able to maintain his family. While living in the township of Haldimand he went with his cousin to Cobourg; it was very cold weather, and he was attacked with great pain in his arms; after he returned home, his arms swelled very much. About a week after, he was pulling off his boot, when his hand slipped against the arms of a rocking-chair on which he was sitting; upon examination he found that he had fractured both bones of the right forearm. He could shake the arm and make the bones rattle. Three or four days afterwards he went to a doctor at Baltimore, C. W., and had the fractured bones set, but no union ever took place, and the arm has continued swelled and has been comparatively useless ever since. He says that the left arm swelled after the pain on the cold days, but when the general swelling by degrees disappeared, he found that the ulna was fractured; he declares that he met with no accident, and was unconscious when the injury happened.

At the present moment the right arm is considerably swollen; about the middle of the arm there is a great thickening of the ends of the bones, a false joint having formed. There did not appear to be any tenderness on handling the part, and, save a considerable impairment of its strength and usefulness, the patient did not seem to complain of great inconvenience. In the left arm the ulna had also evidently been fractured, and was displaced, but was easily reduced, changing its position, however, upon the least movement of the arm. The upper extremity of the ulna could be felt projecting under the skin, at the back part of the arm; there was no swelling or irritation apparent in the part, a degree of inconvenience only being complained of. Among other things, the man complained of losing the substance of his body (as he expressed it,) which passed in his urine; he described it as a thick cloud in his water, often feeling like slime after he had urinated; he declared that he had no involuntary discharges of semen, to the best of his knowledge—consequently I made an examination of his urine, and found its specific gravity 1028. It had a dark straw colour, and under the microscope showed a vast amount of octahedral crystals of oxalate of lime in suspension, and abundance of epithelial scales; there was not the slightest appearance of spermatozoa, as I