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basin; the ocellar and interocellar furrows distinct; the third segment of the antennæ longer than the fourth; the saw-guides convex above and below, broadly, convexly rounded at apex; body black, with the collir, front legs below the knees, and the knees of the middle and hind legs, white. Length, 6.5 mm.

Habitat .- Olympia, Washington. Professor Trevor Kincaid, collector.

Empria concitata, n. sp.—Male. Clypeus flat, without a median carina, with a minute tooth, roundly emarginate with rounded lobes; ocellar basin with broad, flaring sides, extending to the median ocellus, the median fovea a broad, flaring pit at the ventral end of the ocellar basin, as wide as the ocellar basin; the antennal furrows not interrupted; the ocellar and interocellar furrows distinct; the third and fourth segments of the antennæ subequal; body black, with a white line on the collar, the knees and the tibiæ of the front legs white, the tibiæ of the middle legs infuscated. Length, 6 mm.

Habitat.—Olympia, Washington. Professor Trevor Kincaid, collector. This specimen was originally described as the male of *Monostegia kincaidii*, from which it is very different.

Empria condensa, n. sp.—Female. Clypeus with a median carina, narrowly, shallowly emarginate, with lobes rounded outwardly and angular inwardly, the median tooth as long as the lateral lobes; the ocellar basin and the median fovea forming a dumb-bell-shaped depression, the median fovea a rounded pit in line with the dorsal margin of the antennal fovea, the ocellar basin extending to the median ocellus; the interocellar furrow distinct, the ocellar furrow linear; the third segment of the antennae distinctly longer than the fourth; the saw-guides straight above and below, slightly converging toward the apex, apex broadly, somewhat truncately rounded; body black, with the clypeus, labrum, collar, tegulæ, and legs for the most part below the coxe, white. Length, 5 mm.

Habitat .--- Polk County. Professor C. F. Baker, collector. No. 6498.

Empria condita, n. sp.—Female. Clypeus with a median carina, without a median tooth, broadly, shallowly emarginate, lobes angular; the antennal furrows interrupted; the ocellar basin a broad depression extending from the median ocellus to the middle of the antennal foveæ, the median fovea a broad, shallow depression near the middle of the ocellar basin; the third segment of the antennæ longer than the fourth;

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