This should not be so. It is a gross injustice to the company. The time of its agent has been wasted, when it might have been employed on a more profitable applicant; and it is absolutely money out of pocket, because it has to pay every medical examiner, for every examination made, whether the policy be issued or not, and whether, if issued, it be paid for or not. If, therefore, you apply for a policy, without the intention of paying for it, you are guilty of a very reprehensible and dishonorable action. It you do not want to run the risk of classing yourself among the people who do this kind of thing, pay your premium when you make your application; charge the company with the knowledge that you have done so, and they will see that your interests are quite secure, and that you will not be suffered to sustain any loss.

MANCHESTER FI) E ASSURANCE CO.

The report of the above Company for 1893, which will be found on another page, records another year of prosperity, and forms very pleasant reading for all con cerned, in striking contrast to the usual gloomy tenor of most fire companies' annual statements just now. Despite the general depression and the unprecedented activity of the "fire fiend" which operated so disastrously upon fire underwriting generally last year, we find that the Manchester is able to show a rate of progress which would be gratifying even under favorable conditions. Such a satisfactory result could only have been achieved by watchful care and unceasing activity on the part of the management,-qualities which have become characteristic of the company since Mr. Mosfat took charge of its offairs some four years ago. Under his regime the premium income has grown from £163,-368 in 1889 to £200,205 in 1890, £354,061 in 1891, 1515,802 in 1892, and in 1893 to 1666,145. The reserves, too, which were £88,381, or 54 per cent. of the premiums in 1889, have increased to £464,183, or nearly 70 per cent., after allowing for a dividend of 1212 per cent. But notwithstanding the signal success achieved, the directors have wisely adhered to the prudent course of improving the Company's position by conserving its resources. The total revenue amounted to £770,266, an increase of £240,682 or 31 1/4 per cent. over previous year. Fire losses were £305,389 or 59.4 per cent, being less than 1 per cent. more than in 1892, notwithstanding the heavy fire losses of the year. Commission, management expenses, etc., amounted to £201,893, ofer payment of which there was a balance of £172, os3 carried forward, as against £57,437 for the previoustwelve months. Of this sum £22,500 was declared to the shareholders as a dividend and bonus, and the balance, £150.483, was added to the funds. The total assets have grown from £552,438 to £802,850—an increase of over 45 per cent. The absorption of the Albion has proved a very profitable transaction, and given general satisfaction to its shareholders. No wonder that with such results as the foregoing to place before the public the Manchester continues to grow in popu-'a ity and general confidence, of which no better test and be afforded than the largely improved value of its shares of recent years. The local conduct of its affairs is in the energetic hands of Mr. James Boomer, the manager for the Dominion.

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION.

The twenty-second annual report of the above Company, which appears elsewher. In this issue, gives evidence of the continuance of the sound and judiciously progressive policy which has marked its career, and brought it to the gratifying position it now occupies amongst its contemporaries. The Association's record shows that the management have never been drawn into that feverish desire for aggrandizement, which is only too common on this continent but have prudently aimed at building up its resources by healthy growth. We commend the Association for its consistent adherence to that course, and congratulate it upon the results. We give below our usual comparative statement.

Financial Movement.

	1892.	186 -	Increase
	\$	\$	\$
Premium	716,079	79 6 ,503	79,526
Interest and rents	1160,532	185,895	25,363
Total income	77,511	952,400	104,889
Payments to policyholders	309,525	30,716	71,191
Expenses and dividends	190,161	2 13,243	13,079
Total outgo	499.659	583 959	84,270
Excess of income over outgo	377,822	395,441	2.,619
Total assets	1,115,171	4,520,133	404,962
I obey and other reserves	3.721,747	4,125,664	403,917
Surplus as regards policyholders.	393-124	391.469	1,045
Surplus over all habilities	293,434	294,469	1,045

Movement of Policies.

No. of new policies taken	2,182	2,298	116
"Sum assured thereunder		3,728,000	\$ 218,827
No. of policies in force	14,674		1,218
*Sum assured thereunder	\$22,428,911 \$	24,270,198	\$1,841,287
Assurances terminated	\$ 1,406,404 \$	1.886.713	\$ 300,210

The prominent feature of this exhibit will be seen at a glance to be that of steady progress. A larger volume of new business was written, but that it was not of the forced, costly and ephemeral kind is shown by the reduction in the general expense rate and the satisfactory retention of the policies on the books. All the items of the revenue show expansion; premium receipts amounted to \$796,505, an increase of \$79,526 over the previous year; interest and rents \$185,895, increa e \$25,363; and total income \$982,400, being an increa e of \$104,889. On the o'r side of the account we find that there was disbursed to policy-holders the sum of \$380,716, including \$63,860 paid as dividends. Adding to that amount the total expenses, etc., \$203,243, which have already been referred to, and the total onigo is seen to be \$583,959, leaving the substantial balance of \$398,441 as an addition to the assets out of the year's revenue. Claims by death and me'urity during the preceding year were exceedingly i.a.t; those for 1893 were much higher, but it is satisfactory to learn that the mortality experience was within the expectation. The total assets were increased by \$404,962, and stood at over four and a half million dollars at the close of the year. Of that sum \$4,125,664 was reserved for policy and other liabilities, leaving a surplus of \$394,469 as regards policy holders, or \$291,469 over all liabilities including paid-up capital. A net addition of \$1,841,287 was made to the policies in force, bringing the aggregate up to nearly \$25,300,000. For a Cana-

^{*} Less assurances not taken and re-assurances.