Not common, but occurring in all the localities I have searched. It is a much smaller shell than the next species, and is of a richer chestnut color. Specimens usually occur singly, and I have never found more than two under the same log. Columbianus, on the contrary, is generally in colonies. Germanum seems to be a species of limited range, the only locality named in "Binney's Manual" being Astoria, in Oregon.

19. Mesodon Columbianus, Lea, Sp.

Helw Columbiana, Lea, Am. Phil. Soc. Trans., VI, 89, pl. xxxiii. fig. 75.

= II. labiosa, Gould.

Abundant among leaves and under logs. Occasionally specimens occur with an indication of a parietal tooth. I have twice taken specimens with the shell of a grayish white colour. Occurs from Sitka to California.

20. Mesodon devius, Gould, sp.

Helix devia, Gould, Proc. Bost. Soc. N. H., II, 165. (1846)

I have only seen one specimen of this species from Vanceuver Island, and that was taken at Esquimalt, near Victoria. The specimen was sent to Dr. W. G. Binney, who agreed in the identification. *Devius* is not uncommon in Oregon, and was therefore to be expected in Vancouver Island.

21. Aglaja fidelis, Gray, sp.

Helix fidelis, Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc., July, 1834, 67.

= II, Nuttalliana, Lea.

Common in woods. The shell sometimes nearly black, occasionally very pale greenish white and almost transparent. This species roams abroad in wet weather in the spring and autumn after the manner of the European *Helices*.

22. ARIONTA DUPETITHOUARSI, Deshayes, sp.

Helix Dupetithouarsi, Desh. Rev. Zool., 1839, 360.

= H. Oregonensis, Lea.