General News.

EXCEEDINGLY HOT.—The heat of Sunday at Winnipeg was exceeded on Monday, when the thermometer registered 104° in the shade and 149° in the sun.

"Rough on Rats."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

ACID PROOF CEMENT.—Make a concentrated solution of silicate of soda, and from a paste with powdered glass. It will be found invaluable in the operations of the laboratory where a luting is required to resist the action of acid fumes.

A TREE WITH 200 BIRDS' NESTS.—An old elm stands near the depot in Fair street, Kingston, N. Y., which is a favorate building place for birds. More than 200 nests have been counted among its branches this season, and the birds fill the old tree with song. It is the admiration of every visitor. Many go to hear the singing of the birds in the morning.

—Moncton has a breach of promise case. The lady claims that she loses $5,000 by the neglect and refusal of the defendant to marry her. The defendant denies that he agreed to marry the plaintiff and puts himself upon the County for trial. Emma Boyd is the forsaken lady and Jacob Van Buskirk the fickle swain.

RESTITUTION.—Messrs. Davidson & Crichton, of this city, dry good merchants, lately received a letter from a Roman Catholic clergyman of Charlottetown, P. E. I., enclosing $895 as restitution. The amount was a sum of which they had been defrauded, and the person who had so defrauded desired to make restitution, and took this means of doing so.—*Hfx. Chronicle.*

A HUMAN BRUTE.—Sam Roe from Milverton was arraigned before the cadi Stratford last week, for beating his wife. For sixteen long years he has subjected her to the most cruel treatment. Her body is covered with wounds and bruises inflicted by this savage. He was fined and bound over the peace toward his wife in the sum of $1,000.—*Montreal Witness.*

—The President of the United States has made proclamation of the ratification of the treaty between the United States, Switzerland and other contracting powers, giving in the adhesion of Government to the terms of what is known as the "Geneva Red Cross Convention," providing for the neutrality and protection of agents of the Red Cross Society while engaged in the work of relieving sufferers from war, pestilence, famine and other national calamities.

—A family in West Troy, New York, has been prostrated by eating canned corned beef after its exposure for some time to the air. This is not a solitary case of this kind, there being many instances on record of bad results from partaking of canned foods that had been exposed a while. It seems that they change rapidly after being admitted to the action of the air.

Skinny Men.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. $1.

—Messrs. Harland, Wolff & Co., of Belfast, Ireland, launched recently from their shipbuilding yard the ship "Walter H. Wilson," considered the largest sailing vessel afloat. She has been named after a partner of the firm of builders, and is for Mr. Samuel Lawther, of Belfast, Ireland. Her measurement is 300 feet by 42½ feet by twenty 25 feet. She will be classed 100 A1 at Lloyds. She is built of iron, has four masts, three of which are square rigged, and is capable carrying 4000 tons dead weight.

—Mr. Edmund Symes, whose name has often been before the public, has just completed a chart or table, which he is having copyrighted, previous to placing it before the public. The chart has been inspected by many and universally acknowledged to be a most useful and what must eventually prove most beneficial and valuable to every farmer; cattle raisers or dealers in all kinds of animals, such as cows, calves, steers, oxen, sheep, lambs, pigs, &c., as by simple measurement the actual weight within a variation of about 2½ lbs., can be ascertained at a glance, without intricate calculation or the use of scales. It is understood that this table will be placed before the public within a month for sale at 25 cents each. No doubt most farmers will avail themselves of a copy, and test practically its value, instead of trusting to the old fashioned rule of thumb and guesswork. This is the first table of the kind ever published.—*Truro Sun.*

—The following appears in the "Weekly Telephone" of Bridgewater, Lunenburg:

"SIRS,—On Wednesday last, on the shores of Feindel's Lake, were found pieces of semi-decayed human flesh, evidently the partial remains of a woman. Attached to them were fragments of a garment, and near by were found a woman's bracelet and cuff. These remains, which had not been washed ashore more than a day or two, were found but a few rods from where the bunch of woman's hair was drawn up by the warp on Verge's drive, last spring.

These discoveries occasion no little excitement, awakening, as they do, the gravest suspicions that a fearful crime has been perpetrated in the neighborhood. It is to be hoped that the proper authorities will effectually clear up the mystery.

Yours truly,
I. B. DELONG.

New Germany, July 21st, 1882.

—The small steamer H. Roissing, from Eastport, belonging to the sardine factory at that place, arrived at Annapolis on Monday morning, 24th inst. She left again early on Tuesday. Possibly the following paragraph explains her visit:—

ALLEGED SCUTTLING IN THE BAY OF FUNDY.—An Eastport despatch says:—Captain Mallock, of the Eastport fishing schooner "Abigial," telegraphs from Annapolis, N. S., that the schooner foundered in the Bay of Fundy Friday night, but the crew was safe. The vessel had not been heard from for several weeks until within a few days. The owners learned that she was in Digby N. S., and that the captain was selling the vessel's cargo. The owners suspect the schooner was purposely scuttled. Paine Bros., of Eastport, were the owners, and the vessel was valued at $2,000 and was uninsured.

JUDGE THOMPSON.—Referring to the appointment of Hon. John S. D. Thompson, Premier and Attorney-General of the retiring Local Government, to a seat on the Bench of the Supreme Court, the Halifax *Chronicle* adds the following eulogistic remarks:—

Mr. Thompson, who is in his 38th year, is the youngest Judge on the Bench of Nova Scotia, and probably the youngest in the Dominion. He has been exactly seventeen years at the bar, having been admitted on July 25, 1865. In politics we have differed from him, but our differences have never prevented a recognition of his fine abilities and high standing as a lawyer. It will be admitted on all sides that he is one of the foremost men in his profession in this province, and possesses all the qualities necessary for a good Judge. His appointment to the Bench will be a popular one. We heartily congratulate him on his elevation, and predict for him a brilliant judicial career.

CHANGES IN THE CABINET.—It is stated on good authority that Mr. Chapleau will enter the Cabinet as Minister of Railways and Canals. Sir Chas. Tupper will probably succeed the Premier as Minister of the Interior. Sir John Macdonald is to be the Minister of the Militia, Mr. Mousseau succeeds Mr. Chapleau as Premier of the Quebec Government. The final touches to the reorganization of the Cabinet will be complete at Quebec tomorrow. Mr. Chapleau and Senator Frank Smith will be sworn members of the Privy Council.—*Chronicle.*

"Buchupaiba."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

—The extensive addition to the wharf of A. W. Corbitt & Son is nearing completion. We learn that steamers of the Anchor line will make this a port of call and will lie at this wharf.—*Journal.*

—The story of Mrs. Lincoln writing, when a young girl, a letter in which she expressed a determination to become the wife of a president, is confirmed by the production of the document, now in the possession of Gen. Preston of Lexington, Ky. It was addressed to a daughter of Gov. Wickliffe, and contained a playful description of the gawky young Lincoln, to whom she was betrothed. She said: "But I mean to make him President of the United States all the same. You will see that, as I always told you, I will yet be the President's wife."

—The prospectus has been issued of the Canada North West Land Company formed by the Duke of Manchester's syndicate which has acquired 5,000,000 acres of land in the North-West from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The company offers two million pounds stock for subscription in London. It is stated that the Canada Pacific Syndicate has undertaken not to sell any more lots of land. Future sales will be confined to individual purchasers of small holdings.

—1,830 barrels of flour from Chicago, valued at $9,000, consigned to Lord & Munn, merchants, Montreal, have been seized by the Custom officers for alleged evasion of duty. For some time the Customs have entertained suspicions that provision merchants were in the habit of tampering with American flour brought through in bond for transhipment to Newfoundland, New England and the Gulf. Amongst other things they were suspected of changing the heads of American barrels with those on barrels containing an inferior Canadian flour, and passing the latter through the Customs as bonded goods.

—From some memoranda lately published by the Earl of Belmore it appears that in Ireland in 1737 a man's daily wages were 7 cents. But then a cow cost from $7.50 to $10, and meal was $1.75 per cwt., while in 1719 a quarter of mutton cost 31 cents, and 28 pounds of beef 61 cents. So again to-day untravelled Americans are often amazed at what seem such low salaries abroad, but then in Brussels, for instance, a much better room can be had for $1.50 a week than in New York for $4.

—This month's receipts of the United States Government amounted to over $1,000,000, a day, which is very large; from customs (to 23rd) $14,000,000 internal revenue, $9,000,000; miscellaneous, $2,500. Payments so far, $15,000,000, which is very heavy, and there is $10,000,000 interest to be paid in a few days. The surplus of this and the next three months will probably be as large as usual if not larger.

Fasting in Acute Rheumatism.

Dr. Wood, professor of chemistry in the Medical Department of Bishop's College, Montreal, reports in the *Canada Medical Record* a number of cases in which acute articular rheumatism was cured by fasting, usually from four to eight days. In no case was it necessary to fast more than ten days. Less positive results were obtained in cases of chronic rheumatism. The patients were allowed to drink freely of cold water, or lemonade in moderate quantities if they preferred. No medicines were given. Dr. Wood says that from the quick and almost invariably good results obtained by simple abstinence from food in more than forty cases in his own practice he is inclined to believe that rheumatism is, after all, only a phase of indigestion, to be cured by giving complete and continued rest to all the viscera. —*Scientific American.*

THE FASTEST TIME ON RECORD.—New York, July 14.—Turfmen and others owning fast horses were interested yesterday in the unparalleled trotting of Mr. Frank Work's team, Dick Swiveller and Edward, at the Gentleman's Driving Park. Every day the owners of fast horses meet and discuss the merits of their stock there. The number present was never larger than yesterday at about 4 o'clock, when Mr Work's team was jogged by. Mr. Shepherd T. Knapp offered to wager Mr. Work $1,000 that the team could not trot in 2.20. Mr. Work accepted the wager, and put John Murphy behind the team in a road waggon. The judges were Messrs. Bush Morgan and Alley, and over one hundred gentleman prepared to time the trot. The horses were in tip-top condition, and everything was favorable for fast time; but few men were willing to bet that the team would trot in 2.20. When everything was readiness Murphy let them out, and they whizzed by the line at a rattling pace. Murphy carried 153½ pounds, which was overweight. The first quarter was made in 33¾ seconds, the half in 1.05 the three quarters in 1.40, and the full mile in 2.16¾ —by long odds the fastest in the world for a team. Great excitement prevailed among the spectators, many of them insisting that the team did better than 2.16¾. Ben Mace insisted that the team trotted in 2.16 3-5.

Projected Cables.

The "European, American, Canadian and Asiatic Cable Company (limited)," incorporated by the Dominion Parliament has issued its prospectus. A contract has been made with Henley's Telegraph Works Company for 6,120 miles of cable, comprising two complete cables between England and Sable Island, N. S., and connection with Canada and the United States, for £1,443,176 sterling, to include manufacture, laying and landing, and keeping the cables in working order for 30 days after laying, and all preliminary expenses up to allotment, except £6,000 for the cost of obtaining the Act, the company to take £350,000 of shares in part payment. The capital of the company is to be £1,500,000 sterling, in £10 shares. The company has power to lay cables from British Columbia to Japan and other parts of Asia, and to connect with government lines of wire on the "mutual" principle. It is proposed to make special distributions of part of the profits among the shareholders who bring in business. The company are to charge only 18c. a word for messages between England and Eastern Canada, and hope to develop the use of their lines by the press by means of special inducements. The Earl of Donoughmore's name stands at the head of the list of provisional directors.

Arrest and Confession of One of the Assassins of Lord Cavendish.

NEW YORK, July 26.—A despatch from St. Thomas says the assassin of Lord Cavendish was arrested at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela. He was arrested on the 16th inst., on his own confession. He passed under the name of O'Bryan on British barque "Gladstone," from Swansea to Lucubas. He says he left Dublin the night of the murder by steamer to Swansea. The names of his accomplices and other details of the murders were taken by deposition before Consul. He says he was employed by O'Connor and others. He gives his name as William Westgate.

Influential parties who have seen the man gives credit to his confession. In appearance he is tall and slender. He says the price of the deed was £20 to each assassin. He says £20 was worth more to an Irishman than an Englishman's life.

Dublin, July 27.—Inquiries here prove conclusively that the story of the man Westgate, who claims to be one of the assassins of Lord Frederick Cavendish, has no foundation in fact. He has no alias. His real name is Westgate. He was never known by any other. On the morning of May 6th, Westgate, who had been long out of work, was engaged with other men to work on the bark Ibex, which was about to sail for Swansea the same evening. The Ibex left Dublin at seven o'clock—twenty minutes before the murders were committed—and Westgate was on board some hours before. Very little importance is attached to the confession. The police are working up much better clews in Dublin. I am informed that Westgate didn't give himself up, but that on the voyage out he made several incriminating statements, and the captain placed him in custody, and on his arrival handed him over to the Venezuelan authorities.

TELEGRAPH NOTES OF THE WEEK.

Alexandria, July 27, 4.55 p. m.—A strong expedition will start this evening to siege and occupy a position on the railway within two miles of Arabi's camp.

Constantinople, July 27.—Admiral Seymour has addressed the following to the Khedive:—"Regarding the false statements circulated by Arabi Pasha and those acting under his orders, I think it right to repeat that Great Britian has no intention of conquering Egypt for herself or of interfering in any way with the religion or liberties of the Egyptians. Her only object is to protect the Khedive and Egyptians against the rebels. Great Britian is determined to suppress the rebellion and restore order. I beg you will warn the soldiers not to obey the rebel commanders. The British Government advises Egyptians to regard Arabi Pasha and his accomplices as traitors to their sovereign and enemies to themselves and their countrymen.

(Signed),
"SEYMOUR."

Alexandri, July 27.—Arabi Pasha has written to the Sultan, "I trust it is false as the enemies of Islam assert, that Ottoman troops are coming to Egypt, as I should have to oppose them by force."

Port Said, July 27.—Arabi has repeated his declaration that he will not injure the canal as long as there is no foreign occupation.

Ismailia, July 27.—The British Admiral has declared that he will not land troops unless in company with the French. M. DeLesseps, hearing this, declared on his oath to the notables that as long as he remained no French troops should be landed.

Boston, July 27.—A suit is now pending in the Supreme Court, in which Leopold II., King of the Belgians, is plaintiff, involving some $340,000. This is a bill in equity brought by the King in his sovereign capacity against Leon Barnard and proprietors of the Union Safe Deposit Company. In 1881 and for a long time prior thereto, Barnard was a subject, officer and servant of the plaintiff and custodian of the money and securities belonging to the plaintiff, derived from the revenues of the Church and other sources. Barnard is alleged to have converted the same to his own use and fled from the kingdom, and, it is claimed, has deposited the funds with the Safe Deposit Company. The bill, which is the nature of the bill of discovery, requires of the defendants to make disclosure of the fact if the vault was leased by the defendants to the Barnard and upon what terms and conditions it was so leased. Aside from the prominence of the plaintiff in the case, it is interesting as involving the rights of proprietors of safety vaults and their tenants.

Alexandria, July 28.—A very important seizure was made on Thursday of secret correspondence which passed prior to the bombardment between the military party and French officials. It is said to prove incontestably that all suspicions entertained as to the military being secretly supported by the French were well founded.

Alexandria, July 28.—The water in the canal continues to fall at such a rate that the city and troops in a week will be dependent on the wells, cisterns and condensers.

London, July 28.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co., dated 12.45 p. m., says: "A sound of heavy firing is heard in the direction of the Abouki forts. Arabi Pasha has sent a bedouin to the Junction, and armed engine and tender were sent out to meet it, and a few shots were exchanged."

London, July 28, 1 p. m.—An unconfirmed report has been received that Arabi Pasha has proposed terms of peace, his conditions being voluntary exile and retention of rank and pay of colonel for himself and nine of his colleagues. It is added that the Khedive had submitted the proposals to Gen. Allison.

London, July 28.—A report was current in the House of Commons last evening that the Sultan of Turkey had made overtures to Great Britian looking to the latter's acquirement of Egypt on the same terms as those on which Cyprus changed hands.

Alexandria, July 28, 8.20 p. m.—No further news has been heard regarding Arabi Pasha's wish for peace. An important movement, in which the fleet will participate, will probably take place to-morrow.

Alexandria, July 28.—Admiral Seymour, having written to the Khedive, asking what measures he would suggest with regard to the Aboukir Forts, which the Admiral said were standing dangerous to the British position at Ramieh, the Khedive replied that he had sent Vice-Admiral Kiamam to summon the garrison to return to loyalty, and in the event of refusal would leave measures to Admiral Seymour's discretion. If the garrison does not surrender it is believed it will be bombarded on Monday.

Alexandria, July 28.—Arabi Pasha has written a letter to Ali Maborak Pasha stating that he (Arabi) is only the general in command of the Egyptian forces.

Port Said is full of men-of-war. There is no interruption to traffic on the canal, but the public feeling is one of indignation at the conduct of DeLessops in opposing measures for the safety of Port Said and the canal. He is believed to be in daily communication with Arabi Pasha. Europeans, including the French subjects not under DeLesseps' thumb contemplate sending a communication to the foreign office in Paris complaining of his intrigues.

Alexandria, July 28.—Arabi offers to retire to a Mussulman monastery in Syria. Among his colleagues for whom he asks the same immunity are Toulbi Pasha, Ali Fehoy, Abb Ullah Pasha and Mahmoud Samy. The armed engine despatched by the British was sent to Raouf Pasha and Ulemas to discuss this proposal.

London, July 28.—The *News* has the following despatch: "Port Said, July 28. —DeLesseps' in the belief that England aims at seizing the Suez Canal continues to oppose every plan for assuring its safety. In an interview with the late governor he said the Khedive was simply a prisoner in the hands of the English, and that England's sole aim was to obtain the supreme control of the canal. Yesterday he telegraphed to Arabi Pacha, saying he had just sent a despatch to M. de Freycinet telling him that the Khedive and the agents of of the powers were incorrectly informed as to the situation here; that the canal was in no danger; that he had prevented the landing of French and British forces, and that if the minister would make him the representatives of France he would insure the safety of European life and property and the security of the canal. Arabi replied that he would do all in his power to provide for the safety of the canal so long as England respects its neutrality.

Constantinople, July 29.—The Sultan, replying to the verbal representations of the British Ambassador requesting an immediate issue of the proclamation against Arabi, states that such a demand cannot be made by England alone. It should proceed from a conference of the Powers, in which case it would receive consideration.

Tucson, July 27.—Secret organization in New Mexico and Arizona is being formed to wipe out the Apaches. New Mexico has already over 600 members, and Arizona will furnish more than this. Globe city and Gila valley already have over three hundred and other sections are organizing rapidly.

Alexandria, July 29.—The attendants of delegates from Kafr El Dowar state that there is great want of food in Arabi's camp, and that many of the troops are tired of war. The troops had a long interview with the Minister. They said then had come to express the resolution of thy whole country to resist foreign aggressioe to the end.

Alexandria, July 30.—The "Helicon," with Admiral Seymour on board returned from Aboukir, whither she went this morning to reconnoitre. The Admiral found operations actually progressing at the forts, which are well armed. Nothing is settled in regard to bombarding them.

Alexandria, July 30.—Passenger traffic was resumed Saturday to Ramleh. The Home Government have ordered Admiral Seymour to establish a censorship over cable messages in consequence of repeated despatch of detailed accounts of British positions. The latest news from the interior is to the effect that chiefs of Bedouin tribes, who previously favored the legitimate government, have submitted to the rebels, and that perfect understanding exists between them. It is said the Bedouins have undertaken to furnish sixty thousand men, the chiefs remaining as hostages in Arabi Pasha's hands.

Ottawa, July 30.—An Order-in-Council has been passed amending the clause of the Fisheries Act respecting the close time for Lobster fishing, by extending the fishing season for the current year 14 days in Nova Scotia and for 21 days in Quebec and Prince Edward Island and in the Counties of Restigouche, Gloucester, Northumberland, Kent and that part of the County of Westmoreland situated in Northumberland Strait, in New Brunswick.

London, July 31.—In the Commons this afternoon the motion made by Gladstone on submitting the vote of credit on Monday, that a third be added to the income tax for the latter half of the year was agreed to.

Dublin, July 26.—The weather in Ireland has improved considerably the past few days. Though the potato blight has appeared in badly drained ground there is a splendid crop in most parts of the country.

London, July 31.—The *Times* understands that the Prince of Wales was desirous of accompanying the expedition to Egypt, but in deference to the wishes of the Queen abandoned the project.

Constantinople, July 31.—Turkey's sincerity in deciding to intervene in Egypt is proved by telegraphic orders to the Governors of Monasti, Kossovo and Scutari to prepare the available forces to leave during the week. Contracts have been entered into for the supply of uniforms.

Kentville, July 27.—An election petition was filed to day against the return of Thomas L. Dodge, by Edmund L. Newcomb, law student at J. P. Chipman's and one against T. R. Harris, by C. L. Dodge, of Kentville.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

The Nictaux and Atlantic Railway.

MR. EDITOR,—

During the past year or two articles have appeared in your columns from time to time concerning the Nictaux and Atlantic Railway, nearly every one of them dealing with the question from a grit standpoint.

Your treatment of this question and one or two others during the late political contest, was also rather unsatisfactory to many of your Liberal-Conservative subscribers, leading many of us to suspect that you are a little inclined to be a grit, which suspicion, however, it is to be hoped, you can prove to be without foundation. But whether you are a grit or not you will doubtless not object to furnish your readers with any information on the other side of this subject which it may be in your power to give, inasmuch as it is a matter of very great importance to the people of this County, and hitherto only one side has been stated. Will you therefore please enlighten us through the columns of the MONITOR on any one or all of the following points, viz:—

1st. What has been done on the part of the company to fulfil the conditions of the contract since receiving the notice from the government five or six weeks ago?

2nd. What security has the company ever offered the government that the road will be operated after it is completed?

3rd. Is it true that the road in its present condition is mortgaged to the extent of *over a million of dollars?*

4th. If so what has become of the money that has been raised on this mortgage?

5th. Is it true that Mr. Stearns, President of the company has, for several years, been "living" on money thus derived?

6th. What reason did Mr. Stearns have for saying recently that "he was sorry he had not mortgaged the road for four or five millions"?

7th. Has any money been invested in the road over and above the government subsidy and mortgage?

During the last three or four years the opponents of the Local Government in this County have sought to convey the impression that the delay in the construction of the road was largely owing to the action of our government in imposing upon the company certain unjust and unreasonable restrictions as a condition of an extension of time and they have declared that the company was ready to pay off all outstanding debts and proceed with the work within twenty-four hours of receiving the required extension. Well, all these restrictions, if any ever existed, have been removed—the asked for notice has been given by the government, and, although five or six weeks have since passed, to all appearance, nothing has yet been done by the company to fulfil its obligation. None of the outstanding debts have been paid, no men have been employed, and nothing that one can see has been done to show that the company was in earnest and meant business. Is Mr. Stearns waiting till a new government is formed hoping to obtain from them such conditions as were granted by the same party when in power to the Western Counties Railway Company? If so, and he succeeds, it will so much the worse for the people who are interested in the completion and operationof the road.

Again, the matter of security that the road will be operated is a very important one. To complete the road is one thing, to efficiently operate it for a given number of years quite another. Every one can easily see what a condition the province would be in if after all the subsidy had been paid the road in a more or less incomplete state, should be cast on the hands of the government, encumbered by a mortgage for more than it is worth. It was clearly the duty of the government to guard, by every means in their power, against any such event.

It must be remembered, too, that when Mr. Holmes and his party accepted office they found the financial affairs of this province in a very bad state. They found the province to be in debt for a very large amount, part of which was to the banks, on which interest had to be paid at seven per cent. Moreover, subsidies had been voted to various lines of railway which, if paid, would increase that indebtedness to over a million of dollars.

Every dollar that was paid to any of these lines of railway would increase the public debt of this province to that amount on which the people would have to pay interest for all time. Under these circumstances no government would be justified in paying out money to a railroad company in any slipshod manner without being fully assured that the province would receive full value for every dollar. And this, it seems to me, is all that the government has been doing.

In common with many more of your subscribers, I will be glad if you or Mr. Stearns can show that the present unfortunate state of affairs in connection with that road is not due to any fault of the company, and that there is yet a prospect of having the road completed no distant day, and not only completed but efficiently operated.

LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE.

Wilmot, July 27th, 1882.

—We the undersigned, having by request of James Chute, Esq., and in his company visited the place where his brother received the blow upon the head that caused his death, came to the conclusion, after careful examination of the place where he was found, that he came to his death by the falling of a limb from one of the trees he was felling, as there was a dry limb about eight feet long and about three inches in diameter lying just in the place where he must have been standing when felling the last of the three trees that he was working at the time of the fatal accident.

(Signed),
WILLIAM MILLER, SOLOMON CHUTE, FLETCHER CHUTE, NEWCOMB MARSHALL, WHITFIELD WILKINS, JARVIS CHUTE, GEORGE CHUTE.

Suddenly Seized.

Mr. Arthur Fisher, of the Toronto *Globe* observes: "On my last trip to the States, I caught a very bad cold from a severe wetting I received one night in the city of Philadelphia, which settled into a very bad case of rheumatism, and made me most miserable. I did not know what to do for it, and could not think for a long time, until I bethought me, that in previous visits to that side, I had always bought for Mr. Gray, of our paper, a couple of bottles of St. Jacobs Oil. I remembered also, fortunately, that the last two bottles had cured that gentleman of the rheumatism and so I resolved to purchase St. Jacobs Oil for my own use. I went at once to a drug store and made the purchase; that very night I began applying the Oil, and in two weeks time I was as well as ever."

July Wheat.

Chicago, July 26.—The directors of the Board of Trade have announced $1.10 as the present price of No 2 Spring July wheat for marginal purposes only. July options have been concerned a long time, and have nominally been $1.29, though regular July sold at about a dollar. Under this decision the buyer may be compelled to margin down to 99c, and the seller cannot be called on for margins above $1.21, or ten per cent each way from $1.10.

☞ "Every truth has two sides; look at both before committing yourself to either." Kidney-Wort challenges the closest scrutiny of its ingredients and its grand results. It has nothing to fear from truth. Doctors may disagree as to the best methods and remedies, for the cure of constipation and disordered liver and Kidneys. But those that have used Kidney-Wort, agree that it is by far the best medicine known. Its action is prompt, thorough and lasting.

THE NICTAUX AND ATLANTIC RAILWAY.—A letter from Mr. W. G. Dacey, dated London, July 19th, to a gentleman in this city, says: "I leave early in August for New York, and after reaching there, I will commence operations on the Nictaux road early in September, and will push it with a strong force"—*Herald.*

Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Diabetes.

No danger from these diseases if you use Hop Bitters; besides, being the best family medicine ever made. Trust no other.

PERKINS' ANTI-BILIOUS MIXTURE—is prepared with great care from rare and expensive roots and barks, which are known to operate most satisfactorily upon the organs of digestion. It furnishes a permanent and speedy cure for billiousness, Constipation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Jaundice, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and all disorders of the Liver. This mixture contains every property desirable in an anti-bilious medicine. It contains no mineral substance, and may be administered with safety to patients of every age and condition. 25 cents a bottle.

MRS. QUINLAN'S GOLDEN OINTMENT—has for many years been manufactured and sold. During which time by its merits alone it has acquired a high reputation as a curative agent. By experience thousands can now testify to its virtue when used for piles, for which it is positive cure. Twenty-five cents a box.

WHOOPING COUGH, WHOOPING COUGH.—If you would save your children much suffering and yourself months of anxiety, use Perkins' Balsam of Horehound and Aniseed, never failing.

B. F. PERKINS, PROPRIETOR, ST. JOHN N. B.

For sale by all Druggists and general dealers throughout the Dominion.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

☞ Ample warning is given us by our lungs when they are in danger. If foolhardy enough to neglect the warning long, we incur imminent peril. Check a cough at the outset with *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil*—which is a sovereign pulmonic—besides being a remedy for soreness, lameness, abrasions of the skin, tumors, piles, rheumatism, etc.

☞ *Jacob Lockman*, Buffalo, N. Y., says he has been using *Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil*, for rheumatism: he had such a lame back he could not do anything, but one bottle has to use his own expression, "cured him up." He thinks it the best thing in the market.

☞ We know of no way that we can benefit our readers more than by calling attention to *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.* It is the oldest and most valuable patent medicine in the world. Everybody should keep it in the house. It will check diarrhœa and dysentery in one hour.

☞ If the fountain is pure the streams will be pure also. So with the blood. If that be pure the health is established. *Parsons' Purgative Pills* make new rich blood, and taken one a night will change the blood in the entire system in three months.

SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT.

Episcopal Church	11 a. m., 7 p. m.
Baptist "	11, a. m.
Methodist "	11 a. m., 7, p. m.
Presbyterian "	None
Roman Catholic Church	None.

Births.

RUGGLES.—At Annapolis, On Sunday, 23rd inst., the wife of A. S. Ruggles, of a daughter.

Marriages.

PINEO—MARSTERS.—At the home of the bride's father, July 26th, by Rev. D. O. Parker, M. A., Mr. Albert J. Pineo, B. A., to Miss Lizzie S. Marsters, daughter of Holmes C. Marsters, M. D., all of Berwick.

BUCKLER—BERRY.—At the Baptist Parsonage, Clementsport, July 25th, by Rev. J. M. Parker, John Buckler, of Dalhousie West, and Mary Berry, of Victory, A. Co.

HUBBARD—MOORE.—At the Methodist Church, Annapolis, 25th July, by Rev. E B Moore, Mr. William A. Hubbard, of Boston, to Miss Mary M. daughter of Mr. John Moore, of Hillsburgh.

Deaths.

BROWN.—At Bridgetown, on the 25th ult., after a very short illness, Mr. Ansley Brown, in the 68th year of his age.

GESTINES.—At Round Hill, July 25th, of consumption, Edward W. Gestings, son of Wm. Gestings.

HALIFAX MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED EVERY WEEK BY

MUMFORD BROTHERS,

Mumford's Building, Argyle St. Halifax.

	c.	c.		c.	c.
Choice Butter	16 @	17	salo	16 @	18
Ordinary "	15 @	16	Ducks,	00 @	00
Rolls, in boxes	00 @	00	Fowls & Chickens		
Eggs, in bbls.	16 @	17	ens,	60 @	65
Ham & Bacon	11 @	13	Geese,	00 @	00
Beef, ⅌ Qtr.,	5 @	9	Partridges,	00 @	00
Hogs, dressed	00 @	00	Rabbits,	00 @	00
Mutton, carcass	6 @	8	Apples,	00 @	00
Lambs, "	8 @	10	Oats,	55 @	60
Veal "	4 @	6	Wool Skins,	35	
Turkey, whole-					
Potatoes,				$ 1.75 @	$ 2.00
Hay,				11.00 @	12.00

New Advertisements.

JAMES H. ANDREWS
WILLOW PARK
NURSERIES,
Halifax, N. S.

Bedding Plants, Bulbs & Fruit Trees

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Is called to my fine stock of FLOWER PLANTS, which I will forward by mail or express free upon receipt of annexed prices:—

8 asstd. single & double		Geraniums,	$1.00
8 "	"	Fushias,	1.00
6 "	"	Petunias,	1.00
12 "	"	Stocks,	1.00
8 "	Extra nice	Heliotropes,	1.00
8 "	"	Basket plants.	1.00
6 "	"	Ivy Geraniums,	1.00

A collection of 100 choice Bedding Plants, including Geraniums, Petunias, Phlox, German Stock, Marigolds, &c., &c., sent by express free of Charge for $5.00. I will send fifty assorted for $3.00.

ROSES, ROSES! ROSES!!

I would call the attention of Amateurs to my choice collection of 100 varieties of Monthly Ever-blooming Roses, and Hybrid Perpetuals, including the AMERICAN BANNER.

These Roses are all pot grown in three inch pots, and can be shipped by express or mail, bills booked now, and shall be delivered during June, principally, and the monthly at any time.

PRICES:—American Banner, 50c. each; $2.50 per half doz. Standard sorts, 25c. each; $1.00 per half doz.

☞ Mention this paper, when corresponding.
june 7tf

JULY
PRICES FOR GOODS LOWER THAN EVER AT
J. W. WHITMAN'S.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY, SPOONS, TABLE LINENS, GLASSWARE, CHINA, WHITE GRANITE, FANCY AND C. C. WARE, extremely low, HEMP, UNION AND OIL CARPETS, neat and cheap. HATS, HATS, HATS, Haying Tools, Whips, Tinware, Brooms and Pails, first class stock of Canned Goods, Superior Teas and Coffee, Broma, Cocoa and Chocolate, general Groceries, and Staple Dry Goods, Choice Lard,

Flour, Oat & Cornmeal,
at Lowest Prices.
Lawrencetown, July 4th, 1882.

BEARD & VENNING,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
SPRING & SUMMER
DRY GOODS

We are now showing a full assortment of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,
representing all classes of Domestic and Foreign Manufacture, which will be kept fully assorted by continuous additions.

To Wholesale Buyers, we Give Special Advantages,
and solicit their inspection.
☞ Homespun Cloth, Yarn, Socks and Mits taken in payment.
BEARD & VENNING.

TRENT NAVIGATION.
NOTICE to CONTRACTORS

THE letting of the works for the Fenelon Falls, Buckhorn and Burleigh Canals, advertised to take place on the fifth day of July next, is unavoidably postponed to the following dates:—

Tenders will be received until TUESDAY, the twenty-fourth day of AUGUST next.

Plans, specifications, &c., will be ready for examination (at the places previously mentioned) on THURSDAY, the tenth day of AUGUST, next.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 20th June, 1882. [n11t17

JAMES & ABBOT
Commission Lumber Merchants,
13 KILBY ST., BOSTON, U. S. A.
Consignments and correspondence solicited. Cash advances made on consignments. n24tf

For Sale!
BRANDRAM'S WHITE LEAD, BLACK RED, BLUE, GREEN AND YELLOW PAINTS, LINSEED OIL, TURPENTINE,
Mineral Roofing!
SILICATE PAINTS, AMERICAN RAW TAR, AND COAL TAR, OAKUM, PITCH, HOOP IRON, RIVETS, SPIKES, IRON, STEEL, C. BOLTS, C. BOARDS, AS BEFORE, BLACKSMITH'S COAL on hand.
☞ Agent for Walter Wilson's Saw Manufactory, of St. John, N. B.
H. FRASER.
june 27

New Advertisements.

THOS. R. JONES & Co.,
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF
DRY GOODS, TEAS, &C.,
—AND—
Manufacturers of CLOTHING,

Announce the receipt of 713 Cases and Bales of British, Foreign and Canadian Goods, making our Spring Stock complete in the following departments:

STAPLES, DRESS GOODS, WOOLLENS, CARPETS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS, Velvets, Silks, Edgings, LACES, RIBBONS, and a large and well selected stock of Haberdashery.

FISHING LINES AND TWINES,

Owing to the large increase in our business we have added the adjoining building lately occupied by the post office, and are now in a better position than ever to attend to the wants of our customers and friends.

Our stock will be more than usually attractive this season, and terms and prices will be satisfactory to good parties.

Our aim is to secure Fashionable and Durable Goods, believing that they will, at right prices, command a ready sale. ☞ Inspection respectfully solicited.

ALSO—50 half chests Congo Tea, prime value.

New Goods received weekly throughout the season. Orders by letter or through our traveller receive prompt and careful attention.

THOS. R. JONES, & Co.,
Nos. 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, Canterbury St.,
July 3 St. John, N. B.

Acadia Organ Co'y.
BRIDGETOWN, : : : N. S.

The attention of the public is respectfully directed to the above establishment.

FIRST-CLASS CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS are now being turned out, which are UNRIVALLED in WORKMANSHIP! ELEGANT IN STYLE, AND ARE UNEQUALLED IN TONE.

All Lovers of Music wishing to purchase a First Class Instrument will do well to call and examine those of our manufacture at our Warerooms. MR. J. P. RICE is now canvassing the County, and will take orders for instruments