The Toronto World.

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A One Cent Morning Paper.

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Principal Grant's Outlook.

It is always pleasant to listen to Dr. Grant, or to read what he has said. There is a smell of the sea in his utterances as becomes a Nova Scotian; a culture of style appropriate to a college professor; and an elevation of tone naturally expected in the words of a divine. We do not complain of, or at all object to, the attitude he has often assumed in addresses to the people of Canada, the attitude, so to speak, of national chaplain, or prophet, for it is well for a country to have somebody to expound its duties, to warn it against evil ways, and generally to act as its ethical preceptor and guide. This role Dr. Grant has filled with "much acceptance," as the phrase is. When his prophet's robes are on, and the fire is burning within him in a great moral issue, he is listened to as devoutly as in his more private ministrations in college. But when he steps down from the pulpit to talk mere politics of a commercial character he is merely one of the crowd, while his very profession unfits him from forming a worldly wise judgment, and sad to say, it is worldly wisdom not abstract ethics that is needed to govern nations. Dr. Grant, in an address at Montreal a few days ago, complained that the present tariff had raised "a barrier against that cordiality that should exist between those whose supreme interests were the same," that is, between Canada and England. He, it is true, placed the main responsibility for this barrier upon the selfish and hostile attitude of the States, who by refusing reciprocity of *products* had driven us to reciprocity of tariffs. He affirmed that our duty was to have given British goods preferential treatment over those of the States, the failure to do which, he said, "prevented us from taking the first step towards binding all nations in one." Now Canada stands ready to give such preference as soon as England is ready to give us some reciprocal advantages in her markets. For this country to abandon the duties on British products solely out of a sentimental regard for the "harmonious development" of "cordiality" she would be moving on much too high a plane to meet the practical necessities of this wicked world. It is no answer to say that Britain has opened her ports free to us, and has no preferences therefore to offer. That is her look-out, we didn't empty the tariff quiver of England. If her fiscal system compels her to treat an avowed trade enemy and unscrupulous trade rival as well as one of her own children and dependents so much the worse for that system. It is one of the weak points of free trade that it leaves a nation without "a shot in the locker," to provide for some preferential treatment where it is desirable. As to Canada having lost an opportunity of "binding all nations into one," as Dr. Grant said we had done by the tariff, we fear the eloquent Principal in his Canadian enthusiasm gave this country credit for influence she does not possess. The "binding all nations into one" is a business rather for Providence than Canada. Principal Grant after this descent into the sawdust of the arena mounted the pulpit again and read us an excellent homily on the "blessedness of unity, peace, love and purity." To which we all say Amen.

A Question for Mr. Wiman and His Friends.

In a recent address at Rochester the irrepressible Mr. Wiman dilated at some length upon the resources of this country. He gave a glowing picture of the great field it presented, and would in the future offer, for American manufactures. This suggests the familiar question: "Can you put a quart of water into a pint pot?" If there is a vacuum something can be put there, if there is no vacant space nothing is wanted to fill it up. At present all the manufactures Canada needs from the States she is getting, more by far than is good for us, and lessening as we develop our national spirit and capacities. The picture drawn by Mr. Wiman to delight his American audience implied the annihilation of our native industries, and the markets they supply being fed by U.S. goods.

Claude Melnotte, after picturing his imaginary estate, asked—if we remember aright — "Dos't like the picture?" We tell Mr. W. we regard his drawing as a fraud on his Rochester friends. There is no such market for Yankee goods in Canada now, nor will there be in the future as he stated, unless his Liberal friends get into power, and the "Assyrian came down like a wolf on the fold," he recalled by the attack on our industries which would follow.

Dr. Landerkin is so sharp, in his own estimation, he ought not to go about without a sheath. He thought he had made a cut at Mr. Cockburn by asking him "how a pruning knife could be applied to coal oil?" Mr. C. had spoken of coal oil as one of the branches on the N.P. tree which it would be well to cut off. Perhaps Dr. Landerkin will tell us how a pruning knife can be applied to a tariff? Yet this expression is a familiar one in his own mouth and the mouths of his friends, and it is indeed one of the very few correct phrases that they use. The language we use is a mass of metaphors and similes. We "cut" a person by avoiding or not recognizing him. A parent *cuts* off his son with a shilling, by leaving him one as his sole legacy. So coal oil can be *cut* out of the tariff by withdrawing the duty upon it. We suggest that Dr. Landerkin take a course in English, and that he will not feel "out" by this advice, but if he is he must thank his own preternatural sharpness for the wound.

Mr. Cockburn's Good Point.

During what is styled "the debate on the Budget" the member for Centre Toronto made a very excellent point, a point, indeed, sharp enough to have pricked one Grit bladder of wind.

He pointed out that in 1880 all the mortgages on real estate in this province amounted to over $105,000,000. Of these there were then in default 8 per cent., whereas last year those in default only amounted to 2 per cent., that is, out of every $100 borrowed only $2 was in arrear. Eight per cent. on such mortgages amounts to $8,480,000 and 2 per cent. to $2,120,000; the reduction, therefore, of these arrearages in the last ten years was $6,360,000, upon which the average interest would be over $381,600. During these years we are told that the farmers whose mortgages formed the large portion of the total, the arrears of which have been cut down, have been going from bad to worse, in spite of the other demonstrable fact that their deposits in the banks have increased more than in any preceding ten years in the history of Canada. We are reminded of the Irish squire who said he was "poor because he squandered his money in paying his debts."

Probably we shall be told that this explains the alleged poverty of agriculturists; they would be better off if they didn't spend their incomes in reducing their overdue debts. We are not disposed to lay undue stress upon the statistics quoted by Mr. Cockburn, for reasons familiar to those who understand such subjects. But, even if the mortgage arrears stand now as they did 10 years ago, there would be in such a fact proof ample enough to show the falsity of the theory as to the growing poverty of farmers, and the other unquestioned fact that their deposits have increased by many millions in that period ought to be weighty enough to sink such a theory into the limbo of frauds. But wind-blown bladders are hard to sink.

The British Columbia Massacre.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 25.—J. O'Brien, just down from Rivers Inlet, state that the Indians massacred at Sorrow Island were of the Oweekano tribe and not of the Kamquits as previously reported. The affair was caused by an outrage committed upon a Kitkatkan girl by an Oweekano Indian. The Oweekano's claim that when they reported the matter to the Indian agent he took no action in the matter but said they had been drinking and that the massacre existed only in their imagination. The Oweekanos have since held a council of war and decided to investigate the matter themselves. On January 16 fifty warriors left Sorrow Island in canoes and if the facts are verified a war of extermination will be commenced against the Kitkatkans and in this the Oweekanos have been promised assistance by the Bellacaila and Bella Indians.

Major-General Herbert's Subscription.

The Concert and Band Committee of the Army and Navy Veterans met in Occident Hall, Saturday, and completed arrangements for the annual concert and dance on Tuesday, March 21, at Occident Hall. A letter was read from Major-General Herbert regretting his inability to be present, but expressing his willingness that the concert should be under his patronage. He also enclosed a handsome subscription to the band fund.

Lecture on Tolstoi.

Mr. W. S. Milner, B.A., delivered a lecture on "Tolstoi" in the west hall Varsity Saturday afternoon. Mr. Milner dealt with Tolstoi's life from his boyhood through his early struggles to the time when he became a Christian and resigned his literary work to work for the betterment of his fellowmen.

Struck by a Rig.

What might have been a serious accident occurred at the corner of Bay and King-streets on Saturday afternoon. Mr. John Leys when walking across Bay-street was struck by a horse going fast, and belonging to the X.L.R. Laundry Company. The driver gave his name as Harry Walker to the policeman who stopped him. Mr. Leys was sent violently to the ground, but escaped with a bad contusion on one arm.

"Hotel Vendome," New York.

Toronto people visiting New York should make their home at the well-appointed and handsome "Hotel Vendome," corner of Broadway and Forty-first-streets. The "Hotel Vendome" is a short distance from the Grand Central depot, and has also direct car service from the West Shore and Erie Railway ferry docks. The "Vendome" is almost opposite the Metropolitan Opera House, and street cars pass the door from all theatres. Its appointments are perfection. Newly furnished and equipped from the ninth story down; it is the *par excellence* of comfort. The hotel contains two hundred and fifty rooms, single and *en suite*, with or without baths, and is conducted on both the European and American plan. The cafe is one of the handsomest in New York, and the dining-room, situated in the ninth story, cannot be surpassed in New York. Mr. A. B. Craig, late chief clerk at the Rossin House, will be found at the "Vendome," paying at all times especial attention to Canadians. The "Vendome" is the most home-like hotel in New York.

Dyeing and Cleaning—Established in Toronto 13 Years.

One of the most successful dyeing and cleaning establishments in Canada is that of Stockwell, Henderson & Co. of 103 King-street west. While they do work for all classes in the community it is a sure indication that their work is of the best when they can say that a great number of the wealthy families of Toronto and surrounding country are among their patrons. They clean or dye and press gentlemen's suits to look like new. Ladies' dresses and sundries of all kinds they do to give the best of satisfaction. Lace curtains with them are a specialty. Telephone 253, or send a card and they will call for any orders you may have.

The Canadian Temperance League.

Mrs. Josephine R. Nichols, President of the W.C.T.U. of the State of Indiana, spoke to quite a large audience in the Pavilion yesterday afternoon. The address was listened to most attentively, it being full of practical suggestions for the overthrow of the liquor traffic, foremost among which was that the motherhood of our land must lead the van against the use of alcohol, and particularly educate the young in its effects on society and the individual. Mrs. Farquhar, member of St. James' Cathedral choir, sang appropriate solos. Mr. J. S. Robertson presided.

Old Mexico and Return.

On March 1 a personally conducted and select party will leave Toronto Wednesday afternoon for Mexico City via Detroit and Wabash Railway, with stop-over at Hot Springs, Ark. Now is your time to see this old historic country in all its full bloom. You will be sorry if you don't join this party. For all particulars as to route and sleeping cars apply at Wabash office, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets, Toronto.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m., arriving in Toronto at 10.35 a.m. Sunday leaves Toronto at 12.50 p.m.

Can recommend it. Mr. Enos Bornberry, Tuscarora, writes: "I am pleased to say that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is all that you claim it to be, as we have been using it for years, both internally and externally, and have always received benefit from its use. It is our family medicine, and I take great pleasure in recommending it."

Dyer's improved food for infants is recognized as the very best possible food for children. It is easily digested, made from pure pearl barley and highly recommended. Druggists keep it.

A Prima Donna Breaks Her Ankle.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—While embarking at Calais for Dover yesterday Marie Van Sandite, the singer, fell on the gangway and broke her ankle.

FIRING THE PARTING SHOT.

A HOST OF SPEAKERS AT THE AUDITORIUM.

The Most Rousing Meeting of the Campaign—Hortatory Speeches and Much Enthusiasm Manifested—Several M.P.'s and M.L.A.'s and Other Prominent Politicians Deliver Addresses.

The parting shot of the Conservative campaign for the Local House was fired in the Auditorium Saturday night. Despite its being Saturday night the Auditorium was well filled with an audience among whom there was a generous sprinkling of the fair sex, whose presence was the occasion of gallant remarks from all the speakers. The speeches, terse and hortatory, were liberally punctuated with applause, and the meeting altogether was as successful and enthusiastic as its predecessor under the auspices of the Young Conservatives.

In addition to the galaxy of orators, who filed in with President Armstrong at 8 o'clock, there were on the platform: J. A. Worrell, Q.C.; Dr. Burns, Dr. Wilson, E. P. Roden, James Pape, James Crowther, James Burns, Wilson Morton, R. S. Neville, Ex-Ald. Thomas Pells, William Morton, A.C. Macdonell, P. H. Drayton, W. C. Beddome, John Dixon, David Millar, S. W. Burns, J. Aikens, A. Wallis, G. P. W. Deacon, W.B. Newsome, J. A. Holt, R. D. Fisher, R. J. Hunter, James Hunter and B. Wilmott.

President Armstrong in opening said that it was difficult to decide between the two ministering angels, who were both honorable members of an honorable profession. The question, however, was one of principle. In 20 years Sir Oliver Mowat had not put one beneficial measure on the statute book that was not copied legislation. In that Sir Oliver had been good to himself, his family and his relatives he might appropriately be called the Little Jack Horner of Canadian politics. His one loyal act in dismissing Elgin Myers had not been done before he had felt the public pulse by a lengthy newspaper correspondence.

Mr. Sickleteel, who followed, dubbed the Hon. A. S. Hardy the Belial of the Ontario Cabinet. In that he was to vice industrious and could make the worse appear the better reason his description tallied very closely, with Milton's picture of that infernal potentate. When Dr. Ogden described the Hon. Arthur as the noblest work of God his estimate of moral character must have been sadly distorted. Mr. Hardy had talked slightingly of fresh young men. It was the duty of these same young men to place Dr. Ryerson at the head of the poll. Mr. Sickleteel then related an incident of Mr. Hardy's Brantford career, when as a young lawyer he had damned his client's case by appealing from a nolle prosequi, only to have him convicted by the jury.

Dr Nesbitt's Speech.

Dr. W. B. Nesbitt turned his attention to the utterances of the speakers at Dr. Ogden's meeting in the Auditorium. Instead of meeting the arguments of the Opposition directly they had employed casuistry sophistry, ridicule and slander. One had said that if Dr. Ryerson's ancestors were here they might be able to elect him. This remark showed the hall-mark of the Grit machine—dead voters and repeaters. In defending the Ontario educational system Hon. Mr. Dryden had pointed with pride to Edward Blake as a product, forgetting that his education had been acquired under the regime of Dr. Egerton Ryerson. There was much truth in the criticism that under the present system Canadians were being educated for export. The Mowat Government had vaunted themselves upon the establishment of Farmers' Institutes. It was a matter of wonder, asked the Westminster Review pointed out, that all these had declared so unanimously for free trade. Dr. Ogden had ransacked the family archives for ancestors and a coat of arms. As both temperance and liquor interests were being solicited by him, Dr. Nesbitt suggested as an escutcheon Joseph's coat of many colors. Dr. Nesbitt then referred to the shrievalty, Crown Attorney and registrar appointments as instances of what Toronto had suffered at Sir Oliver Mowat's hands. Hon. Mr. Hardy, posing as a temperance lecturer, had stated that they had reduced the number of liquor licenses in Toronto. It was the Conservative majority that had done this. Dr. Nesbitt then overhauled Sir Oliver's record as a constitutional lawyer, which had been gained, he said, by the cry of provincial rights and the boundary award. The sequel had proved the hollowness of his pretensions. He had done nothing to develop the resources of the country acquired, which might have been better left under the control of the Federal Government, who had the best interests of Canada at heart. Concluding, he appealed to young men to discard the party of apathy and despair and return Dr. Ryerson next Tuesday at the head of the poll.

Mr. George Kappelle, who described himself as one of the few Young Conservatives not yet bald in the service, thought that never before had so many patients been visited by doctors with so few fatal effects. One conseling feature of the campaign was that one doctor at least had to be slain. He knew who it would be, and hoped that the electors would bury Dr. Ogden so deep that not even the medical students could exhume him. The present Government, he said, was an oligarchy and a Government for and by the party, not for and by the people. One by one the Mowat Government had got all the sources of power in hand. The appointment of Division Court clerks, bailiffs, turnkeys, etc., had been taken from the judges, the license system was a political machine, and the Police Magistrate and police force paid by Toronto were occupied mostly in dealing with the drunkenness caused by that policy, while the profit from the traffic went into the pockets of the Provincial Government. Dr. Ryerson, he thought, should be elected, because he was a Liberal-Conservative, because Mr. Meredith needed support, and because it was in the best interests of the city.

The Candidate.

Dr. Ryerson, who was introduced by the chairman as our popular candidate, was loudly applauded as he stepped forward. He was glad to see the ladies present. It augured well for Canada's political future. The Primrose League in England had a most important influence, and the day would come, he prophesied, when ladies would take part in Dominion politics.

Dr. Ryerson then referred to his previous speech in the Auditorium, in which he had advocated a more liberal policy with reference to timber, mines and railways. Instead of husbanding the timber lands Ontario had already disposed of 400,000 miles, a reckless proceeding if the boasted surplus were a reality. They were now living on their capital, not on their income. The timber lands of the United States were disappearing at the rate of 25,000 acres a day, and American buyers were looking to Canada. The speaker then instanced the sales of limits below their value, and suggested that any timber sold to American buyers should be subject to manufacture in Canada.

With regard to mines the imposition of royalties had had a most disastrous effect. The surplus instead of being hoarded in a stocking might be applied to the establishment of smelting works, etc., in Toronto and other towns. Dr. Ryerson also counselled a more liberal dealing with railways to the Sudbury district. "The strongest reason why I should be elected," he concluded, "is because I am a Liberal-Conservative candidate. The health of the Conservative party in this city is ailing and I am ready to undertake the job of attending it."

Mr. E. E. Sheppard.

Mr. E. E. Sheppard struck at the joints of someone's armor when he expressed his contempt for those N.P. Conservatives who vote for that because it fills their pockets and pretend to do the same for the Mowat Government because it satisfies their principles. The pertinent questione, he thought, were: "Where are we at?" and "How we got there." Sir Oliver had taken the greatest pains to place within his reach and beck every official possible. He had carried off everything loose. He had loaded the two Peters on the city. The division in Mr. Ryan's case had been one of long division. Sir Oliver's versatile fingers, at one time occupied in expounding the evidences of Christianity, and at another disproving it, were occupied in the intervals by tying strings around his henchmen's necks, which he pulled upon emergency. Oliver Mowat had two titles, knight and Christian statesman. Anything incompatible with the wearer of those titles he delegated to Mr. Hardy, who bore the other titles. They prated about their honesty, but nobody had audited their books. A new bookkeeper might be a salutary change. Through Dr. Ryerson the people of Toronto would show their fealty to W. R. Meredith, who was a patriot before a politician, and had been sidetracked as no other statesman would endure when the laurels of the Conservative party were being passed around. Sir Oliver Mowat's history was written in the small men in small offices to keep a large man in a large office; Mr. Meredith's in the beneficial and benevolent legislation on our statute books. The Conservative party must unite if we are to save the province.

Mr. Wallace Nesbitt.

Mr. Wallace Nesbitt said that the country was cursed with officialdom. Mr. Hardy's mining policy, against which Algoma had risen to a man, was more properly an undermining policy. Hotel and saloonkeepers had had to contribute blood money to the support of the Mowat Government. Mr. Meredith's attempt to investigate the Crown Lands Department, the license system, the abuses of local appointments had all been frustrated and obstructed. In Dr. Ryerson he would have another to sustain his hands.

William Laidlaw, Q.C., arraigned the Department of Education as a political machine, objected to the tampering with the administration of justice in taking away county appointments from county judges, and prophesied as a result of the wasteful financial policy direct taxation with no resource but the subsidy from the Federal Government. The minority representation was an autocratic act suitable to the Family Compact. Free trade, with which so many Liberals were tainted, had severed Edward Blake from his party. Continental free trade meant the same, and those who advocated it wished to write the name of Canada from off the American continent and place the Union Jack beneath the Stars and Stripes.

Mr. W. F. Maclean, M.P., had come up from Ottawa to record his vote on Tuesday for Dr. Ryerson. Some were complaining that the Conservative party was taxing the farmer to death. All the Liberal party in Ontario had done to better his condition was to establish a binder twine factory in the Central Prison. Dr. Ryerson should be elected because he was a good Conservative and had a good leader who needed support.

G. R. R. Cockburn, M.P., although indisposed, had come to the meeting because he couldn't stay away. He wished to preserve his voice for Ottawa, where things were getting lively. He would cast a vote for Dr. Ryerson on Tuesday.

R. J. Marter, M.L.A., advised everyone to get out and vote and J. A. McGillivray, Q.C., gave an interesting object lesson in the shape of three checks signed by John Cuthbert, the well-known saloonkeeper, as blood money to the Mowat Government. He also gave an interesting account of the vicissitudes of a hotel license of Mr. Cuthbert's in Pickering.

The meeting closed with cheers for W. R. Meredith and the candidate.

The Other Meetings.

Dr. Ogden's meeting at St. Paul's Hall, North Toronto, Saturday night was fairly well attended. The speakers of the evening were Hon. G. W. Ross, Joseph Tait, M.L.A., N. W. Rowell, the candidate and others. Every voter was urged to cast his ballot on Tuesday and retain the seat won from the enemy.

A well-attended meeting in Dr. Ryerson's interest was held in Dingman's Hall, at Broadview-avenue and Queen-street, Saturday night. E. F. Clarke, M.L.A., W. F. Maclean, M.P., A. F. Campbell, M.L.A., D. Creighton, Wilson Morton and the candidate addressed the electors on the issues of the campaign.

UNIVERSITY NEWS.

The Site for the New Chemical Building Decided Upon.

The scheme for a residence in Queen's Park for women students of the University of Toronto is making headway, and is worthy of the assistance of women all over the province. Within three years half the students will be girls.

The site for the new chemical laboratory has been finally settled. It is immediately alongside of the Observatory. The Victoria authorities thought at first that it would be too far away for their men, but their views in other directions were met and they accepted the site, especially when it was pointed out to them that the science laboratories should all be together and within a few steps of one another. The work will go on as soon as the weather permits, and after this is under way the next project to be taken up will be a new geological museum and mineralogical laboratory.

The new playground behind the main building will be finished early in the spring. It has been proposed to fence it and allow sufficient gate money to be taken at matches to defray the expenses of maintenance.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N.Y., writes: "For years I could not eat many kinds of food without producing a burning, excoriating pain in my stomach. I took Parmelee's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose without distressing me in the least." These pills do not cause pain or griping, and should be used when a cathartic is required.

Queen's Own Sergeants' Mess Dinner.

Referring to the annual dinner of the sergeants' mess, Q.O.R., The World of Saturday says, "the sergeants' mess is to be congratulated on its excellent taste in wines. The warden of the wine cellar is evidently a man of fine discrimination who can appreciate the bouquet of a genial vintage." The wines so favorably commented on were "Chateau du Roc," Claret and "Oporto Superior" Sherry, and were purchased by the warden from William Mara, wine merchant, 79 Yonge-street.

Mr. J. R. Allen, upholsterer, Toronto, sends us the following: "For six or seven years my wife suffered with dyspepsia, costiveness, inward piles and kidney complaint. We tried two physicians and any number of medicines without getting any relief, until we got a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. This was the first relief she got, and before one bottle was used the benefit she derived from it was beyond our expectation."

Nothing Like It.

Dyer's jelly of cucumber and roses cures chapped hands and makes the skin soft and smooth.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE'S PEDIGREE.

A Church Paper Tells All About Dr. Ogden's Royal Forbears, His Growth and Conversion.

A little church weekly called The Quiver, devoted to the interests of the Methodist Churches in Queen-street west, McCaul-street and Euclid-avenue, was distributed at the door of all these edifices yesterday, and probably at some others as well. His opponents have been making capital out of Dr. Ryerson's pedigree, but they had better look at the glowing one of Dr. Ogden's, as published in The Quiver and distributed to the church-goers yesterday before they make sport of the oculist's. Here it is in full:

W. W. Ogden, B.M., M.B.

The present Liberal candidate for the representation of the city of Toronto in the Legislature of Ontario has occupied many important positions, won and worn many honors in our midst, which have been judiciously bestowed upon him by an appreciative church and state, and the highest seats of learning in our Dominion.

He was born in the Township of Toronto in the County of Peel on July 3, 1837. He is of English parentage on the father's side, which traces its descent back to the day of the Stuarts. His mother was from "The Emerald Isle," the land of warm hearts and big shillalahs, noted for its beautiful women and brave men, whose wit, fun, frolic, chivalry and persevering industry insure them a hearty welcome everywhere the world over.

From the mother's side he no doubt inherited qualities which have moulded and warmed up that sterner English exclusiveness—so natural to that great and grand people—producing in him that affable, congenial, fellow-feeling, sociability of disposition, which has made him one of the most prominent, popular and useful members of the Methodist Church and one of the most highly appreciated and leading medical practitioners in this city.

In his boyhood he went to the school of that day, such as it was, after which he attended the Toronto Academy, then in connection with Knox College, then Victoria College, until he was 18 years of age, taking the ordinary art course, then the Toronto School of Medicine until he was 22. He graduated with honors in medicine from Toronto University in 1860.

In 1869 he was appointed lecturer on medical jurisprudence and toxicology in the Toronto School of Medicine.

In 1887 he was appointed professor of forensic medicine in the University of Toronto.

He has been a member of the Public School Board for the last 27 years. He is ever at his post and an active member of all important committees and has occupied the honorable position of chairman of the board.

Ever since the Brown-Cameron struggle in 1858 he has been prominent in all the political contests. He was the chosen candidate of the Reform party for the Ontario Legislature in 1879 and greatly diminished the majority of the other party, but their candidate was elected nevertheless.

He was converted to God in December, 1858, and joined the Methodist Church, in which he has been a faithful member, an acceptable and honored leader ever since. He was a sincere and earnest advocate of Methodist union and greatly rejoiced in its consummation and enjoys the liveliest sense of gratitude for its complete consolidation. He has been a member of every general conference, save one, since the union, and a member of all the annual conferences since that time.

He is, with very many others, eagerly looking forward into the near future with growing hopefulness for the union, or at least the confederation, of all Protestant bodies. And whatever may be said to the contrary during the burning excitement of a political contest the Methodist Church in Toronto, nay, Christianity throughout Canada, and grand old Queen-street church in particular, have abundant reason to be proud of Dr. Ogden and thank God that a man so honored by all, so trusted because so well tried for so long a time, has been chosen by the Reform party to represent Toronto in the Ontario Legislature. May God direct us all on the coming polling day to cast our votes for the right candidate.

Mr. Stock Re-elected.

One of the most exciting election contests yet held in Mimico took place Saturday. At the last annual election for school trustee Mr. Edward Stock was elected by a majority of one vote. His election being contested Saturday last was appointed for a new election. His opponent was Mr. John King of the Royal Insurance Company. The election was hotly contested and resulted in Mr. Stock's re-election by a majority of 15 votes.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and allow the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Hickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided. This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., etc.

St. Paul's Ward Conservatives.

St. Paul's Ward Liberal-Conservative Association have elected these officers for 1893-94: Hon. president, W. F. Maclean, M. P.; president, Ald. John Shaw; first vice-president, Joseph Shone; second vice-president, Robert Robertson; third vice-president, James Morrison; secretary, Charles F. Prescott; corresponding-secretary, George Severn; treasurer, George Castle.

Dr. Talmage's Lecture.

The celebrated divine and lecturer, Dr. Dewitt Talmage, will give his famous lecture, "In Stirrups from Jerusalem to Damascus," Thursday, March 9, in Cooke's splendid new re-built, commodious and beautiful church. The subject is a grand one; all should hear it. Tickets at Suckling & Sons' music warerooms.

Public Attention.

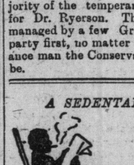
Public attention is called to the fact that by improved methods of manufacturing the different materials contained in the Empire Baking Powder—the whole being scientifically compounded—a first-class article can be sold at a moderate price. The powder is manufactured by Ellis & Keighley, Toronto, and sold for 25 cents a pound tin. It is guaranteed equal to any in strength and wholesomeness. 1

Temperance Men for Ryerson.

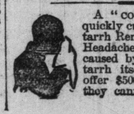
Editor World: I notice in The Telegram of Thursday that the district lodge of I.O.G.T. passed a resolution endorsing the candidature of Dr. Ogden. It by no means voices the sentiment of the temperance voters of the city. I am satisfied the majority of the temperance people will vote for Dr. Ryerson. The district lodge is managed by a few Grits, who would vote party first, no matter how good a temperance man the Conservative candidate might be.

TEMPERANCE.

A SEDENTARY OCCUPATION,



plenty of sitting down and not much exercise, ought to have Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets to go with it. They absolutely and permanently *cure* Constipation. One tiny, sugar-coated Pellet is a corrective, a regulator, a gentle laxative. They're the smallest, the easiest to take, and the most *natural* remedy—no reaction afterward. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all stomach and bowel derangements are prevented, relieved and cured.



A "COLD IN THE HEAD" is quickly cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. So is Catarrhal Headache, and every trouble caused by Catarrh. So is Catarrh itself. The proprietors offer $500 for any case which they cannot cure.

DULL TIMES.

Why Is It? The Reason Why.

Why is it that one merchant is complaining of dull times while another is rubbing his hands in glee as he sees the crowds flocking in to purchase his goods? Why is it that in one store everything is of a negative character—no life, no excitement, no customers, nothing positive but cobwebs and high-priced goods, left on the shelves, moulding, rusting, fading and drying, to be eventually eaten up by rats, moths or creditors, while the much-to-be-pitied proprietor walks the floor wondering why so many buyers pass his door and devising some scheme to meet his next note? A few doors further on what a contrast! Everything about this store is positive—life, animation, energy, push and go. Why are people, big and little, rich and poor, great and small, trying to force their way in, anxious to be in time that they, too, may get some of the offered bargains and looking enviously at the smiling and happy faces of those coming out? Here one can be served, get what one wants and have no need to carry a heavy burden home. Oh, no! Leave your address and your goods are home almost before you can tell of the great bargains you have made, before you can enjoy the surprise and expectation pictured in the eyes of your loving family. Why is it, then, that with apparently the same advantages two stores in the same trade will give such different results? Guinane Bros., 214 Yonge-street, have long known the why, and that is why they succeed, that is why their trade is so enormous, that is why they do the largest shoe business in the Dominion. During their present alteration sale they are clearing out over $50,000 worth of boots, shoes, overshoes and rubbers at one-half the net wholesale cost, selling ladies' rubbers as low as 5c, ladies' skating boots, flannel lined, 75c, and gentlemen's felt-buckled overshoes, Canadian Rubber Company's, for 50c per pair, ladies' $2.50 red morocco shoes, 75c; ladies' white kid slippers, 75c; ladies' carnival overshoes, Canadian Rubber Company's manufacture, 50c; boys' overshoes, 35c; children's felt-buttoned overshoes, 25c. As The Monetary Times said Guinanes systematically undersold everybody; they have the secret of retaining their customers, and of constantly adding to the number. No one leaves without buying, and no one buys without buying again.

TRUSTS CORPORATION OF ONTARIO

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING

TORONTO, ONT

Capital Authorized - $1,000,000
Capital Subscribed - 600,000

President, Hon. J. C. Aikins, P.C.; Vice-Presidents, Hon. Sir R. J. Cartwright, Hon. S. C. Wood; Manager, A. E. Plummer.

This Company is accepted by the High Court of Justice under sanction of the Ontario Government, and may be appointed to and undertakes all manner of TRUSTS, and acts as GUARDIAN, COMMITTEE, RECEIVER, ASSIGNEE, etc.

The employment of the Corporation as EXECUTOR, named in will or transfer from retiring Executor, Trustee under any form, ADMINISTRATOR in case of intestacy, or with will annexed, will be found a prompt, economical and satisfactory course, relieving individuals from responsible and arduous duties, as well as the necessity of finding security. Appointing the Corporation also prevents any given Trust passing into the hands of strangers.

Solicitors placing Estates or other business with the Corporation are continued in the professional care of the same.

Deposit Safes to rent. Valuables of all kinds, parcels, etc., received for safe custody at a small charge. Inspection invited. 13

THE RECOGNIZED STANDARD BRANDS

"Mungo"
"Kicker"
"Cable"

Universally acknowledged to be superior in every respect to any other brands in the market. Always reliable, as has been fully demonstrated by the millions that are sold annually and the increasing demand for them, notwithstanding an increased competition of *over One Hundred and Twenty-five* Factories. This fact speaks volumes. We are not *cheap* Cigar manufacturers.

S. DAVIS & SONS

MONTREAL

Largest and Highest Grade Cigar Manufacturers In Canada. 136

THE CONSUMERS' DISTILLED WATER ICE AND COLD STORAGE COMPANY OF TORONTO (LIMITED).

CAPITAL, - $100,000.

Stock Book is open for Subscriptions and information supplied at the office of the promoter.

GEORGE PEARS, Jr.,
19 Adelaide-street East.

NERVE BEANS

NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restores the weakness of body or mind caused by over-work, or the errors or excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. Sold by druggists at $1 per package, or six for $5, or sent by mail on receipt of price by addressing THE JAMES MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. Write for pamphlet. Sold in Toronto by R. O. SNIDER, Market Drug Store 165 King-street East.

WEAK MEN CURED

Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele. WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address

M. V. LUBON,
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AMUSEMENTS.

JACOBS & SPARROW'S OPERA House, the Popular Amusement Resort of Toronto.

Week commencing Monday, Feb. 27,

JAMES B. MACKIE
—IN—
"GRIMES' CELLAR DOOR"

Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Next attraction—"Pulse of New York."

PAVILION, THURSDAY, APRIL 6

MADAME LILLIAN NORDICA

Supported by distinguished artists, in one GRAND RECITAL.

Reserved seats $1 to $3. First two rows in gallery extra. Subscription list opens at Suckling & Sons' Music Warerooms, Wednesday morning.

REV. T. DEWITT TALMAGE

Will deliver his best lecture, "In Stirrups from Jerusalem to Damascus."

Cooke's Church, Thursday, March 9

Tickets at 50c., now on sale at Suckling & Sons' Music Warerooms.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

All this week. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

WALTER SANFORD'S STARTLING SUCCESS.

"A FLAG OF TRUCE,"

Written by William Haworth.

A Startling Picture of Stage Realism.
A Mammoth Stone Quarry.
Genuine Giant Rand Steam Drills.
An Actual Blast, Splintering Tons of Rugged Rock.
A Massive Derrick Hoisting Ponderous Boulders
Seats now on sale. No advance in prices. March 9, 10 and 11—ROSINA VOKES.

DETACHED HOUSE FOR SALE, ST. George-street, near Bloor, with grounds extending back to the Park. About 11 rooms, with hot water heating and all the recent sanitary improvements. Owing to family changes this comfortable brick and stone house will be sold at the lowest market value and upon terms to suit the purchaser. It has been thoroughly well built for the owner, who has always occupied it. The locality is first-class and everything in good order. Further particulars readily given.

R. J. GRIFFITH & CO.,
10 King-street east.

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS

ONE DAY MORE
TO-DAY THE LAST

Day to secure Bargains in Clothing at

123 King-st. E.

TUESDAY IS MOVING DAY

It will pay you well to move some of the goods for us to-day

After 1st March we will carry on our clothing business at 6 and 8 Queen-street west in connection with our Yonge-street Drygoods Business, connecting both buildings by an archway. Clothing, Furnishings, Drygoods, Mantles, Millinery all under one roof and one management and all at our popular prices. 135

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE

Are respectfully solicited for

Dr. George Sterling Ryerson

THE LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE FOR THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

ELECTION TAKES PLACE FEB. 28TH

MEETINGS.

TORONTO ELECTION.

Mass Meeting in the interest of Dr. Ryerson, the Liberal-Conservative candidate, in

DINGMAN'S HALL,
Corner Broadway and Queen.

Saturday, 25th inst.,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Speeches by Dr. Ryerson, E. F. Clarke, M.L.A., A. F. Campbell, M.L.