Given Over To Drink.

Quebec Abandoned by the Prohibitionists in Their Latest Plans.

Civil Servants' Salaries Soon to be Placed at Creditors' Disposal.

Yukon Militia Cost $700 Daily---Mr. Costigan's Son Gets Promotion.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, April 20.—At to-night's meeting of the prohibitionists a compromise was reached, the gathering going on record as in favor of the adoption of an act totally prohibiting the manufacture, importation or sale of intoxicating liquors in any province, adopting or bringing into force such an act by the duly qualified electors, the voting to take place at the general federal elections. A committee was appointed to secure the introduction of a bill on these lines.

No Conservative member would serve on the committee, and several members, notably Messrs. Moore, Taylor and Ganong, objected to Quebec being left out in the cold, which would be tht effect of such an act.

There was quite a row this morning at the meeting of the executive and legislative committees of the Dominion Alliance to discuss suggestions for bringing the result of the recent plebiscite before parliament. A resolution, based on the report of the sub-committee, was proposed by Mr. Dougall, of Montreal, calling on the government to provide for an extension of the Canada Temperance act to cover prohibition by provinces. A minority of the committee proposed an amendment, offered by Mr. Ganong, M. P. (Con.), calling on the government to implement its promises to the temperance people, but the motion and amendment were voted down, and the meeting broke up in disorder, to re-assemble in the evening.

Answers to Questions.

This was another private members' day in the house. Mr. Wallace was told by Mr. Fielding that the government had taken no action on the application of Peterson, Tate & Co. for a refund of the $50,000 deposited as a guarantee that they would carry out the fast line contract.

Mr. Sutherland learned that the cost of the royal commission on the liquor traffic was $86,984.

Mr. Foster was informed that the daily pay of the Yukon militia amounts to $235, and the daily maintenance to about $454. The cost of getting the 202 men to Selkirk was $19,838. The question of diminishing the force in Yukon is under consideration.

Civil Stewart's Debts.

Mr. Richardson moved the second reading of a bill respecting the attachment of salaries of public officers and employees of the government.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier asked that the debate be adjourned until the minister of justice could be consulted. He sympathized with the object of the bill. Civil servants should pay their debts the same as others, but the bill if passed should be subject to certain restrictions as to the percentage of a man's salary which could be attached each month. The debate accordingly was adjourned.

Combines and Unions.

Dr. Sproule's bill to make the combines act more effective, and Mr. Bertram's bill to legalize the union label received second readings.

Mr. Costigan in Luck.

H. A. Costigan, deputy collector of inland revenue at Ottawa, recently transferred from Calgary, has been promoted to be inspector of inland revenue for Kingston division, in succession to the late inspector. Mr. Costigan is a son of the Hon. John Costigan.

MEMBER BOLTS IN HOUSE.

Government Party Laughed at Him so He Crossed to the Opposition.

London, April 20.—There was a curious scene at question time in the House of Commons to-day. Mr. James M. McLean, Conservative, who was editor and proprietor of the Bombay Gazette, chairman of the Bombay town council and president of the institute of journalists, and who was author of several books on India and is bitterly antagonistic to the Indian countervailing duties on sugar, commenced questioning the secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton, in an irritating manner for which he was frequently called to order by ministerialists and by the Speaker.

Finally, turning angrily to the ministerial benches, Mr. McLean shouted, "If the Unionists do not want me, I can join the opposition." Suiting the action of the words, Mr. McLean crossed over to the opposition benches, where he was greeted with a storm of general applause and ironical ministerial laughter. The angry member finally left the house.

TWO CHILDREN DROWNED.

Settler From Ontario Meets With Misfortune While Going to Manitoba Homestead.

Winnipeg, April 20.—A Dauphin correspondent writes: "A man named Reynolds, from Owen Sound, lost two children, a boy and a girl, by drowning in Minitonas creek, Swan river, while crossing to their homestead last Wednesday. The girl's body has not been found. The boy was rescued, but he died next day. The girl was nine and the boy of a younger age. The ice gave way and the front end of the wagon dropped, allowing the box to turn over and precipitate the children into the water.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

Montreal, April 19.—(Special)—La Minerve says that in the course of an interview yesterday, Charles A. Gauvreau, M. P. for Temiscouata, declared that he had it on semi-official authority that there would be no general election before next year.

LAW MAKERS VISIT MINES.

Members of Ontario Legislature Join in Excursion to Their Gold Fields.

Toronto, April 19—(Special)—Arrangements are practically completed for the visit of the members of the Ontario legislature to the principal mining towns and leading mining centres of Northwestern Ontario and Eastern Manitoba. It is probable 65 members will take in the trip, including members of the government and the leader of the opposition. The start will probably be made on June 27, and end at Rat Portage on July 10, after which the visitors will be invited to attend the Winnipeg summer fair, which opens two days later.

Ten of the leading papers of Ontario will send representatives.

EPSOM RACES.

Sloane Finishes First in Two Events, But Loses One for Foul Riding.

London, April 19.—In the second day's racing at the Epsom spring meeting today, Sir J. Miller's Korosk (4 to 1), ridden by Sloane, won the Coptherne Plate, 150 sovereigns; Tartar second, Nurvagh third. There were 14 starters.

In the race for the Tadworth Plate, Prince Soltykoff's Feu d'Or (7 to 2), ridden by Sloane, finished first, but was disqualified on a charge of bumping and crossing. The race was given to the second horse, Mr. R. E. Manfield's Wylam.

The City and Suburban Handicap, 2,000 sovereigns, was won by Mr. W. Cooper's New Haven II., Survivor second, Tom Cringle third. Seventeen started. Sloane rode Wild Irishman, but was unplaced.

A SERGEANT IN CHAINS.

Charged With High Treason in Supplying German Plans to Russia.

Berlin, April 20.—Sergt Albrecht, of the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh regiment, has been arrested at Bromberg, Prussia, about seventy miles from Posen, and taken in chains to Spandeau, nine miles from here, where the states prison is situated. The prisoner is charged with high treason in furnishing Russian agents with details of German plans for mobilizing the German army.

THE BUNCO MEN OF VANCOUVER

Find Another Victim at the Depot—Ludgate's Sawmill a Certainty.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, April 20.—J. Ainsworth, of Winnipeg, came here to look for work, but decided to return to a point up the line. At the depot to-day he met a nice young man who asked where he was going. He told him. The nice young man said that he had a friend going the same way who was a good fellow. Might he introduce him? Yes, certainly. Just after the introduction the friend had a payment to make. He had not enough money but he had a check on the Crocker-Woolworth National Bank in favor of R. G. Berry and signed C. L. Beaumont for $1,000. Could Mr. Ainsworth let him have some cash and hold the check? Certainly; Mr. Ainsworth had $300, would that do? Yes, it was just enough. Mr. Ainsworth could hold the check till they came back. They never came back.

Mr. Ludgate's Lease.

Mr. Ludgate has arrived from Ottawa with the lease in his pocket, entitling him to build a sawmill for a Chicago firm on the supposed Imperial government reserve known as Deadman's island. The opposition to the sawmill in the city has been entirely ignored by the Ottawa government. Mr. Ludgate says he will commence work at once and will not wait for the city council's action in the matter.

Minor Notes.

Chief of Police Carty has received a letter from Mrs. Jessie Fraser, Australia, the foster mother of Jennie Rogers (who changed her name here to Jennie Anderson), murdered in Westminster by the Frenchman Perrier. Mrs. Fraser says that one Chas. Kohlar led the girl astray and getting £200 of her money went to British Columbia with her. Mrs. Fraser asks for the murdered girl's belongings.

The Sullivan-Kilrain combination drew a crowded house at the opera house last evening. The variety performance was well received and the club swinging enthusiastically applauded. Sullivan has the distinction of drawing the biggest house on record here, on the occasion of his first visit.

GEORGIAN BAY CANAL.

London Syndicate Promises Its Construction Within Three Years.

London, April 20.—The Dominion Syndicate, Limited, has been formed with a capital of £500,000, to build the Georgia Bay canal within three years, and develop electricity, pulp and other industries along the route.

Sir Edward Thornton, ex-British minister to the United States, is chairman, with other influential men on the board.

Made Hundred Dollar Bills.

Secret Service Officers Round Up Very Troublesome Counterfeiters.

Philadelphia Lawyers Accused of Attempt to Buy Off Detectives.

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 19.—Agents of the government secret service have arrested the makers of the famous one hundred dollar silver certificate which was put in circulation something over a year ago, and which resulted in the refirement of the whole issue. Arthur Taylor and Baldwin S. Bredell, supposed to be the principals, were arrested in Philadelphia yesterday. William Jacobs and William L. Kindey, late cigar manufacturers, and James Burns, who was in Jacobs' employ, were arrested in Lancaster, Pa., to-day.

The plates from which the notes were printed, together with a large quantity of counterfeit revenue stamp plates, rolls and about five tons of paper, were also secured. In their confession today, Taylor and Bredell stated that less than $10,000 of the $100 certificates were printed. This is regarded as the most important capture made by the secret service.

Philadelphia, April 19.—A sensational arrest was made in this city to-night in connection with the capture of the counterfeiting gang reported from Washington to-day. Harvey K. Newitt, who was assistant United States district attorney in this city during the administration of President Harrison, was taken into custody by secret service men on a warrant sworn out by Chief Wilkie, charging him with bribing Detective McManus, of the Philadelphia office.

According to the story told by one of the officers, Kindley, the cigar maker of Lancaster, suspected early this year that he and his confederates were being watched by secret service men in Lancaster. He came to this city and engaged Newitt as a go-between to bribe Officers Burns and McManus, who were working on the case. Burns was not approached, but McManus was. All the meetings between Newitt and McManus were witnessed by members of Mr. Wilkie's force. Newitt is well connected, and has practised here since retiring from the United States district attorney's office.

SMALLPOX IN CLEVELAND.

Has Bothered Ohio City for Two Months but Now Becomes Epidemic.

Cleveland, O., April 19.—Smallpox has increased in this city to such an extent that the health department officials confess themselves unable to cope with it under the present conditions. Three of the public schools have been closed and health officer Lick has written the city council to immediately place $15,000 at his disposal in addition to the regular funds.

Up to three o'clock this afternoon eleven new cases had been reported. Seven cases were reported after that hour. They are widely scattered, every part of the city being represented.

The pest house long ago proved utterly inadequate to hold the patients assigned to it and a large annex is being constructed. An idea of the extent of the disease can be gathered from the fact that although to-day's record for new cases is the largest thus far, every day for more than two months has been from two to nine cases reported.

A RIVER ON FIRE.

Chicago the Scene and the Fact Therefore Not Remarkable.

Chicago, April 19.—The Chicago river was set on fire last night and for an hour the flames leaped fifty feet into the air from the surface of the stream. The firemen had to work hard to keep them from spreading, and one of the bridges was in danger. The fire was caused by the ignition of the oil, grease and gas that cover the surface of the river or bubble up from its foul bed. The damage to the bridge, its approaches and the adjoining warehouses and locks was about $6,000.

FREAK LAW DEFIED.

San Francisco Publishers United in Opposition to the Signed Article Statute.

San Francisco, April 19.—All the morning newspapers refused to-day to obey the new newspaper signature law which requires that signatures of the writers be attached to all articles containing criticisms of man living or dead which brings them into discredit or shame.

The law is absurd in most of its provisions as it forbids the publication of even ordinary court proceedings without signatures. The publishers' association, which includes all the morning and evening daily papers of San Francisco, decided to pay no attention to the new law and to stand together in defence should any suits be brought.

INDIAN FIEND GAOLED.

After Wild Ride Through the Country He Returns to Kamloops and Surrenders.

Kamloops, April 19.—(Special)—Casimir, the Indian who murdered Philip Walker on Saturday, has been captured. He returned to the rancherie to-day, and soon his hiding place there was surrounded by determined armed men, and Casimir was given until 1 p. m. to surrender or take the consequences. He surrendered and was driven to town, heavily guarded.

After the murder Casimir jumped on a stolen horse, rode the poor brute to death, stole another horse and apparently rode that also to death, after which he decided to return to the reservation.

SMELTER FOR BOUNDARY.

One of Guggenheimer's Men Bound for Greenwood to Supervise Its Erection.

New York, April 19.—Paul Johnson, lately with the Guggenheimer Smelting Co., of Mexico, leaves New York in a few days to take charge of the erection of a smelter for the British Columbia Copper Co., Ltd., on that company's property at Greenwood, B. C.

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Above Goods were just received by us in one shipment from the manufacturer.

WEILER BROS, Victoria, B. C.

Japanese Contract Labor.

No More Permits to the Planters by Hawaiian Government.

Fear That Islands Would Be Made a Colony the Reason.

Advices from Honolulu are to the effect that the government will announce to the planters that its reason for declining to issue any more permits for contract Japanese laborers is that there is a strong party forming in the United States to reduce the islands to the conditions of a colony, and that one of the most potent arguments used is the large numbers of contract Japanese laborers which are coming here. As the entire sentiment of the islands is against being a colony and in favor of a territorial form of government looking ultimately to statehood, this action is taken that this seemingly principal obstacle in the way of the friends of the islands may be removed.

The action of the government meets with very general approval among all classes whose interests are not principally in sugar. And even among the planters there is not likely to be strenuous opposition. In fact there is a very large and growing element among the planters which does not look on contract labor as a necessity, nor in many ways desirable. Nearly all the long established plantations have been canvassing plans to get along without it and to secure some other than Asiatic labor for the canefields. Some of the plantations, notably Ewa, have already made a start in securing laborers of other nationalities, and has introduced a system of cultivation on shares with the cultivators. Several of the newly organized plantations in whole or in part are organized on the plan of providing mill and marketing facilities for the homesteaders and smal lcultivators of a particular district, and advancing them money where needed to carry them through the period of cane growing and getting returns from market.

It is estimated that with the new plantations starting and the enlargement of new ones, 25,000 additional laborers will be required within the next two years. Many of these will be required to take the places of laborers whose term of service will expire and who will return to their native lands.

With the abolition of contract labor, new laborers, whether Japanese or of other nationalities, will have to come in under the regular immigration laws.

The cabinet has framed a new form of oath to be taken by electors seeking registration in order to vote next September. The new oath includes allegiance to the United States, the promise of support to the constitution and laws of Hawaii, and retains the provision against attempting directly or indirectly to reestablish a monarchial form of government for the Hawaiian islands. The cabinet claims to find authority for this action in the Hawaiian constitution.

been stationed at Fort Niagara and at Fort Porter in this city since their return from Cuba, left to-night for San Francisco, en route to the Philippines. They were escorted to the station by the local volunteer regiments, and there were tremendous crowds on the streets to cheer them.

ST. LAWRENCE SUBSIDING.

Montreal, April 20.—The water in the St. Lawrence is subsiding and fears of a flood are decreasing.

NORTH WATERLOO.

Toronto, April 20.—L. J. Breithaupt, of Berlin, has been nominated as Liberal candidate for the North Waterloo bye-election for the legislature.

RETIRING CHIEF JUSTICE.

Winnipeg, April 20.—This afternoon the members of the Manitoba bench and bar presented an address to Sir Thomas Wardlow Taylor, who has retired from the chief justiceship of the province. The address was read by Mr. Perdue, and Sir Thomas replied in feeling terms. movement was not popular then.

TERRIBLE HURRICANE.

Shell Fishers Off the Coast of Queensland Caught in a Big Storm.

The steamer Aorangi brought details of the terrible storm which swept the coast of Queensland early in March, news of which was received by cable. The force of the storm was terrific, and the hundreds of small boats engaged in fishing and gathering coral were not given time to reach places of safety. At the last reports 350 blacks and 20 white men were missing, and six schooners, 60 luggers and 20 diving boats were wrecked. The damage to property will reach a quarter of a million dollars.

REGULARS FOR PHILIPPINES.

One Thousand Troops From Cuba Sent to New Scene of Action.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 20.—Close to a thousand men of the Thirteenth United States infantry (regulars), who have

AN EXODUS FROM QUEBEC.

French-Canadians Flock to the Factories of New England States.

Montreal, April 20.—(Special)—The exodus of Canadians to New England this spring is the heaviest for many years and is causing the immigration officers some uneasiness. The backward spring in Canada, higher wages and improved outlook in manufacturing in the States are the causes of the movement. It is estimated that almost 20,000 persons, a large proportion of whom are French-Canadians, have crossed the line this spring. Usually at this time of the year travel favors Canada, but this year the influx is very limited.

GREAT NORTHERN NEW STOCK.

Largely for the Purpose of Buying Up the Corbin Properties—The Offer to Shareholders.

New York, April 20.—A circular has been issued by the Great Northern railway offering stockholders the privilege of subscribing for $15,000,000 of new stock at par at the rate of one share of new stock for every five shares now held. The increase in capital stock is for the purpose of acquiring all the bonds, debentures and capital stock of the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway Company, the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway, the Columbia and Red Mountain Railway Company, and the Red Mountain Company, aggregating $9,776,200, and 75,000 of the capital stock of the Eastern Railway Company of Minnesota.

UNION OF EARLDOMS.

Fashionable London at the Wedding of Lord Rosebery's Daughter.

London, April 20.—Large crowds of people gathered within the precincts of Westminster Abbey to-day to witness the marriage of Lady Margaret Primrose, the youngest daughter of the Earl of Rosebery, to the Earl of Crewe. Among those present in the Abbey were 600 invited guests, wearing wedding favors of Marguerites and Primroses, representing the bride's name.

The Earl of Rosebery gave his daughter away. The best man was the Earl of Chesterfield. Dr. Little and the Dean at Westminster had charge of the ceremony.

A WISE JURY.

If Stella Had Stood Out to Sea She Would Not Have Struck the Rocks.

Southampton, April 20.—The coroner's inquest upon the victims of the disaster of March 30 last, when the passenger steamer Stella, of the London & Southwestern Railway Company, was wrecked on the Casquets Rocks, near the island of Alderney, during a dense fog and foundered ten minutes later with a loss of over 70 of those on board, has resulted in a verdict of "accidental death," with a rider saying that "if the captain had slowed down and stood out to sea, the accident would not have happened."

PEERS AND PRESSMEN.

Subject of Lord Aberdeen's Consideration Before Colonial Institute.

London, April 20.—The Ear lof Aberdeen last night presided at a dinner of the Royal Colonial Institute. During his address he appealed to the great English journals to follow the example of the Times and appoint reliable correspondents in Canada in order to free Canadian news published here from the New York taint. He also during his address, expressed the view that life membership in the House of Lords might be given to distinguished colonial leaders.

The proposal of Lord Aberdeen for the appointment of colonial life peers provoked much discussion. Lord Kimberley ex-colonial secretary, in a subsequent speech, expressed the opinion that such federation proposals were premature.

BROCKVILLE FOR COMSTOCK.

Town Decides for the Liberal Resident Though Mr. White Led in Country.

Brockville, April 20.—(Special)—Full returns from all parts of Brockville riding give Mr. Comstock, Liberal, 243 majority over Peter White, Conservative.

The town of Brockville, where Mr. Comstock resides, gave him the election by 331 majority. The township of Kitley, always staunch Conservative, gave Mr. White the good majority of 123. Elizabeth township gave Comstock 25 majority. The Liberals celebrated the victory to-night.

VICTORIA AT TACOMA.

Tacoma, April 20.—The judges have completed awarding prizes in the collie classes at the dog show.

In collie dogs, open class, T. B. Macabe, of Victoria, takes second prize in class 29 and 33, on Capital, and second prize on bitch Goldie.

ON THE TURF.

London, April 20.—At the first day's racing of Sandown Park second spring meeting to-day, the Vizenca filly, 11 to 8, ridden by Sloane, won the Wanton two-year-old race or 700 sovereigns. Powrette was second, and Satirical third.

The Tudor plate of 1,000 sovereigns (eight year) was won by Revelry, a colt belonging to W. R. Marshall. Tod Sloane rode Lord Beresford's Jolly Tar (15 to 8), but was unplaced. Sir Hercules was second and Proclamation third. Twelve horses ran.

UNIVERSITY HONOR.

Kingston, April 20.—Rev. Dr. Barclay, of Montreal, will present Sir Charles Tupper for the honorary degree of LL.D. at a special convention of Queen's in the City hall next Tuesday afternoon.

A TARDY SHELL.

Thrown Into Manzanilla During the War It Explodes Last Sunday.

Havana, April 20.—Mail advices to La Lucha from Manzanilla say that an American shell fired last summer during the bombardment of the town by the United States warships, exploded last Sunday, killing three persons and wounding many others.

The shell had been fired into a cafe called the Labyrinth of Gold, and while workmen were digging it from under the floor, it exploded, wrecking the room. The accident occurred on the same day with a demonstration in honor of General Gomez, and it was at first reported that enemies of Gomez had thrown a dynamite bomb.

LADY LAWYER WINS CASE.

Appears in High Court in Toronto and Has All Her Own Way.

Toronto, April 20.—(Special)—Miss Clara Brett Martin, Ontario's only lady lawyer, made her first appearance in high court to-day by appearing in a suit at the civil assizes. Moreover, she won her case. She appeared for the defendant in an action for the recovery of a balance of $500 alleged to be due on account of a mining stock deal. The case was dismissed. This is the first case won by a woman lawyer in Canada.

GASPE OIL FIELDS.

Offered to London Investors With Guarantee of Strong Backing.

Montreal, April 20.—(Special)—A Star cable from London says: "The prospectus will be issued shortly of the Canada Petroleum Company with a capital of £300,000, to acquire 43,000 acres of oil lands in the county of Gaspe, Quebec. Some leading commercial firms of Manchester, Liverpool and Huddersfield will be represented on the board."

Bryan on the War's Issue.

Seventy Thousand Soldiers to Give Blessed Freedom to Filipinos.

If McKinley Is to Be Emperor Let Him Return Bartholdi Statue.

By Associated Press.

Syracuse, April 20.—The Alhambra with a seating capacity of 3,000 was comfortably filled with an enthusiastic crowd this evening to hear Wm. Jennings Bryan, who in the course of his address touched at length on the money question. He said on this subject:

"It requires all the Christian virtues I have to keep from getting mad when I talk with a goldbug. The word lunatic is perhaps the kindest term the goldbug can use in reference to use for he thus relieves us of all mental responsibility.

"McKinley sent a commission," he continued, "to Europe, asking help to get rid of the gold standard. A Republican congress stood behind him. It would not vote $600,000 to get rid of the gold standard. England's workingmen petitioned the government for bimetallism. England did not join us because English bankers, meeting in secret session, influenced the government. England controls Europe and Europe through the European party controls the United States.

"You heard me called hard names in '96 but you have not a name hard enough to keep me from protesting against a handful of English bankers controlling seventy million people in this country. In '96 we opposed the trusts so much that they all opposed us. We opposed all trusts, especially monopoly. The Republicans are trying to organize a paper money trust to turn over the money market to the national banks. Unless trusts are throttled there is no chance for the young men of to-day. We ask Republicans to help us save the government.

"A large standing army is a burden to the taxpayers and a menace to the republic. This nation can depend upon its volunteers. They can defend it in the hour of danger. What happened to made more soldiers necessary? Nothing but a Republican administration. The President says our occupation of Cuba is temporary. There is no trouble in Porto Rico. Seventy thousand soldiers are wanted to carry the benign blessing of freedom to the Filipinos. Who will pay the cost? If the Filipinos, they must be taxed four times as high as Spain taxed them. If we pay it, ask a gold man to show you how it will get back to the taxpayers.

"Common people furnish soldiers and syndicates get the money paid for war. Shall we call our chief executive, President of the United States and emperor of the Philippines?

"Government by one man backed by force is despotism. People who are oped to taking the Philippines plead not for the Filipinos but for the American people who may not by becoming accustomed to despotism be prepared to yield to despots. I oppose Christianity fired out of a Gatling gun. The man who is hit does not need the gospel. Every nation in Europe wants the United States guilty of conquest. If we are to become an empire let us send Bartholdi's statue back to France and go to England and borrow a statue of William the Conqueror. Let us treat the Filipinos as we would the Cubans and we will erect in the harbor of Manila a new statue of liberty in the old world."

FAST TRAIN SERVICE.

Winnipeg, April 20.—Under the new C. P. R. time cards the trip from Winnipeg to the Pacific Coast will be covered in 54 hours.

CHINESE AT WAR.

Faction Feud in California Costs Several Lives.

Fresno, Cal., April 20.—A bloody highbinder war which has been expected for some time broke out in Chinatown early to-day, as a result of which three Mongolians occupy slabs in the morgue, two more are in the county hospital mortally wounded, and nine are behind the bars in the county gaol.

The trouble arises over the conviction of Tal Choy, who was yesterday removed to San Quentin to serve ten years for murder in the second degree.

The Sorrows Of Empire.

Americans Unable to Take Up Spanish Control Over Philippines.

Native Allies of Spain Now Facing Butchery by Insurgents.

Minnesota Scouts Run Out of Ammunition in Brush Enemy.

By Associated Press.

Manila, April 20.—(6:30 p. m.)—Spain's evacuation of the Philippine islands will be practically completed by the withdrawal of the Spanish garrison from Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, and from the Sulu islands, and if the United States assumes control of Mindanao and the Sulu islands on the Spaniards withdrawing, the military authorities here must, in order to garrison these islands, diminish the forces of American troops, which are already too small.

There was almost mutiny among the Spanish troops in the islands because they were ordered to proceed to the Mariana or Ladrone islands and the Caroline islands, some of them refusing to do so, claiming that their enlistments had expired. The latter were exempted and were allowed to return to Spain on board the transport Alava.

The native troops in the Spanish garrison are in a sad plight. They must accompany the Spaniards or risk the vengeance of their compatriots. The Spaniards propose to disband them, but they refuse to give up their arms.

The natives of Zamboanga, emboldened by the suspicious capture of the armaments on board the Spanish gunboats which were purchased there by Francisco Reyos, of that place, as cabled on April 13, are likely to prove troublesome when the Spanish garrison are withdrawn from the coast towns. It is believed that the smouldering tribal wars will then be resumed, anarchy will prevail and the inhabitants of nearly every village will fight with their neighbors.

A tripartite exchange of prisoners will be arranged if it is possible to negotiate with the Filipinos as if they were a civilized nation. If the Filipinos consent to release the Spanish prisoners, the Americans might release the Tagalos they hold as prisoners, in return for which Spain would free her prisoners. The provisions of the Paris treaty would thus be carried out.

The Spanish commission, however, hesitates to enter the Filipino lines, fearing treachery, although Aguinaldo has guaranteed the safety of the commissioners. The release of the Filipinos held by the Americans might be distinctly advantageous, as they all claim to have been converted to the American cause by the good treatment they have received, and announce themselves as be anxious to influence their friends in favor of the policy of the United States.

A scouting party of the Minnesota regiment near Guinuinto, between Malolos and Bigaa, met a superior force of Filipinos this morning. The Americans repulsed the enemy's attack until, just as their ammunition failed, the Minnesotas were reinforced by two companies of American troops, and the rebels were scattered. One soldier of the Minnesota regiment was wounded. A body of about 100 rebels tried to break through the lines of Price's battalion of the Fourth regiment at Pasig last night, but they were repulsed without any loss on the American side.

MELANCHOLY MAN LOST.

Winnipeg, April 20.—Mr. Dewitt Nay, of Renfrew, is making enquiries here concerning his son, Norton Nay, who was last seen on March 30 at the Toronto & Smith's Falls railway station. The missing young man is 25 years of age and was suffering from melancholy.

DOMINION NEWS NOTES

Special to the Colonist.

The Ill-Starred Gaspesia.

Halifax, April 19.—The Gaspesia has not yet been able to enter the harbor at St. John's, Newfoundland, on account of ice, but is hovering about the coast awaiting a chance to get in.

Montreal's Spring Floods.

Montreal, April 19.—The water is unusually high in the St. Lawrence, and floods are feared.

Someone Has Blundered.

Brockville, April 19.—The election campaign closed this evening. Both parties are confident of carrying the riding.

Manitoba Elections.

Winnipeg, April 19.—Local politicians are bestirring themselves in preparation for the coming provincial elections, and the canvass for the voters' lists has begun. No candidates have been named as yet for the Winnipeg divisions. It is generally understood, however, that the three sitting members, all Liberals, will stand for re-election. Hugh J. Macdonald will probably contest one of the city divisions.

For the Coast.

Winnipeg, April 19.—Dr. W. H. Montague, M. P. for Haldimand, accompanied by Mrs. Montague, passed through the city to-day on his way to Victoria, his visit being in connection with mining interests.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland, secretary of Methodist missions, has arrived, en route to British Colmubia.

A MENNONITE SMUGGLER.

Winnipeg, April 20.—A Mennonite residing near the Manitoba boundary line has been fined $200 for smuggling tobacco across the border from North Dakota. The arrest was affected by Dr. Barret, inspector of inland revenue here.

Dyspepsia in its worst form will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.