THE MEN IN IT.

Governor of Jamaica, Sir Alexander Swettenham, and Rear-Admiral Davis of the American Navy.

Six Alexander Swettenham, Gover-nor of Jamaica, and Rear-Admiral Davis of the American navy, have fur-nished much copy for the newspapers during the past week or two. With-out going into the merits of the controversy, it may be well to glance at the two men, their works and their

The data furnished about Sir Alexander Swettenham is from the pen of a former sub-editor of The London Daily Chronicle, and afterwards editor of The Argosy of Georgetown, Demarara, when Sir Alexander was governor of that colony and had a personal acquaintance with him. The



SIR ALEXANDER SWETTENHAM.

Settlements, with his brother, Sir Frank Athelstane Swettenham, as governor-in-chief, the Straits Settle-sketch was written and published in a New York paper, before the trouble. Sixty-one years old, with the physical energy and vigor of a man of thirty; six feet tall, muscular, com-

manding, imperious; a ruddy face; steel-gray eyes, keen as a hawk's. There you have Sir James Alexander Swettenham, governor and command-er-in-chief of the Island of Jamaica and its dependencies, and the man upon whom the burden of the present situation in that island has fal-len. This man has been a fighter all his life. He served his apprentice-ship to the British colonial civil ser-

when, some 14 years ago, he became Colonial Secretary of the Strataments were a burden, financially and in every other sense, to the British Government. The country was undeveloped; the natives were unhappy and discontented; commerce was a negligible quantity, and gloom in the minds of the people and the Govern ment alike. The Swettenhams changed all that.

It was often difficult and dangerous with The Malays are the reserve of

over the Malays are the reverse of lamblike, and their prejudices and their ways alike extensive and peculiar. But the cool, unyielding spirit of the Colonial Secretary first astounded them, and later compelled their unwilling admiration. When he left the Straits Settlements to become government of the control of the co the Straits Settlements to become gov-ernor of British Guiana the country was being rapidly developed, trade was flourishing, and the colony not only showed a handsome yearly sur-plus, but made itself unique by con-tributing, alone among all the colon-ies of the British Empire, to the re-venue of the grown

ies of the British Empire, to the revenue of the crown.

In British Guiana he met a task worthy of his powers. The negroes, who constitute the great bulk of the population, were incensed against the planters for importing coolie labor. They were disinclined to comply with the requirements of the education code; they were determined to make trouble. Alexander Swettenham put a ston to all that. He condemned them trouble. Alexander Swettennam put a stop to all that. He condemned them for their inertia, shamed them with flery words of scorn for their lack of self-respect, and taught them how they might make themselves a power in the land. And they learned.

land. And they learned.

He was never a respector of persons. One day a big gun went to Government House to argue with him about a certain measure he was engaged in drafting for the consideration of the local Legislature.

"It you do it that way, you will hurt us," he said.

"And who are you that you should



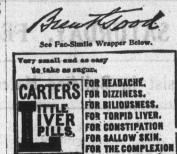
REAR ADMIRAL DAVIS. not be hurt if the masses of the peo-ple will benefit?" thundered the governor. "Go away, sir; go away, and mark me, I am governor here, and I govern for the people, not for selfish

minorities!"

When the news of the Martinique cataclysm reached British Guians, the Legislature was not sitting, and its members were scattered all over the hundred thousand square miles of the colony. Swettenham did not hesitate an instant. He chartered a ninorities! steamer lying in port, bought the en-tire cargo of an American flour boat, despatched it with a letter of credit on the colony for \$10,000 to the suf-

ABSOLUTE

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.



Purely Vogetable. OURE SICK HEADACHE.

fering people of Fort de France-and then summoned the Legislature. The native element in the Legislature, ever sticklers for procedure, condemned his action as illegal without their previous corsent, and threat-ened to refuse to ratify it or to auth-orize payment. "Very well, gentle-men, as you will. But I will not break faith with these poor sufferers in Martinique and St. Vincent. I will pay it myself, and I am confident that it will be placed to my credit in their gratitude. And, gentlemen, I have no intention of altering my decision. It will be from the people decision. It will be 'from the people of British Guiana,' all the same!" The native element abandoned its op-position, and the bill was paid.

As a protector of the common peo-ple Swettenham has had no equal in the records of West Indian governor-

while thus guarding the rights of the common people, he was not unmindful of the future of the colony. The gold fields were almost inaccessible. It was solely due to his energy, his initiative, and his broad and liberal relief towards American invessed to the colony.

his initiative, and his broad and liberal policy towards American investors that a large company of New York capitalists was formed and is now operating the largest and finest equipped gold mine in the three Guianas.

"Jimmy" was feared by the common people, but they all believed in him, and they all respected him. They learned to know that his "No" meant no, and that his "Yes" was as reliable as a Bank of England note.

In Jamaica, which he has governed for three years, Sir Alexander has reorganized the financial resources of the island, purged the local civil service of idlers, improved the educational system, and wakened the people up.

Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis of the American squadron which has de-parted from Jamaica owing to a de-mand from Governor Swettenham to mand from Governor Swettenam to recall to their ships the American bluejackets who were landed for po-lice duty, commands the first squad-ron of the North Atlantic fleet under "Fighting Bob" Evans. Admiral Davis was the American member of the North Sea commission which inquired into the shooting of British fishermen by the Russian fleet on the Dogger banks during the Russo-Japanese war panks during the Russo-Japanese war in 1904. He entered the navy in 1861 as a cadet at Annapolis. He is noted for his scientific attainments, and was selected for the North Sea assignment because of his thorough acquaintance with international and maritime law

HEART TROUBLE CURED

In the rush, hurry and worry of modern In the rush, hurry and worry of modera times, we overwork the heart. Is it any wonder then that there comes a breakdown of this wonderful little engine, when such a continued strain is placed upon it day after day. There are many forms of heart trouble and the slightest derangement of this important organ is extremely dangerous. To strengthen the weak heart it is necessary to use a remedy that will act upon the heart tissue, restore and revitalize it and at the same time tone up and invigorate the nertissue, restore and revitalize it and at the same time tone up and invigorate the ner-vous system, we have such a combination in MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE

PILLS Mrs. Ella Dingman, Morganston, Ont., writes of her experience with them: "It is with the greatest of pleasure that I recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was troubled for a long time with my heart; I had weak and dizzy spells, could not rest at night, and I would have to sit up in bed the greater part of some nights, and it was absolutely impossible for me to lie on my left side. At last I got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and they did me so much good I got another box and they effected a complete cure. I have not been troubled with my heart since."

Price Mognita nar heart of Shores for \$1.25

Price 50 cents per bex or 3 boxes for \$1.25 all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

ALLING Cards, Invitations, Wedding Announcements and Envelopes to match, Programs, Pencils Etc., can always be obtained at The Planet Office.

min

ROBUST DOUGH ROLLERS.

Work In a Ple Enctory Is Scale of Athletics. To properly describe the processes of baking pumpkin pies would require one skilled in the technicalities of the art. This is the way it looks to a mere man: First, the coarse yellow rind is removed, and then the pumpkin is cut open and the seeds taken out, after which the two halves are thoroughly washed. Then a husky lad takes a sort of cleaver and cuts the pumpkin into large pieces, which are fed into a steam chopping machine and reduced to small fragments. These are placed in a huge copper boiler capable of holding perhaps twenty-five gallons. After the boiling has been completed a pasty mixture of eggs, milk, sugar, cinnamor and other spices and condiments is added and well stirred in, and then the yellow mass is ready to be filled into the skeleton pies. The crust is prepared in another department, where the dough is mixed, rolled and placed in the pans ready to receive the filling. If any one thinks that piemaking is ar. easy and effeminate employment he should visit a pie bakery and inspect the muscles developed on the arms of expert pie crust mixers and rollers. They would be creditable to a trained athlete and would put many a mill worker and blacksmith to the blush. Finally the pies are placed on racks and shoved into huge ovens that resemble nothing else so much as the kilns used for burning brick. These kilns are constructed in any size de-sired, with a capacity of anywhere from fifty up to several hundred at a time, while they can be refilled every

PECULIAR EYES.

The Organs of Sight of the Spider and the Snail.

half hour or less.

The next time you catch a spider try to find the eight shiny little eyes at the anterior end, some above and some put under the edge of what we may imagine to be its forehead. To examine these parts to the best advantage hold the spider in tweezers, or it may be better to use a spider killed by being dropped into a bottle of diluted alcohol. These eight eyes vary in arrangement and in relative size in various species of spiders-in some they may be arranged in two rows, in other in three; some may be very small and others large and prominent, and so on-but there they are, rather poor eyes, near-sighted, looking in several directions at once, and the spider, which can never shut any of them, is sure to see everything that approaches unless it is asleep, in which case the sight is dead. For some purposes it may be convenient to have eyes that roll up and disappear at the approach of danger. And these are exactly what the snail has, situated at the end of two long and sensitive palpi, or feelers. When all is quiet their owner extends these organs and you can see at their tips small round knobs upon which the eyes are placed. But if you touch one of the palpi or even jar the snail a little the eyes begin to back into these feelers as the tip of a glove finger may be turned in, and they no longer see any danger that may be lurking at hand.

Dangers of the Revenue Service. The officers of the internal revenue service make little fuss over their accomplishments. The world scarcely hears of them unless they have had a desperate hand to hand fight with mountain desperadoes which has re-sulted in the death of several of their number. But day after day and night after night they go about their work calmly, quietly, in constant danger of death from a shot from some ambush-ed moonshiner or blockader. Yet these men are an absolute necessity for the safeguarding of the country's interests, and they deserve much credit for their hard task, scarcely appreciated by the great mass of the people.—David A. Gates in Metropolitan Magazine.

"Messages," said a telegraph operator, "always slide over the wires bet-ter on Monday than on any other day. The wires, you see, have profited by their Sunday rest. It is a fact that inanimate as well as animate things get tired and need a vacation occasionally. You know how true this is of razors, of automobiles, of locomotives, and it is just as true of telegraph wires. A wire after its Sunday rest gives a quicker, a sion. It is like a piano that has just

The Thumb.
The radical difference between the hand of man and of the monkey lies in the thumb. In the human hand the thumb has the "opposing power," which means that the thumb can be made to touch the tip of each or any of the other fingers on the same hand. The monkey's thumb is nonopposable.

"Say," queried old Wedderly, "why don't you get married?" "Because," replied young Singleton,
"I'm too poor."

"Huh!" rejoined the old man. "When I was your age I was so poor I had to

They Must Like It. "Does this powder really kill the cockroaches?" asked the housekeeper at the grocery.

"Why, certainly not!" replied the gre

cer. "If it did we wouldn't sell a third of the quantity." The truth is always the strongest ar-

gument.—Sophocles.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper



"Hello! Hello!! Ok! Yes!!!"

"I should say so! Everyone who tries it says there's nothing like St. George's."

"I know-but wouldn't you rather get a Baking-Powder you are sure is good?"

"St. George's is really less expensive—it goes farther and does better work - and never wastes flour in failures."

"No, indeed! There's not an atom of adulteration in St. George's Baking Powder and the Cream of Tartar is 100% pure."

"Never! It makes the biscuits deliciously light."

"Yes, yes! Just try St. George's on my recommendation-if they're not good, I'll eat them all myself-at one sitting."

"Yes—the manufacturers guarantee it and I guarantee it too."

"Certainly! Money back, if it's not just as I say it is."

"Thank you. I'll send it right away."

"One more customer for St. George's! Any one who tries it once always buys it afterward."

FREE—A copy of our handsome Cook-Book will be sent to any one sending name and address to National Drug and Chemical Co., Limited, Montreal.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Lower-Live Stock Markets -The Latest Quotations.

Wednesday Evening, Feb. 13.
Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day
4d to 4d lower than yesterday, and corn
tutures 4d lower to 4d higher.
At Chicago May wheat closed 14c lower
than yesterday; May corn ½c lower and
May oats %c lower.

WINNIPEG OPTIONS Winnipeg_Futures_Closed to-day: Feb. %c bld, May 78%c, July 78%c. LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

St. Louis	
Minneapolis 80% 80%	6
Duluth 81 78	
TORONTO GRAIN MARK	
Grain-	
Wheat, spring, bush \$0 70 to	3
Wheat, goose bush 0 67	0 68
Wheat fall bush 0 74	0 75
Wheat red, bush 0 72	0 73
Peas, bush 0 78	
Barley, bush 0 56	

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE

6s 4d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mired, new, 4s 64,4; American mixed, old, 4s 74,41; futures, steady; March, 4s 84,4; May, 4s 44,4.

Hams—Short cut, dull, 57s 6d, Bacon, Cumberland cut, quiet, 52s 6d; clear beiles, quiet, 55s 6d; sboulders, square, quiet, 47s.

Lard—American refined steads

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET. New York, Feb. 18.—Butter, exrong, un-changed; receipts, 11,025.
Cheese, firm, unchanged; receipts 5195.
Eggs, firm; receipts, 11,337; state and pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 50c to 31c; do choice, 32c to 25c; do brown and mixed extra, 28c; west-ern firsts, 28c; official price firsts, 28c; seconds, 24½c to 25c; firsts to extra firsts, 26c to 27c.

Cables Steady—Chicago 10e Higher for Cattle and Hegs.

Liverpool, Feb. 13.—Liverpool and London cables are steady at 11e to 12% per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beer guoted at 9½ to 9½c per lb.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET. EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo. Feb. 13.—Cattle, receipte, 100 head; slow and steady; prime steers, \$5.50 to \$4.51; shipping, \$5 to \$4.65.

Veals, receipts, 50 head; active and 25c higher; \$4.50 to \$4.0.

Hogs, receipts, 1700 head; fairly, active and ateady to a shade lower; heavy and mixed, 7.45 to \$7.30; yorkers, \$7.40 to \$7.45; pkgs, \$7.20 to \$7.25; roughs, \$6.80 to \$4.85; stags, \$4.60 to \$6.25.

Sheep and lambs, receipts, 4400 head; active; sheep, steady; lambs, 5c to 10c higher; lambs, \$5 to \$7.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK. NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Feb. 13.—Beeves—Receipts, 2821; pydms and choice heavy steers, steady; others slow and 10c lower; bulls, steady; others slow and 10c lower; bulls, steady; others dell and easier; steers, 44.75 to 84.30; few fancy do, 86.50; bulls, \$4.40 to \$4.70; cows, \$2.25 to \$4.25; one car extra fat do, \$4.40. Exports, 928 cattle, 1028 sheep and 6900 quarters of beef, Calves, receipts, 910. Veals, generally 25q to 50c higher. Barnyard and westefn calves slow. Veals, \$6 to \$10; few choice \$10.25; cuits, \$4 to \$5; barnyard calves, \$8 to \$3.50; ordinary westerns, \$3.25.

Sheep and lambs, receipts 8361; sheep. \$3.25 Sheep and lambs, receipts. \$361; sheep stead; lambs, slow and easy; sheep, \$4, to \$5.25; yearlings, \$5.55; lambs, \$6.37% to \$7.37%. reveipts, 7400; market, steady; light state bags and pigs, \$7.70.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago Feb. 13.—Cattle-Receipts, about 19,000; market steady; olain to best steam, 8 14: 87.25; cows. 89.25 to 98. haddens, 82.78 to 85.25; buils, 88 to 84.00; calves, \$2.50 as \$8; stockets and feeders, \$2.50 to \$4.81.

DOVER COUNCIL.

The council met Jan. 28. The members were all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted. Messrs. Fox and Foy reported on R. Huxley's grievance, and Mr. Huxley and Mr. Goe. Jack were heard on the matter. Alex. Gordon, Sr., commissioner, reported that the repairs of the old Fryer drain was completed. Mr. Fox reported on the matter of discharge tile drain to Cadotte Mechanical Drain be repairs of the old Fryer drain was completed. Mr. Fox, and also the floor missioner, reported on the matter of discharge tile drain to Cadotte Mechanical Drain be repairs of the old Fryer drain was completed. Mr. Fox, and also the floor missioner, reported on the North Branch of Hendrick drain.

Moved by Grawford and Fox, that Moved by Grawford and Fox, that Eusebe Lucier be paid \$60 for nime Saheep killed by dogs, being two-thirds value as per inspector.—Carried.

Moved by Carron and Crawford, that Eusebe Lucier be paid \$60 for nime Saheep killed by dogs, being two-thirds value as per inspector.—Carried.

Moved by Carron and Crawford, that C. Purser be appointed commission, \$12, on old Fryer drain on 15th concession, Sr., be paid his commission, \$12, on old Fryer drain with the concession, by the concession will not deal to the matter.—It was a completed and report.—Carried.

Moved by Carron and Fox, that Moved by Carwford and Fox, that Moved by Carwford and Fox, that the C. Purser be appointed commissioner or reported and whom Kinna be each paid \$1 for a course commissioner or the concession of the concession will not deal to the floor of the concession will not deal to the floor of the concession of the concession will not deal to the floor of the concession will The council met Jan. 28. The mem-

matter of W. H. Morehouse in get-1 that the Reeve and Mr. Foy be ap-

to Mr. Fox, commissioner, to see mittee.—Carried.

Moved by Crav

ting tile from F. Dumas be referred pointed a printing and supply com-

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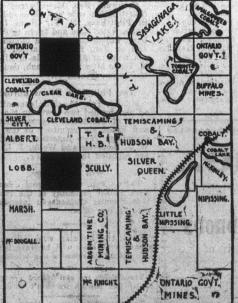
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EACH OF THE COMPANY'S PROPERTIES has a Lake and from one of these the Company derives its name. The vein, which undoubtly runs into the south claim from Silver Queen, has been traced from the east boundry through Lake George and a forty-foot shaft sunk on it, and an 18-inch vein discovered, besides four other promising veins, in some of which native silver and cobalt were discovered.

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