

THE ATHENS REPORTER

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AUSTIN G. L. TRIBUTE,
Editor and Proprietor

Help win the war with silver bullets. Buy Victory Bonds—a good, safe investment. See the official canvassers, W. G. Parish, for Athens; T. R. Beale, for Rear Yonge and Escott; R. J. Green, for Rear of Landdown; and W. J. Bracken, for Rear Leeds.

NO EXCITEMENT

The election campaigns is sadly lacking in thrills. With prohibition, and mixed (or identical) issues, the two factions are doing little electioneering, as we knew it in time past. Both Sir Thomas White and Mr. A. C. Hardy are evidently sure in their own minds that they will be elected. One of them is going to be surprised. Union government with Mr. White as its candidate, means a prosecution of the war—Liberal government, according to Mr. Hardy, means also a prosecution of the war. Liberals know Sir Wilfrid Laurier will not have a majority of non-conscriptionists. Many Conservatives are not any too well pleased with the profiteering that has been going on and the failure of the Food Controller to alleviate the high prices. Whether or not they will consider it worth while to back Mr. Hardy is hard to say.

The Military Service Act is an issue in the election. There is no doubt of that. Some people delude themselves into the belief that only the Union government will enforce it. This is certainly a fallacy. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, even with the help of Quebec, would fail if he attempted to block the working of the Act. Military service is a thing that is distasteful. A doctor does not always give pleasant medicine to cure a disease. War kills sentiment; dire necessity is the cause of men being taken from their businesses and out of their pleasant domestic life, to be sent to the battlefield. There is no room for sentiment in the issue.

Laurier says he will not enforce drafting without referring the matter to the people. That would mean delay in the sending of reinforcements, and such a thing is unthinkable.

Those conducting the election have no means of knowing how the voters will vote. The results of the election will show that each voter will have voted according to his light; for there is every evidence at the present time that he intends to exercise his discretion without help or hindrance from any one.

Electors wishing to hear what Union government has to offer may attend the meeting in the town hall Thursday night at 7.30. Sir Thomas White, Finance Minister, and Unionist candidate will be one of the speakers. Other prominent politicians will also speak.

Buys Car.

Mr. Lloyd Brown, Addison, has purchased a Chevrolet car from Percival & Brown.

Mrs. H. R. Knowlton was in Calm-ton for a few days, the guest of Mrs. D. T. Tennant, who returned to Athens with her for a short visit.

Outlet

The farmers are looking pleased over this nice weather for they are getting their ploughing done; which they despaired of when the severe cold weather struck us a couple of weeks ago.

Mr. Arthur and Mr. Dillon are threshing through this locality at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Weldon Bradley and daughter Eva made a trip to Kings-ton recently.

Mrs. William Crozier spent Thursday with Mrs. W. J. Running.

Mrs. W. T. Parsons has purchased a new Bell organ.

Mrs. Edward Vanderburg spent last week with her friend Mrs. Jas. Patience, Elm Lodge, Dulcemaine.

Some of our boys have applied for exemption but not for want of courage, but because they are so much needed on the farms. They are so few left in this district except the farmer boys and the cheesemakers.

Miss Roxy McCready, Sand Bay, spent Saturday with Mrs. E. Vanderburg.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Vanderburg and children motored to Arden on Saturday.

Reporter Advertisements
Bring Results.

BACK TO THE SOIL.

Lure of Nature to the Country Bred Toiling in the Cities.

Life in the city is coming more and more to seem an unnatural exile, particularly to the country bred, at whose heartstrings boyish memories of farm and orchard, of wood and stream, tug appealingly, making pictures to the inner eye as of lost paradises as they sit imprisoned in their palaces, slaves to the telephone and the ticker.

More and more such men are planning to escape, vowing to themselves that they will rest satisfied with the modest competence rather than the big fortune, so that they can pull out while they still have some youth left and be boys again in the old countryside, fish the old streams and go coon hunting in the old woods. I know many men with that ambition.

For a man who has been exiled in the city for a number of years, having during that time had no more intimate acquaintance with nature than is to be snatched in his annual holiday at some fashionable beach or some luxurious hotel in the mountains—for such a one to watch the coming of spring, day after day, in a stretch of old woodland is to come as near to the recapture of youth as is possible in a world whose one irremediable sorrow is the inescapable doom of growing old.—Richard Le Gallienne in Harper's Magazine.

FIRE ESCAPES FOR SCHOOLS.

These Serve as a Play Scheme as Well as a Protection.

Some of the California schools are equipped with novel fire escapes, which are not only a safeguard, but afford the children as much amusement as a regular playground equipment. One of these fire escapes in Tropic, near Los Angeles, consists of several long sheet metal chutes, re-enforced with angle iron and secured to the walls of the building. They extend from an iron platform on the second floor, which leads from the main corridor. Separate chutes are provided for the boys and girls.

The teachers encourage the use of the slides as an amusement to accustom the children to them. Each slide ends in a slight upward curve to check the momentum of the descent. At the point where the children reach the ground a pile of loose sand breaks the fall.

In Venice, Cal., a spiral chute is employed, which is inclosed in a cylindrical metal casing. This is entered from a platform leading from the upper story. Like the straight slide, it is used as an amusement device by the pupils. A local hospital makes use of one of the same design.

Futility of "No Trespass" Signs. In the American Magazine David Grayson comments as follows on a farmer who covered his land with "No Trespass" signs:

"I did not need to enter his fields, nor climb his hill, nor walk by his brook. But as the springs passed and the autumns whitened into winter I came into more and more complete possession of all those fields that he so jealously posted. I looked with strange joy upon his hill, saw April blossom in his orchard and May color the wild grape leaves along his walls. June I smelled in the sweet vernal of his hay fields, and from the October of his maples and beeches I gathered rich crops—and put up no hostile signs of ownership, paid no taxes, worried over no mortgage and often marveled that he should be so poor within his posted domain and I so rich without."

Combs and the Hair.

The best comb for the hair is the hard rubber coarse comb with smooth, rounded edges that will not cut the hair. A fine comb has many disadvantages; therefore the all coarse comb is to be preferred. A metal tooth comb tends to pull out good hair and is liable to wound and scratch the scalp. Never use a comb the teeth of which are broken. One should never try to save money at the expense of a good comb. The comb should be washed frequently in water in which ammonia has been added. Scrub out the teeth with a nail-brush and soap. A sun bath is also good for the comb.

Perfectly Natural.

Robust Old Gentleman (to sick woman just arrived at health resort)—When I first came here I hadn't strength to utter a word; I had scarcely a hair on my head; I couldn't walk across the room, and I had to be lifted from my bed.

Sick Woman—You give me great hope. How were you cured?

Robust Old Gentleman—I was born here.

Enlisting a Golfer's Aid.

"I hung a few rugs on the line yesterday."
"Well?"
"Then I got my husband's midiron and told him to go out in the yard and practice a few golf swings on them."

A Popular Recreation.

"Where are you going, Sandy?" said one Scotchman to another.
"Doon to the club," said Sandy.
"And wha' for?"
"Just to contradict a wee bit."

Energetic Influence.

"Does your wife find politics interesting?"
"Not as interesting as she expects to make it before she gets through with it."

Adversity sometimes gives a man courage; prosperity too often takes it out of him.

TRICKEY—ELIGH.

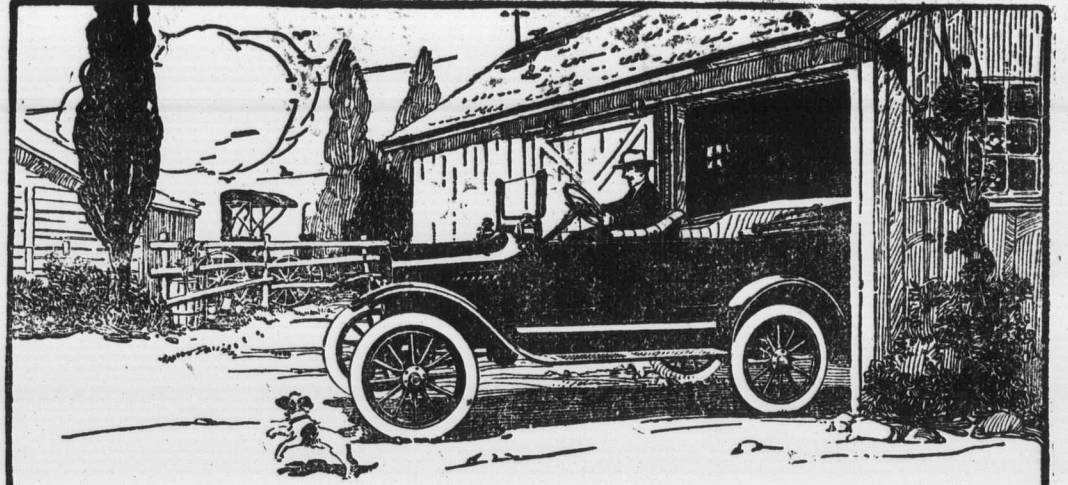
At the Presbyterian manse at Lyn, on Wednesday last, Rev. D. M. MacLeod united in marriage Bertha Elma Eligh, of Sherwood Springs, and Howard Lewis Trickey, of Mallorytown. The young couple were attended by Mr. Elton Eligh, and following the ceremony, motored to Brockville where they took the afternoon train for Ottawa. On their return, Mr. and Mrs. Trickey will reside near Mallorytown, where the groom is a prosperous young farmer.

MYERS—HEATH.

Mr. Rinso Myers and Miss Emily Blanche Heath, of Portland were united in marriage by Rev. Mr. Calvert, of Delta, on Wednesday last. The happy young couple are spending their honeymoon in Toronto.

To Drive Ambulance.

Miss Aileen Hughes, daughter of Sir Sam Hughes, leaves shortly for France, where she intends driving a motor ambulance.



Replace Your Buggy With a Ford

MORE than 100,000 Fords are owned by people in Canada in preference to the old horse-drawn buggy and other makes of cars.

Your neighbors, and farmers in every section of the Dominion are abandoning their old buggies—selling their driving horses and buying Fords.

Ford cars are utility cars. They are built to endure the strain of constant daily use over rough roads.

These are the tests every farmer gives his car. The Ford meets them in a satisfactory manner. It is the farmer's car, so why not replace your horse and buggy with a Ford?



Touring - \$495
Runabout - \$475

THE UNIVERSAL CAR
F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

W. B. Newsome, Dealer, Plum Hollow

Canada's Victory Loan

\$150,000,000 5 1/2% Gold Bonds

Bearing interest from December 1st, 1917, and offered in three maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber, as follows:

5 year Bonds due December 1st, 1922
10 year Bonds due December 1st, 1927
20 year Bonds due December 1st, 1937

This Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund. The amount of this issue is \$150,000,000, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid by the surrender of bonds of previous issues. The Minister of Finance however, reserves the right to allot the whole or any part of the amount subscribed in excess of \$150,000,000.

The Proceeds of this Loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada.

Principal and Interest payable in Gold Denominations: \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000

Subscriptions must be in sums of \$50 or multiples thereof.

Principal payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the Office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Victoria.

Interest payable, without charge, half-yearly, June 1st and December 1st, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Bearer or Registered Bonds

Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest. Scrip certificates, non-negotiable, or payable to bearer, in accordance with the choice of the applicant for registered or bearer bonds, will be issued after allotment in exchange for provisional receipts. When these scrip certificates have been paid in full, and payment endorsed thereon by the bank receiving the money prepared, without coupons, in accordance with the application.

Delivery of interim certificates and of definitive bonds will be made through the Chartered Banks. Bearer bonds with coupons will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, and may be registered as to principal only. Fully registered bonds, the interest on which is paid direct to the owner by Government cheque, will be issued in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000, or any authorized multiple of \$5,000.

Subject to the payment of 95 cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons, will have the right to convert into bonds of the denomination of \$1,000 with coupons, and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully registered bonds of authorized denominations without coupons, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance.

Surrender of Bonds

Holders of Dominion of Canada Debenture Stock, due October 1st, 1919, and bonds of the three preceding Dominion of Canada War Loan Issues, have the privilege of surrendering their bonds in part payment for subscriptions to bonds of this issue, under the following conditions:—

Debenture Stock, due October 1st, 1919, at Par and Accrued Interest.
War Loan Bonds, due December 1st, 1925, at 97 1/2% and Accrued Interest.
(The above will be accepted in part payment for bonds of any of the three maturities of this issue)
War Loan Bonds, due October 1st, 1921, at 97 1/2% and Accrued Interest.
War Loan Bonds, due March 1st, 1927, at 96% and Accrued Interest.
(These will be accepted in part payment for bonds of the 1937 maturity ONLY of this issue.)

Bonds of the various maturities of this issue will, in the event of future issues of like maturity, or longer, made by the Government, other than issues made abroad, be accepted at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscription to such issues.

Issue Price Par

Free from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

Payment to be made as follows:

10% on December 1st, 1917 20% on March 1st, 1918
10% on January 2nd, 1918 20% on April 1st, 1918
20% on February 1st, 1918 20% on May 1st, 1918
A full half year's interest will be paid on 1st June, 1918.

The Bonds therefore give a net interest yield to the investor of about:

5.61% on the 20 year Bonds
5.68% on the 10 year Bonds
5.81% on the 5 year Bonds

All payments are to be made to a Chartered Bank for the credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and the allotment to cancellation. Subscriptions accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed, must be forwarded through the medium of a Chartered Bank. Any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank will forward subscriptions and issue provisional receipts.

In case of partial allotments the surplus deposit will be applied toward payment of the amount due on the January instalment. Subscriptions may be paid in full on January 2nd, 1918, or on any instalment due date thereafter under discount at the rate of 5 1/2% per annum. Under this provision payments of the balance of subscriptions may be made as follows:

If paid on January 2nd, 1918, at the rate of \$9.10795 per \$100.
If paid on February 1st, 1918, at the rate of 79.48859 per \$100.
If paid on March 1st, 1918, at the rate of 58.72274 per \$100.
If paid on April 1st, 1918, at the rate of 38.00059 per \$100.

Forms of application may be obtained from any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank, or from any Victory Loan Committee, or member thereof. The books of the Loan will be kept at the Department of Finance, Ottawa. Applications will be made in due course for the listing of this issue on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges.

Subscription Lists will close on or before December 1st, 1917.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
OTTAWA, November 12th, 1917.