

may, in his discretion, omit to destroy or order the destruction of the colonies and hives in which the disease exists.

4. The Inspector shall have full power, in his discretion, to order any owner or possessor of bees dwelling in the box-hives, in apiaries where the disease exists (being mere boxes without frames), to transfer such bees to movable frame hives within a specified time and in default of such transfer, the Inspector may destroy, or order the destruction of, such box hives and the bees dwelling therein.

5. Any owner or possessor of diseased colonies of bees, or of any infected appliances for bee-keeping, who knowingly sells or barter or gives away such diseased colonies or infected appliances, shall, on conviction thereof before any Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine of not less than \$50 or more than \$100 or to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

6. Any person whose bees have been destroyed or treated for foul brood, who sells or offers for sale any bees, hives or appurtenances of any kind, after such destruction or treatment, and before being authorized by the Inspector so to do, or who exposes in his bee-yard, or elsewhere, any infected comb, honey, or other infected thing, or conceals the fact that said disease exists among his bees, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, be liable to a fine not less than \$20 and not more than \$50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months and not less than one month.

7. Any owner or possessor of bees who refuses to allow the Inspector or his assistant or assistants to freely examine said bees, or the premises in which they are kept, or who refuses to destroy the infected bees and appurtenances, or to permit them to be destroyed when so directed by the Inspector, or who, on the complaint of the Inspector, is summoned before a Justice of the Peace, and on conviction, shall be liable to a fine of not less than \$25 and not more than \$50 for the first offence, and not less than \$50 and more than \$100 for the second and any subsequent offence, and the said Justice of the Peace shall make an order directing the said owner or possessor forthwith to carry out the directions of the Inspector.

Where an owner or possessor of

bees disobeys the directions of the said Inspector, or offers resistance to, or obstructs the said Inspector, a Justice of the Peace may, upon the complaint of said Inspector, cause a sufficient number of special constables to be sworn in, and such special constables shall, under the directions of the Inspector, proceed to the premises of such owner or possessor and assist the Inspector to seize all the diseased colonies and infected appurtenances and burn them forthwith, and if necessary the said Inspector or constables may arrest the said owner or possessor and bring him before a Justice of the Peace to be dealt with according to the provisions of the preceding section of this Act.

8. Before proceeding against any person before a Justice of the Peace, the said Inspector shall read over to such person the provisions of this Act or shall cause a copy thereof to be delivered to such person.

10. Every beekeeper or other person who is aware of the existence of foul brood, either in his own apiary or elsewhere, shall immediately notify the President of the Ontario Bee Keepers' Association of the existence of such disease, and in default of so doing shall on summary conviction before a Justice of the Peace be liable to a fine of \$5 and costs.

11. Upon receiving the notice in the preceding section mentioned or in any way becoming aware of the existence of foul brood in any locality, the said President shall immediately direct the said Inspector to proceed and inspect infected premises; but where the person giving such notice is unknown to the President or there is reason to believe that the information in said notice is untrustworthy, or that the person giving such notice is actuated by improper motives, then the President may require the person giving such notice to deposit the sum of \$5 with the President as a guarantee of good faith, before the said notice is acted upon, and if it proves that said notice was properly given, then the said deposit shall be returned to the person giving such notice, but otherwise the said deposit shall be forfeited to the use of the said Ontario Bee Keepers' Association.

12. The said Association shall include in its annual report to the Minister of Agricultural a statement of the