# Photocopy law could cost millions

MONTREAL (CUP) — The proposed federal law which will set copyright royalties on photocopies may cost Canadian schools millions of dollars, library officials warn.

Currently in second reading in the House of Commons, Bill C-60 is a proposal to modernise the 1924 a proposal to modernise the 1924 Canadian Copyright Act. The new legislation requires that Canadian authors or publishers receive a percentage of copying costs through collective associations. The bill also covers audio-visual and computer

However, many education groups, including the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada, believe the new law will do little for Canadian writers while making post-secondary education more

"By raising the cost of photo-copying and multiplying the existing administrative cost, libraries will be buying less books and it will be harder to get at knowlege," said McGill University librarian Mike Renshaw. "No university can sport that kind of administration

According to Albert Tabash, di-rector of the Concordia University science library, it will be difficult to predict just about how much in royalties the collective associations of authors will ask for.

"Legally (collectives) will have the right to set anything they want and demand it," he said.

Some collective associations already receive royalties for educa-tional material in Canada.

tional material in Canada.

The Quebec government is cur-rently paying the Quebec Writers'.

Linion \$1 million for photocopying-rights at the collegial level. The agreement covers the 17,000 works registered with the union but does not include public or university libraries. There is also another col-lective in Quebec for French lang-uage audio-visual material. uage audio-visual material.

Patricia Dumas, an aide to Communications Minister Flora Mac-Donald, says that educators are "over-reacting" to the bill.

ded," she said. "It just stands to reason that people who create the work are compensated for the use of their work."

work are compensated on the of their work."

Critics say however that the bill is too heavily balanced towards cre-ators and that exemptions should be made for educational institutions.

"How can we guarantee that all of these people are going to be in one collective?" said Peter Rogers of the Ontario Library Association. "Pierre Berton has publicly refused to join a collective. Will researchers have to have to track down five or six different collectives to find their writer? And where do they go if they want to tape a segment of a CBC news show or The Journal or something?"

Rogers said that the collected royalties may not benefit Canadian royattes may not benefit Canadian authors, citing a study by the Canadian Library Association showing that most copying involves American publishers. Canada would be setting an international precedent by sending money out of the country to foreign collectives, he said.

This law could be the most restrictive the English-speaking world has ever seen," Rogers said.



### Let the political race begin!

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## U of A debaters win

by Gateway staff
One of the largest ever Edmonto Open debate tournaments was held the LL of A last w

"It was a very good tournament," said Jason Lucien, of the U of A, who was judged the best speaker of the tournament in the open division. Lucien teamed with Paula Simons, a U of A graduate, to win the team championship.

The U of A team of Glen Freedman and Pam Foster came second. Fatima Kashavjee of the U of A was judged best speaker in the

The debate was structured like a House of Commons debate, with one side playing the role of gov-ernment and the other that of the opposition.

A twist to the format was that i was 'impromptu'. The teams did not know the topic of debate until fifteen minutes prior to the actual

It puts the premium on the ability to think on your feet. It stresses a flowing style of speech," said Lucien. "If you hve nothing to sav vou had better say it well



### Lubicon Lake issues

creation of reserved lands. After that's finished with, then they're willing to sit down with the Alberta government for compensation for the destruction of land. Both gov-ernments have stalled on the issue."

The disputed land is rich in oil, netting the provincial government an estimated \$400 million a year in

Crier says it's because of the royalties that talks with province

ve stalled. "The Alberta government doesn' want a settlement until all the oil revenues are taken out of there."

An initial settlement was reached between the Lubicon Cree and the

band was to receive land based on band was to receive land based on acres per person. However, a land survey was required and was never completed because of the war. After the war the government re-neged on their promises and the land fell into the hands of the province, who leased it out for oil exploration.

The Alberta government is now willing to negotiate but the question of how many Lubicon Indians exist has become a stumbling block.

"The Alberta government has claimed there are less than nine Lubicon Indians," says fourth year education student John Kortuem, spokesperson for the U of A Abori-ginal Student Council. Kortuem, a ginal Student Council. Kortuent, a member of the Big Stone Cree, says that the federal government has figured there are over 200 Lubicon Indians, about half of the true

"Since 1985 the federal govern-ment has changed the Indian Act (Bill C-31) so that there would be no discrimination against women who were taken off enfranchise-ment. What Chief Ominayak is trying to do is make a claim for all his people. But what he's expected to do is go retroactively to before Bill C-31 became law and make a Bill C-31 became law and make a claim for only thsoe people who were eligible for taking treaty be-fore Bill C-31 came along. I think that's a very impractical thing to

Crier says that the Lubicon want to be treated in the same manner as regional bands who signed Treaty 8. "They weren't required at the time to prove each individual."

Neither Crier nor Kortuem feels the issue will be settled before the Olympics.

The forum wil be held in the Humanities Centre, lecture theatre one, starting at 7:30 pm.

### Correction

In the Feb. 1 issue of The Gateway it was incorrectly reported that the acronym PASAG stands for Public Awareness Study and Action Group. It actually means. Public Affairs Student Awareness Group. The Gateway apologizes for any inconvenience this error may have

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The theme of the cartoon should be related to parking on campus. Prize winners cartoons will be published in the 1988/89 Digest of Parking Regulations.

1. All entries must be received by March 4, 1988 at 203 Education

2. All entries become the property of the University of Alberta Parking Services Office and may be used in any form without the permission of the author/entrant.

permission of the author/entrant.
3. Decision of the judges is final sue of *The Gateway*.
5. Contest open to all University staff and students. Staff of the Parking Services Division, and family members are not eligible.
6. The size of the entry should be 8" x 8" maximum.
7. Enties should be marked "Contest" on the outside of the



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