future generations of the original inhabitants of the country. He had heard much concerning the affection entertained by the Indians for their children, and could therefore understand with what feelings of joy those present must see the present preparations for the education of their sons and daughters; and the opportunities thereby given for their improvement and future well-being. And he wished to tell them that it was the wish of every one who had the interest of the Indians at heart, and also of the Government who had spent so much money towards erecting such a grand institution, that they would all send their children to the school, so that they may be able to derive the full benefit of such a good work. He was pleased to receive this address, as showing they appreciated the efforts of the missionaries and the Indian officers.

An examination of the pupils was then conducted by Miss Smith, their teacher. The questioning was made individually, by classes, and collectively, and after each service, questions were also asked by visitors by request; the answers being quick and correct in every case. The exercises were interspersed with hymns by the children, the singing, as well as their replies to the questions in grammar, geography, hygiene and various subjects, proving the great and patient care that had been bestowed upon them by their teacher, Miss Smith, whose whole energy is evidently thrown into the noble task she has undertaken, and who, as also the Rev. Mr. Tate, appears to have a thorough knowledge of the character and temperament of every pupil, and whose voice or sign is obeyed with a willing alacrity which proves the existence of that thorough reliance and sympathy between teacher and pupil so necessary to successful training.

At the conclusion of the examination short speeches, eulogising the institution and complimenting the staff and teachers, were made by Rev. Mr. Logan and Mr. Vowell.

The building was then formally inspected by the Government officials, accompanied by the staff of the institute, all being highly pleased at the commodious arrangement and cleanly, cheerful appearance of the various rooms and apartments; after which the guests were regaled with an excellent tea, on the completion of which the party broke up into small conversational knots, until called together to listen to the evening's entertainment, which, after prayer offered by the Rev. Mr. Logan, consisted of some excellent speeches from Mr. Devlin, Mr. Wells, Rev. Logan, Mr. Vowell, and Reeve Cawley. Very interesting speeches were also made by Rev. Mr. Ladner and Rev. Mr. Robson, the latter as chairman; these gentlemen, from their long residence and thorough knowledge of the country and people, being specially competent to pronounce on their advancement, and Mr. Robson, by his humorous anecdotes, giving much zest to the evening's entertainment. Rev. Mr. Tate also gave a concise account of the progress of the institute, together with its cost, which, up to the present, was \$25,000, assisted by an annual grant from the Government of \$1,300. After which the building was formally declared open by Mr. Vowell on behalf of the Government, and by Rev. Mr. Ladner on behalf of the Methodist Missionary Society.

The whole proceedings were conducted throughout in a pleasant and systematic manner, showing that the management was in competent hands. In fact, the conduct of the establishment, the appearance of the pupils, the energy and kindliness of the staff, and the evident sympathy existing between pupils and teachers is convincing proof that the establishment is in good hands, and that whatever beneficial results are possible will be elicitated by those in charge. And it is earnestly to be hoped that their efforts may bear fruits equal to the desires of those "lovers of mankind," who have erected this edifice and who devote themselves to its success.

The entertainment closed at 9.45 with prayer and a hearty rendering of the National Anthem.

WHEN the Queen of Madagascar, who is at war with the saloons in her kingdom, was approached by the saloonkeepers, whose business she had suppressed, and asked for compensation, she answered briefly: "Compensate those whom you have wronged and I will pay the balance."

Along the Line.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Letter from REV. W. H. PIERCE, dated PORT ESSINGTON, B.C., June 6, 1894.

SINCE my last letter to you God has been speaking very loud to all who have not listened to His Hole very loud to all who have not listened to His Holy Spirit. One of Mr. Cunningham's freight canoes got lost coming down through the Kit-Qjequela canyon last week. All hands lost. All the men belong to Kishpyax mission. Oh! that the living may listen now, and be prepared to

meet their God in peace.

William Paul Legure, one of the Kit-Qjequcla chiefs, was amongst the crew. Poor man! The last time I saw him was when we went up last fall by the steamer Caledonia, preaching the everlasting Gospel to all the interior Indians. He was a happy man among his people. During the winter he and a few others went up the river to tell the heathen of every village what Jesus, God's only son, had done for them. They stayed at Kishpyax a few weeks, till God poured out His Holy Spirit upon the people. William was well-liked as a young chief by whites and Indians. All the gold miners and traders who knew him on this river spoke very highly of him as an honest Indian. He has been a good help to our missionaries on this district. will miss him a great deal. May God raise others to follow him. His poor wife and three children are still at the canyon alone. No one could go to help them. The water is very high. All the cords of wood for the steamer Caledonia floated away from the banks of the river. She cannot come through the canyon at present. It is five weeks since she left Simpson. The last report we heard is that she has not got up to Hazleton yet. We pray that God's Holy Spirit may come down upon us all, like the mighty flood on the Skeena river. So the sin of every kind may be washed away. I just came back yesterday from Inverness cannery. Preached four times on Sunday, both to our own people and to Mr. Duncan's. I understand by Bro. Crossby's letter that our Conference has appointed me on Glad Tinings as evangelist among the many tribes of Indians. I have nothing to fear but sin. God has promised to go with us. The Christian Band Workers here are ready to go anywhere and tell their heathen brethren of the great joy and peace that comes to them through faith in Christ. Asking all my warm-hearted white brothers and sisters to remember the Glad Tidings at the throne of grace, as she goes from village to village carrying the precious news to all those who are still in great darkness of sin. Our trust is in the name of God and in the power of His mighty Gospel.

MANITOBA.

Letter from REV. R. E. SPENCE, dated SWAN LAKE, MAN., June 12, 1894.

THOUGHT I would write you a few lines before leaving this Circuit.

When I came to this field a year ago I found that the former pastor had made it self-supporting. As the amounts raised for ministerial support that year were very small, I thought that his action was premature, but to-day I believe it was the best thing that could be done for it. Being independent, the people feel their responsibility more, and no doubt will see to it that their minister is well supported.

Though the times have been very hard this year, yet we have made a large advance in every respect on last year. There was \$44 raised on the field last year for Missions and this year we have advanced to \$75. On nearly all the other funds I think we have advanced at least fifty per cent. I believe if a Circuit wishes to prosper, they should give liberally for the propagation of the Gospel in the dark places of the earth. Not being able to go themselves, they should give of their means to send others.