

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

VOL. XXXVII.

ST. JOHN, N. B.; WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1899.

NO. 75.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.

VANDEBILT DEALS OCCUPYING THE ATTENTION OF WALL STREET.

The Co-operation of the Pennsylvania Company Now Reported to Have Been Assured - Lots of Money in the West - The World is Prosperous.

New York, July 15 - The attention of Wall Street continues to be occupied with the Vanderbilt deal; the latest feature in which is the reported co-operation of the Pennsylvania Company. This has excited the more surprise because the general supposition has been that the latter interest would effect a separate consolidation under its own control, including probably the Reading and some of the other anthracite coal roads.

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Clearing House Association of this city has caused the closing of a large number of deposit accounts which heretofore have been kept here and which have been opened elsewhere so as to have collection charges. There has been, therefore, a considerable diversion of funds from this centre for that reason. Besides this there has been a number of millions of actual money recently remitted for commercial purposes to our new possessions, especially Cuba and Porto Rico, and still more is likely to follow from time to time.

The present activity in money at the four great financial centres of the world - New York, London, Paris and Berlin - is not due to want of confidence and hoarding through distrust, but is due to the general confidence all over the world in the mercantile undertakings, and thereby the greater need for money. This has a significant meaning and tells of widespread prosperity in commercial circles.

FOR THE QUEEN'S CUP.

Shooting for the Big Biscay Prize Has Begun - The Scores of the Canadians.

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LONDON NEWS.

LADY SALISBURY'S ILLNESS CAUSING GREAT CONCERN.

Danger for South Africa Involved in Lord Salisbury's Resignation and the Withdrawal of His Peaceful Influence from Affairs of State.

London, July 15 - Among politicians today the renewed serious illness of Lady Salisbury overshadows even such exciting topics as the Milner-Kraeger duel in South Africa. The best wishes of English public life respect the privacy of Elizabethan retreat, and it is only when it is the matter of public duty and his personal devotion to the queen from the quiet joys of his beautiful home, that he is ever seen in public. It was that one superadded burden that nearly forced on his resignation of one of both of his posts - that of Secretary of State and of Secretary of the Admiralty - would the universal thought not over-sanguine hopes for Lady Salisbury's speedy recovery be frustrated if the ministry could not be brought face to face with a crisis in that ever-curling personal conflict which has long been the subject of Mr. Chamberlain's made the provision of offices for his personal following of the price of the Hicks-Beach sections of Toryism.

The Rivalry and the file in the house of commons, Mr. Gladstone's some comparison with Lord Salisbury in the simple happiness of his domestic life. It is the rarest thing in the world to find the latter, who lives the life almost of a recluse, neglected in a strange degree of social fame and of public opinion, and is only in the quiet joys of his beautiful home, that he is ever seen in public.

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get, travelling in Brazil, has just rediscovered. As far back as 1855 M. Libon found it, but he died immediately, leaving no hint of the locality and of the original consignment. Baron Schroder now alone possesses a specimen. Some thousands of imported plants have been sold at auction here this week.

Mr. Leonard Courtney is understood to be writing a book on the British constitution. Great interest is excited in medical circles by the extended tests to which Dr. Huxley's plague prophylactic is to be put. Capt. Leumann of the Indian Medical Service, who has been lent to the government of Natal to introduce disinfectants there, has taken 50,000 doses with him. Lieut. Stephens has been lent to the government of Mauritius, and has taken 30,000 doses. At the request of the Chamber of Mines of Johannesburg, 10,000 doses have been sent there.

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FUNERAL OF E. L. PRICE

Hold at Sussex Yesterday and Very Largely Attended.

Sussex, July 17 - The funeral of E. L. Price, which took place from his late residence, New Line Road, this morning, was very largely attended despite the inclement weather. The remains were interred in the Upper Corner cemetery, the burial services being conducted by Rev. A. Slipper, of Waterford. The pall bearers were Samuel Walker, John Hall, Richard Walker, Thomas Cripps, Peter McGinn and Robert Crawford. The obsequies were in charge of Under-Secretary F. W. Wallace, of Sussex.

One of the final offerings which rested on the coffin of the deceased, was a massive anchor, most beautifully constructed - it was sent as a mark of respect and friendship by Colonel Donville, M. P. The deceased, who was born in Dublin, Ireland, 77 years ago, came to this country with his parents when he was six years of age, and after living a short time on the property now owned by Robert McAfee, near the Upper Corner road, where the old homestead is situated, at which place he continued to reside for over 50 years, or until he was suddenly called away on Saturday last. He was a kind and amiable father. The deceased was for many years collector of rates, a justice of the peace for 20 years, and for 30 years supervisor of roads.

AN EVICTION FAILS.

Thirteen Constables Have a Disastrous Encounter With the Riot Act, Hot Water and Stones.

CHARLOTTETOWN, July 17 - A posse consisting of some 13 special constables, headed by Deputy Sheriff Conroy, left Summerside during the early hours of Saturday morning to evict a family living near Campbellton. They were met at the house of the defendant's family named Douglas, by a crowd, variously estimated at one to two hundred. The local magistrate read the riot act and explained that any one entering the premises would be treated as a felon. The posse and their men attempted to enter by a door which they had forced open, when they were assailed by a shower of stones. One of the 'rioters' of the defendants was struck by a stone from a window and the posse was somewhat seriously wounded by hot water. After some ineffectual stoning the posse adjourned and returned to Summerside.

Dutch Baited Cattle.

St. Andrews, July 17 - Sir William Van Horne has been with his family at the 'Cove' since his summer mansion, Minister's Island, since Friday last. On Saturday evening he received by C. E. R. his first consignment of stock cattle for his island farm. This cattle comprise a herd of twelve - ten females and two males - all of the Dutch Belted breed bred in Canada and one of the only three herds of the kind in America. They are a splendid specimen of the body; the horns are very fine and with a belt of pure white about 15 inches wide completely encircling the centre of the body; the horns are very fine and short, presenting quite the appearance of velvet. The skins of these cows are the most valuable and are much sought for ornamental uses and robes. The cattle came off their long journey in splendid condition and appear to be greatly enjoying the luxury of a cool Canadian pasture.

No More Three Cent Stamps.

Ottawa, July 17 - The postmaster general has decided that owing to the reduction in the domestic rate of letter postage to two cents, no more three cent letter cards, three cent stamped envelopes or three cent stamps will be issued. Postmasters are authorized to use such as they may have in stock at the time of the change, but no new ones will be issued, and all in stock in the department will be discharged down to 'zero cents' and issued at that value. When the supply of these has been exhausted, new two cent red stamp, postcard and stamped envelopes will be issued, and the present purple ones discontinued.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

BOTH PARTY LEADERS MOURN THE DEATH OF HON. MR. IVES.

Opposition Want Dredging Done Without Dredges - The Senate Reform Resolution - Grand Trunk Terminus Bill Under Discussion.

Ottawa, July 17 - In the house today, before the orders of the day were reached, Sir Charles Tupper referred to the sudden and melancholy death of Mr. Ives. The leader of the opposition said that he had talked with the premier, who would have adjourned the house out of respect for the memory of the deceased but for the late period of the session and the state of public business, which made it impossible to do so. The deceased, said Sir Charles, occupied a high position in the eastern townships, and his death was a loss to the country and especially to the Conservative party. His death would be deplored by every member of the house and no man enjoyed to a greater extent the kindly feelings of the members of the house on both sides. Death had visited the members of parliament in a way which was almost unprecedented during the present session. Only a short time ago a distinguished senator had left his mortal coil in the enjoyment of the senate of the British North America Act of 1867. He was referred to the late Mr. Sanford. He was snatched away by death in a manner that showed how frail is the tenure of our mortal existence here.

Premier Laurier joined with the leader of the opposition in the remarks he had made and no man enjoyed to a greater extent the kindly feelings of the members of the house on both sides. Death had visited the members of parliament in a way which was almost unprecedented during the present session. Only a short time ago a distinguished senator had left his mortal coil in the enjoyment of the senate of the British North America Act of 1867. He was referred to the late Mr. Sanford. He was snatched away by death in a manner that showed how frail is the tenure of our mortal existence here.

Mr. Bennett moved in amendment that no amount of the sum above \$5,000 could be expended without calling for tenders. This was lost on division and at 10.45 p. m. the sum was adopted. Some progress was afterwards made with the estimates. The house adjourned at midnight.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has given notice that on Wednesday he will move the following resolution: "That an humble address be presented to her majesty the Queen setting forth that the provisions of the British North America Act of 1867, respecting the power of the senate of Canada in the making of laws, are unconstitutional and should be brought more into harmony with the principles of popular government, and praying that her majesty may be pleased to recommend to the imperial parliament a measure for the amendment of said act in such terms as will effectively make provisions as follows: If the house of commons passes any bill which the senate rejects or fails to pass or amend in a way not accepted by the house of commons, then, if the house of commons, at the next following session again passes such a bill, and the senate again rejects or fails to pass or amend the same in a way not accepted by the house of commons, the governor general may, by proclamation, convene one or more joint sittings of the members of the two houses for further consideration of such bill or amendment and the question whether such bill or amendments shall pass shall be decided by a majority vote of the members present and voting, and the vote of any such joint sitting shall, in respect to such bill or amendments, have the same force and effect as a vote of the senate under the existing constitution."

Premier Laurier has given notice that on Thursday he will commence sitting on Thursday at 11 o'clock, and will also sit on Saturdays at the same hour. The Senate. In the senate this afternoon a bill respecting the South Eastern Railway company was read the third time and passed. The senate then went into committee on the bill respecting the Drummond County Railway. Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Senator Loughheed urged that the bill should be amended so as to make it come into effect only after the bill to confirm the agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway company was confirmed. Senator Debonaville gave notice that at the next sitting he would move a six months bill to the bill. The bill will come on for a third reading tomorrow, immediately after the motion for the third reading of the Grand Trunk bill.

Hon. Mr. Mills moved the second reading of the bill respecting the Yukon territory. This bill gives the government power to license taverns in the Yukon not necessarily for the sale of intoxicating liquors, to impose fines to the amount of \$500, deals with the regulations respecting territorial judges, and gives the right of appeal to the Supreme court of British Columbia. Senator Power in moving the second reading of the bill to amend the criminal code with respect to combinations in restraint of trade spoke at length in support of the bill. The second reading was carried on a division. Hon. Mr. Mills moved the second reading of the redistribution bill. This he said was a very important bill affecting the constitution of the other house but not in any way affecting the senate. He referred to the bills of 1882 and gave an interesting review of the history of popular representation in England from the days of the Plantagenets. He traced the history of the English representation from the reign of Henry III, and argued that it was not until the reign of Edward I that the crown constituted the constituencies. The Act of British North America did not destroy the provinces, but perpetuated them, and simply created a new federal parliament, which under its constitution was to be similar to the United Kingdom. In order to preserve the federal feature of the legislation of the country it was decided that the representation of the provinces should be based on population, to be ascertained by a census taken every 10 years. That, however, had nothing to do with the redistribution of the senate. There was nothing in British North America act which prohibited any province from redistributing seats nor was there, far as the federal government was concerned. There had been redistribution at various times since confederation. He cited the bill of 1872 and said that it had been rejected by the senate not because a redistribution bill had been introduced, but because the senate had held that a redistribution bill must emanate from the government. Taking up the bill of 1892 he said it at the first bill did not satisfy some of the members of parliament, and another bill was brought in the next year.

Mr. Bergeron - What is the name of the dredge? Mr. Fielding - The name would not show that it was built by the Conservative government; it is called the Laurier. The building of the dredge was commenced by the late government but was not finished until the present government came into power. The minister during

the discussion said that the deepening of the ship channel, which was urgent owing to the increased insurance rates, to 20 feet would take three years by the dredges working day and night for seven months at a cost of from \$100 to \$125 per day for each dredge. The discussion was going along on these lines, when Mr. George Taylor brought his keen intellect to play upon the subject, and, with that broad and statesmanlike view to take of public questions, he managed to extract from the auditor general's return that a small sum had been spent on Chinese lanterns and with an indication that evidently made his face burn until it assumed a bright complexion as the color of his beard, he demanded why the Chinese lanterns were for the sum of \$355,000 should be adopted. Hon. Mr. Fielding could not tell what the Chinese lanterns were for and a moment later Mr. Taylor devoted some time to finding out the salary of a cook in connection with a dredge. This was satisfactorily explained and Mr. Taylor breathed easy.

Hon. Mr. Fielding pointed out that while the opposition pretended to be willing to vote money for the deepening of the ship channel they refused to grant a sum for the building of dredges so that the work of dredging could be carried out. Mr. Bennett moved in amendment that no amount of the sum above \$5,000 could be expended without calling for tenders. This was lost on division and at 10.45 p. m. the sum was adopted. Some progress was afterwards made with the estimates. The house adjourned at midnight.

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