

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Belleville, May 17.
Miss Mapperson with her batch of 150 juvenile emigrants, arrived here on the midnight express, and were at once taken to Marchmont. The boys will be distributed on farms in this and the adjoining counties, and the girls, about 50 in number, will be adopted as domestics in private families.

Versailles, May 21.
The Versailles forces entered Paris at four o'clock this afternoon. The entrance was effected simultaneously at the gate of St. Cloud and the gate of Montreuil.

The insurgents have abandoned the ramparts.
A circular from Thiers confirms the report of the entrance into Paris. It says: "The Gate of St. Cloud having been battered down, the Douai-troops, in General Lachapelle and Chabrier's divisions, are preparing to follow."

Douai men held their position in St. Cloud Gate, where they cut the telegraph wire communicating with the other portions of the "entree."

At Antwerp two regiments entered and proceeded beyond the limit of circular railway, meeting with feeble resistance.

Gen. Cisey reports that Malakoff and Fort Montreuil have been abandoned by the insurgents, and will soon be occupied by his command.

Ottawa, May 20.
Dr. Smallwood and Dawson had an interview with Minister of Marine and Fisheries with a view to extend system of weather reports and storm signals, now in use in the United States, to Canada and Maritime Provinces. Measures will be taken at once to adopt it, and lighthouses will be used as stations. The cost will not exceed \$4,000 per annum.

Fencing is making preparations to start 12 parties with provisions and equipment to convenient points on route of Pacific survey. There will be over three hundred men engaged on the expedition.

St. John is expected to arrive here on Tuesday.

New York, May 20.
The English members of the High Commission expect to sail for home next Wednesday.

The Treaty is still under consideration by the Senate in secret session.

The improvement of the Tribune correspondent for telegraphing the treaty in advance of its authorized publication, is generally disapproved by the press.

Gold 117 7/8.

The Washington Treaty.

Washington, May 21.
If a correspondent can indulge conjectures about the treaty of Washington, which is supposed to be under consideration by the Senate in executive session, without putting his personal liberty in jeopardy, I will express my belief that the treaty will be ratified without more than eight negative votes. It is also reasonable to think that the friends of Gen. Sherman in the Senate will endeavor to accomplish this result as it is before. They might so that the General can take it with him when he sails on Wednesday. But neither Mr. Davis or Mr. Casserly have as yet publicly stated that they have spoken on the treaty, so it may not be possible to arrive at a final vote until Wednesday or Thursday.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION LAW.—Here is the way they compel the people to educate their children in the States, where the schools are unsectarian. The Legislature of Michigan has enacted a stringent compulsory Education Law. It provides that every parent, guardian, or other person in the State, having control and charge of children between the ages of 8 and 14 years, shall be required to send them to a public school for a period of at least 12 weeks in each school year, at least six weeks of which shall be consecutive. Children may be excused from such attendance by the Board of the School District in which the parents or guardians reside, upon their being shown that the child's bodily or mental condition has been such as to prevent its attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that the child is taught in a private school, or at home, in such branches as are usually taught in primary schools, or has already acquired the ordinary branches of elementary taught in the public school.

The Postal Cards have proved a success in Great Britain, the circulation amounting to a million a week. In the United States they are popular for a similar system; and there is no reason why Canada should not after a time enjoy equal privileges with their friends at home—that of sending a letter throughout the Dominion for one cent. True, there is some little drawback in the fact that the epistles must be open; but for trade circulars and general business communications this is no objection, and even for private subjects there is no greater objection to it than telegraphing when the messages are read at each end of the wire.

SMALL POX.—Two new cases of small pox were reported yesterday, one on Brussels street and one on Patrick street. The number of cases now in the city is said to be nine. It was rumored that the disease had made its appearance in Mrs. McParland's Boarding House on Britain street, but a visit from Dr. Travis to the premises seemed it to be incorrect. [Daily News]

PROPOSED CLUB HOUSE.—We learn that it is in contemplation to start a Club House in St. John similar to those existing in other large cities. The names of some of our most influential merchants are mentioned as moving in the matter. [Ibid]

Miss Angela Georgiana Burdett Coutts, the London banker, has accepted a peerage with the title of Baroness Coutts.

A number of roughs joined a spring picnic party from Quincy, Ill., drew water, and nine of their number were seriously poisoned, five of whom are not expected to live.

The surviving parties on the Inter Oceanic Railway are to start in about a fortnight.

S. M. PETTINGILL & Co.

Are our sole agents in that city, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, MAY 24, 1871.

Business and Improvements.

While noticing the him of business and improvements at the South End, in our issue of the 10th, we omitted to notice that a large freight house is in course of erection on the new Steamboat Landing, for the accommodation of the large and increasing freight passing over the Railway.

A large amount of work is being daily carried on at the Railway Depot. In addition to the Machine Shop, where repairs is done to the Locomotives, under the direction of Mr. Thomas Armstrong, the efficient Locomotive Superintendent, we may mention that the Engine "Shamrock" was recently rebuilt and is now running over the road. A new car shop is in course of erection and ere many weeks elapse will be ready for occupation. This department will be under the direction of Mr. Ferguson, the painter of the "Monitor cars" now running on the E. & N. A. Railway and extensions.

A new branch of business has been started near Mr. Kennedy's premises, by Mr. James Rowland, termed a "wool polling" establishment, where some thousands of Sheep and Lamb skins may be seen in preparation to have the wool removed from them, washed and assorted for market.

Coming further up Water Street among other improvements we notice that Capt. S. Maloney is building a large L to his dwelling for dormitories, dining room and kitchen.

Messrs. Odell & Turner's addition to their establishment will be soon ready for use, when it is said they intend to add a new branch to their large and increasing trade.

Messrs. Robinson & Glentworth, wholesale Flour and Provision Store next above, has lately been enlarged, and a new extension from the Railway built to their wharf, where sleepers and other lumber is shipped without extra handling or expense of truckage. We understand that this enterprise is being extensively engaged in a Wholesale Flour, Provision and grocery business, as well as shipping longland short lumber. We find on reference to the Customs returns that they have shipped since the season opened 250,000 Sleepers, 2000 poles and cargo of long lumber.

Mr. Donahue's new building on Frederic Street is progressing, and will be quite an addition to the block on which it stands. Mr. O'Neil has repaired and painted the old Waver Property on the corner next above Mr. Donahue's, and it is now ready for a tenant.

Mr. Streets Store on Water Street, has been newly painted, giving it a light and pleasing appearance.

The Railroad Hotel, kept by Mr. Clark, has been newly painted and papered, and we learn its proprietor is doing a good business. In connection with the Hotel is a large Livery Stable where horses and carriages may be had, for pleasure or business, with or without drivers. There is a Coach also belonging to the establishment which plies to the Steamers and Cars on their arrival and departure. This comprises most of the recent improvements at the Southern end of the Town, where the principal shipping business is done.

The new establishment started by Mr. W.D. Hartt, for the purpose of preparing and canning Lobsters for the European market, is also worthy of notice. Mr. Hartt has already expended a large sum of money in erecting workshops; he has something like eighteen hands at work, three of whom are can makers, and who use up a large quantity of sheets of tin; and his expenses daily amount to a considerable sum as he has none other than competent men in his establishment. There will ere long, be employment for girls in the business; at present it is only in its commencement, with all its complex operations, is for the first time laid open and explained for the benefit of general readers. While the author, Colonel Thorpe, has treated the subject comprehensively and accurately, he has also indulged himself in his happiest vein of humor; and his interesting and valuable contribution is abundantly illustrated with truthful and well executed engravings.

"Along the Florida Reef," by Dr. J. B. Holder, is still continued, with its entertaining and instructive description, supplemented by numerous illustrations. The concluding paper of this series will be published in the July number; with numerous other interesting articles, among them valuable historical contributions.

President Corcoran has raised a forced loan of \$30,000 at Panama in a rather novel manner. He invited a number of the wealthiest native citizens to a meeting—ostensibly to discuss the best means of placing the Government in funds. Once met, he placed soldiers at the doors of the Cabildo, with orders to allow no one out of the building. He then informed the gentleman present that circumstances over which he had no control compelled him to adopt this extreme step, and to retain them all under guard until they made up \$30,000. This was of course expressed at this demand, and some suggested a unanimous refusal to pay a cent.

best qualified officers in the Dominion. We give the opinion as it was privately expressed to us by an Officer and gentleman who stands justly at the head of his profession.

RETURNED.—The Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sur. Genl. and R. Robinson, Esq., M.P.P., returned from their Legislative duties last week.

We are happy to report that Mr. A. D. Stevenson, who has been seriously ill for some weeks is recovering, but is still confined to his room.

SMALL POX.—Several vessels from Europe, the West Indies and the Southern States, which have arrived in the United States and British Provinces have had one or more cases of Small Pox on board. The Boston Board of Aldermen have taken the precaution to order that all vessels from any port in Europe, the Western, Madeira, Canary, or Cape de Verde Islands, the Mediterranean, West Coast of Africa, or around Cape of Good Hope, the West Indies, Bahama or Bermuda Islands or South America, must lie at Quarantine, until they receive written permission of the Port Physician, for which they will have to pay the usual fee.

[From the "St. Croix Courier," May 4.]

"A Meeting of the sporting gentlemen of St. Stephen was held in Vaughan's Hall on Monday evening last for the purpose of forming a Base Ball Club. Necessary preliminaries were satisfactorily adjusted, and the following officers were appointed: His Hon. Judge Stevens, President; Rev. J. E. Hopper, (Baptist Church), First Vice Pres.; James Mitchell, Esq., Second Vice Pres.; William Vaughan, Esq., Treas.; James G. Stevens, Jr., Esq., Sec.; Geo. Pender, Esq., Cap. of the Field; and Moses A. McFarlane, Cameron H. Moore, M. McGowan and L. Street, Committee of Management. The Club will meet to-night (Thursday) in Vaughan's Hall at 8-12 p.m."

[From the "Standard," May 10.]

"A Base Ball Club has been established at St. Stephen, with Judge Stevens as President, the Rev. Mr. Hopper as First Vice President, and other gentlemen of position. They evidently regard the development of the physical system as tending to promote morality and order."

[From the "St. Croix Courier," May 18.]

"The St. Andrews 'Standard' informs its large circle of readers that a base ball club has been formed in St. Stephen, and in the most unwarrantable manner, uses the names of some of our most respectable citizens in connection with same. The 'Standard' is just as untruthful in this instance as it was last winter when it stated that teams were travelling on the ice between St. Stephen and the Ledge. When will our venerable contemporary cease misrepresenting our town and people? Base Ball indeed! Base insinuation!"

[We leave it to the Public to judge who was guilty of untruthfulness. We unfortunately copied the information from the "Courier" of the 4th in our issue of the 10th. BASE indeed must be that member of the "Courier's Staff," who uttered an untruth, which was copied by other journals besides our own, and then endeavored to foist his baiting on innocent parties. "Base insinuation" truly. Better for him to stick to his text, and practice what he enforces, or better still, renew his application"—indefinitely.

We understand that the report circulated that Mr. Gough was offered the office of Provincial Secretary, with a seat in the Cabinet, is a sheer piece of humbug, something similar to the report that he was offered a seat in the Legislative Council. It is not unlikely that Mr. Gough himself participates to some extent in these canards. Governments are made and unmade and projected changes foreshadowed over a quiet rubber of whist, &c., &c. When Mr. Gough takes office it will be as leader of a new Government at some future time.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—The June number of Harper's Magazine, commencing the Forty-third Volume, opens with a brilliant poem by Mr. William Allen Butler, the author of "Notings in Wear." The poem is entitled "General Average," and effectively portrays two characters not uncommon in mercantile life—those of a Yankee merchant, Principles, and a Jew, of the firm of Moses & Brodier, in "Second-hand Square" and shows that even in cunning a Jew may receive a lesson from a shrewd Gentile. The illustrations are as characteristic as the poem itself, and the latter is likely to be as popular as "Notings in Wear," which was originally published in Harper's Weekly, fourteen years ago.

In this number the New York Custom-house, with all its complex operations, is for the first time laid open and explained for the benefit of general readers. While the author, Colonel Thorpe, has treated the subject comprehensively and accurately, he has also indulged himself in his happiest vein of humor; and his interesting and valuable contribution is abundantly illustrated with truthful and well executed engravings.

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but by evening Corcoran held promissory notes for the amount required, and the lenders returned to their homes. President Corcoran intends with this money to purchase arms and artillery in the United States, and the Governor of Panama, Senor Losa, has gone to New York to buy them.

Private letters from Buenos Ayres received in New York say the deaths average 700 per day. When the disease broke out, there were 200,000 people in the city, and of these 120,000 had fled to the country, where they were camped in tents, or lodging as best they could in the huts and houses of the poor farmers. The rainy season had just set in and the suffering was very great among the fugitives. Among the prominent natives who have died are, D. Francisco Lopez Tones, editor of the Discussion, who had previously seen his father, sister and cousin die, and Dr. Jose Bayne Perez, who fell a sacrifice in his zeal in behalf of the sick. The necessity for pecuniary relief is very great, as many of those who have died were heads of families, and hundreds, if not thousands, have been left in destitute circumstances.

There is some opposition at Washington to the provision of the treaty referring to the San Juan question to the Emperor of Germany. The recent report of his indisposition, he being an old man, suggests that in the event of his death Frederick William would succeed to the throne and thus take the place of his father as arbitrator. Should the question not be settled during the present Emperor's lifetime, this arrangement of the Joint High Commission is considered unfortunate in view of the fact that the Prince married Victoria Adelaide, daughter of the Queen of England.

News from Paris.

The monotonous news from the scene of the French fratricidal strife, only broken up by occasional announcements of skirmishing and acts of lawlessness on the part of the insurgents within the walls of Paris, styling themselves Communists, has at last been broken by intelligence of a very exciting character. It is of no less moment than the entry of Paris by the Government forces, under command of Gen. Douai. The despatches affirm that the entrance was effected at two points simultaneously—the gate of St. Cloud and the gate of Montreuil, in the southerly portion of the city. That this news is substantially reliable seems in every respect probable, a despatch from official sources at Versailles confirming the first reports. The final struggle within the walls may be a desperate one, but once within the city there seems little room for doubt that the Versailles forces will soon have matters entirely within their own control. If this success of the Government troops will hasten the cessation of hostilities, and bring order out of this anarchy—the news will be good news indeed, and will be hailed with delight by every one. This is the opinion of the leading men.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTH DAY.—The Battery fired a Salute at noon, from Tipperara. The display of hunting was by no means profuse.

The "Union Advocate" of Newcastle, has commenced to abuse Mr. Hutchinson and glorify Mr. Mitchell—all of which goes to prove that the latter intends to resign his seat in the Senate at an early day, and try to enter the Lower House. The fact is, he is without influence in the Parliament, and his name as a member of the Government is nearly null. His only chance is in the Commons. So says the "Evening Globe," and in the classic language of one of the members of the Legislature, we add "ditto."

THE BRITISH COMMISSIONERS.—Earl de Grey and his co-commissioners intended to have sailed for England on the 24th, but as there is little prospect of the Senate getting through its consideration of the Treaty for a fortnight they will be unable to get away, although Earl de Grey is extremely anxious to get home that he may defend his course before Parliament, where a strong opposition to the provisions of the Treaty has sprung up.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE for June.—Ballou's Magazine for June has appeared with a list of contents which tempt the most indifferent of literary epicures. There are some twenty six articles, some of them illustrated. The principal story is "The Old Clerk's Secret," written by Levi Bardsley, Esq., a late special agent of a Washington department, and who has produced a thrilling story, full of incident and plot of Washington life. The following is a list of the other articles:—The new King and Queen of Spain, Madrid and its People, Scenes of the Revolution, Neuchatel, Switzerland; The Wounded Indian, The Harlem Bridge, Odessa, Russia; A Leap in the Dark, The Coquette, Tired, The Flower of the Family; and several others, with humorous illustrations. Terms \$1.50 per year. Address Thomas & Talbot, 63 Congress Street, Boston.

The question to reduce the Ocean postage to one penny, as on land in Great Britain—was lately the subject of debate in the British Parliament. Although there was a strong party and many sound arguments in favor of it, the Gladstone ministry opposed and defeated it.

The election in Nova Scotia it is said, resulted in favor of the Government—the opposition however has been increased very considerably.

The Rev. J. R. Strang died at Macnaquack on Sunday morning, 14th instant. For some time previous to his death his health had been failing. A widow and four children mourn their loss. [Farmer.]

DIED.

On Saturday, the 20th instant, after a tedious illness, ANNE, the beloved wife of ALFRED T. PAUL, Esquire, Sheriff of Charlotte, and youngest daughter of the late Peter Clinch Esq., in the 55th year of her age. [Funeral this day (Wednesday) at 4 p.m.]

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

May 17, schr Live Oak, Fuller, Red Beach, Plaster, R Ross.

19, Matilda, Simson, St Stephen, Molasses &c, J R Bradford and others.

Live Oak, Fuller, Calais, 50 tons plaster, R Ross.

20, Clara, Clark, Boston, balst, R Ross.

CLEARED.

May 17, schr Harriet, Sherburn, Portsmouth 2,000 sleepers, R Ross.

Sagu, May 2.—Fr 2 Bachelors, Carlow, loading for Baltimore.

Pooleland, May 22, old.—Brig Florence, Waycott, St. Andrews.

New York, May 22, arrd.—schr Evelyn, St. George, Cleared.—18th, Ben Bolt, St. George, Eugene, for St. Stephen.

Executor's Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of Robert T. Fitzsimons, late of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

SETH WHITLOCK, Executor. Saint Andrews, May 21, 1871.

Teacher Wanted.

WANTED, a Second Class Teacher, for the Roman Catholic School, St. Andrews. One qualified and who can come well recommended may apply to Rev. R. VERIKER, St. Andrews, May 24, 1871.

Sugar & Molasses.

Ex "Rapid" from Barbados via St. John: 20 Hums Muscovado Molasses; 8 Choice do Sugar. May 23. J. W. STREET.

Spring Importation.

MAY 1 1871.

Ex the "Yasa" from Liverpool, and "Choice" from London, via St. John.

50 Cases Old Tom, Glen, over & pint flasks, 60 do best Scotch & Irish Whiskey &c, 20 Cr. Casks best Scotch and Irish Malt Whiskey, 3 Hhds Alloupe's best Dranght Ale, 25 Bbls do Bottled do, 12 cases "Guinness" Extra Stout Porter, 70 Bbls Bridges' London Brown Stout Porter and Pale Ale, 8 Hhds Brandram Bros' best Linseed Oil, 30 Cwts do do best Sherry and coloured Paints, 1 cask best Putty, 6 Hhds Best Pale Sherry, 12 qr. casks and Marsale Wine, 20 Hhds "J DeKuyper & Son's" best, 15 qr. casks do, 200 cases do, 200 cases do, 40 Hhds Martell, Hennessy, and V. G. Co "Brandy", 600 Cases do, 40 Hhds "J H Henke's", 25 qr. casks Best Pale Geneva, 300 cases 4 o. p. O. L. Proof, St. Andrews. J. W. STREET.

CONGOU TEA.

Ex "Trojan" from London. 60 Chests & Half Chests good Congou Tea. April 29, 1871. J. W. STREET.

New Brunswick, &c.

To the Sheriff of the County of Charlotte, or any Constable within the said County, Greeting: WHEREAS Douglas Wetmore, Administrator of the Estate of Abraham J. Wetmore deceased, hath by his Petition bearing date the twenty fourth day of April instant, represented that the personal estate of the deceased which has come to his hands, is deficient for the payment of debts owing by the said Estate, and hath prayed that Licence may be granted to him to sell such part of the Real Estate of the said deceased, as may be required for that purpose. You are therefore required to cite the Heirs at Law of the said Abraham J. Wetmore, and all there interested, to appear before me at a Court of Probates to be held at the Office of the Registrar of Probates at Saint Andrews, in the said County, on Friday the Nineteenth day of May next, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the consideration of the said Petition, and the granting (if deemed advisable) of such Licence. Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court, this 25th day of April 1871. S. H. WHITLOCK, GEO D. STREET, Registrar Probates, Judge of Probates, Charlotte County.