GOVERNMENT WILL INTRODUCE AN ADVANCED ACT WHICH WILL MAKE IT HARDER TO GET MARRIED

Dr. Forbes Godfrey Made Annual Withdrawal of Bill to Amend Marriage Act on Promise by Hon. Mr. Hanna That Question Would Be Dealt With Later—Many Responsibilities Will Be Placed on Ministers.

Dr. Forbes Godfrey's name will not go down in history as that of the man who drafted the new marriage act, which will likely be passed before the close of the present session of the Ontario Legislature. The chance for the member for West York to become famous provincially evaporated about 6 o'clock last night, when the government asked him to withdraw his bill, assuring him, however, that a government bill was being drafted and would soon be introduced. Dr. Godfrey and several members in the house had spoken before Hon. W. J. Hanna made the surprising announcement of the government's intention. Mr. Hanna's remarks with regard to the provisions of the new act were indefinite, but the provincial secretary assured the doctor that all the clauses in his act would be covered.

A Radical Bill.

Dr. Godfrey's bill was very advanced in its nature. It first provided that a minister who knowingly married two persons one or both of whom were idiots or under the influence, should be liable to a fine of $500 and imprisonment for twelve months. The second clause referring to the issuing of marriage licenses stipulated that in questionable cases, a medical certificate showing mental normality should be required. In case this was neglected, the issuer of the license was made liable to a fine of $500. In addition to these two clauses, was another declaring that before a license could be issued, notice showing the names of the applicants for the license should be posted up in all public places in the municipality three weeks before the granting of the license. Dr. Godfrey, while speaking in support of his bill, referred to the marriage law of Italy, which required three weeks' notice. The fact that Italy was almost free from divorces, he argued was proof of the wisdom of the clause.

The Government Bill.

Mr. Hanna's remarks during the discussion give a rough idea of what the government bill will be. The provisions as far as can be determined are as follows: (1) The prohibition of the custom at present prevailing in Niagara Falls, Windsor, Detroit and other places on the border whereby eloping couples asd people of unsound mind from the United States become united, thus overcoming the preventive legislation in the different states. (2) A clause prohibiting a minister from marrying people who are under the influence of liquor or who are of unsound mind.

(3) A clause making the clerk of the municipality the sole issuer of marriage licenses.

(4) A clause providing for notice of 30 days or three weeks when the applicant for the license has not been a resident of the municipality for a stated time.

Got Good Support.

Dr. Godfrey's bill was supported by Dr. James McQueen, North Wentworth and Allan Studholme, both of whom spoke in appreciation of the bill. Mr. Hanna took particular objection to the clause requiring notice of three weeks to be given before the issuance of the license and declared that the only persons competent to grant licenses were the clerks of the municipalities. He looked forward to the time when the samples of licenses appearing in the front windows along Yonge street would be conspicuous by their absence.

"Personally I can't see why this bill should not go to a committee," said Dr. Godfrey, when Mr. Hanna had sat down.

"As I have already said, the government will bring down a bill," said Mr. Hanna.

"I'm quite satisfied for the government to bring down any bill they please," declared Dr. Godfrey, hotly, but when he saw that the provincial secretary was determined in his position, he respectfully deferred to him. His bill was then withdrawn.

Another Bill.

Dr. Godfrey was in the limelight earlier in the day, when he moved for the second reading of his bill to prevent the employment of white girls by orientals in Ontario. The doctor stated that in some cases these girls employed by orientals did not receive a living wage and drifted into a life of shame. He would like to see legislation providing for a minimum wage, but until this was a certainty, he thought the white girls should be protected from orientals, whose standard of morality was much lower than that of Canadians. British Columbia, Alberta and Saskatchewan had already passed legislation similar to his bill, and Manitoba was now considering it. He hoped that Ontario would be the next to advance.

Against Human Nature.

Sir James Whitney said that he was glad to see the bill make its entry into the house. Even if the bill was not passed it would have the good effect of bringing the matter to the attention of the people of the province. He had often encouraged members to bring in bills to which he was personally opposed, and thought that it was one of the best things the legislature could do. With regard to orientals, the premier stated that in his opinion it was next to impossible to pass legislation which would change the laws of human nature.

Await Test Case.

Dr. McQueen and Allan Studholme spoke in endorsation of the bill, the member for East Hamilton pointing out that organized labor had always contended that orientals should not have been allowed to come into the country in the first place. C. R. McKeown, Dufferin, thoughft the bill went too far in that white girls would be prevented from working in factories owned by orientals. If Dr. Godfrey would limit the application of the bill to proprietors of small laundries and restaurants he would support it.

Hon. W. J. Hanna pointed out that at the present time a test case was in progress between the Province of British Columbia and the Dominion. He did not think Ontario should do anything before this case was settled. For this reason he asked Dr. Godfrey to withdraw his bill and was rewarded.

Increases Wanted

Painters, paperhangers and decorators will ask for an increase to 40 cents per hour. A recommendation to this effect was passed at a large mass meeting of the local union, held in St. George's Hall last night, and the matter will be taken up by the executive. At present the wage received by these workmen is 35 cents.

FROZEN WHILE AWAITING AID

Harrowing Reports From the Inundated Section of Columbus.

DROPPED INTO WATER

Unable to Cling Longer to Branches, Many Perished Miserably.

COLUMBUS, March 27.—(Canadian Press.)—After two nights of horror, during which hundreds clung to housetops, calling for help until their voices gave way, while dozens were perched on the branches of trees, many are still beyond the reach of the rescuers.

The cold wave which struck the section last night caused many to freeze, lose their grip and drop into the water. With military glasses rescuers standing on the B. & O. Railroad near Central avenue could see several dead lying on the roofs of buildings.

At the corner of Glenwood and Thames avenue the lifeless form of a man was still hanging in a tree. He had frozen during the night as he was signaling for help before dark.

Vandals looting the besieged territory added to the horror.

J. W. Gaver, justice of the peace at Briggsdale, swore in several deputies today and armed them with instructions to shoot down all looters.

Company E., Fourth O. N. G., at Marysville, assumed guard duty around the stricken district today.

Relief Trains Arrive.

Relief trains from Marysville and London, bearing food and clothing, relieved the situation in the refugee quarters on the hill top, where hundreds of homeless are waiting news from relatives.

Relief work Thursday was directed toward rescuing 250 from the marooned plant of the Sun Manufacturing Co., where they have been for two days without food or heat. One boat, which got within hailing distance and was stopped by the swirling current, was informed that conditions there were terrible.

Estimates of a heavy loss of life in the extreme west side are based upon the stories told by the hundreds rescued and by scenes witnessed by the rescuers, who have been working continuously with rowboats for forty-eight hours.

LOSS IN FLOOD EXCEEDS TOLL OF QUAKE

Ohio's Property Destruction Will Be Greater Than San Francisco's Seven Years Ago, Says Governor Cox — Approximate Estimate Today of Lives Lost.

COLUMBUS, O., March 27.—(Can. Press.)—Gov. James M. Cox tonight issued the following statement, summarizing flood conditions in Ohio thru the Associated Press:

"It is the consensus of opinion that the property loss in Ohio will exceed that sustained by San Francisco. This apparently incredible statement is easily understood when the widespread destruction to railroad property is calculated. It is safe to assume that more than half the large railroad bridges in Ohio are down. The waters are receding at Dayton, Piqua, Zanesville, Freemont, Tiffin, Chillicothe, Hamilton, Middletown and Columbus, and while the cold weather which came late last night was welcome, because of the certain deterrent effect it would have on the rising tide, still the pinch of the cold adds to our difficulties, because untold thousands of people are homeless. Besides, the fall of the water will bring the real tragedy of the whole situation.

"We ought to know tomorrow approximately what the loss of life has been. The indications tonight are that the list may not run as heavy as forecast at Dayton, but there are grave fears that a tremendous tragedy will be revealed beyond the Scioto River, where the western part of Columbus is completely devastated."

Situation Relieved.

"Dayton is relieved in one respect. The ten or twelve thousand people penned up in the business buildings were freed by the middle of the afternoon. In the main business section the water receded to about twelve inches and with some difficulty foot traffic was resumed.

"On the west side one hundred bodies were found together on Williams street. The recession of the waters revealed only two bodies in the business section.

"Zanesville presented a problem, making the nearest approach to the Dayton situation.

"Fifteen people were driven from their homes. What remains of the "Y" bridge was twenty feet under water. Several structures across the river were swept away. The water came up slowly and this made it possible for the people to escape.

Conflicting Reports.

"Our great difficulty still remains, the lack of railroad transportation. The Scioto is falling rapidly and a surprising number of houses seem to have been washed away in West Columbus. Many people contend that the loss here will be one thousand. We are hoping this is excessive. Chillicothe reports the loss of more than 100 lives. Piqua insists that the loss there is 500. The two great reservoirs, the Lewiston and St. Marys, have been kept intact, altho it required a hard fight to save the Lewiston reservoir last night at midnight.

Insurance Bill

The special committee for the purpose of considering Mr. McKeown's bill respecting insurance will meet on Wednesday, April 2, at 10.30 a.m., in the railway committee room, and the committee will hear any party who desires to be heard either in support of or in opposition to the bill.

TEACHERS SAW THE COINS MADE

Torontonians Arrived at Philadelphia in Pouring Rain, But Were Busy.

(By a Staff Reporter.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 27.—Greetings were exchanged all over the business section of Philadelphia Thursday by a large number of the Toronto party who were scattered among the hotels. They arrived Wednesday night about 8 o'clock, when a deluge of rain was falling. Some stopped off at Baltimore, and describe it as a workingman; Washington as a lady. Said one teacher, "The pavements in Baltimore are indescribably bad."

They saw loads of oysters coming in on the dock and marveled at the variegated clouds of smoke and the host of ships laden for the south. All Thursday morning the waded thru muddy streets and pouring rain. Hundreds, American and Canadian, crowded into the mint where they were crammed among a stifled crowd who waited a turn to get off with the guide. They saw the coins being cut and stamped, then examined by women with eagle eyes and swift fingers as the coins fell from the feeder and passed on a sliding table. When completed they were put into bags resembling flour and salt bags and sent to the vaults. After visiting Wanamaker's, a number were obliged to dispense with negro service and eat from marble slabs. The majority left on the seven train for Atlantic City. Some will return on the excursion train Saturday morning. Others purpose leaving Saturday night.

Twenty-Five Drowned By Scioto's Rising

COLUMBUS, O., March 27.—(Can. Press.) — Twenty-five persons were drowned and great property damage was wrought by the Scioto River floods at Chillicothe, which had been cut off from communication until late today, according to the statement of G. W. Perry, editor of The Chillicothe Gazette, over the long distance telephone this evening.

Gov. Cox had previously received a message to the effect that 500 persons had been drowned there.

Mr. Perry said that while many persons were missing, the known death list will not exceed 25. A great part of Chillicothe is under water.

NEARLY ALL RESCUED FROM DAYTON'S CENTRAL DISTRICT NORTH SIDE LOSS IN DOUBT

Chief of Police Estimates That Dead in Down-Town Area Will Not Exceed Two Hundred, But Governor Cox's Secretary Believes at Least Fifteen Hundred People Perished in Dayton—Hotel Refugees Safe.

DAYTON, O., March 27.—(Canadian Press.)—All but a few of those hundreds of persons who have been marooned in the downtown section of flooded Dayton since Tuesday morning are safe. This was the news brought out late today by an Associated Press staff man, the first to succeed in the perilous task of penetrating as far north as the Big Miami River, which runs thru the centre of the town.

Chief of Police J. N. Allback, himself marooned, who has been directing the rescue work, gave the first information as to the situation in what has heretofore been the waterbound district.

Except for possible loss of life on the north side of the river, there will not be more than 200 dead in Dayton, according to Allback's estimate, after he had been given information as to the situation on the south side.

Fought Maddened Prisoners.

The worst condition found near the centre of the flood was in the workhouse, where 60 prisoners have not had a drop of water nor a bite of food since Tuesday. The men revolted Tuesday night and demanded their liberty and a chance to fight for their lives. Since then the workhouse has been a madhouse, according to Supt. Johnson. The prisoners repeatedly fought with Johnson and threatened to kill both him and his family.

Johnson asked that a detachment of the National Guard be assigned to help him to handle the men. He declared that the men would have to be shot if they escaped from their cells.

Mayor May Be Victim.

No word has been heard from Mayor Phillips. The chief of police had been unable to get near the Phillips house and did not know whether the mayor would be found dead or alive.

North of Burns avenue, as far as Fourth street, was found to be from 3 to 6 feet deep.

Beyond 4th st. the water has receded enough to make it possible in many places to proceed on foot. From Fourth street to the Big Miami River relief work was taken up by a committee, headed by Chief Allback. All grocery stores were commandeered and altho in most cases the goods were covered with water, yet sufficient supplies were found to prevent great suffering among those in the interior dry strip.

While there may be many deaths in individual homes, which have been without food or drink, there was no place but the workhouse where any considerable number of people were held without food. None had had enough, but no case approaching actual starvation was found.

Hope Is Revived.

Knowledge that the death list is likely to prove so low in the downtown section tonight gave rise to a hope that even in North Dayton, about which nearly all hope had been abandoned, there might be comparatively few deaths.

The progress of the first canoe into the waterbound district was greeted by appeals for bread and water. In nearly every house left standing people were asked whether there had been any deaths, and with only a few exceptions, all replied that there had not. Altho heartened by news from the flood's centre, Gov. Cox's secretary, Mr. Burba, was scarcely able to credit the assertion. From his own investigations of the southern district, he was unable to believe that the death list would be under 1500.

Ten Thousand Missing.

"There are 10,000 unaccounted for on this side of the river," he said, "and if all but 200 of these are found, it will be the greatest miracle of the time."

It was impossible to approach within several blocks of the fire zone in the canoe, but there appeared every indication that the Beckel House had not been burned and that the fire had been confined to the blocks beyond Jefferson and Third sts.

The 300 guests of the Algonquin Hotel have been kept comfortable except for the continuous dread of fire. The water reached to the second floor, but all supplies had been moved to places of safety and those in the hotel experienced little discomfort.

Gen Wood Unhurt.

A report current in the water district south of Main street, that Adjutant Gen. Wood had been fatally injured by falling plate glass, proved untrue. Gen. Wood now is in full charge of the relief work and altho his arm had been badly cut, his condition is not serious.

Two hundred women and babies found refuge in a paint factory in North Dayton, where, it is believed, they have found sufficient food to keep them from acute suffering. An effort is to be made at once to rescue them.

The suburb of Riverdale up to Helena street has been penetrated by the downtown relief committee, and conditions found similar to those in the southern suburbs. Everyone had been crowded to the second floors of their homes, but few of the more stable dwellings were washed away. North of Helena street has not been reached but it is not believed conditions there will prove as bad as feared. Nothing is known of the foreign settlement in North Dayton, close to the Miami River. It was this part of the city where the flood first made its way and where the occupants of the houses ignored warnings to leave.

It was here also that it was feared most of the deaths would occur. The only body found was that of Charles Parker, a liveryman.

SUPPLY MOTION CAUSES LONG DEBATE

Kyle, Liberal Member of Richmond, Offers Amendment, Taking Occasion to Reopen Threadbare Discussion on Capt. Landry Case—Pugsley Objects to Haskell Appointment.

OTTAWA, March 27.—(Special.)—The house consumed the day and evening in debates upon the motion to go into supply.

First Mr. Carvell, the Liberal member for Carleton, N.B., called attention to the appointment of a commission to examine into the levels of the St. Lawrence River at the harbor of Montreal and between Montreal and Quebec. He said the work of the commission was a most important one, as many people feared that the dredging of the St. Lawrence channel was lowering the level of the river and thus defeating its very purpose.

Dr. Pugsley suddenly seized the "no trade or truck with the Yankees" slogan and reproached the government with having appointed to the commission Prof. Haskell of Cornell University, an American citizen. A commission was already at work upon a similar investigation at the head of which was Prof. Macleod, who was a Canadian and one of the best qualified men on the continent. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. W. M. German and others contended that a much more sweeping investigation was necessary than the one ordered by the government. In the discussion which followed Mr. Hazen and the prime minister admitted that the entire subject of the levels of the great lakes and of the St. Lawrence would have to be carefully studied, as well as the question of the conservation of the waters of the St. Lawrence by dams and similar work. Mr. Borden, however, was of the opinion it could only be undertaken with the co-operation of the United States Government.

Landry Case Revived.

Tonight Mr. Kyle, the Liberal member for Richmond County, N.S., offered an amendment to the motion to go into supply, censuring the government for its action in the Capt. Andrew Landry case. The matter has been discussed several times in the house, the opposition charging that Landry was appointed as wharfinger in Richmond County in 1911 when he was under arrest upon a charge of forgery, and that upon his conviction he was liberated on a ticket of leave in order to permit him to discharge the duties of the office.

Mr. Hazen explained that the position was a petty one, to which Landry had been appointed upon the recommendation of Mr. Gillies, Conservative candidate for Richmond at the last election, and that he had been removed from office when the matter was brought to the attention of the government.

Judge Doherty said the ticket of leave had been issued upon representation as to Landry's physical condition, and without knowledge on the part of the justice department that he held any official position. He denied that any political influence had been brought to bear on the department.

Mr. Carvell read a letter from Mr. Gillies, written shortly after the trial, in which he had declared that Landry could be out of jail "in a few days."

The debate was continued by Hon. Mr. White, Dr. Edwards (Frontenac), Judge Mackenzie (Cape Breton), and others. On division, Mr. Kyte's proposed vote of censure was defeated. Yeas 48, nays 86. Government majority of 38.

BLIZZARD RAGES IN BROCKVILLE

Streets Littered With Wires and Branches of Trees — The Storm is Unprecedented.

BROCKVILLE, March 27.—(Special.)—The streets of Brockville presented a scene today unparalleled in its history, and the cause of it is a sleet storm which has been raging with more or less severity for the past forty-eight hours. Weighted down under the heavy coating of ice, hundreds of broken shade trees and torn branches fairly litter the main thoroughfares and residential quarters, while telephone and telegraph poles with their miles of wires are down in all directions, causing a great impediment to traffic. The electric light and power service is out of commission, as well as the fire alarm system.

Reports from along the line of the B. W. & N. Railway and the north part of the county indicate that the damage done, while serious, was not so severe and was mostly confined to the river. From east and west of Brockville, mile after mile of poles and wires were levelled, the chief sufferers being the Bell Telephone Co., which sent a big gang of men from Montreal to undertake repairs.

In common with other trees, the orchards have suffered greatly and the outlook for next season's crop in this district at least, is anything but promising. A number of sugar bushes are practically annihilated, the trees are all so badly twisted and broken that operations have been very much curtailed and in some instances the work will have to be entirely abandoned. In Brockville, alone, the damage by the storm is reckoned in the thousands. No fatalities are reported.

Cable Was Span of Life For 150 Men and Women Made Desperate by Fire

Boatman Stretched Elevator Cable Over by Means of Twine and, Hand Over Hand, Refugees in Burning Bank Building Made Way to Safety.

RIVERDALE, DAYTON, O., March 27.—(Can. Press)—Relief stations in Dayton View, the Longfellow School, and in Riverdale, the Van Cleave School, tonight were crowded with refugees.

At both of these stations food and dry clothing were plentiful, but pneumonia had attacked many of the women and children at the Van Cleave School. The third floor was turned into a hospital, and all available doctors were sent to the schoolhouses.

The water is receding rapidly in the northern section of the city, showing, to some extent, the great property loss, but it was said few bodies had been found in the debris. Wrecked houses blocked many of the streets.

Most of these wrecked homes had traveled down the current from North Dayton, which is inhabited principally by foreigners.

Financial committees of the several districts report liberal responses to their appeals. At the Dayton View station $4000 had been raised this afternoon, and other stations reported like amounts.

Thrilling Narratives.

Many thrilling stories were told by the refugees who had been trapped in their attics and on their roofs in the very heart of the flood.

A. J. Bard of Belmont avenue, who was penned in the City National Bank building, on Third street, near Main, on Tuesday, was rescued today.

"One hundred and fifty of us were caught in the building," said Mr. Bard. "We remained there until the fire started; then we began to plan an escape.

Over Cable to Safety.

"We cut the elevator cables, obtained a ball of twine and some small wire from one of the offices. We attracted a boatman who risked his life to come to us. We gave the boatman one end of the twine and he rowed to the old courthouse. He then pulled the wire over, and after that the heavy cable. One end of the cable was made fast in the bank building, and the other in the old courthouse. Then, with only the light of the burning structures the 150 persons in the bank building made their way hand over hand along the cable over the swirling torrent to the courthouse. I believe every one, men and women, made the trip in safety. During our imprisonment I had two crackers and a slice of chipped beef to eat.

City Hall Stands.

"The city hall did not burn, but the Leonard building, just across the street, collapsed. Part of the Beckel Hotel also crumbled before the waters.

"The fire swept both sides of Third street between Jefferson and Saint Clair street, leaving only the Fourth National Bank building standing. You bet I am glad to get out of it, and I'm deeply grateful to the brave men who came to our rescue."

REVENUE FUND BILL AGAIN DEFEATED

Amendments to Amendments and Original Motions Discussed Until Sir James Whitney Allowed a Vote on Mr. Rowell's Motion, Which Was Defeated.

N. W. Rowell's third or fourth attempt to force the Ontario government to allow his bill respecting the Consolidated Revenue Fund to come before the house led to a climax and a division yesterday.

The drama began with Mr. Rowell putting the following motion: "That this house desires to assert the right of the members of the house to introduce bills dealing with matters of public policy and administration in accordance with the rules and procedure of the house. That this house protests against any encroachment upon its established rights and dissents from and respectfully protests against the direction of the Honorable the Speaker that bill No. 172 should be removed from the order paper."

Mr. Rowell spoke to his motion, quoting from a dozen ponderous volumes to prove his argument, whereupon Sir James Whitney replied, holding a small bit of paper in his hand. The paper was an amendment, "striking out all the words after 'that,' etc."

W. E. N. Sinclair then spoke to the premier's amendment and ended by moving the following amendment to the amendment. "That in the opinion of this house, bill No. 172 is not in contravention of this well-established rule and should not have been ruled off the order paper by the Honorable the Speaker."

Didn't Press It.

Sir James Whitney stated that the amendment to the amendment was out of order, but when Mr. Rowell rose to speak to the point of order, the premier said that he would not press his claim that the amendment to the amendment was out of order.

Speaker Hoyle then took it upon himself to rule that the motion and the amendment were in the nature of a preamble to the amendment to the amendment, and that, consequently, the amendmentment to the amendment was out of order.

This seemed to anger Sir James and the remarks he made upon arising were not very complimentary to the Honorable Speaker.

When he saw such an attempt as this made he thought it was his right to rise and make one or two suggestions. He submitted that the less attention the Speaker paid to attempts of this kind, the more would the dignity of his high position be preserved. The statement made by the Speaker was a general statement construed by the leader of the opposition, and he submitted that the Speaker should imply no construction. "If I were you, sir, I would simply allow the amendment to the amendment to be considered as in order," he declared.

"That's just what I was going to do," said the Speaker, as Sir James sat down.

The question was then put and the amendment to the amendment was voted down by 67 to 17. Allan Studholme voted with the government.

TAKE OVER LINE TO CARRY FOOD

Gov. Cox Will Commandeer Railroad to Convey Supplies Into Stricken City—Bar Sightseers.

COLUMBUS, O., March 27.—(Can. Press)—That Governor Cox would commandeer one or more railroad lines in Ohio and place their operation in the hands of the military authorities was announced by the governor tonight. The governor did not state which line would be taken over, but said that the object would be to have a direct route over which to carry supplies into Dayton, and also to allow persons having relatives in that city to reach them.

The governor emphasized the fact that every effort would be made to keep curiosity-seeking visitors and sight-seers out of Dayton, and that strong measures will be adopted to attain that end.

COLUMBUS RESERVOIRS SAFE.

COLUMBUS, O., March 27.—(Can. Press.)—Gov. Cox received information tonight that both the Grand reservoir at Celina and the Lewiston reservoir are still holding and reported out of danger. Troops are on duty at both places watching for breaks and strengthening weak places.

DIED OF ANAEMIA.

Charles Beamish Passed Away After Illness in Jail.

Pernicious anaemia caused the death of Charles Beamish, aged 67, in the General Hospital early yesterday morning. So decided Coroner Dr. Wilmott Graham's jury, which met at the Toronto Jail last night. Evidence adduced showed that the old man had spent the last years of his life in prison.

On October 22 he was sentenced to six months in the jail. Rev. Dr. Chambers noticed that Beamish did not appear to be well and had him removed to the jail hospital. On March 1 the unfortunate man was taken to the General Hospital, where he died yesterday.

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Friday, March 28

Nerves on Edge Every Sound Annoys

Weak, worn-out nerves keep one in a constant state of irritability and excitement. The eyes are sensitive to light, and every noise jars on the overwrought nerves.

If children are about they are a constant source of annoyance and irritation. Every door seems to slam, and a little extra excitement or exertion leads to wakeful nights, nervous headache or indigestion.

In this condition women are likely to be hysterical, and suffer greatly at regular periods. The nerves must be nourished back to vigor by such treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Being gentle and natural in action, this food cure is highly prized by women, and used with most remarkable results in building up the broken-down nerve cells.

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