

the neck has gone, so much so that in spite of the wound he is in great comfort and moves the neck freely.

August 24. Movement is slightly better in the legs, which can be moved fairly readily, and in the right arm, so that the hand can now be approximated to the mouth. The left hand is quite powerless. Sensation about the same.

August 26. He has more power to-day than he has had since August the 9th, before the iodides were first started. For the past two days he has been heavily dosed with potassium iodide. His sensations for touch and pain are better to-day than since his admission to the hospital. He is able to distinguish between the head of a pin and the point, but the areas which were most nearly anaesthetic before, are still rather dull of perception.

Sept. 1. Improvement has been gradual, but constant. Both sensation and movement are better. He is able to move both legs quite freely, but not with great force.

Sept. 5. Improvement still continues. He cannot move the fingers freely, but he is now able to grip with some force. Patient looks better and feels stronger, and is in every way improved.

Sept. 15. His sensation is now normal and motor power is gradually increasing. Arms and legs can be freely moved, but he has not much power. He cannot carry out these movements with much force. While attempting to stand he found his legs too weak. The iodides are still continued.

October 16. Since the last note the patient has gradually improved, and has now returned to what is practically a normal condition as to sensation, reflexes and motor power. He is able to walk freely and has complete control of the various movements in the arms and hands. To-day he was discharged from the hospital.

The interest in this case is not only that it was a typical example of that rare affection, Cervical Hypertrophic Pachymeningitis, and that there was the usual difficulty in determining whether there was a tumor present, but also that the operation with the removal of such a small amount of tissue from the surface of the dura seemed to produce a definite improvement in the symptoms, especially in relieving the deep-seated pain in the neck before the administration of the iodide.

However, the value of the operation lies not in the seeming result of the relief of the pain, but in the determination of the absence of any tumor, for this was the point that we were not