

taken before because no notice was given heretofore to the Manitoba authorities in the matter. There appears to be something very peculiar about this. Why was not the Manitoba government notified before about the quarantine arrangements in the territories? Sheep have been coming in last season and also this year at intervals, and several loads have been received this summer from the same flocks which are now said to be under quarantine restrictions, without any notice being given. There has evidently been neglect all around in this matter of sheep affected with scab.

Hogs.—There are eager buyers in the country, but hogs fit for shipment are scarce, and it is very hard to gather up a car load in any section. The supply of hogs fit to ship has been pretty well taken up, and the most of those now in the country require a little time before they will be ready for the market. Buyers are offering 4c and even 4½c to farmers in the country, and we quote 4 to 4½c off cars Winnipeg, the top price for desirable packing hogs.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

A cablegram to a Montreal dealer on Wednesday says:—"Liverpool and London—A big break in prices in England and Scotland; supplies enormous; buyers making their own terms—1½d for the best. Glasgow—Market collapsed—selling at 4d."

At Toronto on Tuesday export cattle ranged from 3½ to 4c, though the top price was only paid in a few cases. Butchers' cattle declined some from the high prices paid Friday. The quality averaged poor. Best lots sold at 3½ to 3¾c, and down to 2½ to 2¾c for inferior. Sheep were easier. Export brought 8½ to 9½c off cars, and 9c for rams. Hogs 10c per 100 lbs lower, best bacon bringing \$5.40, thick fat \$5, stores \$4.50 to 4.75; sows \$1.25.

Duluth Wheat Market.

No. 1 Northern wheat at Duluth closed at follows on each day of the week:

Monday—Sept. 55½c; Dec. 56½; May 60½.
Tuesday—Sept. 55½; Dec. 56½; May 60½.
Wednesday—Sept. 55½; Dec. 56½; May 60½.
Thursday—Sept. 55½; Dec. 56½; May 60½.
Friday—Sept. 55½; Dec. 56½; May 60½.
Saturday—Sept. 55½; Dec. 56½; May 60½.

A week ago prices closed at 55½c for Sept. delivery per bushel, 56c for December and 60½c for May. A year ago September wheat closed at 61½c, and December at 66½c, being a drop of 3 to 4c during the corresponding week a year ago.

Chicago Board of Trade Prices.

Wheat opened firmer on Monday, but became dull. Toward the close the market brightened up a bit and prices were at about the top for the day. Closing prices were:

	Sept.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat	53½	55½	—
Corn	54½	55½	—
Oats	30½	—	—
Mess Pork	14 00	—	18 95
Lard	8 92½	—	8 12½
Short Ribs	7 72½	—	7 12½

On Tuesday wheat continued dull, and with light fluctuations closed again at about the top prices of the day, in sympathy with an up turn in corn. Closing prices were:

	Sept.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat	53½	55½	—
Corn	54½	55½	—
Oats	30½	—	—
Mess Pork	—	—	14 10
Lard	—	—	8 17½
Short Ribs	—	—	7 20

On Wednesday wheat continued dull most of the day, but there was some activity over the close, with free selling at declining prices. Prices were:

	Sept.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat	52½	55½	—
Corn	51½	51½	—
Oats	25½	—	—
Mess Pork	—	—	18 82½
Lard	—	—	8 02½
Short Ribs	—	—	7 05

On Thursday wheat was rather more active, though the closing hour was decidedly dull. Prices changed but slightly. The close was ½c above the lowest price of the day. Closing prices were:

	Sept.	Dec.	May.
Wheat	52½	55½	59½
Corn	53½	50½	—
Oats	29½	—	—
Mess Pork	—	—	—
Lard	—	—	—
Short Ribs	—	—	—

On Friday the market was much about the same, with moderate trading and a narrow range of prices. December wheat opened at 55½c, sold between 55½ and 5½c, closing at 55 to 55½c. Cash wheat was easy. Closing prices were:

	Sept.	Dec.	May.
Wheat	52½	55½	60½
Corn	52½	50½	—
Oats	29	—	—
Mess Pork	—	—	—
Lard	—	—	—
Short Ribs	—	—	—

On Saturday, September 22, wheat closed at 51½c for September, 54½c for December and 59½c for May. A week ago September wheat closed at 53½c, December at 56½c and May at 61c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

No. 1 Northern wheat closed on Saturday at 51½c for September. December delivery closed at 55½c, and May at 58½c. A week ago September wheat closed at 51½c and December at 55½c.

New York Wheat.

On Saturday, September 22, wheat closed at 58½c for December. May close at 63½c. A week ago December wheat closed at 60½c, and May at 65½c.

Live Stock Markets.

The Liverpool cable on September 17, says: There was no change in the cattle market today, values being fairly well maintained. We quote: Finest steers, 11c; good to choice, 10½; Poor to medium, 9½; Inferior and bulls, 7 to 8½; Best Sheep, 12c; Secondary, 10 to 11c; Merinos, 9½ to 10½; inferior and rams, 7 to 8½c.

The Montreal Gazette of Sept. 17, says: "Cable advices to-day were somewhat conflicting. Private cables were weaker and noted a decline of ½c per lb., quoting tops at 10½c. Cables from London reported trade very bad and prices easier at 10½c to 11c for choice as against 11c to 11½ this day last week. Cables from Glasgow were also weaker and indicated that lower prices would rule at the market to-morrow. The ocean freight market was firm, there being a good demand for space and we understand all the steamers sailing this week have been engaged. Rates to Liverpool, London and Glasgow are 50s.

The feature of the live stock market at the Montreal yards at point St. Charles on Sept. 17 was the activity and strength in live hogs. The offerings were fair for which the demand was brisk, consequently prices advanced ½c to ¾c per lb., sales are being made freely at 5½c to 5¾c per lb. and in one case as high as 75.65 was paid for a choice lot. The demand for export cattle was fair and several fair sized lots changed hands at 3½c to 4c. There was

a good supply of butchers' cattle offered, for which the demand was good, and drovers as a rule made a clearance at prices ranging from 2½c to 3½c per lb. live weight. The tone of the market for sheep was easier and prices fully ½c per lb. lower. The demand for choice stock was good from shippers and some round lots changed hands at 3½c to 3¾c per lb., while butchers paid 2c to 2½c per lb. live weight. Lambs were plentiful and sold slow at 3c per lb.

At the East End abattoir, Montreal on Sept. 17, prices of nearly all kinds, except the best cattle and shipping sheep were lower. The best butchers' cattle sold at 3½c per lb., pretty good stock at 3 to 3½c; do. common cows, rough half-fatted steers and thirty young stock sold at 2½c, while the leaner beasts sold at 1½ to 2c per lb. Shippers continue to pay about 3½c per lb. for good sheep, and the others sell at 2c to 3c per lb. Good lambs sell at 3 to 3½c per lb., common lots at 2½c per lb., and the culls at \$1.25 to 1.75 each. Fat hogs are less plentiful, and sales were made at \$5.25 to 5.40 per 100 lbs. There is still an active demand for good store pigs, from four to five months old, and these sell at 6½c per lb.

Late News Items.

The mounted police at Regina want 10,000 bushels of oats and 900 bushels of potatoes. Tenders to be in not later than October, 8.

The executive board of the deep waterway's association, have decided to have the next convention in September, 1895, instead of December this year, as previously announced.

The council of the town of Rat Portage will submit a by-law to the ratepayers to raise \$60,000 to put in a system of waterworks and a short sewer system. Deacon & Wm. Kennedy, jr., of Owen Sound, have prepared plans and specifications and the estimated expense of the system as laid down is about \$50,000.

The yield of grain at Rosser, Winnipeg district, is not heavy. Wheat about 18 to 20 bushels per acre. Some has gone as high as 27, but the average will be about 18. Oats are yielding 25 to 40 bushels. Barley about 30 bushels. Potatoes are a fair crop, but not what they were last year.

Mr. McIntosh, of Kildonan, near Winnipeg, has a fine melon patch this year, some of the melons being equal in size to the famous Georgia watermelons, while the quality is much sweeter and finer than the southern melons sold in this market. It is generally supposed that melons cannot be grown successfully here, but this shows that with care they can be produced here, equal to the finest.

Wonderfully fine onions may be seen daily on the Winnipeg market, grown in the market gardens near the city. The onions are of the famous Spanish variety, such as are imported from the south in the spring of the year. Some of them are as large around as saucers, and a few of them would fill a half bushel measure. In size and appearance these home grown onions are quite as fine as those imported from the Bermudas.

Wm. Caldwell, one of the pioneer mining men of the Lake of the Woods district and late superintendent of the Sultana mine, is in Winnipeg. His mission is to purchase machinery for a new enterprise, which he is undertaking in connection with W. G. Motley, the English mining engineer, who passed through Winnipeg a few days ago en route to Chicago, where he will purchase portions of the plant that cannot be purchased in Canada. These gentlemen intend to open up a new mine on Whitefish bay, as the representatives of a British syndicate.