

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

THE WEATHER.—The following shows the state of the weather and crops in Canada and elsewhere:

Quebec, Caors, &c.—The weather for the last week has been the warmest which we have had this summer. It is said that such a degree of heat has not been felt in Canada for many years. The thermometer has ranged from 90 to 98, and has even been as high as 103. Though the powerful heat has in many places completely dried up the grass, yet the crops have not suffered materially by it, and the hay crop, which is exceedingly small, has been got in, in good order. Fall wheat is in most excellent condition, and the spring wheat generally good, though in some parts the yield will not be great. Oats in some parts near Toronto, will be deficient. On Wednesday night we had a pleasant shower, which cooled the air considerably. —*Toronto Globe.*

The weather for the last few days has been extremely hot, and rain has been needed. The greater part of the hay crop has been secured, but it is generally light. —*Simcoe Advocate.*

The weather for some days has been extremely hot and dry, the mercury in the glass averaging 90 in the shade. The grass and spring crops are parched for the want of rain. —*Pictou Sun.*

The weather continues unsettled, but not unfavourable; the crops are in good condition, and the hay crop, for which great fears were entertained, has been much improved by the late rains. —*Cobourg Star.*

After alternating between winter and summer for some time past, the weather seems now to have settled down into intensely hot and dry summer. The accounts of the appearance and promise of the crops are much more favourable than might have been expected. A little rain would be quite acceptable. —*Woodstock Herald.*

The weather since our last has continued very favourable to the wheat crop; this week it has been excessively warm. On all hands we hear of the improved appearance of the wheat, which is now filling and ripening fast. The apprehension which existed some time ago about the failure of the wheat crop has now entirely subsided. Hay, however, will be short. —*St. Thomas Standard.*

Hay making commenced in this township a fortnight ago, and we know some farmers who have secured their crops in an excellent condition. Previous to the late refreshing showers the crops of grass were spoken of as being exceedingly light; but since then they have so much improved as to excite hopes that they will prove equal to any average of the crops of former years. —*Guelpi Advertiser, July 11.*

RAIN.—For a short time past, we have been visited with almost daily refreshing showers. The farmers are beginning to look more cheerful, and with the brightening prospect of an abundant harvest before them, have much reason to rejoice.

Fall wheat, we understand, is looking exceedingly well, and spring grain has taken a fine start since the rain. Hay, it is feared will not be an average crop. —*Victoria Chronicle.*

THE CROPS.—A short time back a fear as to the fate of the wheat crop was pretty generally entertained in this neighbourhood, but within the last week or two the more favourable state of the weather has pretty generally dispelled the gloomy apprehension that prevailed. The fall wheat is now full of promise, but with respect to the spring wheat there is still an apprehension that it will be considerably below an average crop. Hay harvest has commenced, the young clover crops are good, but these of either standing are light. The potato crop looks well, and should it escape the disease so prevalent last year, must prove abundant. The fruit crop, generally speaking, will be a failure, owing to the severe and long continued frosts which in many cases destroyed the blossoms. —*Port Hope Gazette, July 12.*

The Weather and the Crops.—We have had frequent showers of rain since Sunday morning, which will prove highly beneficial to the crops in this section of the Province. The weather has been very cool here for a day or two, rendering the fire heat by no means uncomfortable. Fall wheat in this and the adjoining Districts never looked better, and should it escape the rust there will be an abundant crop. Spring grain are not so flourishing on account of the drought, and from present appearances will scarcely produce an average crop—the late rains, however, will greatly improve them. Hay will undoubtedly fall far short of an average—indeed some upland meadows that we have seen lately are scarcely worth cutting. Farmers must take care of their straw this winter. —*Kingston Chronicle.*

The Toronto and Kingston papers of the 5th inst. are equally sanguine on the success of their proposed railroads. There are now no less than four railroads in operation or proposed, leading from the Great Lakes to N. York or Boston, between Buffalo & Ogdensburg, besides two canal communications.

Death of Mr. Butler the Tragedian.—This talented gentleman died at Manchester on Thursday evening, in a very sudden manner. In the early part of last week it was announced that he would give a series of lectures at the Athenaeum of Manchester, previous to his retirement into private life. Last Wednesday was the first of the series, the play selected being the Merchant of Venice. During its reading he was noticed to be seriously indisposed, and at the conclusion of the fourth act he was so much so, as to be immediately conveyed home to his residence. It appears that he never recovered, and on the following evening (Thursday) as he was walking in his chamber, assisted by his lady,

he suddenly fell back in her arms and without the slightest groan or sigh expired.

THE STANDARD.

St. Andrews, Wednesday, Aug. 20, 1845.

Charlotte County Bank.
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.
Director next week—W. Fisher.
T. B. Wilson, Esq., Solicitor.

Discount Day—TUESDAY.
Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Sims and Mork House.
Commissioners—R. M. Andrews, R. Walton, C. A. Babcock, Thos. Turner, John Bailey.

Saint Stephens Bank.
G. D. King Esq., President.
Director next week—Geo. S. Hill.
Discount Day—SATURDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 1.
Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.

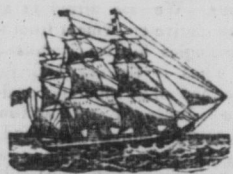
Liverpool, Aug. 5 | Montreal, Aug. 7
London, Aug. 4 | Quebec, Aug. 7
Edinburgh, Aug. 1 | Halifax, Aug. 10
Paris, Aug. 1 | New York, Aug. 10
Toronto, Aug. 7 | Boston, Aug. 10

THE ST. STEPHEN BAZAAR.

Will be held tomorrow, (Thursday), when those who wish to enjoy a pleasant drive in the morning, while the air is bracing, can do so by visiting the picturesque village of St. Stephen, and attending the Bazaar, where we are informed there will be many attractions and articles "rich and rare." Encourage our Saint Stephen friends—let us be "a band united" in the good cause.

The Steamship GREAT BRITAIN, arrived at New York, on the 10th inst. in 15 days, from Liverpool, her Engines are said to have worked well, never having stopped all the way.

ARRIVAL OF THE



HIBERNIA.

The Royal mail Steamship HIBERNIA, so completed one of those short passages for which the Cunard line are so celebrated, and arrived at Halifax in 10 days from Liverpool, which port she left on the 5th instant, bringing London papers to the 4th inst. and Liverpool to the day of sailing. We copy the following summary of

European Intelligence.

From Wilmor and Smith's European Times, August 5.

The crops were suffering from the broken state of the weather and cold, and fears were entertained for the safety of the harvest—and the stock of grain had dwindled down to a fortnight's supply! The weather had begun to influence the Corn markets—prices were high and even rising.

The timber market continues firm. The price of Guano has improved, £6 12 6 for African, and £8 for Peruvian.

PARLIAMENTARY SUMMARY.

The Session is rapidly drawing to a close, but the precise day when the Queen is to address her faithful Commons cannot yet with certainty be fixed on. Probably it will not extend beyond the present week. The patience of the little lady, it is well understood, is already exhausted. She is anxious to carry her presence to other lands, and with all her young and beaming feelings in their freshness, the details of Parliamentary lore cannot compete with the attractions of the Rhine, and the society of continental sovereigns.

Nevertheless, there has been some "solemn talk," and even acrimonious debates amongst our legislators on various topics, more or less interesting. The subject of the tardy progress of Education has been on the tapis, and the indefatigable Mr. Ewart has wrung some thing like an admission from the Premier, that hereafter the pecuniary statistics of the nation, shall figure in the Minister's Budget.

The friends of education hail this as a recognition of the importance of the subject, and the utility of their labours.

The last few days have been unfortunately rife in railway accidents. Misfortunes, it is said, seldom come singly, and the calamities by locomotive transit strengthen the correctness of the axiom. Lord Palmerston brought the subject before the House of Commons, and coupled it strangely enough, with a strong peroration on the delinquency state of our seaboard. With regard to travelling by rail, the Premier threatened, unless the directors used a keener supervision over their servants,

to cease them of the duty, and transfer it to the Executive Government—a threat which will speedily work a speedy and permanent cure. On the subject of national protection he evinced less apprehension, and seemed to chide the fears of his assailant.

COMMERCIAL.

The elements continue to be an object of serious apprehension, and fears for the safety of the harvest are daily on the increase. The weather continues broken, the temperature is low, there is little sun-shine, and the absence of warmth is supplied by occasional falls of rain, which in some districts have done serious, but no irreparable, injury to the growing crops. Up to the present moment the amount of injury, taken in the aggregate, has not been heavy, and with the return of fine weather, the produce of the fields would possibly ripen, and the result would equal, perhaps exceed, the yield of any recent year. The danger is as to the future. The harvest, under any circumstances, must be late, and a late harvest is always precarious. In the meantime the stock of grain in the country is daily dwindling away, and calculations are being made that there is not actually more than a fortnight's consumption in hand.

The weather has already begun to influence the Corn Markets. In London the rise has been considerable, and the quotations indicate not so much the business done as the fears which prevail. In the Liverpool market, on Friday and Saturday, prices improved considerably, and the market closed firm at an advance on the previous quotations.

The state of the weather has been making itself felt in the Cotton market. The gloomy atmosphere of last week chilled all disposition for business, and prices on the middle kinds of American declined 1-8d. per lb. The sales of the week were only 32,000.

In the Iron trade there has been more doing of late. The price of Pig Iron has been reduced in Glasgow, where it commands £3 7s. 6d. per ton, and in Liverpool £3 15s. 6d. per ton. In London it is £3 15s. 6d. per ton. The price of Rails rules from £9 10s. to £10 per ton.

CORR.—The King of Holland arrived here this afternoon, on a visit to the Queen and Prince Albert. Preparations have been made at Norris Castle for the reception of His Majesty and suite, the accommodation at Osborne House not being sufficiently extensive. His Royal Highness Prince Albert left Osborne House, and embarked in the steam yacht Fairy shortly before three for the purpose of proceeding to Gosport to meet his Majesty on his arrival, and accompanying him to the Isle of Wight. When his Majesty alighted from the carriage, at the place of embarkation in the Clarence Yard, he was received by the naval commander-in-chief, Admiral Sir Charles Rowley, and by the other naval authorities, and the officers commanding the ships in the harbour. His Royal Highness Prince Albert was also waiting here to meet and welcome his Majesty. The meeting between the royal pair was most cordial. The royal party arrived here a few minutes after five o'clock. As the steamer neared Cowes Roads, salutes were fired from the fort at West Cowes Castle, and from the Royal squadron club-house battery. Several of the yachts belonging to the royal yacht squadron also saluted his Majesty.

Yesterday morning the Duke of Wellington arrived, shortly after ten o'clock, to pay in person his respects to the King of Holland. The noble and gallant Duke was attired in full uniform as a field marshal in the service of Holland. On the name of the "great" Duke being announced, the King advanced to receive his former commander, and, with evident feelings of joy, clasped the proffered hand of the Duke, who offered his congratulations. The Duke remained more than half an hour closeted with his Majesty.

A Vienna letter of the 13th inst. states that the Duchess of Kent was to leave the capital on the 21st, for the banks of the Rhine.

Viscount Melbourne has arrived at his residence, South Street, Park Lane, from his seat, Brocket Hall.

A license has been obtained for the marriage of the Right Hon. Horatio Nelson, Earl Nelson, and Lady Mary Jane Drake Agar, daughter of the Earl of Northampton.

Captain Sir Thomas Hastings R. N., is to have one of the two vacancies at the Ordnance Board.

Munificent Collection.—The new Free High Church, Paisley, was opened on Sabbath for the first time for public worship. The Rev. Mr. Macnaughton, the minister of the congregation, preached in the forenoon, the Rev. Dr. Wilson of Bombay in the afternoon, and the Rev. Dr. Macfarlan of Renfrew in the evening. The sum collected at all the services amounted to the munificent sum of £1000, 4s. 41-2d. half farthing! The expense of erecting the Church, including the site, amounts to about £5000. Of this sum only about £1700 now remains to be subscribed. The rental of the sittings amounts to about £370 annually. The building is in the Norman style, and is one of the most ornamental and substantial erections in Paisley. Mr. Corrie of Edinburgh is the architect of the building, and Mr. Craig of Renfrew executed the mason work, and Mr. Bryce of Paisley the wright work.

The death of Earl Grey is amongst the events of the day. The father of the Reform Act, and four years Prime Minister of England, the deceased nobleman filled a large space in the country's eye, during one of the most eventful periods of its history. He was, in truth, a fine specimen of an English nobleman—able, honest, and high-minded.

warmly attached to his "Order," yet an advocate of which he gave many practical proofs, for the rights of the people in contradistinction to the privileges of the aristocracy. Early in life, long before Reform was popular, he was an advocate in the House of Commons for a sweeping change in the popular branch of the Legislature. Nations, like individuals, are the creatures of imitation and of circumstance. The burst of popular enthusiasm which placed Louis Philippe on the throne, and upset, probably for ever, the elder branch of the Bourbons, made itself felt in England. It produced the Reform Bill, and it made a nation of Belgians.

Death of Lord Bateman.—It is with regret we have to announce the Death of Lord Bateman, who expired between six and seven o'clock on Tuesday morning, at the family residence in Portman Square, aged 66 years.

Interruption to the Duke of Wellington.—Monday evening, at a quarter before five upon the arrival of the Duke of Wellington at the House of Lords, and immediately after he had dismounted, a tall and able man, of rather decent appearance about 48 years of age, rushed towards his Grace from among the crowd which usually collects about this hour at the entrance of the House to see the Duke, and was in the act of thrusting a letter upon his Grace, when he was instantly colled by two constables on duty, and drawn back. His Grace appeared for a moment slightly flushed, but said no word of circumstance; and, seeming unconscious of anything unusual having occurred, went into his room and walked into the House. The man was conveyed immediately into the House in the custody of the constables.

It is generally reported that the Earl of Lonsdale will retire from the office of Postmaster-General immediately after the prorogation of Parliament. —*Morning Paper.*

The Paris papers are still occupied with the dreadful fate of so many of the Kabyles suffocated by the cruel policy of Colonel Pélissier; and a defence of this horrible massacre in the *Moniteur Algérien*, has awakened into new reprobation the humane portion of the Paris press. Such hardened cruelty has excited the indignation and horror of all Europe; and any attempt to palliate or apologize will only add greater depth to the feeling against an atrocity without a parallel in the annals of civilized war.

The French Chambers were prorogued on Monday last. The journals express their belief that a dissolution will follow.

The Swiss Journals announce the murder of M. Joseph Leu, of Ebersol, member of the Grand Council of Lucerne. This event took place at his country house, on the night of the 19th; but whether the act has been caused from private revenge, or from political feelings, has not yet been ascertained. The deceased had long taken a leading part in the affairs of the country, and his conduct in the Jesuit question had excited great resentment against him.

Accounts from Madrid are to the 16th inst. A despatch from general Narvaez, dated Barcelona, the 12th, announces that the Captain-General had returned, after re-establishing order wherever it had been disturbed, and sending several flying columns in pursuit of the factious, wandering in the mountains. The levee held by the Infante Don Francisco on the occasion of the fête of his son Don Enrique, was attended by all the Ministers present in Madrid, by a great number of deputies and senators, and the ecclesiastical, civil, and military authorities of that capital. Manifestations were making in all the provinces in support of the claims of the young Prince to the hand of the Queen, and the Castellano pronounces their union to be the surest means of effecting a sincere reconciliation among all true Spaniards.

IRELAND.

REPEAL ASSOCIATION.

The weekly meeting of the Association was held this day, William Magennis, Esq., in the chair.

Mr. O'Connell acknowledged the receipt of £12 from New York, and read a letter accompanying the remittance, which anticipated on certain expressions uttered by Mr. O'Connell on a late occasion, to the effect that if England rendered justice to Ireland, she might calculate on "the humble pride of America." What he (Mr. O'Connell) said on the occasion referred to was, that if England did render justice, full and ample justice, to Ireland, she would be in such a position, through the co-operation of Irishmen, as to defy all the nations of civilized Europe, and would be even able to pull down the flag of America itself. Such was the sentiment he uttered, and he believed such was the sentiment of Ireland also. It was in consequence of the blustering of Mr. Polk with regard to the Oregon territory, a blustering which had since ceased, that he had been drawn into the observations complained of. Mr. Polk evidently calculated on a diversion in his favour in Ireland, should a rupture take place between England and America. Having expressed the gratification he felt at the opportunity afforded him of explaining, he moved the insertion of the letter on the minutes, and the thanks of the association to the writer.

Drainage and Inland Navigation.—A project of very considerable importance was brought before Sir Robert Peel on the 19th inst., by an Irish deputation, who sought the aid of Government in carrying into effect the recommendations of the Drainage Commission for connecting the river Shannon with Lough Erne, and thus making, by inland na-

vigation the provinces of Münster and Ulster. It is stated that this arrangement would afford facilities for the drainage of not less than four million of acres.

OVERLAND MAIL FROM INDIA & CHINA.

The Overland Mail from India and China reached London on the 30th ult. They were brought to Malta by the Iberia, and the dates are respectively, from Bombay to 20th June, Calcutta 9th June, Madras 11th June, and from China to the 6th May.

The cholera has been very prevalent in Bombay and Poona, and has raged in Lahore fearfully.

The Political news is not of importance. The governor-General remained at Calcutta, but was expected to move in October to the north-west provinces, to reduce the Sikhs to order. From China we learn that a riot had taken place at Victoria; it had been suppressed without difficulty. The troops had been withdrawn from Kungsoo, in accordance with terms of our treaty, and the Chinese had taken possession. The mare and gunner of the Ariel, having 100,000 dollars on board, had attempted to seize the vessel, but were defeated, in the conflict the gunner was killed, and the gunner wounded. The Bombay market had a favourable appearance for imports.

FRANCE.—Paris, July 30.

On Monday, the 21st, the session of the two Chambers was formally closed by royal ordinance. Taken altogether, this session has been one of considerable importance. During it the disputes with Morocco have been satisfactorily settled; see. et. voting in the Chambers has been abolished; the obnoxious right of search has, contrary to all expectation, been done away with; laws relating to the great lines of railway from Paris to Belgium, to Lyons, to Avignon, to Strasbourg, and others of minor importance, have been passed; the negotiations with the court of Rome for the withdrawal of the Jesuits have been crowned with success; and a very great number of laws of domestic interest have been adopted. The Ministry had some severe battles to fight at the commencement of the session, but it triumphed in all, except in that on the Tahiti question, and even then it had in its favour a majority of eight. The Cabinet altogether has reason to be satisfied with the campaign, though, of course, the opposition newspapers cry that it was disastrous to them.

The Rev. Mr. SUMMERS, of the Free Church, Glasgow, will preach in the Methodist Chapel in this Town, on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, and on Sabbath morning next, at 11 o'clock.

The following address was presented to the Lord Bishop of Fredericton on his recent visit to this Town, to which His Lordship has been his usual custom in the Province, replied by an eloquent and interesting address to the Members of the Church Corporation, who were present on the occasion. His Lordship affectionately and urgently entreated them and all other Members of the Church, to evince their affection for her by acts as well as words, as they could no longer expect, that the magnificent support which has been hitherto so liberally extended to the Church in this Province, from the Mother Country, would be continued.

His Lordship after visiting the Parishes of Campo Bello, Grandmanan, St. Stephens, and St. David's, returned here on Thursday Evening last, and the next morning proceeded to St. John, intending to hold a confirmation on his way at the parish of St. George.

To the Honorable and Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Fredericton, &c.

The Address of the Rector, Church Wardens, and Vestry of All Saints Church, in the Parish of Saint Andrews.

May it please your Lordship,

We, the Rector, Church Wardens, and Vestry of All Saints Church, in the Parish of Saint Andrews, beg leave to congratulate your Lordship on your arrival in this town. The Apostolic Church of which we have the happiness to be members, possessing our warmest affections, and feeling as we do a very lively interest in her welfare, we most heartily rejoice at the appointment of your Lordship to the supervision of the Church, in this newly created Diocese, and humbly and heartily thank God for inspiring the venerable Prelates of our Mother Country, with the fervent desire of having the spiritual wants of our Church, in Her Majesty's Colonies, supplied by the appointment of Bishops, and for the ready response made to their appeal; and while we beg to express the satisfaction we feel at having a Prelate of your Lordship's well known talent and piety, to preside over our Church, we cannot let this opportunity pass, without expressing our affection towards that venerable Bishop, who has for many years ministered to us, and our admiration of his learning.

Permit us then to welcome your Lordship most heartily, and be assured that you have our humble and hearty prayers to the throne of Grace that God may "preserve you in all your doings with his most gracious favour," and further you with his continual help, that your Lordship's labours may be blessed, and that you may be the humble instrument in his hands, of promoting the spiritual interests of that portion of his Church and people, committed to your charge.

On Behalf of the Church Corporation,
JEROME ALLEY, Rector.
THOMAS WYER, J. Wardens.
PETER SMITH, J. Wardens.
St. Andrews, 5th August, 1845.

COO

Ma. Editor

I beg leave to bring public to this place and comfortable animals. As may mention, until 8 o'clock arrived in St. A accomplishing pages, in nine new feature in proprietor Mr. trorage.

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