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The Toronto World.

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FIFTEENTH YEAR — MONDAY MORNING, MAY 14 1894 — ONE CENT.

READY FOR A NEW ELECTION.

IMMEDIATE DISSOLUTION BEING SERIOUSLY DEBATED.

Rosebery's Government Was Saved on the Budget Division by the McCarthyites—But the Desertion of the Parnellites Will Be Fatal—Closure Necessary to Pass the Registration Bill.

LONDON, May 13.—Among the most persistent supporters of the Government the question is being seriously debated whether immediate dissolution is not the very best policy to be pursued in the present circumstances. The cheers of the members of the National Liberal Club over the declaration of Lord Rosebery in his recent speech that he would retain office while he had a majority of two in the House do not represent the feelings of those gentlemen in their sober moments and when free from the influence of after-dinner enthusiasm. Even the most inexperienced lobby politician knows that the Government cannot rely upon passing the spirits or estates duty clauses of the Budget, while the Liberals, who hold the best party traditions in high respect, are fretting under the demoralizing situation of seeing every division taken upon an important question place the Government in a position of doubtful tenure. The Conservatives are gloating over the crumbling away of the Liberal majority and are playing a waiting game in order to humiliate and discredit their opponents until they deem the time opportune for dealing the Government its death blow. The Radical leaders especially demand some more definite tactics on the part of the Government than the Ministers' present policy of drifting with the current, and are determined to have some assurance of aggressiveness on the part of the Ministry as the price of their support.

Closure Necessary to Pass the Registration Bill.

The supporters of the Ministry on every hand now recognize the fact that it will be impossible to pass the Evicted Tenants bill, the Welsh Church Disestablishment bill and the Registration bill within the time permitted by the present session, and in these circumstances it is proposed that when the House resumes its sitting after the Whitsuntide recess the supporters of the Government in the House shall meet the Ministry in consultation with a view of determining the course to be followed in the future. The Radicals have already shown of their hands to the extent of intimating that when the meeting takes place they will propose that those portions of the Registration bill which have aroused the greatest opposition on the part of the Conservatives be dropped. The Conservatives have already burdened the bill with about 200 amendments, and there is, therefore, no doubt that the Ministers will have no difficulty in obtaining the assent of the majority to the wholesale application of the closure rule in expediting its passage.

McCarthyites Saved the Government.

It will also be ascertained at the meeting whether the disintegration of the party has ceased or is still in progress. It is now a settled fact that the Parnellites are committed to a policy of opposition to the Government so that they are no longer counted, but the attitude of several Welsh members is extremely irresolute, and these gentlemen must be told with no uncertain sound that the whole reliable body of supporters of the Government may be so marshalled as to enable the Ministry to meet the Opposition in unwavering phalanx.

The English Liberals are greatly pleased and encouraged by the loyalty displayed by the McCarthyite section of the Irish party. The desertion of the Parnell faction to the Conservatives might have inflicted a mortal wound upon Home Rule if the main body of the Irish Nationalists had failed to support the Government in full stretch on the occasion of the division on the second reading of the Budget. Instead of turning their backs upon the only friends they had in Parliament, as the Parnellites did, the McCarthyites cast their votes for the Government to a man. This fidelity to their political convictions has won for them the warm admiration of the Liberals, and their action cannot fail to find due recognition in the future.

In view of the probable early dissolution of Parliament, the election agents throughout the Kingdom have been warned by their respective chiefs to get everything in readiness for a new general election. Already large party purses have been subscribed.

What the Radicals Demand.

The National Reform Union has called a conference to meet in London on June 5, when it is announced action will be taken in regard to the many important questions of the day. The resolutions to be passed by the conference, some of which are already formulated, include demands for the abolition of the veto power of the House of Lords, and the passage of bills providing for Home Rule for Ireland, manhood suffrage, the cessation of Royal grants, the disestablishment of the church throughout the kingdom, increase of proportion of the taxation borne by land. The National Reform Union represents the radical section of the National Liberal Federation. About 400 delegates will be present at the conference, and 30 Radical members of the House have promised to support the measures of the conference.

Not a Unit on Christian Unity.

The Rev. Dr. Lunn, who recently headed a party of English clergymen on a pilgrimage to Jerusalem, has issued a circular letter to the prelates and leading clergymen in England asking them to co-operate in prayer at their respective services Sunday afternoon. To this circular Cardinal Vaughn has replied that it is needless for Catholics to join in special prayer for church reunion. If outsiders yearn for unity he says they can find it within the pale of the Church. Mr. Gladstone, to whom a circular was sent, replied that he recognized the importance of Christian unity, but declined to state his views in regard to an interchange of pulpits, which was one of the details of the plan outlined by Dr. Lunn. Several prominent Congregational ministers have refused to co-operate in the movement, as they decline to recognize alleged evils resulting from the present division of the church. The Archbishop of Canterbury is in entire sympathy with the movement, and sent a message to the clergy under his charge to offer prayer for unity during services.

York Desires to Rejoin the Navy.

The Duke of York has intimated to the Admiralty his desire to resume his position in the navy, indicating his preference for duty at home stations to begin with. It is probable that after the accouchement of the Duchess the Duke and Duchess will start on a long sea voyage, in the course of which they will visit some of the British colonies.

The Princess Alix-Czarewitch Match May Be Broken Off.

The report that the Czarewitch is to visit England is not credited in court circles.

Princess Alix of Hesse, who is betrothed to the Czarewitch, will accompany the Queen to Balmoral, and after her sojourn will return to Berlin and thence to Darmstadt. There has yet been no arrangement made for her meeting the Czarewitch. The engagement of the young couple is not exactly a love match, and it would excite no surprise if it should be broken off.

Rosebery May Retire From the Turf.

It is understood that Lord Rosebery will retire from the turf if his horse Ladas wins the Derby. Many prominent Liberals regard his connection with the turf and other sports as a source of weakness to the party and would hail his retirement from these pursuits with delight.

Gladstone's Eyesight Stronger.

Treatment with belladonna has so strengthened one of Mr. Gladstone's eyes that he can read and write without difficulty.

Mr. Mundella Resigns His Cabinet Seat.

LONDON, May 13.—A. J. Mundella, President of the Board of Trade, has resigned his seat in the Cabinet, but retains his seat in Parliament. His reason is, he says, that he wishes to avoid the appearance of conflict between his public and private interests which has resulted from his relations to the New Zealand Loan Company.

Accident On H.M.S. Galatea.

LONDON, May 13.—While the British warship Galatea was firing a salute to the German fleet in the Firth of Forth Saturday Gun Inspector Lawrence was killed outright. His head was blown off. A gun instructor named Whitehead was seriously injured. One of his arms was blown off and he died a few hours later from loss of blood. Two seamen were slightly hurt. It is said that the charge exploded while Inspector Lawrence was putting it into the gun.

Divinity Students on a Rampage.

LONDON, May 13.—The students of Christ Church, Oxford, after a dinner at the Bullingdon Club, Friday night, became hilarious and kept up their orgie until an early hour in the morning, when they smashed all the doors and blinds of the building and broke 465 windows.

These Be Strong Words.

Rev. P. Clifton Parker, preaching on the saloon evil in First-avenue Baptist Church last evening, made local reference to the Clancy license as the latest infliction upon the east end. He said it was an outrage that the License Commissioners should surround the Woodgreen Methodist Church with drinking houses. That it was the greatest tyranny to cluster three licensed houses with a radius of 20 yards and in opposition to the wishes of the neighborhood. This saloon was not necessary, for there were already two. It was not wanted by the people. It was contrary to all common sense to dump down three hell houses in one place. It was a monument of iniquity built by the Commissioners of a Government which had adopted prohibition, but whose practices did not correspond with its promises. As secretary of the Prohibition Convention which approached the Government asking for prohibition, I have the typewritten copy of the promise to give it should the administration be returned to power. Since that promise we have had an increase of licenses right in our midst. And I ask you which have I to believe—the piece of paper or the Clancy license?

In Russian Submarine Dungeons.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 13.—One hundred students were arrested here to-day. They are members of the same association with the several hundreds of persons, all of the intelligent classes, and many in official positions, who were simultaneously arrested in various big towns of the empire last week. The seizures in St. Petersburg were nearly 70 in number, and the prisoners were conveyed swiftly to the terrible submarine dungeons under the clerical fortress of Peter and Paul, which hangs frowning over the banks of the Neva. I got a letter, says Harold Frederics, from a friend in St. Petersburg, who holds a prominent commercial position, saying that the sons of two of his friends, students of great promise and high prospects, were swept off in this sudden official haul. The parents are distracted and expect never to see them again. His own son, while a student, was similarly arrested in the spring of 1891, but the father's influence got him out in a day or two and the young man is now in America. Similar stories come, many from other quarts. Apparently the rule never has been a police descent of this sort before which has struck so many people of position.

Benzine Tank Explodes—Thirty People Burned.

BRADFORD, Pa., May 13.—In the course of a fire at the Emery Manufacturing Company's refinery a tank of benzine exploded. The cap of the tank was blown 300 feet, and a large volume of flame went with it. A strong west wind was blowing. Thirty people were burned about the face, hands and had their hair singed.

Drowned at Serpent Rapids.

PARRY SOUND, May 13.—James Wilson, working on a sawlog drive, was drowned at Serpent Rapids yesterday morning.

Canoeing Fatality at Guelph.

GUELPH, May 13.—Saturday while Henry Howitt and Rhoda Perkins were canoeing on the river their boat upset and Miss Perkins was drowned.

Beheaded on the M.C.R.

ST. THOMAS, May 13.—James Armstrong, cabinet maker, was found beheaded on the M.C.R. Saturday morning.

Statue of Columbus Unveiled.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The statue of Columbus by the Spanish sculptor, Sunol, was unveiled on the Mall in Central Park this afternoon by Vice-President Stevenson.

Suing for a Divorce.

EDINBURGH, May 12.—Murray Grant, a wealthy Scotch landowner, began suit against his wife to-day for an absolute divorce on account of her alleged adultery with Viscount Baring.

Frauds Under the Geary Registration Act.

NEW YORK, May 13.—There have come to the notice of the authorities of the United States Treasury the most gross and glaring frauds in Chines registration under the Geary law, in this city alone several hundreds, perhaps a couple of thousands, of fraudulent certificates. Smugglers of Chinese are selling registration certificates to Chinese who are now waiting in Canada and in Havana to get into the United States. Chinese have registered from twice to a score of times.

Although it was not announced in open court it is known that the grand jury was unanimously of the opinion that halliday's east kent ale was the best on the market. This deliverance will be approved by everyone who has tried the celebrated ale, which is of the highest possible degree of purity and excellence. T. H. George, the wholesale agent for Toronto, has received orders and repeat orders from all the first-class hotels, clubs and wine merchants.

Italy Will Not Reduce Her Army.

ROME, May 13.—The Chamber debated the military budget to-day and eventually the demands of the Government were granted. Premier Crispi spoke just before the vote in defence of the Government. No nation in Europe, he said, desired peace more than did Italy; at the same time it would be the height of imprudence to weaken the army at present.

Success itself depends largely on good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti cures indigestion in all its phases. Refuse all imitations.

Navigation Wide Open.

To-day (May 14) is the opening day for traffic between Toronto and Niagara, Lewiston and Queenston. Book tickets, local tickets, through tickets and all information can be obtained from A. F. Webster, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets. 136

Beaver Tobacco is the "old reliable gentleman's chew." Don't forget it. ed

Two Items in the U. S. Tariff Passed.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The Senate spent four hours Saturday on the Tariff bill and disposed of two items in chemical schedule. The duty on tannic acid was fixed at 60 cents a pound and on tartaric acid at 20 per cent. ad valorem. It had reached but had not acted on the item of alcoholic perfumery when the hour for adjournment, 4 p.m., arrived.

Have you a cough? Try Coughicura. 10c

Judge Scott of Peel Dead.

BRAMPTON, May 13.—Ex Judge Scott died here Saturday morning.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors underwrite, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Malta Shaken.

MALTA, May 13.—This island was shaken by a slight earthquake this afternoon.

ADDITION TO ST. MICHAEL'S.

THE CEREMONY OF LAYING THE CORNER-STONE.

Archbishop Walsh Refers to the Recent Action of the City Council in Abolishing the Grant to the Institution—Fair Play Evidently Not the Council's Desire in this Matter.

In the presence of hundreds of spectators, with great pomp and ceremony, the cornerstone of the new addition to St. Michael's Hospital was laid yesterday by his Grace, Archbishop Walsh. The services of the occasion were held at 4 p.m. in the Cathedral, which was crowded to its utmost capacity for some minutes before the service began.

Archbishop Walsh delivered an eloquent and appropriate discourse.

The Archbishop's Address.

After a suitable introduction and a reference to the teaching of the church and the example of our Saviour in caring for the sick, the Archbishop continued:

As soon as she was allowed to come out from the catacombs into the light of day and breathe the airs of heaven, the Church set to work to care for the sick poor and to establish institutions for their healing and comfort. She called these institutions the hostelries of God—God's hotels—destined for the children of his predilection. We find them already in existence in the fourth century in Rome, Constantinople, Cæsarea, and as the Church advanced adding nation after nation to her empire, so also the number of her hospitals increased until now at length they have become permanent institutions in every civilized country in the world. Amongst them St. Michael's Hospital has recently taken its place. It was felt to be a great want for the Catholic community. It is destined principally for our sick poor, and will with God's blessing do a vast amount of good, not alone for the healing of their bodily diseases, but also for the cure of their immortal souls. The new addition to be made to it will be fully as large as the original building and will cost about $35,000. This large sum of money is the munificent, princely gift of a noble-hearted, high-minded fellow-citizen.

The City Council's Action.

Here let me say with reluctance and pain a few words about the recent action of the majority of the City Council headed by the Mayor against St. Michael's Hospital. You are aware that the City Council has by a majority decided that henceforward no poor patient shall be sent at the city's expense to St. Michael's Hospital on the ground that it is a sectarian institution. Now St. John's Hospital had been in existence for years before the establishment of St. Michael's. During those years we not only heard no clamor against it on the ground of its sectarianism, but city patients were sent to its wards and supported at the city's expense, and, in addition, it obtained an annual grant. It was only when St. Michael's Hospital was started that we heard all this cry about sectarian hospitals.

Nothing in the Cry.

Now, let us see what there is in this cry and what just occasion there is for it. St. Michael's Hospital, it is true, is under Catholic management, but of its medical staff, numbering 20, 15 are Protestant physicians. Protestant patients are freely admitted (321 Protestants having been admitted during the past 22 months) and treated as kindly and tenderly as Catholic patients. There is no attempt at interference with their religious beliefs, and Protestant ministers are perfectly free to visit the members of their church who may need or desire their ministrations. This is the exact truth as regards the character of St. Michael's Hospital. Where, in may I ask, is the more sectarian than other hospitals that are favored by the City Council? What are the facts of the case as regards these other hospitals? All the managers are one, of the General Hospital are Protestant, all members of its medical staff are Protestant, all its trained nurses are Protestant, and yet, in the face of these facts, it is claimed that the General Hospital is non-sectarian, and St. Michael's is, forsooth, sectarian!

A Few Comparisons.

The Grace Hospital stands exactly in the same position in this respect as the General Hospital, its management is under the control of Protestants, its medical staff are Protestants, its nurses are Protestant, and yet, Grace Hospital in the opinion of the City Council is non-sectarian and St. Michael's is sectarian.

Take as another instance the Hospital for Sick Children, which is in receipt of an annual grant of $5000 from the City Council. All connected with its financial and medical management are Protestant, all its nurses are Protestant, but yet it is non-sectarian and St. Michael's is sectarian!

In the face of these indisputable and undisputed facts the majority of the City Fathers favor the aforesaid hospitals on the ground that they are not sectarian, and discriminate against St. Michael's on the pretence that it is sectarian; and they expect the intelligent citizens of Toronto to believe this mocking excuse, this transparent subterfuge! It were more honest, more manly and more in accordance with truth had they come out squarely and openly avowed that their shafts were aimed at St. Michael's for the simple reason that it is a Catholic institution as regards its management. This, and this alone, is the true reason of the City Council's action; this is the original sin that has blighted and blasted it in their estimation.

Unjust, Harsh, Unfeeling and Unmerciful.

We protest against this action of the City Council as being distributively unjust, as being harsh, unfeeling and unmerciful to our sick poor and offensive and hurtful to the feelings of our Catholic people.

Surely, in a matter of this kind, account should be taken of the wishes of the Catholic taxpayers and some consideration should be felt for the feelings and comfort and happiness of the sick poor, who are so deeply interested in this matter.

Right here let me thank the minority of the Council, who had the manliness and the courage and the spirit of fair play to stand up for the cause of right and justice as well as of charity and true liberality on this question. We are sure that in doing so they represent the sentiments, convictions and wishes of the fair-minded, truthful and intelligent classes of our Protestant fellow-citizens. These citizens do not wish that intolerance should be carried so far as to sting our people with the sense of injustice and to aim at the comfort and enjoyment of God's stricken ones, or to deprive them of the right of being sent, in their pains and sufferings, to institutions of their choice where they would be surrounded by those tender sympathies and religious consolations, springing from a common faith, that smooth the pillow of the sick bed and bring the sunshine of sweet hope and holy resignation to the sufferers.

Rights Demanded, Not Favors Asked.

Be it remembered that we ask no favor. We only demand rights as regards this matter. We ask for no grant, but we claim that our sick poor may be allowed to be sent to St. Michael's Hospital, and that the same amount shall be paid for their hospital treatment in that institution as would be paid for them if sent to other hospitals. We ask no more, and we will not be satisfied with less.

We Catholics are accused of being sectarian: if to feed the hungry, to clothe the naked, to harbor and visit the sick and to brighten the cabins of the poor by the blessed light of charity be sectarian, then we Catholics are sectarian. If it be sectarian that multitudes of Catholic men and women leave the world and all that are dear to them in the world, and for Christ's dear sake, and in imitation of His sublime example, lead lives of poverty, self-denial and obscurity, in order to devote themselves entirely to the relief of the poor, to spend their lives in their service, and who minister to the sick in fever sheds and in reeking hospitals, then we are sectarian.

The Sectarianism That Has Enriched Humanity.

But this is the sectarianism that Christ brought from heaven, this is the sectarianism that has Christianized the world, that has enriched humanity with the countless blessings of Christian civilization, that has established on earth the reign of heaven-born charity with all its blessed mercies and commiserations, that has taught the world lessons of justice towards all, and tenderness, sympathy and charity towards the weak, the poor and the sorrowing, that has uplifted man from his fallen, degraded state and has made him little less than the angels, and has taught us all the sublime lessons, "to love our enemies, to do good to those who hate us, and to pray for those who persecute and calumniate us." This is the sectarianism that the world wants to-day, as it did of old, for this sectarianism is none other than the religion of Jesus Christ.

The Sectarianism of Intolerance.

But there is another kind of sectarianism the reverse of all this. There is a sectarianism of the hate and strife of intolerance and all manner of uncharitableness, a sectarianism that sets neighbor against neighbor and class against class, and embitters all social actions, a sectarianism that revives once more the old Jewish precept "Thou shalt love thy friend and hate thy adversary"; that has broken up Christian unity and filled the world with warring creeds and jarring sects, that persecutes men for their religious beliefs and curses the shrines at which others kneel to heaven, a sectarianism, in a word, that has blurred the pages of Christian history with tears and blood. This is the sectarianism that now overshadows parts of our fair Dominion, that menaces with destruction our free institutions and threatens to break our political unity and our splendid Confederation into fragments. This is the sectarianism that should be frowned down, denounced by all Christian men, by all good citizens and all patriotic Canadians.

What Christian Charity Should Be.

Christian charity is very different from this. The charity of Christians should be but a flame of that Divine fire of love which Jesus Christ brought from Heaven, and which He wished to be enkindled in all human hearts. It should overleap all boundaries of parties and of sects: it should be based and modeled on the charity of Christ, which was as broad as the world, as universal as man and as extensive as the woes and wants and sorrows and sufferings of humanity—a Divine charity which was as general and all-embracing as the gentle summer rains, which fall alike in fruitful benediction on the fields of sinners and of saints: as universal as the rays of the glorious sun that light up the dark places of the earth as with the smiles of God and clothe the mountains, plains and valleys and the far-reaching seas with the beauties and glories of a transfiguration.

Blessing the Corner-stone.

We will now proceed to the blessing and laying of the corner-stone of the new addition to be made to St. Michael's Hospital. This addition will be as large as the old building and will be built at the exclusive cost of a high-minded, generous and noble citizen. May God reward him for his munificent charity. When this wing is built and equipped St. Michael's Hospital will be as perfect in its way as any like institution in the Dominion. It is intended principally for the sick poor of all denominations, of all creeds and races. It will exist in the centre of this great city as a blessed probatica for the healing and the comfort of the sick and suffering. It will continue to do its Christ-like work in spite of all unjust discriminations and unchristian opposition, and we confidently hope that it will be amply supported by the bounty of divine providence, and that it will be sustained and encouraged in its sacred mission by the good and charitable citizens of Toronto in the firm faith that whatever offices of mercy and charity they will discharge towards the sick poor (these suffering members of Christ's body), they are discharging them towards the adorable person of Jesus Christ Himself, who will one day reward them with the sweet and gracious invitation, "Come, ye blessed of My Father, receive you the Kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world, for I was hungry and you gave Me to eat, naked and you clothed Me, I was sick and you visited me."

A procession was then formed, and headed by a boy bearing the sacred crucifix marched to the hospital where an eager throng was awaiting their arrival.

The impressive service of consecration was performed, the stone laid in position, and His Grace pronounced it well and truly laid.

A WORLDLY WOMAN'S LOVE LETTER

An Edition of Nearly Five Hundred Thousand Already Sold.

A series of letters is usually uninteresting, and worse even than a diary, but Mrs W. K. Clifford's series of "Love Letters of a Worldly Woman" have proven of such surpassing interest that the sale has run up to nearly a hundred thousand copies. The book is now for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street, and every reader of it cannot fail to be struck with the perfect beauty of the language in which this author clothes her thoughts, and with the charming insight which she gives the reader into a most tragic life-drama. The play of passions as exhibited in the female characters of this book was never so delicately handled nor so strikingly displayed.

Talmage's Tabernacle Burned.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Rev. Dr. Talmage's new Tabernacle at the corner of Clifton and Greene-avenues, Brooklyn, was burned at noon to-day. The Hotel Regent, adjoining, and several dwelling houses in the vicinity were also destroyed. The loss is estimated at $1,000,000. This is the third time Dr. Talmage has lost his church by fire. He was in the church when the fire started with a number of his congregation, but all escaped. Four firemen were injured during the fire, not fatally.

It is supposed that the fire was caused by a spark from one of the electric light wires behind the organ in the Tabernacle. Russell Sage, who holds a mortgage on the Tabernacle of $125,000 and interest amounting to $15,000, said the Tabernacle was insured, and he would stand by the church and help them to get on their feet again. The Board of Trustees of the Tabernacle to-night held a meeting in the house of Dr. Talmage, at which it was decided to rebuild the Tabernacle, which was insured for $130,000.

Incendiaries Still Active.

During the past two months there has been an unusual number of incendiary fires, and yesterday another one was added to the list. At 4.30 p.m. fire was discovered in a two-story stable in the rear of 468 Queen-street, owned and used by George Constable, baker. The building was a frame one and contained a large amount of hay and straw. The flames spread rapidly, extending to a similar stable in the rear of 466 Queen west, owned by Mr. Cayley and occupied by Mr. McIntyre. The stable at 468 was damaged to the extent of $500 and 466 to the extent of $100.

A 5-Year-Old Hero Cremated.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., May 13.—The dwelling of Mrs. Peter Muldoon in Gardenavenue was burned this morning. Her 5-year-old grandson saved Mrs. Muldoon's life, but himself perished in the flames. He was burned to a crisp.

Why Typhoid Fever Cases Are Increasing.

Because while the water was cold bacteria could not develop to any great extent, but now that the water is becoming warmer the evil effect of it is being badly felt and typhoid fever cases are increasing. The leading physicians recommend drinking Sprudel, because every bottle is put up fresh at the celebrated Mt. Clemens Spring. It it were shipped in casks this warm weather and bottled in Toronto it might be loaded up with bacteria. These bacteria are the germs of typhoid, scarlet fever and diphtheria.

Stabbed the Horse.

A number of the habitues of the "Toboggan Slide," Jarvis-street, aided by a few cronies, were enjoying themselves in their own peculiar way on Saturday evening. P.C.'s Wiggins and Crowe dropped in without an invitation and arrested the following on charges of disorderly conduct: John Shea, Duchess-street; Maurice Prendible, Margaret Dorsey, rear of 109 Jarvis; John Leahy, 348 George-street, and Samuel Pillow, no home.

Christopher Foley, 84 Power-street, seeing the officers had their hands full with this party, ran to where Wiggins' horse was standing, and drawing a knife plunged it into the horse's nigh fore leg, inflicting an ugly gash.

Between Season Articles.

The first warm days of spring are hard to bear and the unwise individual courts colds and sore throat by adopting his summer underwear too soon. The sensible man, however, indulges in a "between season" weight, which costs much less than an attack of pneumonia. Every weight in standard English natural wool is now being almost given away at quinn's great quitting sale, which is now in full swing.

South Toronto Conservative Convention.

The Liberal-Conservative convention for South Toronto announced for this evening has been further postponed until Thursday evening in Temperance Hall.

East Middlesex Liberals.

LONDON, May 12.—East Middlesex Liberals held their adjourned meeting here Saturday and unanimously nominated W. H. O'Dell of Belmont for the Ontario Legislature.

The most interesting and instructive permanent exhibition is "Jerusalem on the Day of the Crucifixion," at the Cyclorama, corner Front and York. Opens daily 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Admission 25 cents. 136

Longevity is the result of good digestion and the use of Adams' Tutti Frutti. Insist on having Tutti Frutti.

IF LADAS WINS THE DERBY.

ROSEBERY CAN GO TO THE COUNTRY WITH HOPES OF SUCCESS.

Such is the Opinion of Sporting Politicians—Harcourt's Iniquitous Budget May Yet Wreck the Government—The India Scare Does Not Develop—Last Sunday's Mammoth Labor Parade.

NEW YORK, May 13.—George W. Smalley cables from London to The Tribune as follows:

"All governments are always in a critical position," said Lord Rosebery on Thursday. His own, so far as the House of Commons is concerned, is doing something to justify this rather large generalization. There has been a Ministerial, or, perhaps more accurately speaking, a Parliamentary crisis all this week. It came to an end for the time being on Thursday, when the unremitting efforts of the party leaders and party whips rolled up the magnificent majority of 14. The date of the next crisis is not definitely fixed. It may, however, again be said that the greatest danger of all does not lie in a crisis foreseen and prepared for. A crisis foreseen is commonly a crisis averted, as in this case.

Not Good Finance, But Good Politics.

The bill which has brought the Government within this too easily measurable distance of defeat is that same budget bill which, as Lord Rosebery said at Manchester, had lifted Sir William Harcourt at a bound into the front rank of financiers. It is no better and no worse as a specimen of finance because 294 members of the House of Commons have voted against the second reading and only 308 for it. To oppose the second reading of a Budget bill is, said Sir William Harcourt reproachfully, without precedent, or almost without precedent. He may, nevertheless, blame himself on one thing. The most iniquitous part of his scheme, that which plunders everybody with an income exceeding $2500 for the benefit of everybody with an income under $2500, passes without challenge. It may not be good finance, it proves to be good politics. Mr. Balfour, who attacked nearly every other proposal, applauded this. No leader, it appears, and no party, can afford to stand up for honesty and justice when the interests of the masses—that is, of the majority—are bound up with dishonesty and injustice.

The Principle of Confiscation.

The principle of this budget has been repeatedly and often blamed in great debate, involving the existence of a Ministry as well as a scheme of finance, not much that is new has been advanced. Mr. Balfour's criticism was directed in great part against the death duties and the systems of graduation—the latest political euphemism for confiscation. The confiscation now proposed is partial. What Sir William Harcourt aims at is to establish the principle of confiscation. It has hitherto been held that the rich, like the poor, should pay in proportion to their means. The modern doctrine, as set forth by the present Chancellor of the Exchequer, is that the rich shall pay out of proportion to their means, and not the rich only, but the moderately well-to-do. Capital is attacked. Property of all kinds is attacked. This doctrine was never, of course, Mr. Chamberlain's mouth provoked years ago just resentment and rebuke, is now unblushingly preached by those who then sat in judgment on this since repentant minister. All sound principles of finance are violated by this budget, said Mr. Balfour, sweepingly. He omitted to add, what is at least equally true, that sound principles of morality are equally violated. What used to be elementary principles of honorable politics are no longer elementary and no longer principles.

Will Be Roughly Handled in Committee.

The budget now goes into committee, where it is tolerably certain to be roughly handled. Some Liberals who would vote against it as a whole will feel themselves at liberty to vote against details. Mr. Balfour has given fair notice that it will be fought to the end. In any case it promises to absorb the greater part of the session, and Radicals who have crotchets to push are grumbling at the Chancellor of the Exchequer because he has made his scheme too contentious; but they can hardly expect confiscation to be established as a principle of finance—the oriental method as Mr. Balfour called it—without some opposition.

May Be Wrecked on Beer and Whisky.

Such, however, is the strained condition of things that the lobbies of the House rather than the House itself have been the centre of interest. There was for one moment earlier in the week some doubt whether the Ministry might not be beaten. This was soon dispelled. It was known for two days before the division that the Government would have a majority. There remained the interesting question how much? The debate turned on one point, the division on another. The leaders on both sides discoursed on death duties and graduated taxation. The whips had to concern themselves chiefly with beer and spirits. It was foretold from the beginning that the new sixpence per barrel on beer and the new sixpence per gallon on spirits might bring budget and Ministry to grief. They may yet. They have as a preliminary reduced their majority from 30 to 14.

Preferred Whisky to Home Rule.

The Redmondites put themselves in the hands of the whisky distillers, or as several journals say bitterly, preferred whisky to Home Rule. There is some justice in the taunt, but not much; some because they have played for the electoral support of the very powerful distilling interest in Ireland, not much because Mr. Redmond long since gave notice to the Ministry that he should turn them out if he could, and he thought it for the interest of Home Rule they should be turned out. Their defection counting 18 votes on a division, left the highest possible majority at 17. It fell to 14 by the rather sudden revolt of three Liberal brewers, Messrs. McEwan, Beaufer and Evershed. These three gentlemen have since been solemnly read out of the Liberal party. They may survive it since the readers have no authority. They are told that they not only did their worst to wreck a Ministry they were elected to support, but have imperiled a budget based on the great democratic principle of making the rich pay for the poor—for that is the English of "Graduated Taxation." Such is the Socialist denunciation of men who presume to have opinions of their own, or who object to seeing their trade over-taxed in order that others may not be taxed at all. They are summoned to resign. The voice is the same which no long time ago summoned Mr. Gladstone to resign.

Rosebery's Courageous Frankness.

The reduction of the Liberal majority in South Hackney, from 1244 to 192, was felt to be such a calamity that on Tuesday the croakers had everything their own. The worst of it was that while the Liberal vote remained stationary the Unionist vote increased by over a thousand. "Dissolve," shrieked one Radical organ in its hoarsest tone. This organ, however, has several tones, and has of late been so liberal of its advice that the commodity has grown cheap. Lord Rosebery took a very different line. At the National Liberal Club on Wednesday he declared that the Ministers had no intention of dissolving. Even though their majority fell to two, they will persevere. That sort of courageous frankness has more influence with the country than timid politicians believe.

If Ladas Wins the Derby!

If the Ministry is supposed to have been weakened by events in the House of Commons, it is universally believed to have been strengthened by the victory of Ladas in the Two Thousand Guineas at Newmarket on Wednesday. Lord Rosebery's colt has justified the hopes of its and his most sanguine friends. The victory will gain him votes, says one serious journal, in every borough. If, says another, he can only keep in office till June 6, and Ladas wins the Derby, he may dissolve and appeal to the country with confidence. "The more brilliant triumph at Epsom," says a third, in a fine lyrical vein, "will place the honored name of Lord Rosebery in a position which no Prime Minister has ever yet occupied." If all this be true, the party leaders need not concern themselves about budgets and the Newcastle program. The true indications of the course of politics are to be sought in the betting lists and in the reports from the trainer of Ladas.

The Scare About India.

The scare about India started last Saturday by The Spectator has made no great progress. The majority of the Indian authorities disbelieve or at any rate deny that there is cause for serious alarm. The Spectator's theory, that the smearing of the mango trees means conspiracy, mutiny, armed revolt, is not generally accepted. People do not profess to know precisely what it is, but conjecture that the cause of it is to be sought in religion or superstition and not in politics. On the other hand The Spectator is one of the very highest authorities in this country on India, where one of its editors, Mr. Townsend, long lived in a high position. He is a very able man, and his deliberate judgment on such a matter is not to be lightly put aside. He returns to the subject, but still in a spirit of moderation, admitting that Sir Alfred Lyall, who opposes this view, is well entitled to speak for the officials of India. Sir Alfred has been Governor in the Northwest, where the rising is now feared, and ought to know. He is, moreover, a higher type of man and of intelligence than the average Anglo-Indian ruler. The mutiny in the Seventeenth Bengal Infantry may or may not be connected with the restlessness in Behar.

Last Sunday's Hyde Park Demonstration.

The eight hour demonstration in Hyde Park was remarkable for something more than size. It was a union of unions which have hitherto kept asunder on this question—the Railway Servants' Society, the Building Trades Federation and other powerful organizations. The principle of legal restriction upon the hours a workingman may work is gaining ground. The principle of individual liberty is losing ground. It was once thought the trades unions would do their own legislating. They are on some subjects strong enough and do. On others they are coming to prefer that Parliament should do their legislating for them and that the doctrine and method of compulsion should be extended to labor.

Mr. John Burns was the chief orator of Sunday and something of the old Burns peeped out, the agitating, violent, revolutionary Burns of the days of the dock strike and earlier. Violence showed itself otherwise. One of the most interesting parts of the procession which for an hour and more streamed through the West end of London was the Social Democratic Federation. The unions have made common cause with this body, which is, nevertheless, something more than democratic. It marched with blood-red banners and blood-red scarves and blood-red insignia. Had it been Paris the police would have broken up this detachment. In London nobody seems to care. Once there was no strong reason why anybody should. Now they are a sign of the times and of the evil times coming. Stepniak was another sign. We all know who Stepniak is and what he is.

The Resolutions Passed.

The single resolution passed at all the twelve platforms declared for the legislative enactment of an eight-hour day as the maximum of labor in all trades and business. But it went far beyond that, unattainable as that would have seemed some years since. This enormous gathering pledged itself apparently without a dissenting vote "To work steadily on for the collective ownership of all the instruments of producing wealth by the whole community as the only method of completely emancipating the people from the industrial slavery of to-day." This is collectivism in its crudest form. The meeting further declared: "In favor of universal adult suffrage as a means of peacefully realizing that emancipation." This means, of course, woman suffrage. The appeal of the near future is to be to sentiment, since on grounds of principle or policy or high statesmanship collectivism has probably little chance in this country.

Academy of Music.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings only Marie Tempest, the queen of comic opera, and the Whitney Opera Co. in "The Fencing Master." Prices 25, 50, 75, $1 and $1.50.

Twenty Thousand Roses.

There are nearly 20,000 rose trees in bloom now at Dunlop's conservatories, Bloor-street west. Visitors are always welcome. Mr. Dunlop is proud of his establishment and takes pleasure in speaking of his beauties. He ships them by mail and express to all parts of Canada, and as these orders are filled direct from the trees he guarantees them to arrive in good condition. Sales room, 445 Yonge.

Tobacco chewers will find Beaver plug just the thing for spring use. Try it. ed

Plumbing.

W. J. Burroughes & Co., first-class plumbing; steam and hot water heating. 358 Queen-street west. Established 1878. Telephone 134. e

LETTERS LONG OVERDUE.

SENATOR BOWELL: Any letters for me?
POSTMASTER: None, sir; I presume you refer to the letters K.C.M.G.

LOOK AFTER YOUR VOTE.

If you are a householder, and have changed your address since the beginning of last July, fill up this form and send to The World office this week. If you do not look after your vote before Friday next, the 18th, you may find yourself disfranchised at the forthcoming general election.

Address last July or August.

Present Address.

Name.

The County Judge will revise the voters' lists of householders for use at the general election about the 25th inst. To get a name added an appeal must be lodged with the City Clerk not later than Friday next, the 18th inst. Conservatives who have changed their address since last July should appeal in respect of their present addresses.

Manhood franchise voters (that is to say, boarders, roomers, etc.), should wait until the date of the election is fixed, and must then register by personal attendance.

The Belchamber, Sarnia.

A couple of the oldest travelers on the road, in conversation the other day, in discussing hotels and their accommodation seemed to agree that the Belchamber, Sarnia, was positively the best conducted commercial travelers' home in Canada. The one said