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TWELFTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 21, 1891. ONE CENT.

THE MIKADO BURNED OUT.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS IN JAPAN'S CAPITAL DESTROYED.

Russia Urged to Seize the "Roof of the World" in Central Asia to Prevent its Occupation by the British—Tim Healy Narrow Escapes Being Mobbed by Parnellites.

TOKYO, Japan, Jan. 20.—This city of conflagrations has experienced another destructive fire, the House of Parliament, a spacious wooden building, which was only opened by the Mikado in November last, having been totally destroyed to-day.

To Seize "The Roof of the World."

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 20.—The Novoe Vremya urges Russia to seize the Pamir Plateau, the extensive table land of Central Asia, called by the natives the "Roof of the World," in order to prevent the British from occupying it.

EUROPE STILL STORMBOUND.

The Baltic and the Lake of Constance Frozen Up.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—A despatch from Kiel says the Baltic Sea so far as can be seen from Buek lighthouse is covered with ice.

The Lake of Constance is covered with ice and navigation is suspended.

Nearly all the roads and railroads throughout Austria are blocked with snow. A number of country towns are completely isolated and their stocks of coal and provisions are in many cases exhausted.

At Gath, while the frozen boiler tubes of a locomotive were being thawed out by burning torches beneath them, the wheels of the engine froze fast to the rails and hours passed before the locomotive could be moved.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The French Chamber of Deputies voted 2,000,000 francs for the relief of the people suffering from the severe weather. The authorities last night lighted hundreds of fires in the streets of the city and large numbers of wretchedly poor persons crowded around them to keep warm. Every effort is being made to relieve the great distress which exists. The Palais des Beaux Arts has been converted into a night shelter for the homeless and provided with a soup kitchen and a large number of straw mattresses. The machine gallery in the exhibition building is used as a day shelter. Other municipal buildings are also used for a similar purpose and the protection they afford is taken advantage of by many suffering people.

The water supply in Versailles has become very scarce owing to the freezing weather and vendors of water are meeting with a brisk demand at four pence a gallon.

A slight rise in the mercury was reported in France and Germany yesterday, but the temperature is still below the freezing point in both countries.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, M. Constans, Minister of the Interior, asked for an appropriation of 4,000,000 francs for the relief of the poor in the provinces suffering on account of the cold weather, this being in addition to the 2,000,000 just granted for that purpose. The chamber agreed to make the appropriation.

The Loss Will Reach 50,000,000 Francs.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—It is estimated 50,000 persons have been thrown out of employment by the severe weather. The total loss to industry in wages, stoppage of trade and blighting of crops will reach 50,000,000 francs.

KOCHTIE AND THE GUINEA PIG.

Thousands of the Little Brazilian Rodents Sacrificed to Science.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—Further details have been learned of Prof. Koch's experiments with his lymph. They show that many thousands of guinea pigs which had been experimented on have been cremated after the work of vivisection had been completed. The bodies of the animals are burned in a huge furnace situated in the Hygienic Institute. The researches which are being carried on with the new remedy are attended with considerable danger. It is reported five scientists died after testing the glander bacillus, and that three medical men working on cholera microbe subsequently suffered from a violent attack of the disease. It is explained that Professor Koch and his assistants owe their immunity from sickness to the increasing precautions they take while pursuing their experiments.

ALL DUE TO A COO.

Forty-nine Children Injured—22 Pupils Hurt by a Roof Collapsing.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—While a large number of children were playing in a school at Nantwich yesterday an infuriated cow charged upon them, tossing some in the air and trampling others under its hoofs. Forty-nine children received more or less serious injuries.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—The roof of a school for boys at San Demetrio gave way beneath its burdens of snow and ice and the whole mass went crashing into the schoolroom below. Twenty-two pupils were injured.

The Salvation Army in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 20.—The Salvation Army in Russia is doomed. The Imperial Government views with extreme disfavor the continued propagation of General Booth's ideas which have of late taken deep root in various parts of Russia, principally in Finland, and also in St. Petersburg itself. It is only a few days since a painful sensation was caused in aristocratic circles here by the action of the Princess Sergius Gagarine, who it will be remembered wished to have the religious service at the funeral of her late husband performed in accordance with Salvation Army notions, and ordered the minister of the Greek orthodox church out of the house. In consequence of this and other cases which have been brought to the notice of the authorities, they have determined to take energetic measures to check the further extension of Salvationism.

A British Plenipotentiary.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—It is announced that Lord Salisbury has intrusted the British Minister to Portugal, Sir George Glynn Petrie, K.C.M.G., with power to arrange for the settlement of all matters in dispute between Portugal and England. Sir George Glynn Petrie is now in Lisbon, and it is understood that everything in connection with the African dispute, so far as Great Britain is concerned, is now in the hands of the gentleman mentioned.

In Spite of "General Winter."

PARIS Jan 20.—Lieut. Winter has accomplished his self-imposed task of walking from St. Petersburg to Paris, and is now the lion of the hour here. Fired with ambition to emulate the achievement of the Russian Lieutenant, two French lieutenants of cavalry have decided to accompany Lieut. Winter back to St. Petersburg. The return journey, however, will be accomplished on horseback.

General Booth's Practical Charity.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—General Booth, the leader of the Salvation Army, has asked the Lord Mayor of London to allow destitute persons to sleep in the various municipal buildings during the present severe weather. The General says he will undertake to feed everybody thus sheltered and to see that good order is preserved.

Bulgarian Nihilists.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 20.—Russia has protested through its German agent the harboring and employment of Nihilists by the Bulgarian Government.

"How to Take a Life."—See Next Saturday's World.

JAMAICA'S EXHIBITION.

Prince George Will Arrive off Port Royal With Three British Warships.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 20.—The Exposition doors will be opened to the public in nine days amid the booming of cannon and the chiming of bells all over the city of Kingston. Already people are flocking to the pretty little city of Kingston from all parts of this country and Europe. Every steamer leaving European ports for the West Indies is crowded, and rooms at the various hotels in Kingston are rapidly filling up.

Prince George, son of the Prince of Wales, will formally open the Exposition on Jan. 27. He is expected to arrive off Port Royal, at the entrance to Kingston harbor, on the British man-of-war Canada on Jan. 26. Her Majesty's war ships Thrush and Bellerophon are expected to accompany the Canada, and their appearance will be heralded to the citizens of Kingston by a royal salute from old Fort Royal. This will be followed by salutes from the other forts of the city, to which the war vessels will respond.

Carriages will meet the Prince and his suite on landing and he will be driven through the principal streets to "King's House," the residence of Sir Henry Blake, the Governor of Jamaica, whose guest the Prince will be during his stay in the island. Many of the nobility of Europe will be present at the formal opening of the Exposition, besides distinguished people from South America.

A glance at the interior arrangements will be interesting, especially as the space to each country has all been allotted, with the locations each will occupy in the buildings.

The main entrance to the large building is in the south transept. On the right on entering are the offices of the Exhibition Commissioners, and a reception room is located on the left, while two courts in the centre are devoted to Jamaica exhibits. The passage between, leading to the nave, is twelve feet wide.

In the building are three series of courts, running its entire length, one running along each aisle and one down the nave. On either side of the last named court will be a clear passage 10 feet wide, running from end to end.

The courts in the central hall will contain West Indian exhibits. Barbados has two courts, and opposite these are the courts devoted to Grenada and St. Vincent. In the north transept is a large court for exhibits from the Bahamas, and Turks Island occupies a court to the right of Grenada.

Scotland is represented to the right of Jamaica and England is represented on the left. To the left of England Austria will display her products, and to the extreme left, in a large court, America has a space 60 by 20 feet in size. Across the aisle on the north is another court for American exhibitors, and across the south aisle a third.

While America has three courts, England has eight, Canada ten, Austria five and Italy four. Germany has been allotted three courts and France two. The eastern end, where the Canadian courts or spaces are located, is entered from the Kingston grounds, and the south transept entrance is from Kingston direct.

WRECKED AND ROBBED.

Fifteen Masked Men Derail a Train, Looting Express Car and Passengers.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Jan. 20.—At noon to-day the train on the Rio Grande Railroad between here and Point Isabel were wrecked and robbed by 15 masked men. They placed obstructions on the track, derailed the train and levied on the passengers. The robbers got away with about $30,000 in Mexican money, which was en route by express for shipment at Brazos by the steamship Morgan to New Orleans. The ship's mail was also taken. Passengers were robbed of money and valuables. A brakeman was badly injured in the wreck. The Sheriff and a posse are out scouring the country for traces of the robbers, who are doubtless safe in Mexico.

Imperial Federation League.

The annual general meeting of the Imperial Federation League in Canada will be held at Shaftesbury Hall on Friday, Jan. 30, at 3 p.m., for the election of officers for the ensuing year and other business. Mr. Thomas Macfarlane, F.R.S.C., Ottawa, gives notice of the following resolution: "That this league respectfully recommends the resolution unanimously adopted by the council on Oct. 4, 1889, to the consideration of the parent league, and trusts that the latter will see fit to call a convention of delegates from the branches at an early day to decide upon what suggestions for closer British union should be made for the consideration of Her Majesty's Government, in accordance with Lord Salisbury's invitation." In the evening a public meeting will be held in the Auditorium under the auspices of the Toronto branch of the league, which will be addressed by Mr. D'Alton McCarthy, Q.C., M.P. (president of the League), Rev. Principal Grant and others.

Decision as to Nickel Land.

HON. A. S. Hardy yesterday sent in his judgment respecting a nickel property in Algoma District. J. M. Clark, barrister, of this city, sent out George Wallace and J. R. Gordon, C. E., to prospect among the nickel lands in Algoma. These experts were followed about, so it was alleged, by one Diltz, an agent for an Ohio syndicate, who, not being as experienced in the business as Wallace and Gordon, profited by their superior knowledge. A rich deposit was struck, 160 acres in extent, and said to be now worth $75,000, in the township of Montcrief, about two miles from Straight Lake. As soon as Diltz heard of it he started for Toronto and filed his affidavit and claim to the land at the Crown Lands Department. Gordon telegraphed to his principals to buy the land out and out, which was done. Diltz had his affidavits and claim in first, but the others had the land bought and paid for. Mr. Hardy ruled that the land belonged to J. M. Clark and to him the deeds and title were awarded.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West Shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m. arriving in Toronto at 10.35 a.m. Sunday leaves Toronto at 12.30 p.m. connecting with through car at Hamilton.

Died at Her Devotions.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The body of Ann Kiernan was found in her apartments in the rear of No. 784 Dean-street, Brooklyn, last evening by a policeman of the Bergen-street Station. The body was found on a sofa and the hands of the dead woman clasped her prayer beads. She was evidently stricken while engaged in her devotions.

An Incorrect Report.

HAMILTON, Jan. 20.—There is no truth in the despatch from London to the effect that Mr. Charles Stiff, superintendent of the Western division, Grand Trunk Railway, will be transferred to London and that Assistant Superintendent Larmour will take his place here.

Catarrh—Hay Fever—Catarrhal Deafness

A New Home Treatment has been discovered whereby the worst cases are permanently cured by a few simple applications made fortnightly by the patient at home. Send stamp for circular. A. H. Dixon & Son, 345 West King-street, Toronto.

Skated Into An Air Hole.

WINDSOR, Jan. 20.—The 9-year-old son of Mr. George Clarke of Anderton was drowned on Sunday afternoon while skating on the ice about a mile from Amherstburg. He skated into an air hole. There were a number of boys on the ice, but they failed to rescue Clarke. The body has not yet been found.

Life is worth living since using Beeman's Pepsin Gum. Ask your druggist for it.

Dime Banks.

The latest device, only $1.50. Call early, 190 Queen-street west. 136

Gurney's stoves repaired by competent men Wheeler & Bain, 179 King-street East.

THE STRIKES IN SCOTLAND.

AN ENGINEER OF THE FLYING SCOTSMAN STONED IN HIS CAB.

Apparently the Trouble is Farther Away From Settlement Than Ever—Extraordinary Accident in France—A Resident of Venezuela Confesses a Crime Committed in Paris Ten Years Ago.

GLASGOW, Jan. 19.—The fifth week of the strike along the lines of the Scotch railroads opens with but poor prospects of an early settlement of the matters in dispute. Both the railroad companies and the strikers seem resolved to fight to the last. All efforts to bring about some compromise arrangement seem to have failed. A few of the Western men who had been prevailed upon to return to work have, it is announced to-day, listened to the persuasions of the strikers' pickets and have once more joined the ranks of the strikers. Otherwise, according to the railroad officials, matters, so far as they are concerned, are improving.

It is stated this morning that the employes of the Great Western Railroad are threatening to go out on strike. These men are dissatisfied with their hours of work and are asking to have them shortened or that extra pay be granted for the extra work which they claim they have to do.

The engineer of the train known as the "Flying Scotsman" was to-day struck by a stone thrown by a supposed striker from a bridge at Calder. The engineer was severely injured, his collar bone being broken. The incidents at present are that more of the Southwestern Railroad Company's employes in this city will leave their work and join the ranks of the strikers.

EXTRAORDINARY ACCIDENT.

Four Women Choked to Death in France By Beet-root Pulp.

LILLE, Jan. 20.—A distressing and extraordinary accident took place this afternoon at Wambrechies, a small town near this place. It appears that a distribution of bread was being made to the poor on the occasion of the funeral of a charitable and much-respected lady. The intending recipients of this charity were awaiting their turns at the door of the Bureau de Bienfaisance, when a large, heavy wagon, filled with beet-root pulp, which was passing, by some inexplicable misadventure was overturned, the contents fairly overwhelming and smothering a number of the people collected at the spot. Bystanders hastened to render what aid they could, but, in spite of all their efforts, four women, choked by the beetroot pulp, expired before they could be extricated from the semi-liquid mass. Seven or 8 other persons were seriously injured. A heartrending scene ensued. Among the sufferers was the husband of one of the women who perished, and his grief on recognizing the dead body of his wife rendered him delirious. It was with the utmost difficulty that friends prevented him from attempting suicide. The accident has produced the greatest consternation in the neighborhood, the victims being the mothers of large families.

A DARING ROBBERY.

Probable Murder of the Policeman Who Tried to Take the Thief.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—A decided sensation was one of the features of Sunday at Courcelles. A desperate man, who had been seen during the day hovering around the booking office of the railroad depot at Courcelles, suddenly crept up to the office window where a woman clerk was the only person on duty. The man, after assuring himself that there was nobody in his immediate vicinity, quickly thrust his hand through the ticket window, seized a handful of cash and darted away before the young lady cashier had sufficiently recovered from her consternation to be able to raise an alarm.

When the cashier finally recovered her voice she used it to such good purpose in shouting "stop thief" that a policeman was soon in pursuit of the flying robber. The latter had a good pair of heels, but the policeman was faster of foot and eventually, followed by a crowd of people, he caught up to the rascal and threw him upon the ground. A fierce struggle between the policeman and his prisoner followed, during which the latter managed to pull a long, sharp-pointed knife from his pocket and plunged it into the policeman's breast.

The policeman sank fainting to the ground and the thief and would-be murderer made another attempt to escape. The crowd of people then around the wounded officer seized the thief and held him until other policemen arrived upon the scene, when he was handed into their custody. The wounded policeman is not expected to recover.

CONFESSING AN OLD MURDER.

A Chemist of Venezuela Who Killed a Man in Paris Ten Years Ago.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The police of this city have just received advices from police authorities in Venezuela saying that a chemist in Caraccas, known by the name of Welser, has confessed to committing murder in Paris ten years ago. Welser says that he then murdered a master chemist and his maidservant in a house in the Place Beauveau. An assistant of the murdered chemist named Waller disappeared at the time of the murders, and the police failed to track him.

At the same time it was ascertained that the sum of 40,000 francs, the property of the murdered chemist, was missing. The police evidently believe that Welser is identical with Waller and that Waller now hopes to avail himself of the ten years' prescription provision in French criminal law.

Saved by the Priests.

MULLINGAR, Jan. 20.—Timothy Healy, M.P., delivered a lecture here last evening and a riotous scene was the result. A strong force of sympathizers with Parnell gathered outside the hall and threats of violence towards Healy were freely uttered. When the latter emerged from the hall he was greeted with a storm of hoots and yells and a rush was made by the Parnellites in his direction. A number of priests who had been at the meeting interposed between Healy and the mob and thus enabled Healy to escape from rough handling.

Peace! Peace!

VIENNA, Jan. 20.—The Neue Freie Presse says it cannot over-estimate the importance of the visit to St. Petersburg of Prince Ferdinand, ruler of Bulgaria. The latter's journey, according to the Neue Freie Presse, is made in connection with the preservation of peace, and it is a gratifying political symptom of the friendly relations existing between St. Petersburg and Vienna. According to the Neue Freie Presse the prince's visit will show that the Czar does not think of listening to Panslavist influences while Austria is disposed to live peaceably with Russia.

"Drowned" by an Earthquake.

GENEVA, Jan. 20.—Slight shocks of earthquake were felt here to-day. Three persons were drowned soon after while skating on the harbor, and it is believed the earthquake so disturbed the ice as to cause their being drowned.

Socialists Favor Revolution.

SARAGOSSA, Jan. 20. — At a large Socialist mass meeting here to-day the orators declared, amid considerable applause, that it was utterly impossible for Socialists to realize their ideal form of government except by revolution.

Three of a Kind—All Girls.

WINDSOR, Jan. 20.—Mrs. Bertine Metoche of Petite Cote Sunday night gave birth to three girls. The mother will make application for the Queen's bounty of £25 sterling, or $25, for each child.

"How to Take a Life."—See Next Saturday's World.

STRIKING BACK AT CANADA.

The Discriminatory Duty Imposed on Tea Imported From the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The House Ways and Means Committee ordered a favorable report to-day on a bill to impose a discriminatory duty of 10 per cent. on all teas imported from countries which discriminate against the United States. The object of this bill is to meet a discriminatory duty of 10 per cent. which Canada, in order to benefit Canadian railroad and steamship lines, imposes on tea imported from the United States. A provision to impose a duty of 10 per cent. on teas imported from west of the Cape of Good Hope was stricken from the bill.

The committee gave a hearing to H. H. Finley, representing the Buffalo Brewers' Association, and who urged favorable action on a petition against the use of substitutes for barley malt and hops in the manufacture of beer. He declared beer was now very generally adulterated with articles detrimental to health and asked the passage of a law to compel the branding of beer and the labeling of it with a formula used in its manufacture.

JIM BLAINE EXPLAINS.

He Says a Thunderer Correspondent Caused All the Excitement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Secretary Blaine says that the recent war excitement in England in connection with the Behring Sea matter was caused by a Philadelphia despatch to The London Times, stating that the American naval force on the Pacific was to be increased to 23 ships with 113 guns and 3000 men. The Navy Department has informed Mr. Blaine that the naval force on the Pacific is smaller than at any time for the past 10 years, consisting of only five ships with 31 guns and 856 men. Mr. Blaine thinks the correspondent of The Times owes an explanation to the American people. It is stated at the Navy Department that any one making enquiry there could have received definite and accurate information on the subject and there was no excuse for sending erroneous statements to Europe.

Shook His Fist at the Speaker.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The House to-day was the scene of wild confusion, precipitated by the refusal of the Speaker to allow debate on the question of the approval of The Journal. Mr. Mills (Texas), in a very excited manner, ran down the aisle shaking his fist at the Speaker and announced his opinion of the proceedings as a fraud upon the House. But the Speaker was immovable and called upon those opposed to approving The Journal to rise, and counting "one, two, three" proceeded to announce that the Journal carried by a vote of 97 to 3. Further demonstrations were made by Mr. Mills and by other members on both sides of the House, and a personal collision between the two sides seemed imminent. The time was consumed till 1 o'clock, when The Journal was finally approved.

No Progress Likely This Session.

[N. Y. Herald Despatch.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The report from Ottawa about the offer of reciprocity by the United States being rejected is a little premature. Secretary Blaine had several conferences during the holidays with citizens of the United States who are largely interested in Canadian enterprises. Mr. S. J. Ritchie and other Ohio capitalists, who control the nickel mines in Sudbury, Ont., were among the parties who conferred with the Secretary. Erastus Wiman was also here.

Mr. Blaine has not agreed to let down the tariff bars between this country and the Dominion unrestrictedly, because Major McKinley and other extreme protectionists are still in control of Congress and could prevent legislation for that purpose. The Hitt resolution was a feeler intended to help on the cause of Commercial Union in Canada by giving the Liberal party there something to agitate on. Its first aim was to secure recognition of the Commercial Union agitation from the Dominion Parliament by providing for negotiations. Secretary Carlisle's more recent resolution looking to a joint commission follows the same lines.

Fires at Clinton and Owen Sound.

CLINTON, Jan. 20.—At about 3½ o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the tannery of Hugh Moore, and although the steam engine was quickly on the scene little could be done other than saving adjacent property from destruction. The tannery being frame was completely destroyed. Some of the stock was saved, but about $800 worth which was to have been shipped today was destroyed. The buildings and plant valued at between $5000 and $6000 are a total loss, there being no insurance. How the fire originated is not known.

OWEN SOUND, Jan. 20.—Early this morning fire broke out in the Superior block in Division-street. The losers: Charles Richardson, drygoods and gentlemen's furnishings, loss about $6000. Insured in the Quebec Assurance for $1000, in the Phœnix for $1000, and in the Eastern Insurance Company for $2300. Miss Plante, dressmaker, loss about $200; no insurance. On the building, which is owned by Mrs. Griffith, and which was badly gutted, the loss is about $4000; insured in Lancashire Insurance Company for $2000, and in the British America for $2000. The fire is generally believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Carelessness Caused This One.

LONGUEUIL, Jan. 20.—This afternoon about 5 o'clock the residence of Mr. Duquette, grocer, was burned to the ground. The fire was started by Mr. Duquette's little boy dropping a lamp on the floor. In trying to extinguish the lamp Mrs. Duquette was severely burned about the face and hands. Very little was saved from the building, it being only a short time after the fire started before the house was in ashes.

Occasioned $15,000 Damage.

MONTREAL, Jan. 20.—A fire broke out tonight in the premises 305 St. James-street, occupied by J. Tigh & Co., auctioneers, Standard Card Company, H. Kellert, clothier; A. Jacobs, woolens; and J. W. Nelles. The damage will amount to $15,000, covered by insurance.

Dineen's Daily Sales.

The great clearing sale of this season's made-up fur garments at Dineen's has passed the month's meridian mark, but is still maintaining the rattling gait of a thousand dollars a day. This average in sales could no doubt be kept up the whole year round at the present low prices, but the line is drawn at Feb. 1, when we begin to take stock. In the meantime we are selling:

Short Seal Jackets at $85 and up.
40-inch Seal Mantles, $135 and up.
Beaver Capes, $25 and up.
Beaver Storm Collars and Muffs, $18 the sett.
Persian Lamb Collars and Muffs, $15 the sett.
Astrachan Collars and Muffs, $7 the sett.
Sealet Collars and Muffs, $5 the sett.
Astrachan Mantles, $35 and up.
Gentlemen's Racoon Overcoats, $25 and up.
Corsican Lamb Overcoats, $18 and up.
Astrachan Overcoats, $35 and up.
Persian Lamb Overcoats, $85 to $150.
Gentlemen's Fur-lined Overcoats, $50 and up.
Seal Muffs, $12. Seal Collars, $15.
Seal Capes, $35. Persian Lamb, $35. Astrachan, $7.50.
Men's Fur Caps, $2 and up. Baltic Seal, $3.50. Persian Lamb (best), $7. Alaska Seal, $10. Ladies' Caps in all the new shapes, Seal and Otter, $10.
Boa and Muff Setts, in Silver Fox, Lynx, German Bear, and other popular furs, at from $7.50 and up per sett.
Sleigh Robes, Black Goat, $8.50 Musk-Ox, $35. Buffalo, $25. All handsomely lined.

It's impossible to quote everything in our great fur stock, and likewise impossible to convey an idea of the really superior quality by the mere quotation of low prices. A personal inspection is therefore essential to learn of the power of spot cash in this sale.

Three Years for Horse Stealing.

HAMILTON, Jan. 20.—George Steves, the young man who stole a horse from James Robb, Ancaster, and was subsequently arrested by Detective Cuddy in Toronto, pleaded guilty. Steves said he could not get work, so he deliberately stole the horse to get sent down for the winter. Judge Sinclair sentenced him to three years in Kingston.

LIEUT. TURNER'S SUICIDE.

A Son of Admiral Turner of the U.S. Navy Shoots Himself.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Jan. 20.—Lieut. E. P. Turner, son of Admiral Turner of the U.S. Navy, shot himself four days out of Vancouver on the Abyssinia from Caroline Islands, on her way to San Francisco. He left a statement giving an account of the killing of his cousin in a duel. He was observed to be in the habit of taking drugs. Turner fired two shots while in the cabin and expired immediately. The body will be embalmed and forwarded to Jersey City.

HER SKIRTS CAUGHT BY A SHAFT.

Fatal Accident to a Farmer's Daughter—Her Leg Crushed to a Jelly.

WALKERTON, Jan. 20.—Miss Rivers, daughter of Richard Rivers, a farmer of this neighborhood, was stepping over the shaft of a horse-power which was working in the yard, when her skirts caught in the shaft and she was instantly wound under it and one of her legs crushed to a jelly. The limb was amputated above the knee, and the young lady is in a very low condition.

THE OTHER SIDE OF THE SHIELD.

Father Huntington's Reply to Principal Grant — Things Getting Worse—Laborers and Their Pay.

"White parasols and elephants mad with pride are the flowers of a grant of land."

Said the Brahmins ages ago and Rev. Father Huntington of New York endorsed the idea at the Auditorium last night.

The lecture was under the auspices of the Singer Tax Society and was an elequent exposition of the principles of Henry George. Additional interest was taken in the lecture, following so close on that of Principal Grant, to which it was intended as an answer.

The first point Father Huntington took up was whether or not the laboring classes were becoming poorer with material progress. He claimed that they were and made a lengthy comparison of their condition now and three and four hundred years ago. Basing his statements on the calculations of Prof. J. E. Thorold Rogers, whose accuracy he said not even a college professor would doubt, he asserted that laborers were better off then in every respect than they are now. Then were the days of Merry Englandes. Who would think of calling East London a Merry England to-night? A voice: "Principal Grant." [Laughter.] In the cities of England to-night there are 7,000,000 people poorer than the poorest families of 300 years ago. What was regarded 300 years ago as an impossible state of society may now be seen in London. Prof. Rogers says more people comparatively could read and write then than now. Oh yes, and we have the schoolmaster abroad in the land! [Laughter.]

Talking of Principal Grant's statement that wages were rising and laborers were getting more now than they used to, Father Huntington said it was perfectly true that men might begetting a dollar and a half whereas they formerly got only a dollar, but that was not the question. The point was that the laborer was not getting a just share of the products of the soil. The proportion the laborer gets is much smaller than it was 50 years ago. The difference between the richest and the poorest man in the United States 50 years ago was less than the difference between the richest and a man comfortably off now. Though wages might be the parties who produced it, one laborer was content with the justice of getting an increasingly smaller proportion.

Father Huntington said the only sufficient ground for claiming the rights of fellow-citizens was the belief in God, Almighty. [Applause.] Believing in God, he believed there was a purpose in man, an end set before him. He therefore condemned the Malthusian doctrine, which he described as a sopofic for the uneasy consciences of the rich. To accomplish God's purpose freedom and life were necessary. Capital was not necessary, being simply stored-up labor, the fruits created by labor on nature. But God's purpose can be defeated by enslaving either labor or land. God's purpose can be defeated by custom houses and protective tariffs. [Wild and enthusiastic cheering from Ald. John Fallon, who rose on his feet, waved his hat and waved his arms.] Every man has a right to life, and therefore to the land by which life can be supported. [Applause.] Principal Grant said to confiscate land is to confiscate property without compensation is stealing. True, but land is not property. God is the landlord and no one else has a title. If anyone can produce a title conveying land to himself, his heirs and assigns forever, let him do it. Let him produce it. The Old Testament which few read nowadays for fear of running across a bear or a Jonah's whale—[laughter]—speaks of "the land which the Lord thy God gives thee," and it was to the prophet of God treated the land-grabber of those days turn to Nehemiah, "Restore, I pray you, to them even this day their lands."

The remedy. Father Huntington said it was not his to tell. He was there to make them as uncomfortable as possible, to stir and agitate them. They had a duty to God and man to set the nation free. There is a growing wrong. What are you going to do about it? It is coming in the monopolization of natural opportunities and must be faced. Father Huntington concluded with a description of the objects of the Single Tax Club, which advocated the principle that all rent should be confiscated and handed over to the people. Principal Grant suggests that they want to tax the land. They did not but wanted to tax economic rent.

Stop that cough, cure that cold. How? Use Shiloh's Cure. When? To-day, don't delay. What? 10c., 50c., $1. Where? At every Druggist. Use Shiloh's Cure.

A Babe With Horns.

CHATHAM, Minn., Jan. 20.—Mrs. Sarah A. Morris, a respectable lady of Boone Bridge, Waught county, has given birth to the most remarkable monstrosity ever heard of in this part of Minnesota. The people who have visited the house call it the devil. The mother, when she saw it, went into hysterics, and has been sent to the asylum at St. Peter in a hopeless state of lunacy. The devil was born four weeks ago, and has developed so rapidly that it weighs 22 pounds. Its display of intelligence is something wonderful, and exceeds that of ordinary children from 12 to 18 months old. Its body is covered thickly with auburn hair about two inches long. It has two horns, a tail like that of a cat, and feet which are partly like those of a man and partly like those of a dog.

A $100,000 Depot Burned.

MONT CLAIR, N.J., Jan. 20.—The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company's freight depot here was burned to-day. Loss $100,000.

Excursion to Washington, D.C., via The Picturesque Erie Ry. on Jan. 20th, '91.

Don't miss this grand chance to visit the Southern States and only cost ten dollars round trip, Suspension Bridge to Washington and return. You can also procure excursion tickets from Washington to Richmond, Petersburg, Old Point Comfort Tickets good for ten days. Through Pullmans from Buffalo. For full particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, 19 Wellington-street east, Toronto.

The Chilian Revolution.

NEW YORK, Jan 20.—A despatch from Valparaiso says a blockade has been established at Iquique, Pisagua and Caleta Buena.

Beeman's Pepsin Gum cures dyspepsia, sweetens the breath and whitens the teeth. Try it.

Daily excursions via the Illinois Central Railroad are being run to California, Florida, Mexico and other winter resorts. Buffet sleeping cars are run through from Chicago to New Orleans and from New Orleans to Los Angeles and San Francisco, Cal., and Jacksonville, Fla. By this route there is but one change of cars between Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton, London, etc., to New Orleans and two to California, Texas and Florida points.

Write A. J. McDougall, Berlin, Ont., for full particulars as to rates, etc., and for illustrated pamphlets describing points of interest en route. 135

RICHES DID NOT BUY HEALTH.

THE MILLIONAIRE DUKE OF BEDFORD KILLED HIMSELF.

Put a Bullet in His Head While Temporarily Insane—Both Sides of the Irish Party Will Protect Evicted Tenants—Sexton Wants a Decisive Vote from the National League.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—It transpires that the late Duke of Bedford shot himself during a temporary fit of insanity and while suffering from extreme pain and weakness. A verdict in accordance with the facts has been rendered.

Another Home Rule Bill.

DUBLIN, Jan. 20.—Mr. Parnell returned to this city last evening. Mr. Parnell, in a letter to The Freeman's Journal, urges the attendance of the Irish Parliamentary party at the re-opening of Parliament. He says it is especially important that there be a full attendance of the Irish members when the Land Purchase Bill reaches the committee stage.

It is officially stated that 900 tenants in Kilkenny, who adopted the plan of campaign, have paid their rents since the split in the Irish party, and 30 per cent. of the tenants are now anxious to come to terms with the landlords.

Mr. Thomas Sexton urges that a full meeting of the National League should be convened in order that a decisive vote should be taken.

The Bishop of Belfast has written a letter for publication in which he condemns Parnell and praises Thomas Sexton, member for West Belfast. The Bishop also asks the National League members if they desire to see Tory members of Parliament representing Belfast.

Evicted Tenants to be Protected.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Mr. John Dillon, Mr. T. P. Gill and Mr. and Mrs. William O'Brien will leave for Boulogne-sur-Mer to-morrow.

"I am happy to state," said Mr. Dillon, "that both sides, including Mr. Parnell, have agreed to an arrangement whereby persons evicted from their homes will be protected, quite apart from the dispute in regard to the leadership."

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The Daily Chronicle (Liberal) says it believes Parnell has received informal assurances from his friends of his (Gladstone's) intention regarding another Home Rule Bill.

Demonstration to Parnell.

WATERFORD, Jan. 20.—At a meeting here to-day of delegates from the Trades and Labor Federation it was decided by 291 to 28 to attend en masse a public demonstration which is being organized in support of Parnell.

Even to Becoming a Fenian.

DUBLIN, Jan. 20.—The Express says that judging from Parnell's bluster and defiance he intends to continue leader of the Irish party even if he has to become a Fenian. The Express is also of opinion that Parnell has dropped constitutional agitation and has become a Separatist.

A BRIBING JEWISH BARON.

He Offers a Russian Minister One Million Roubles to Side with the Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 20.—A well-known Jewish banker, Baron Ginsburg, last week waited on M. Durnove, Minister of the Interior, and asked him to try and alleviate or to postpone the carrying out of the edicts issued for the repression of the Jews in Russia.

During the interview the baron handed the minister an envelope containing a check for 1,000,000 roubles, payable to the order of M. Durnove, and endorsed by the Mendelssohns of Berlin. M. Durnove subsequently obtained an audience with the Czar and gave him the check telling him of the manner in which it had come into his possession. The Czar ordered the arrest of Baron Ginsburg and sent an aide-de-camp to interrogate him. The Baron admitted the truth the accuracy of the statement made by M. Durnove. He declared, however, that check was not given as a bribe but as an ordinary banking transaction as the books of his firm would show. Investigation made the books showed that the order had been received in the usual manner from Berlin. The Czar, therefore, ordered that the prisoner be released. Orders were also given to return the check to Baron Ginsburg, but he refused to take it. The Czar thereupon ordered that half of the money be given to the Red Cross Society and the other half used for the relief of the poor.

DREW STRAWS FOR THE WIFE.

A Modern Enoch Arden Story With a Decidedly Modernized Climax.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 20.—In 1883 William Evans and Maggie Williams were residents of Tamaqua, Schuylkill county. They fell in love and were married. Evans, who previously worked in the mines, had saved a little money, and after the marriage started a small mercantile business. He did not succeed very well, and becoming discouraged sold out and went to Colorado. Two children had been born to the couple.

For two years Evans worked in Colorado mines and sent money to his wife monthly. Then he fell sick, was taken to a hospital, and that was the last heard of him until some months later, when she received a newspaper containing a notice of her husband's death.

Mrs. Evans removed to Wilkesbarre to keep house for an uncle, and here in the spring of 1889 she was married to Joe S. Jenkins, who is well to do. One child was born to them.

On Friday last Mrs. Jenkins heard a knock at her front door and she sent her eldest girl to open it. A well-dressed man who stood in the doorway said to the little girl: "Is your mother in, and is she all alone?" He was told that Mrs. Jenkins was at home and he walked in. Mrs. Jenkins at once recognised him as her first husband and—she fainted. Evans subsequently explained that it was another Evans whose death his wife had read of.

When Jenkins came home the men talked the matter over sensibly, and as Mrs. Evans-Jenkins said she loved them both they decided to draw straws to see which should retain the place of husband. The woman agreed.

The straws were drawn and Evans won. Husband No. 2 at once packed up all his belongings and moved out of the house. Mrs. Evans still retains possession of his child with his consent.

Early this week Evans will remove his family to Denver. The affair has created no little excitement here. The parties